



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Washington, DC 20240

OCT 30 2019

The Honorable Martha McSally
Chairman
Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
Subcommittee on Water and Power
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Chairman McSally:

Enclosed are responses prepared by the Bureau of Reclamation to questions submitted following the subcommittee's July 18, 2019, hearing, "*To Examine Opportunities to Increase Water Storage and Conservation through Rehabilitation and Development of Water Supply Infrastructure, and to Receive Testimony on Pending Legislation.*"

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the Subcommittee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Catherine Cortez Masto
Ranking Member

Questions for the Record

U.S. Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

Subcommittee on Water and Power

Hearing: *To Examine Opportunities to Increase Water Storage and Conservation through Rehabilitation and Development of Water Supply Infrastructure, and to Receive Testimony on Pending Legislation*

July 18, 2019

Question from Senator James E. Risch

Question 1. Commissioner Burman, thank you both for your technical assistance and your support for using federal lands for aquifer recharge. In your testimony, you mention ambiguity in the language that could have unintended consequences. Can you elaborate on what suggestions Reclamation has for improving the legislation?

Response: The Bureau of Reclamation is in the process of working on technical assistance with staff from Senator Risch's office.

Questions from Senator John Hoeven

Question 1. On April 10, the Dickey-Sargent Irrigation District sent an offer of \$38,405.44 for the 5,000- acre facility to the Bureau of Reclamation. This is the discounted amount of dollars the government would receive over the next 40 years if the District signed a 40-year water service contract. When do you expect BOR to either accept or reject this purchase price?

Response: The transfer of title to eligible federal facilities to our local partners is a priority for Reclamation. As noted in our June 24, 2019 letter to the Dickey-Sargent Irrigation District (DSID), Reclamation is still in the process of implementing new guidelines for the general authority recently provided under Title VIII Subtitle A of the John D. Dingell Jr. Conservation, Management, and Recreation Act (P.L. 116-9) enacted this year. We share the District's interest in potentially applying these guidelines to the Oakes Test Area (OTA).

The OTA is a very unique project with several unique circumstances including its highly variable acreage (from 562 to 4,650 acres per year depending on availability of water), its age and condition (over 30 years old with some components having exceeded or nearly reached their life expectancy), and its role in addressing recommendations of the International Joint Commission regarding irrigation return flow water quality. These are factors that were not expressly considered in the development of P.L. 116-9, but which could affect other transfers across Reclamation beyond OTA. Reclamation is currently evaluating those circumstances in order to determine whether or not the District's proposed offer (\$38,405.44) complies with the new law's requirement to recover amounts "equivalent of the net present value of any repayment obligation" for the facility.

Reclamation will respond back to DSID as soon as possible. In the meantime we are continuing to work closely with the District as well as the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District as this review progresses.

Question 2. Once this piece of the title transfer agreement is settled, how quickly can we accomplish this transfer?

Questions for the Record

U.S. Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

Subcommittee on Water and Power

Hearing: *To Examine Opportunities to Increase Water Storage and Conservation through Rehabilitation and Development of Water Supply Infrastructure, and to Receive Testimony on Pending Legislation*

July 18, 2019

Response: As soon as Reclamation and Dickey-Sargent Irrigation District (DSID) come to an agreement on the valuation, there are several steps required under the Act in order to complete the title transfer. First, P.L. 116-9 requires that there be compliance with the requirements under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Earlier this year, the Department published a categorical exclusion (CE) for title transfer. Once an agreement has been reached, Reclamation plans to review this title transfer action to determine whether this CE is applicable to the action. If applicable, use of this CE will significantly expedite the timeline for the transfer process and could significantly reduce administrative costs associated with the title transfer for the DSID. Once that is completed, we will need to develop the language of the title transfer agreement with respect to the legal, institutional, operational and financial arrangements relating to the conveyance. Based upon our discussions with DSID and the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, Reclamation has begun to put together the framework of an agreement and will soon be ready to begin negotiations on its terms. It is our understanding, however, that Dickey-Sargent would like an answer to their valuation proposal before proceeding further. After the NEPA and National Historic Preservation Act compliance is completed and the language within the title transfer agreement is agreed to by both parties, under P.L. 116-9, Reclamation must then provide a 90-day notice to Congress before proceeding with the conveyance.

Question 3. Will BOR work with Dickey-Sargent to ensure that it does not lose rural water rights once the facility is out of federal hands?

Response: Currently the project only receives temporary annual water permits from the State Engineer for surplus James River flows, drain return flows, and groundwater. Reclamation has discussed options with the State Water Commission to firm up those permits and the State has agreed to review these. Reclamation plans to work with Dickey-Sargent to negotiate a long-term water service/repayment contract for water from Jamestown Reservoir based on the existing Oakes Test Area Operating Principles Agreement.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT 23 2019

The Honorable Ruben Gallego
Chairman, Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples
of the United States
Natural Resources Committee
United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Gallego:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions from the June 5, 2019, legislative hearing on H.R. 733, H.R. 1031, H.R. 1803, and H.R. 2961 before your Subcommittee. These responses were prepared by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to you on this matter.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and
Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Paul Cook
Ranking Member

Questions for the Record
Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the United States
House Natural Resources Committee
Legislative Hearing on H.R. 733, H.R. 1031, H.R. 1803, and H.R. 2961
June 5, 2019

Questions from Representative Paul Cook

Question 1: The BIA Northwest Regional Director made the November 9, 2018, decision to take Campbell Lake South into trust for the Samish Indian Nation. Please explain why the Regional Director was the federal official at the Department that made this decision under the Department's policies and protocols and please provide us with a copy of these policies and protocols.

Response: Authority to make decisions on fee-to-trust applications for non-gaming on-reservation tracts are delegated to Regional Directors (RD) and further delegated to Agency Superintendents. *See* 209 DM 8, 230 DM 1 and 3 IAM 4. The Samish Indian Nation (Tribe) is located within the Bureau of Indian Affairs Northwest Region. The Tribe submitted a fee-to-trust application for a non-gaming tract contiguous to their reservation, which is processed as an on-reservation application pursuant to case law. As the application was for a non-gaming on-reservation tract, the BIA Northwest RD had the delegated authority to make the decision to take the land into trust.

Questions for the Record
Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the United States
House Natural Resources Committee
Legislative Hearing on H.R. 733, H.R. 1031, H.R. 1803, and H.R. 2961
June 5, 2019

Questions from Representative Rob Bishop

Question 1: How long would it take the BIA Pacific Region to process an application to the Pala Band of Mission Indians' 700 acres of land into trust identified in H.R. 1031, absent an Act of Congress?

Response: Each fee-to-trust application is different and therefore the processing time varies. However, the attached BIA Fee-to-Trust Handbook outlines the process and procedures applicable to processing fee-to-trust applications.

Question 2: Has the BIA or any BIA official advised any member or representative of the Pala Band to pursue legislation to place the 700 acres of land into trust in lieu of the tribe filing a fee-to-trust application under 25 CFR Part 151?

Response: No, the Tribe has not asked for assistance regarding the 700 acres.

Department of the Interior

Departmental Manual

Effective Date: 4/21/03

Series: Delegation

Part 209: Secretarial Officers

Chapter 8: Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs

Originating Office: Office of the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs

209 DM 8

8.1 Delegation. Subject to the limitations in 200 DM 1, the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs is authorized to exercise all of the authority of the Secretary including, but not limited to:

- A. The authority to promulgate regulations.
- B. The Secretary's authority under Section 204(a) of Public Law 94-579 relating to the withdrawal or reservation of certain lands by the issuance of public land orders.
- C. The administration of the oath of office or any oath required by law in connection with employment.

8.2 Limitation. The authorities for trust funds management functions are limited to those required to fulfill the responsibilities identified in 109 DM 8.3.

8.3 Authority to Redelegate. Except where redelegation is prohibited by statute, Executive order, or limitations established by other competent authority, the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs may redelegate general administrative authority and those program authorities specifically related to the functions and responsibilities assigned to the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs in 109 DM 8. All redelegations of authority made by the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs will be in the form of a Departmental Manual release issued in compliance with the provisions of 200 DM 3. No other form of redelegation is authorized.

