facilities, grounds, and equipment into a separate fund and expended under such rules as the board of education may prescribe. In the absence of statutory authority, the department of education is required to deposit these moneys into the state treasury as general fund realizations.

SECTION 2. Section 298-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

"§298-23 Use of school facilities for recreational and community purposes. All public school buildings, facilities, and grounds shall be available for general recreational purposes, and for public and community use, whenever these activities do not interfere with the normal and usual activities of the school, and its pupils, concerned. Any law or portion of any law to the contrary notwithstanding. the department of education shall issue such rules [and regulations] as are deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this section and shall be empowered to issue licenses, revocable permits, concessions, or rights of entry to school buildings and grounds for such periods of use as deemed appropriate by the department. All such dispositions, including those in excess of fourteen days, need not be approved by the board of land and natural resources; provided [, however,] that approval by the board of land and natural resources shall be required when such dispositions are for periods in excess of a year. The department of education may assess and collect fees and charges from the users of school buildings, facilities, grounds, and equipment. The fees and charges shall be deposited into a separate fund and expended by the department under rules as may be adopted by the board of education."

SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed. New material is underscored.

SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. (Approved June 17, 1982.)

## **ACT 272**

H.B. NO. 725

A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as Amended.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Hawaii:

SECTION 1. Section 209, Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is amended to read:

"§209. Successors to lessees. [(1)] (a) Upon the death of the lessee, his interest in the tract or tracts and the improvements thereon, including growing crops (either on the tract or in any collective contract or program to which the lessee is a party by virtue of his interest in the tract or tracts), shall vest in the relatives of the decedent as provided in this paragraph. From the following relatives of the lessee [.] who are (1) at least one-quarter Hawaiian, husband [and], wife, or children, or (2) native Hawaiian, widows or widowers of the children, grandchildren, brothers and sisters, widows or widowers of the brothers and sisters, or nieces and nephews, — the lessee shall designate the person or persons to whom he directs his interest in the tract or tracts to vest upon his death. [Such person or persons must be qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands: provided, that] The Hawaiian

blood requirements shall not apply to the descendants of those who are not native Hawaiians but who were entitled to the leased lands under the provisions of section 3 of the Act of May 16, 1934 (48 stat. 777, 779), as amended[: provided, further, that]. In all cases such person or persons need not be twenty-one years of age. Such designation must be in writing, [must] may be specified at the time of execution of such lease with a right in such lessee in similar manner to change such beneficiary at any time and shall be filed with the department and approved by the department in order to be effective to vest such interests in the successor or successors so named.

[In the absence of such a designation as approved by the department, the department shall select from the relatives of the lessee in order named above as limited by the foregoing paragraph one or more persons who are qualified to be lessees of Hawaiian home lands, except as hereinabove provided, as the successor or successors of the lessee's interest in the tract or tracts, and upon the death of the lessee, his interest shall vest in the person or persons so selected. The department may select such a successor or successors after the death of the lessee, and the rights to the use and occupancy of the tract or tracts may be made effective as of the date of the death of such lessee.]

In case of the death of any lessee, except as hereinabove provided, who has failed to specify a successor or successors as approved by the department, the department may select from only the following qualified relatives of the decedent:

(1) Husband or wife;

(2) If there is no husband or wife, then the children.

The rights to the use and occupancy of the tract or tracts may be made effective as of the date of the death of such lessee.

In the case of the death of a lessee leaving no [such relative] designated successor or successors, husband, wife, or children qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, the land subject to the lease shall resume its status as unleased Hawaiian home lands and the department is authorized to lease such land to a native Hawaiian [or Hawaiians] as provided in this Act.

Upon the death of a lessee leaving no [such relative] designated successor or successors, husband, wife, or children qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department shall appraise the value of all such improvements and growing crops and shall pay to the legal representative of the deceased lessee, or to the previous lessee, as the case may be, the value thereof, less any indebtedness to the department, or for taxes, or for any other indebtedness the payment of which has been assured by the department, from the deceased lessee or the previous lessee. Such payment shall be made out of the loan fund and shall be considered an advance therefrom reimbursable out of payments made by the successor or successors to the tract involved.

Such appraisal shall be made by three appraisers, one of which shall be named by the department, one by the previous lessee or the legal representative of the deceased lessee, as the case may be, and the third shall be selected by the two appraisers hereinbefore mentioned.

[(2)] (b) After the cancellation of a lease by the department in accordance with the provisions of sections 210 and 216 of this title, or the surrender of a lease by a lessee, the department is authorized to transfer the lease or to issue a new lease to

any qualified Hawaiian regardless of whether or not he is related in any way by blood or marriage to the previous lessee.

[(3)] (c) Should any successor or successors to a tract be a minor or minors, the department may appoint a guardian therefor, subject to the approval of the court of proper jurisdiction. Such guardian shall be authorized to represent the successor or successors in all matters pertaining to the leasehold: provided, that said guardian shall, in so representing such successor or successors, comply with the provisions of this title and the stipulations and provisions contained in the lease, except that said guardian [may] need not be a native Hawaiian as defined in section 201 of this title."

SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed. New material is underscored.

SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon the approval of the Governor of the State of Hawaii with the consent of the United States.

(Approved June 18, 1982.)

## Note

1. Wrong version of section appears to be amended.

## ACT 273

H.B. NO. 2163-82

A Bill for an Act Relating to the Executive Departments.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Hawaii;

SECTION 1. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to conform Section 26-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, with Section 202 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended.

SECTION 2. Section 26-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read: "§26-17 Department of Hawaiian home lands. The department of Hawaiian home lands shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the Hawaiian homes commission.

The commission shall [consist of seven members selected] be composed of eight members. The appointment, tenure, and removal of the members and the filling of vacancies on the commission shall be in accordance with section 26-34 and section 202(a) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The governor shall appoint the chairman of the commission from among the members[.] thereof.

The commission may delegate to the chairman such duties, powers, and authority, or so much thereof as may be lawful or proper, for the performance of the functions vested in the commission.

The chairman of the board shall serve in a full time capacity and shall perform such duties, and exercise such powers and authority, or so much thereof as may be delegated to him by the board.

The department shall administer the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920 as set forth in the Constitution of the State and by law.

The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the Hawaiian homes