8.4 Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary.

A. Subject to the limitations in 200 DM 1, the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary is delegated all program and administrative authorities of the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs necessary to fulfill the responsibilities identified in 110 DM 8.2. The authority contained in this paragraph may be redelegated.

B. In the absence of, and under conditions specified by the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs, the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary may exercise the authority delegated in 209 DM 8.1, excluding 209 DM 8.1B. The authority contained in this paragraph may not be redelegated.

4/21/03 #3570

Replaces 11/17/81 #2364

Department of the Interior Departmental Manual

Effective Date: 4/21/03

Series: Delegation

Part 230: Bureau of Indian Affairs

Chapter 1: Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs and Director, Office of Indian Education Programs

Originating Office: Office of the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs

230 DM 1

1.1 Program Authorities. Subject to the limitations contained in 209 DM 8, the Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Director, Office of Indian Education Programs, may exercise the program authority of the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs with respect to the supervision, management, and operation of the programs under their authority.

1.2 General Authorities. Authority described in the following Departmental Manual Chapters which is delegated to the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs, is hereby redelegated to the Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Director, Office of Indian Education Programs. The same limitations contained in the original delegations apply to this redelegation as do the additional limitations identified 230 DM 1.3 and 230 DM 1.5:

- A. Archeological and Paleontological Permits, 205 DM 3.
- B. Land Management, 205 DM 14.
- C. Fire Protection and Assistance, 296 DM 1.
- D. Oil Spills and Hazardous Substance Releases, 296 DM 2.
- E. Attendance at Meetings, 205 DM 2
- F. Library Books and Subscriptions, 205 DM 5.3.
- G. Long Distance Telephone Calls, 205 DM 5.4.
- H. Certification of Time and Attendance Reports, 205 DM 6.2.
- I. Travel Authorizations and Temporary Duty Travel Expenses, 205 DM 15.
- J. Travel and Transportation, 205 DM 15.
- K. Authority to sign and issue notices to employees of the following personnel actions:

(1) Proposed adverse actions, and decisions on adverse actions, including nondisciplinary demotions and separations;

(2) Proposed demotions or removals and decisions on demotions or removals, based on unacceptable performance; and

(3) Terminations during probationary or trial periods.

L. Authority for Designation of Assistant, Alternate, or Deputy Assistant Disbursing Officers, 205 DM 6.8.

1.3 Tribal and Individual Indian Trust Funds. Authority for the management of tribal and individual Indian trust funds is limited to the authority required to fulfill the responsibilities identified in 130 DM 3.2.

1.4 Authority to Redelegate. Except where redelegation is prohibited by statute, Executive order, or limitations established by other competent authority, including the limitations contained in this chapter, the program and administrative authorities may be further delegated. All redelegations of authority will be in the form of an Indian Affairs Manual Release. No other form of redelegation is authorized.

1.5 Authorities Which May Not Be Redelegated.

A. Authority to sign regulations and Federal Register Notices necessary to fix operation and maintenance assessment rates at irrigation projects and electric power rates at electric power projects.

B. Authority to approve additions to or modifications of the Indian Affairs Manual. This limitation does not extend to the issuance of handbooks or directives developed to supplement policies and procedures contained in the Manual.

C. Authority to make written determinations to allow for closed or restricted meetings of advisory committees.

4/21/03 #3585

Replaces 11/4/88 #2817

INDIAN AFFAIRS MANUAL

Part 3

Delegations of Authority

Chapter 4

Delegations to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations
and to Regional Organizational Levels

Page 1

- 1.1 Purpose.** This chapter provides for the delegation of the authorities of the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs as provided in 209 DM 8, through the Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) as provided in 230 DM 1, to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations and to BIA Regional organizational levels as appropriate to fulfill the responsibilities for those functions, programs, and activities assigned to their organizations.
- 1.2 Scope.** This policy applies to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations and the subordinate Regional organizational levels under the authority of the Director, BIA. The section on monetary awards does not apply to volunteers, contract employees, and/or partners who are not eligible for monetary awards unless a different authority states otherwise.
- 1.3 Policy.** Subject to the limitations in 209 DM 8.2, 209 DM 8.4B, 230 DM 1.3 and 1.5, and the stipulations in this policy, the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations is delegated the program and administrative authorities to fulfill the responsibilities identified in 130 DM 6, with the following stipulations:
- A. The authority to approve awards** is subject to the following limits:
- 1. Monetary Award – Individual:** Not to exceed \$5,000.
 - 2. Monetary Award – Team:** Not to exceed \$10,000, provided each member in the group receives less than \$5,000.
 - 3. Time-Off Award.** The minimum time-off recognition is one hour; time-off awards shall not exceed 40 hours. Time-off awards cannot be transferred to another agency upon separation of the employee, and employees are not entitled to receive payment for any unused time-off award hours.
 - 4. A combination of awards** to an individual (including team awards) in a consecutive 12-month period that exceeds an individual's approved level must be elevated to the next higher organizational level for approval.
- B. The authority to fill key positions,** including Regional Director, Deputy Regional Director, Agency Superintendents, Field Office Directors, and all positions which are classified at the GS-15 level, must be approved by the Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- 1.4 Redlegation of General Authorities.** Except where redelegation is prohibited by statute, Executive Order, or limitations established by other competent authority, including the limitations in this chapter, the general program authorities specifically related to the functions and responsibilities in 130 DM 6, Field Operations may be redelegated.
- A. Authorities that May Not Be Redelegated.** Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations may not redelegate the following authorities:

#15-31, Issued: 10/23/15

Replaces #12-42, Issued: 12/19/12

INDIAN AFFAIRS MANUAL

Part 3
Chapter 4

Delegations of Authority
Delegations to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations
and to Regional Organizational Levels

Page 2

1. Economy Act
2. Approval to carry over annual leave in excess of 240 hours a year due to operational requirements that precluded employees from using scheduled leave
3. Relocation allowances
4. Authorization and approval of actual subsistence expenses
5. Authority to enter into Memoranda of Understanding
6. Authority to issue or revoke Regional Directives and Regional handbooks.

B. Authorities that are Redelegated only to Regional Directors.

1. Approval of Tribal Charters
2. Approval of Tribal Codes and Ordinances
3. Approval of new Tribal Constitutions and Tribal Constitutional Amendments
4. Approval of Liquor Ordinances
5. Authority to approve Quality Step Increases
6. Authority to approve the payment of actual subsistence expenses, where due to unusual circumstances of a travel assignment, either within or outside the continental United States, the maximum locality lodging plus per diem rate is much less than the amount required to meet the actual and necessary subsistence expenses of the traveler. The authority to approve is for short-term temporary duty travel (maximum of ten business days) and within the limitations established by other authority.
7. Authorization and approval of rooms used for other than lodging
8. Approval of Final Determinations on Enrollment Appeals
9. Approval of designated Tribes' elections
10. Approval of mortgages of allotted trust property (i.e., "land mortgages")
11. Approval of deeds and patents of trust to fee conveyances.

C. Authorities that Regional Directors May Redelegate only to Deputy Regional Directors, Agency Superintendents, heads of Field Offices, and Division Chiefs within the Regional Office.

All redelegations of Regional Director authority other than those specified in this IAM must be in writing in the form of a Regional Directive as submitted through the Office of Regulatory Affairs and Collaborative Action (RACA). No other form of redelegation is authorized.

1. Attendance at professional meetings

#15-31, Issued: 10/23/15

Replaces #12-42, Issued: 12/19/12

INDIAN AFFAIRS MANUAL

Part 3
Chapter 4

Delegations of Authority
Delegations to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations
and to Regional Organizational Levels

Page 3

2. Approval of Indian Mineral Development Act (IMDA) Agreements
3. Selection of a qualified applicant to fill a vacant position, although the position of Deputy Regional Director, Agency Superintendent, Field Office Director, and any other position classified at the GS-15 level must be approved by the Bureau Director.
4. Authority to sign and issue notices to employees of the following:
 - a. Proposed adverse actions, and decisions on adverse actions, including non-disciplinary demotions and separations
 - b. Proposed demotions or removals and decisions on demotions or removals, based on unacceptable performance
 - c. Terminations during probationary or trial periods.
5. Approval of additional travel expenses incurred by an employee with a disability
6. Authority to award contracts and grants pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination Act to Indian tribes and tribal organizations, under the limitations of this document as stated in Section 1.4. D.
7. The authority to approve awards (time-off, monetary, non-monetary recognition, letters of commendation, certificates, plaques, employee-to-employee recognition and length of service).

D. Limitations on Authorities that are Redelegated.

1. The authorities identified in 209 DM 8.2, 209 DM 8.4B, and 230 DM 1.3 and 1.5, are **Exceptions to General Delegations** and are **not** delegated to Regional Directors.
2. Authority to award and administer Self-Determination contracts and grants to Indian tribes and tribal organizations will be redelegated only to employees who are certified under the Awarding Official Certification System (AOCS).
3. Authority to approve "leasehold mortgages" as defined in 25 CFR 162, and "rights of way mortgages" as defined in 25 CFR 169, may be redelegated only to the Agency Superintendent level.

1.5 Other Authorities That May Be Redelegated.

A. Procurement authority

1. Purchases of \$2,500 or less may be redelegated to any employee through the issuance of a charge card with the purchase line.

#15-31, Issued: 10/23/15

Replaces #12-42, Issued: 12/19/12

INDIAN AFFAIRS MANUAL

Part 3

Delegations of Authority

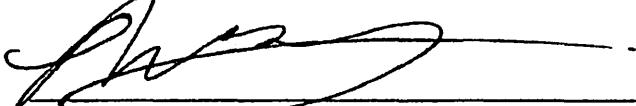
Chapter 4

Delegations to the Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations
and to Regional Organizational Levels

Page 4

2. Purchases in excess of \$2,500 may be redelegated by the Procurement Chief to employees who meet the requirements of the Contracting Officers' Warrant System.

Approval



Michael Black
Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs

10/23/15
Date

Acquisition of Title to Land Held in Fee or Restricted Fee Status (Fee-to-Trust Handbook)



Issued By:

Department of the Interior
Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Trust Services
Division of Real Estate Services
1849 C Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20240

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Indian Reorganization Act (IRA) [48 Stat. 984, 25 U.S.C. § 461 *et seq.* (June 18, 1934)] provides the Secretary with the discretion to acquire trust title to land or interests in land. Congress may also authorize the Secretary to acquire title to particular land and interests in land into trust under statutes other than the IRA.

The Secretary bases the decision to make a trust acquisition on the evaluation of the criteria set forth in Title 25 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 151 and any applicable policy. With the exception of certain mandatory acquisitions, the decision to acquire title requires Secretarial approval.

This handbook describes standard procedures used by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) for the transfer of fee land into trust or restricted status. These procedures include: (1) eligibility for an individual or Tribe to request the Secretary to take title in trust; (2) application requirements; (3) processing of an application for a trust acquisition, and (4) criteria used by BIA to evaluate trust acquisition requests. This handbook also incorporates guidelines and requirements used by the BIA for Reservation Proclamation requests received from Tribes.

The BIA will review the content of this handbook periodically to determine the need for revisions. This review may include input from Tribes, Tribal organizations, and DOI; all of whom rely on the procedures described in this handbook.

2.0 DEFINITION OF TERMS AND LISTING OF ACRONYMS

Terms used in this handbook have specific definitions. For the definition of terms used in this handbook, refer to the definitions in 25 CFR Part 151 and those provided in this section.

Contiguous parcels: Two parcels of land having a common boundary notwithstanding the existence of non-navigable waters or a public road or right-of-way, including parcels that touch at a point. Also referred to as “adjacent parcels.”

Discretionary Trust Acquisition: A trust acquisition authorized by Congress that does not require the Secretary to acquire title to any interest in land to be held in trust by the United States on behalf of an individual Indian or a Tribe. The Secretary has discretion to accept or deny the request for any such acquisition.

Encumbrance: A limitation on the title of property, such as a claim, lien, easement, charge, or restriction of any kind.

Fee: A form of ownership status where the person may freely alienate and encumber title without federal approval. Land in trust status or restricted status is not held in fee.

Gaming Acquisition: The lands where the actual gaming operations will occur. This does not include lands that are acquired to supplement the actual lands the gaming establishment will or does reside upon. This does not include parcels acquired for parking lots, hotels, golf courses, gift shops, etc.

*The term “*Gaming Related*” is no longer used by the Department of the Interior and any acquisitions that are not specifically for gaming will be processed pursuant to the regulations at 25 CFR Part 151 and the applicable section of this Handbook. This includes parking lots, hotels, golf courses and any lands other than those where a gaming facility is located.

Mandatory Trust Acquisition: A trust acquisition directed by Congress or a judicial order that requires the Secretary to accept title to land into trust, or hold title to certain lands in trust by the United States, for an individual Indian or Tribe. The Secretary does not have the discretion to accept or deny the request to accept title of land into trust.

Reservation Proclamation: A formal declaration issued by the Secretary of the Interior or her designee proclaiming that certain lands are a new reservation or an addition to an existing reservation. A reservation proclamation can encompass multiple trust parcels or a portion of a parcel taken into trust.

Trust Acquisition: The act or process by which the Secretary acquires title to any interest in land to be held in trust by the United States on behalf of an individual Indian or a Tribe.

Undivided Fractional Interest: An ownership interest in property that is held in common with other owners as co-tenants in a parcel of land.

The following list of acronyms and terms are not all used in this handbook. Some acronyms commonly used by BIA Real Estate Services are included.

ALTA	American Land Title Association
BIA	Bureau of Indian Affairs
BILS	BLM Indian Land Surveyor
BLM	Bureau of Land Management
CAT EX, CAT, or CX	Categorical Exclusion
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CIP	Certificate of Inspection and Possession
CC & R	Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions
DM	Department Manual
DOI	Department of the Interior
DOJ	Department of Justice
EA	Environmental Assessment

EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
ECRM	Environmental Compliance Review Memorandum
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
FTO	Final Title Opinion
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act
FONSI	Finding of No Significant Impact
IAM	Indian Affairs Manual
IBIA	Interior Board of Indian Appeals
IGRA	Indian Gaming Regulatory Act
ILCA	Indian Land Consolidation Act
IRA	Indian Reorganization Act
ITO	Interim Title Opinion
LDR	Legal Land Description Review
LTRO	Land Titles and Records Office
MSA	Municipal Service Agreement
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act
NHPA	National Historical Preservation Act
NOA	Notice of Application
NOD	Notice of Decision
PLSS	Public Land Survey System
PILT	Payment in Lieu of Taxes
PTO	Preliminary Title Opinion
ROW	Right-of-way
SHPO	State Historical Preservation Office
THPO	Tribal Historical Preservation Office
TIN	Taxpayer Identification Number
TSR	Title Status Report
U.S.C.	United States Code

3.0 PROCESS AND PROCEDURE

3.1 Standard Operating Procedures

Fee-to-trust applications involve the acquisition in trust of whole or undivided interests in land held in fee. There are separate operating procedures for each type of acquisition and each section is titled as follows:

- 3.1.1 On-reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions (25 CFR § 151.10)
- 3.1.2 Off-reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions (25 CFR § 151.11)
- 3.1.3 Mandatory Trust Acquisitions (Applicable policy)

3.2 Selecting the Correct Standard Operating Procedure

To identify which operating procedure applies, you must review the submitted documentation and determine the following:

- Is the applicant a Tribe or eligible individual Indian as defined in 25 CFR § 151.2?
- Is there legal authority for the requested acquisition?
- Is this a mandatory or discretionary trust acquisition?
- Is the requested parcel on-reservation or off-reservation?
 - On reservation means land that is within or contiguous to a reservation.
 - If there is a question whether the property is contiguous, consult the Office of the Solicitor (SOL) to review and concur. If the property is clearly contiguous to the exterior boundaries, no SOL analysis is needed.

If the stated purpose of the proposed acquisition is for gaming, follow the Office of Indian Gaming (OIG) Handbook for Gaming Acquisitions (Gaming Handbook) (under development by OIG):

- Notify OIG and provide that office the required documents and information; and
- Continue to process the fee-to-trust application pursuant to the regulations at 25 CFR Part 151 and the applicable section of the Fee-to-Trust Handbook concurrently with any gaming determinations being processed by OIG.

3.3 Step Sequence:


While steps within each of the standard operating procedures are numbered sequentially, you may proceed concurrently on other steps, when appropriate, or may repeat certain steps until the operating procedure is completed. *[See Exhibit 5.2: Fee-to-Trust Quick Reference Guide]*

3.4 Reservation Proclamations:

On July 22, 2014, the BIA Director issued revised internal guidelines for submitting reservation proclamation requests. These guidelines have now been replaced by a new section on processing reservation proclamations, incorporated herein. *[See Section 3.4.1 Guidelines and Requirements for Requesting a Reservation Proclamation]* The Secretary is authorized by the IRA to proclaim reservations under 25 U.S.C. § 467 as follows:

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to proclaim new Indian reservations on lands acquired pursuant to any authority conferred by this Act, or to add such lands to existing reservations: Provided, That lands added to existing reservations shall be designated for the exclusive use of Indians entitled by enrollment or by Tribal membership to residence at such reservations.

Reservation proclamations can only be issued for completed trust acquisitions made pursuant to an authority conferred by the IRA. However, Tribes may choose to submit a reservation proclamation application with their FTT application, or alternatively, may submit a reservation proclamation for lands already accepted in trust. When Tribes submit a reservation proclamation with their FTT application, BIA will endeavor to process the reservation proclamation as soon as



possible following acceptance of the land into trust. These updated guidelines establish the standard operating procedures for reviewing reservation proclamation requests from Tribes, the requirements for Regional Offices, and the required documentation for approval by the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs (AS-IA).

3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions

ON-RESERVATION DISCRETIONARY TRUST ACQUISITIONS

Scope

This section of the handbook contains procedures for discretionary trust acquisitions on-reservation and/or contiguous to a reservation for individual Indians and Tribes. This section applies to undivided fractional and full interests owned in fee by an eligible Tribe or individual.

Procedure

To assist the applicant in preparing a request, the applicant should be provided a copy of “Required Elements: Application for Fee-to-trust” [See Exhibit: 5.3], the brochure-“Understanding the Fee-to-Trust Process for Discretionary Acquisitions,” and any other relevant information.

Step 1: Encoding the Fee-to-Trust System of Record

1. Within three (3) business days of receipt of a written request to initiate the application process, encode information into the fee-to-trust system of record.
2. The system of record must be updated within three (3) business days upon receipt of any additional information from the applicant or others (e.g., comments on the notice of application).

Step 2: Review of Written Request to Initiate Application Process

All fee-to-trust applications must contain the following:

1. Written request.
A written request need not be in any special form but must contain each of the following items.
 - a. A statement that the applicant is requesting approval of a trust acquisition by the United States of America for their benefit.
 - b. Identification of applicant(s).
 - c. Legal Land Description.
 - 1) A description of real property in legally acceptable terms that is definite, legally defensible and susceptible to only one interpretation. Perform a preliminary informal review of the legal land description to assure the obvious elements

identified below are present. A Legal Land Description Review (LDR) is required later in the process.

- 2) Lands can be legally described a number of ways, most commonly by referencing the Public Land Survey System (PLSS), however, lands in the 13 original states and Texas are subject to other survey systems.
 - 1) All legal land descriptions utilizing PLSS or any other survey system shall contain the following elements:
 - State
 - County
 - Acreage
 - 2) If the lands contained in the application are described using the PLSS, the description will contain the following elements that must be included to be a legitimate legal land description.
 - Township
 - Range
 - Principal Meridian
 - Section(s)
 - Government Lots or Aliquot Parts
 - 3) All legal land descriptions described by metes and bounds within the PLSS, in addition to the elements contained in b) shall include:
 - Commencement tie from a Government corner of PLSS to point of beginning of metes and bounds parcel.
 - A metes and bound description which closes mathematically on itself.
 - 4) All legal land descriptions described by metes and bounds not within the PLSS shall contain the following applicable information:
 - A point of beginning easily located on the ground.
 - A metes and bound description which closes mathematically on itself.
- d. Need for acquisition of the property
 - 1) Economic Development
 - 2) Tribal Self-Determination
 - 3) Indian housing (non-commercial)
- e. Purpose for which the property is to be used. (If the purpose of the acquisition is identified by the Tribal applicant as “gaming,” follow the procedures outlined in the Gaming Handbook and continue to process the application pursuant to the regulations at 25 CFR Part 151 and this section of the Fee-to-Trust Handbook. “Gaming Related” is no longer a term utilized by the Department of Interior.)

- f. When the applicant is an individual who is not a member of the Tribe with jurisdiction and does not already own an undivided trust or restricted interest in the parcel of land to be acquired, written Tribal consent for nonmember applications must be provided.
 - g. When the applicant is a Tribe who is not the Tribe with jurisdiction and does not already own an undivided trust or restricted interest in the parcel of land to be acquired, written Tribal consent for the Tribal acquisition of land must be provided.
2. In addition to the requirements of Step 2.1., above, the Tribal applicant must also submit the following:
 - a. The application must state the Tribal name as it appears in the list of *Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible To Receive Services From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs* published in the Federal Register, or as it appears in a federally approved Constitution.
 - b. Statutory Authority.
3. In addition to the requirements of Step 2.1. above, the following information is also required for an individual Indian's application:
 - a. Evidence of eligible Indian status of the applicant.
 - b. Amount of trust or restricted Indian land already owned by the applicant.
 - c. Information or a statement from the applicant addressing the degree to which the applicant needs assistance in handling their affairs.
4. When the required elements as noted above (1-3) have been fulfilled, notify the applicant that you have received the application, as required by 52 IAM Chapter 12, 1.3 Policy A. "Acknowledging Receipt of Applications for Fee-to-Trust Acquisitions" [*See Exhibit 5.4.1: Sample Acknowledgement Letter*].
5. The application will then require the following, to allow for a complete review of the application:
 - a. Map depicting boundary and location of subject property if necessary.
 - b. Title evidence consisting of:
 - 1) The deed or other conveyance instrument providing evidence of the applicant's title or, if the applicant does not yet have title, the deed providing evidence of the transferor's title and a written agreement or affidavit from the

transferor, that title will be transferred to the United States on behalf of the applicant to complete the acquisition in trust; and

- 2) Either: (i) a current title insurance commitment; or (ii) the policy of title insurance issued to the applicant or current owner and an abstract of title dating from the time the policy of title insurance was issued to the applicant or current owner to the present.
 - The Department will look to the appropriate licensing authority for qualifications for the preparer of the abstract of title. An abstract of title means a compilation of all instruments of public record which in any manner affect title to the parcel of real property.
 - “To the present” means a date as close to the date of the review as possible.
 - 3) The applicant may choose to provide title evidence meeting the title standards issued by the U.S. Department of Justice, in lieu of the evidence required by number 2, above.
 - If the applicant chooses to comply with DOJ Title Standards, they must comply with the requirements of that process. E.g., The preliminary commitment, or a binder of title evidence with a commitment, to issue final title insurance on the current ALTA U.S. Policy Form.
 - The proposed insured should state, “The United States of America in trust for [insert legal name of the applicant (for Tribes, the legal name is the name as found in the Federal Register or a federally approved Constitution)].”
 - The proposed policy coverage must meet the minimum title insurance required by the DOJ Title Standards, or the alternate title evidence submitted by the Tribe.
- c. A draft Warranty Deed for the acquisition, with designation of BIA approval and delegation of authority or Warranty Deed with acceptance of conveyance. The deed must conform to local statutory recording requirements. [*See Exhibit 5.4.12 for a sample*]
 - d. A Restrictive Covenant Acknowledgement form may also be required [*See Exhibit 5.4.8: Restrictive Covenants Acknowledgement*].
 - e. A Legal Land Description Review (LDR) from a qualified individual that concurs with the validity of the legal land description including acreage. The concurrence is intended to verify that the description is accurate, correctly describes the subject property, and that it is consistent throughout the acquisition documents, such as commitments for title insurance, [survey] maps, deeds, etc.

- 1) Legal land descriptions shall be reviewed to identify insufficiencies due to confusing boundaries, gaps or overlaps, encroachments, and other conflicts along a property line.
 - 2) Relying solely on title evidence and title insurance creates the potential for overlooking boundary defects.
6. Identify all missing information or documentation that is required, or materials submitted that do not have appropriate signatures, dates or other deficiencies that would prevent a complete review of the application and result in incomplete status. Refer to Step 3 “Responding to an Incomplete Case” [*See Exhibit 5.4.2: Sample 30-day Notice-Incomplete Application Package*].
7. Advise the applicant that it is beneficial to provide the following documentation, if available.
- a. Any documentation describing efforts taken to resolve identified jurisdictional problems and potential conflicts of land use that may arise as a result of the fee-to-trust acquisition.
 - b. Any signed cooperative agreements relating to the fee-to-trust acquisition. Describe agreements for infrastructure development or services.
 - Examples: utilities, fire protection, solid waste disposal.
 - c. Agreements that have been negotiated with the State or local government.
 - Example: payment in lieu of taxes (PILT).
 - d. Description of those services not required of the state or local government(s) to the property because they are provided by the Tribal government.
 - e. Any information in support of the Tribal applicant being “under Federal jurisdiction” in 1934, if applicable, or other statutory authority for the acquisition.
 - f. Additional information or justification to assist in reaching a decision.
8. If the applicant has requested the transfer of an undivided fractional interest, there are two processing options to acquire this interest, and BIA must determine which applies.
- a. Discretionary. If the parcel did not have existing trust or restricted interests as of November 7, 2000, as evidenced by a report reflecting tract history from the BIA’s official system of land records, the acquisition is discretionary. [See 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c)]. Refer to 25 CFR § 151.7 and this section of the handbook (covering On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions) for further processing requirements.

- b. **Mandatory.** If any interests in the parcel were held in trust or restricted status as of November 7, 2000 [See 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c)], the acquisition is mandatory. Refer to the Mandatory Acquisitions section of this handbook and the most recent mandatory acquisition guidance. (*Adhere to Policy and Directives 4.1: Mandatory Acquisition Guidance*).

Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Case

1. When a written request or application is determined to be incomplete:
 - a. Prepare a written notice to applicant including the following information and send by certified mail, return receipt requested. [*See Exhibit 5.4.2: Sample Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application*]. (*Adhere to Policy and Directives 4.2: IAM, Part 52, Chapter 12 "Processing Discretionary Fee-to-Trust Applications", 1.3 Policy B. "Gathering information for Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Applications", and C. "Administrative and Legal Timeframes"*).
 - 1) A statement that the application is incomplete.
 - 2) Specify what information or documentation was omitted or required and explain why the requested information is necessary.
 - 3) Request the applicant provide the omitted or required documentation or information to BIA within 30 days of the applicant's receipt of the written notice or the application will be inactivated and returned.
 - b. If the applicant does not provide the omitted or required documentation or information to BIA in accordance with the notice, send applicant a final notice and a notice enclosing the application and stating that BIA did not receive the information, so the application has been inactivated. [*See Exhibit 5.4.3: Sample Final Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package, and Exhibit 5.4.4: Sample Return of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application*].

Step 4: Conducting Site Inspection and Completing Initial Certificate of Inspection

Whenever possible, the following should be done early in the acquisition process:

1. Conduct an inquiry. Ask the landowner and any occupants whether there are any third party rights in the land.
2. Conduct a physical inspection of the land. Compare condition and use of property as described in submitted documents. Examples of things to check during inspection are:
 - a. Persons living on the property not shown as record owner(s).

- b. Work being done by contractors.
 - c. Change in use other than noted in application.
 - d. Lack of access to property.
 - e. Location of existing utility lines, roads, etc., not defined in title evidence.
3. Prepare a Certificate of Inspection and Possession (CIP).
- a. The CIP (including the inquiry and physical inspection, above) may be prepared by:
 - 1) A duly authorized BIA or other Federal employee; or
 - 2) A Tribal employee (whether or not performing contracted/compacted BIA realty functions) or contractor, as long as:
 - The Tribal employee is not also an employee of the landowner (in other words, as long as the property is not being acquired in trust for the employee or the Tribe). Neither the owner nor an employee of the owner of the inspected property should perform the inspection or execute the certificate. AND
 - The CIP is approved by BIA or other Federal employee.
 - b. The CIP should be on Form #1 [*see Exhibit 5.7.1*] or Form #2 [*see Exhibit 5.7.2*]. Form # 1 is designed to be completed by one individual. Form #2 is designed to be completed by two individuals -- one who does the inspection and one who makes inquiry of the landowner and any occupants.
 - 1) No portion of the CIP forms may be deleted or scratched out.
 - 2) All blanks must be filled in.
 - 3) If a particular blank is not applicable to an acquisition, it should be filled in with "N/A".
 - 4) Both forms anticipate that additional information can and often will be added to the CIP, especially if the inspection or inquiry reveals possible possessory rights of others in the property.
4. Prepare a written notice to applicant advising of any inconsistencies that require an explanation and/or correction. Advise applicant that unless the inconsistencies are addressed, applicant may be prohibited from taking land into trust. See Step 3 "Responding to an Incomplete Case" to issue the notice and 52 IAM 12 [*Policy and Directives 4.2: 52 IAM Chapter 12, 1.3 Policy B. "Gathering information for Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Applications"*].

Step 5: Preparing the Preliminary Title Opinion (PTO)

1. Confirm that you have the required title evidence documentation from applicant and copies of all documents that create encumbrances or exceptions to title.
2. Submit a written request for a Preliminary Title Opinion (PTO) to the Solicitor's Office. Attach the title evidence documents (listed in Step 2, above) and the following information/documents:
 - a. Draft deed in trust to the United States, conforming to local statutory recording requirements and/or Draft Acceptance of Conveyance.
 - b. Property boundary and location maps, if applicable.
 - c. Initial Certificate of Inspection and Possession, if one has been completed.
 - d. The LDR.
 - e. Consistent with § 151.9, a written request for approval of the acquisition which adequately demonstrates it has been duly authorized by the Tribe.
 - f. A copy of any agreement (such as a lease or right-of-way) currently applicable to the property.
 - g. If the property is identified as a lot in a subdivision, a copy of the plat (which may contain restrictions) and, if there are any deed restrictions, a copy of each document that creates the restrictions.

Step 6: Preparing Notice of Application (NOA)

1. If the application is to acquire a parcel or parcels that will cumulatively total 200 acres or more, notify the AS-IA of the application, by email at F2Tnotice@bia.gov, and by mail at: 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4141-MIB, Washington, DC 20240.
2. Prepare the NOA to inform state and local governments, including Tribal governments, having regulatory jurisdiction over the proposed acquisition property and/or any person or entity submitting a written request for notice that they have 30 days to submit comments.
3. Include the following in the notice [*See Exhibit 5.4.6: Sample Notice of Application*]:
 - a. General description of need and purpose.
 - b. Solicitation of comments on the potential impact of the acquisition regarding regulatory jurisdiction, real property taxes and special assessments.

- c. Notification that parties have 30 days to submit comments.
 - d. A statement informing the state and local governments to forward the notification on to any of their local sub-districts.
4. Send NOA by certified mail return receipt to the state and local governments.
 5. In consultation with the applicant, consider the option of posting the application on a website to make it easily accessible to the public (with confidential information redacted).

Step 7: Environmental Compliance Review

1. Transmit NEPA, 602 DM 2 and other environmental compliance documents to the appropriate environmental staff and request environmental compliance review. Update environmental staff on any changes in the application.
2. The environmental staff is responsible for completing the Environmental Compliance Review Memorandum (ECRM) or other documentation of NEPA compliance. NEPA compliance for every discretionary fee-to-trust transaction must be documented [*See Exhibit 5.4.5: Sample Environmental Compliance Review Memorandum*].
3. If the acquisition is for the purpose of gaming, the environmental compliance review must be performed in accordance with the Gaming Handbook and the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act.

Step 8: Comments to Notice of Application

1. Provide a copy of all information responsive to the NOA to the applicant for their written response. Send by certified mail return receipt [*See Exhibit 5.4.7: "Sample Notice of Application Comments to Applicant"*].
2. The regulations state that the applicant has a reasonable amount of time to provide BIA its written response to the comments. BIA has determined that 30 days with the opportunity for an extension is a reasonable amount of time. If the applicant requests the Secretary to issue a decision without providing a response to any comment(s), proceed with Step 10, "Preparing Analysis and Notice of Decision."

Step 9: Clearance of PTO Objections before Notice of Decision (NOD)

1. Notify applicant of objections outlined in the Preliminary Title Opinion (PTO). The Solicitor's Office may require the elimination of any such liens, encumbrances, or infirmities (i.e., defects) prior to taking final approval action on the acquisition, and will

require elimination prior to such approval if she determines that the liens, encumbrances or infirmities (i.e., defects) make title to the land unmarketable.

2. Do not send the PTO to the applicant, as it is attorney-client privileged information.
3. Request applicant to provide documents to show that objections of the PTO have been cleared.
4. If the applicant does not send the responsive information within a reasonable amount of time, refer to the policy found at 52 IAM Chapter 12 (Processing Discretionary Fee-to-Trust Applications). If no response is received within the timelines established by the policy, proceed with Step 10, "Preparing Analysis and Notice of Decision."

Step 10: Preparing Analysis and Notice of Decision (NOD)

1. All gaming acquisition NOD's shall be prepared pursuant to the procedures outlined in the Gaming Handbook and submitted to OIG for publication in the Federal Register.
2. If a significant amount of time lapses between the date of the NOA and the NOD, reissue the NOA to allow for updates to the comments, applicant's responses to comments, and application documents (e.g., title evidence and ESA).
3. Consult with the Office of the Solicitor to prepare an analysis of whether the Tribal applicant was under Federal jurisdiction in 1934 for inclusion in the decision, if applicable.¹ BIA should consult with the Solicitor's Office as early in the process as possible (i.e., as soon as BIA has determined an application is complete) so that the Solicitor's Office has sufficient time to prepare a *Carciari* opinion. For Tribes for whom the Solicitor's Office has already prepared an analysis of whether the Tribal applicant was under Federal jurisdiction in 1934, BIA may rely on that analysis.
4. Document case analysis and prepare NOD, which must include language on the right to appeal. The analysis and NOD must be based on the facts contained in the record and responsive to the following factors:
 - a. The existence of statutory authority for the acquisition and any limitations contained in such authority, including analysis addressing whether the Tribal applicant was under Federal jurisdiction in 1934, if applicable.
 - b. The need of the individual Indian or the Tribe for additional land.
 - c. The purposes for which the land will be used.

¹ An opinion whether a tribal applicant was under Federal jurisdiction in 1934 (a "*Carciari* opinion") is only required for applications submitted pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 465 and that rely on the first definition of "Indian."

- d. If the land is to be acquired for an individual Indian, the amount of trust or restricted land already owned by that individual and the degree to which he/she needs assistance in handling their affairs.
- e. If the land to be acquired is in unrestricted fee status, the impact on the State and its political subdivisions resulting from the removal of the land from the tax rolls.
- f. Jurisdictional problems and potential conflicts of land use which may arise.
- g. If the land to be acquired is in fee status, whether the Bureau of Indian Affairs is equipped to discharge the additional responsibilities resulting from the acquisition of the land in trust status.
- h. The extent to which the applicant has provided information that allows BIA to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), and 602 DM 2, Land Acquisitions: Hazardous Substances Determinations. If a categorical exclusion applies (e.g., where there will be no change in land use), the decision should explain why the categorical exclusion applies and it should be documented in the record.
- i. While not specified in the regulations, the NOD should contain analysis of comments and concerns by state and local governments.

Step 11: Providing Notice of the Decision

NOTE: The notice and procedures for providing notice of the decision differ depending upon whether a BIA official (e.g., the Superintendent or Regional Director) or the AS-IA makes the acquisition decision. The process for each is set out below.

If a BIA official makes a decision to approve a request:

1. Prepare Public Notice of the decision to acquire land in trust pursuant to 25 CFR § 151.12(d) and the right to administratively appeal that decision. The Public Notice must include the following [*See Exhibit 5.4.10: Sample Public Notice to Acquire land into Trust*]:
 - a. Statement that a decision to acquire land in trust has been made and that there is a 30-day administrative appeal period.
 - b. Instructions on how to obtain a copy of the BIA decision, including a website and/or physical location where a copy of the decision will be available.
 - c. A legal land description of the land.

2. *Promptly* after approving the request:

- a. Address and send the original decision to the applicant. Attach a list of all parties, including state and local government entities that were provided a copy under paragraph d., below.
 - b. Publish the Public Notice in a newspaper of general circulation serving the affected area, when the approval is at the Regional or Agency level. Complete this step as near in time as possible with sending the original decision to the applicant.
 - c. Make a copy of the decision publicly available on the website and/or at a physical location identified in the Public Notice and ensure a copy of the decision is available at that location by the time the Public Notice is published.
 - d. As near in time as possible with publication of the Public Notice, send a copy of the decision to:
 - 1) All interested parties² who have made themselves known, in writing, to BIA prior to the decision being made; and
 - 2) The state and local governments having regulatory jurisdiction over the land to be acquired.
3. If the decision is issued by the Regional Director and is for an acquisition of a parcel or parcels that cumulatively total 200 acres or more, notify AS-IA by email at F2Tnotice@bia.gov, and by mail at: 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4141-MIB, Washington, DC 20240.
4. After expiration of the 30-day appeal period*, confirm whether an appeal has been filed with the Interior Board of Indian Appeals (IBIA) (or with the Regional Director, if the Superintendent issued the decision). If an appeal has been filed with the IBIA, then:
- a. Consult with the Solicitor's Office on next steps, including the preparation of the administrative record;
 - b. If the decision being appealed is for an acquisition of a parcel or parcels that cumulatively total 200 acres or more, notify AS-IA by email at F2Tnotice@bia.gov, and by mail at: 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4141-MIB, Washington, DC 20240.
5. Once administrative remedies are exhausted and the decision is final for the Department, proceed to Step 12 "Preparing Final Certificate of Inspection and Possession."

² BIA should assume every party making themselves known is an interested party for purposes of sending out notice of the decision.

* When does the 30-day appeal period expire?

For:	The 30-day appeal period expires:
All interested parties who have made themselves known in writing to the BIA prior to the decision being made	30 days after such interested party receives a copy of the decision
All state and local governments having regulatory jurisdiction over the land to be acquired	30 days after such state or local government entity receives a copy of the decision
All other persons and entities	30 days after publication of the Public Notice in a newspaper of general circulation

To the greatest extent possible, these 30-day appeal periods should be timed to run at the same time, and should never run back-to-back. In other words, the Public Notice should be published as close in time as possible to the notice of decision date.

If the Public Notice is provided several days after the notice of decision is provided to interested parties or state or local government entities:

- The issuance of Public Notice does not extend the time for interested parties or state or local government entities who received actual written notice to file an appeal.
- The 30-day appeal period (for all other persons and entities) provided by the Public Notice will extend beyond the interested parties' or state or local government entities' 30-day appeal period.
- **Wait until the expiration of the latest 30-day appeal period before proceeding with this step.**

If an interested party or state or local government entity receives a notice of decision after other parties or after the Public Notice is published:

- The 30-day appeal period for that interested party or state or local government entity extends beyond the 30-day appeal period provided by the other notices and Public Notice.
- **Wait until the expiration of the latest 30-day appeal period before proceeding with this step**

If the AS-IA makes a decision to approve a request:

1. In coordination with AS-IA (through OIG or other AS-IA staff, as appropriate), prepare the Public Notice of the final Departmental decision to acquire land in trust pursuant to 25 CFR § 151.12 (d) and include the following [*See Exhibit 5.4.10: Sample Public Notice to Acquire Land into Trust – AS-IA Decisions*]:
 - a. Statement that a decision to acquire land in trust has been made and that the decision is final for the Department.
 - b. A legal land description of the land.
 - c. Website address where the decision is made publicly available.
2. *Promptly* after approving the request:
 - a. Address and send the original decision to the applicant.
 - b. Publish the Public Notice in the Federal Register. Complete this step as near in time as possible with sending the decision to the applicant.

- c. Proceed to Step 12 “Preparing Final Certificate of Inspection and Possession.” Note: Where AS-IA is issuing the decision, AS-IA will notify BIA of the anticipated or actual decision date to allow BIA time to complete this step and comply with Departmental requirements in 602 DM 2.
3. If a decision may be challenged in Federal court, consult with the Solicitor’s Office on preparing the administrative record as early in the decision-making process as possible.
4. Upon the completion of any judicial review, instructions may be provided by the Office of the Solicitor based upon the outcome of the judicial review.

If a BIA official makes a decision to deny a request:

Promptly provide the applicant with the decision and notification of any right to file an administrative appeal under 25 C.F.R. Part 2.

If the AS-IA makes a decision to deny a request:

Promptly provide the applicant with the decision.

Step 12: Preparing Final Certificate of Inspection and Possession (CIP)

1. Complete the Final CIP in the same manner as stated under Step 4 “Conducting Site Inspection and Completing Initial Certificate of Inspection” as close in time as possible to closing of the transfer.
2. Compare the Final CIP with the PTO and Initial CIP. [CIP’s prepared more than 180 days prior to closing are not acceptable.]
3. If there are any inconsistencies between the initial and final CIP in relation to possessory rights or interests, provide written notice to the applicant requiring response within 30 days of receipt of notice identifying a plan for curative action and/or request for extension of time. Ascertain the interest or claim of any person(s) other than the record owner(s) who is occupying or using any part of the lands. If the interest will interfere with the contemplated use of the land, measures should be taken to eliminate claims which are not compatible by, for example:
 - a. Obtaining disclaimers or quitclaim deeds from any person who has an uncertain interest in the property that we are trying to solve to ensure clear title;
 - b. Obtaining attornment agreements from tenants with unrecorded leases;
 - c. Agreeing to grant a private right-of-way or pipeline easement with specific terms and an agreed location and dimension for the easement, in return for the claimant’s

agreement to quitclaim any poorly defined possible easement which he/she may have acquired by prescription.

4. If the applicant does not respond or follow through with curative action within the 30-day period or any granted extension(s), evaluate the effects of this failure and if those effects will impact the decision issued under Step 10.

Step 13: Acceptance of Conveyance

Note: All gaming acquisition acceptance of conveyances are approved by the Assistant Secretary, Indian Affairs through OIG pursuant to the Gaming Handbook and are completed by the applicable field office.

1. Immediately following completion of the CIP (Step 12) and fulfillment of any applicable Departmental requirements (including compliance with 602 DM 2), complete this step (Step 13) and Steps 14 and 15 to formally accept the land into trust.
2. Confirm that the file contains all documentation that meets the requirements of the PTO and is in compliance with 25 CFR Part 151.
3. Process the formal acceptance of conveyance. The conveyance document must include:
 - a. Signature of the appropriate BIA official.
 - b. The statutory authority must be stated on the deed.
 - c. The delegation of authority must be stated on the acceptance document (e.g., Acceptance of Conveyance form or the Warranty Deed) [*See Exhibit 5.4.121: Acceptance of Conveyance*].

Step 14: Final Title Opinion and Recordation

1. Obtain the *original county-recorded deed and updated title evidence from the applicant.
2. Request a Final Title Opinion (FTO) from the Office of the Solicitor and provide the Office of the Solicitor with a copy of the environmental compliance review memorandum.
3. The request shall include:
 - a. The recorded Deed and Acceptance of Conveyance
 - b. Title Insurance Policy, if submitted

- c. PTO
- d. Updated title evidence to date of closing including evidence of corrective actions
- e. LDR
- f. Final Certificate of Inspection and Possession.

*A copy, versus the original recorded Warranty Deed may be sufficient to initiate a request for the final title opinion.

Step 15: Recording at Land Titles and Records Office

1. Submit the following documents to the Land Titles and Records Office (LTRO) for recording:
 - a. The original county-recorded Warranty Deed and, if no federal approval is included on the Warranty Deed, the Acceptance of Conveyance.
 - b. LDR, including acreage.
 - c. Copy of applicable referenced surveys and maps.

If any of these documents are missing or incomplete, fulfill the requirements in 52 IAM Chapter 12, 1.3 Policy C. "Administrative and Legal Timeframes." Additionally, see 25 CFR § 150.7(a).

2. Upon receipt of these documents the LTRO shall record and return to the entity that submitted the request within 5 business days.
3. The processing office has the discretion to submit documents for recording in addition to those required above; upon receipt, the LTRO shall record those documents.

Step 16: Completed Application Package

1. When the recorded documents have been received from the LTRO:
 - a. Return the original recorded documents to the office that is responsible to maintain custody of the record in accordance with Bureau record standards.
 - b. Provide a copy of the recorded package to the applicant.
 - c. Provide a recorded copy of the deed showing trust status to the Bureau of Land Management to update their records.

2. Close out electronic case file in Fee-to-trust system of record.

END OF PROCEDURE

3.1.2 Off-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions

OFF-RESERVATION DISCRETIONARY TRUST ACQUISITIONS

Scope

This section of the handbook contains procedures for off-reservation discretionary trust acquisitions for Tribes. This section applies to undivided fractional and full interests owned in fee by an eligible Tribe.

Procedure

To assist the applicant in preparing a request, provide the applicant a copy of “Required Elements: Application for Fee-to-trust” and the brochure, “Understanding the Fee-to-Trust Process for Discretionary Acquisitions.”

Step 1: Encoding the Fee-to-trust System of Record

Refer to Step 1 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 2: BIA Review of Written Request or Application

1. In addition to Step 2 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook, the application must include:
 - a. Appropriate documentation of the location of the land relative to state boundaries, and its distance from the boundaries of the reservation. This may include maps and/or surveys.
 - b. Where the land is being acquired for business purposes the applicant must provide a plan which specifies the anticipated economic benefits associated with the proposed use (“economic plan”).

Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Written Request or Application

Refer to Step 3 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 4: Conducting Site Inspection and Completing Initial Certificate of Inspection

Refer to Step 4 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 5: Preparing the Preliminary Title Opinion (PTO)

Refer to Step 5 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 6: Preparing Notice of Application, (NOA)

Refer to Step 6 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 7: Environmental Compliance Review

Refer to Step 7 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 8: Comments to Notice of Application

Refer to Step 8 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 9: Clearance of PTO Objections before Notice of Decision (NOD)

Refer to Step 9 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 10: Preparing Analysis and Notice of Decision (NOD)

1. For a gaming acquisition, prepare a memorandum with a recommended decision pursuant to the procedures outlined in the Gaming Handbook and submit the memorandum to OIG. OIG will then prepare the NOD for publication in the Federal Register.
2. Refer to Step 10 (Preparing Analysis and Notice of Decision (NOD)) at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook, and also include:
 - a. The submitted documentation of the location of the land relative to state boundaries, and its distance from the boundaries of the reservation. This may include maps and/or surveys.
 - b. The economic plan, including justification of anticipated benefits of proposed acquisition.
3. Consider the scrutiny and weight outlined in the regulations at 25 CFR § 151.11(b) as defined by applicable policies.

Step 11: Preparing the Publication Notice

Refer to Step 11 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 12: Preparing Final Certificate of Inspection and Possession (CIP)

Refer to Step 12 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 13: Acceptance of Conveyance

Refer to Step 13 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 14: Final Title Opinion and Recordation

Refer to Step 14 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 15: Recording at Land Titles and Records Office

Refer to Step 15 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 16: Completed Application Package

Refer to Step 16 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

END OF PROCEDURE

3.1.3

Mandatory Trust Acquisitions

MANDATORY TRUST ACQUISITIONS

Scope

This section of the handbook contains procedures for mandatory trust acquisitions for individual Indians and Tribes. This section applies to undivided fractional and full interests owned in fee by an eligible Tribe or individual.

Purpose

A mandatory trust acquisition is one directed by Congress or a judicial determination that requires the Secretary to accept title to land into trust, or hold title to certain lands in trust by the United States, for an individual Indian or Tribe. The Secretary does not have discretion to deny the request to accept title of land into trust.

In the absence of statutory or judicial language requiring the Secretary to proceed with the mandatory acquisition without notice or application, the individual Indian or Tribe must submit a written request to commence the acquisition process.

Step 1: Encoding the Fee-to-trust System of Record

Refer to Step 1 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 2: Initiate the Mandatory Acquisition

1. A Tribe or individual Indian must submit a written request to the BIA to commence the acquisition process unless a specific statute or judicial order requires the Secretary to proceed without the submission of a request. The written request shall contain the following:
 - a. Documents verifying individual Indian or Tribal ownership.
 - b. The Tribe's name as it appears in the Federal Register for Federally Recognized Tribes or as it appears in a federally approved Tribal constitution.
 - c. Legal Land Description (Refer to Step 2 at 3.1.1, On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook).
 - d. Statutory authority.
 - e. Map depicting boundary and location of subject property if necessary.
 - f. Warranty Deed (i.e., draft acquisition deed) with designation of BIA approval and delegation of authority or Warranty Deed with Acceptance of Conveyance.

- g. Additional information identified in policy relating to mandatory acquisitions, if applicable.
2. To determine whether or not the acquisition is mandatory refer to applicable policy and guidance, and consult with the Office of the Solicitor.
 - a. Acquisitions made pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c) have previously been determined to be mandatory. For these acquisitions, proceed to Step 3. (Section 2216(c) provides that “[a]n Indian, or recognized Tribal government of a reservation, in possession of an interest in trust or restricted lands, at least a portion of which is in trust or restricted status on [November 7, 2000] and located within a reservation, may request that the interest be taken into trust by the Secretary, upon such a request, the Secretary shall forthwith take such interest into trust.”)
 - b. For all other acquisitions, consult with the Office of the Solicitor as early as possible to obtain a written determination that the statute or judicial order mandates the acquisition. If the Office of the Solicitor has already issued a written determination that a specific statute or judicial decree mandates an acquisition, you may process another request under the same mandatory authority using that written determination.
 - c. Upon a determination that the statute or judicial decree mandates the acquisition, determine whether the parcel meets any additional criteria required by the statute or judicial decree. If information from the applicant is necessary to demonstrate that the parcel meets the criteria, contact the applicant to request the information.

Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Written Request

Refer to Step 3 at 3.1.1 On-Reservation Discretionary Trust Acquisitions of this handbook.

Step 4: Conducting Site Inspection

Refer to applicable policy and guidance.

Step 5: Obtaining Title Evidence

Note: This step is in lieu of preparing a preliminary title opinion (PTO) and final title opinion (FTO). Neither a PTO nor an FTO is required for mandatory acquisitions, unless the statute mandating the acquisition so requires.

1. If the acquisition is mandatory under 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c) -- Obtain current evidence of title ownership from the Tribe or individual Indian demonstrating that the fractional interest is owned by the Tribe or individual Indian and how it was acquired including one of the following:

- a. An abstract of title dating from the time the interest was transferred from trust ownership to partial fee ownership to the present; or
- b. If an abstract of title is not available, a copy of the recorded document through which the owner's interest was acquired and a sworn declaration from the owner that states: (1) how the owner acquired the interest; and (2) that the owners has not conveyed the interest away.

2. For all other mandatory acquisitions -- Obtain the following:

- a. Current evidence of title ownership from the Tribe or individual Indian and how it was acquired or written evidence that title will be transferred to the Tribe or individual Indian upon acquisition in trust; and
- b. An abstract of title or a title commitment dating from the time the interest was acquired in fee ownership by the current owner or the current owner's predecessor(s) in title to the present.

Step 6: Environmental Compliance Review

NEPA and 602 DM 2 requirements are not applicable to mandatory acquisitions, but to understand any environmental hazards or any potential legal liabilities that may be present, perform due diligence by performing the following:

1. Conduct an initial site inspection; and
2. Document the results of the site inspection.

Completion of the initial site inspection and the findings of the inspection are not a precondition to completing the mandatory acquisition.

Step 7: Preparing Notice of the Acquisition

NOTE: The notice and procedures for providing notice differ depending upon whether a BIA official (e.g., the Superintendent or Regional Director) or the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs (AS-IA) issues the mandatory acquisition decision. The process for each is set out below.

If a BIA official is issuing the decision:

1. Prepare the mandatory acquisition decision.
 - a. If the decision is to deny the mandatory acquisition, provide a written notice of the determination and notice of the right to appeal pursuant to 25 CFR Part 2 to the Tribe or individual Indian.

b. If the decision is to proceed with the mandatory acquisition, address and send the original decision to the applicant. As near in time as possible to sending the original decision to the applicant, prepare Public Notice of the mandatory acquisition, including:

- 1) Statement that BIA intends to acquire land in trust as required by a statute or judicial order and that there is a 30-day administrative appeal period.
- 2) Citation to the mandatory authority;
- 3) Instructions on how to obtain a copy of the BIA decision, including a website and/or physical location where a copy of the decision will be available.
- 4) A legal land description of the land.

2. *Promptly* after the decision is issued:

- a. Publish the Public Notice in a newspaper of general circulation serving the affected area, when the approval is at the Regional or Agency level.
- b. Make a copy of the decision publicly available on the website and/or at a physical location identified in the Public Notice and ensure a copy of the decision is available at that location by the time the Public Notice is published.

3. If the decision is for an acquisition of a parcel or parcels that cumulatively total 200 acres or more, notify AS-IA by email at F2Tnotice@bi.gov, and by mail at: 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4141-MIB, Washington DC 20240.

4. After expiration of the 30 day appeal period*, confirm whether an appeal has been filed with the Interior Board of Indian Appeals (IBIA) (or with the Regional Director, if the Superintendent issued the decision). If an appeal has been filed with the IBIA, then:

- a. Consult with the Solicitor's Office on next steps, including the preparation of the administrative record; and
- b. If the decision being appealed is for an acquisition of a parcel or parcels that cumulatively total 200 acres or more, notify AS-IA by email at F2Tnotice@bia.gov, and by mail at: 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4141-MIB, Washington, DC 20240. .

5. Once the administrative review process has been exhausted, instructions may be provided by the Office of the Solicitor based upon the outcome of the administrative appeal.

6. Once administrative remedies are exhausted and the decision is final for the Department, proceed to Step 8 “Conducting Final Inspection.”

When does the 30-day appeal period expire?

For:	The 30-day appeal period expires:
All interested parties who have made themselves known in writing to the BIA prior to the decision being made	30 days after such interested party receives a copy of the decision
All state and local governments having regulatory jurisdiction over the land to be acquired	30 days after such state or local government entity receives a copy of the decision
All other persons and entities	30 days after publication of the Public Notice in a newspaper of general circulation

To the greatest extent possible, these 30-day appeal periods should be timed to run at the same time, and should never run back-to-back. In other words, the Public Notice should be published as close in time as possible to the notice of decision date.

If the Public Notice is provided several days after the notice of decision is provided to interested parties or state or local government entities:

- The issuance of Public Notice does not extend the time for interested parties or state or local government entities who received actual written notice to file an appeal.
- The 30-day appeal period (for all other persons and entities) provided by the Public Notice will extend beyond the interested parties’ or state or local government entities’ 30-day appeal period.
- **Wait until the expiration of the latest 30-day appeal period before proceeding with this step.**

If an interested party or state or local government entity receives a notice of decision after other parties or after the Public Notice is published:

- The 30-day appeal period for that interested party or state or local government entity extends beyond the 30-day appeal period provided by the other notices and Public Notice.
- **Wait until the expiration of the latest 30-day appeal period before proceeding with this step**

If the AS-IA is issuing the decision:

1. If AS-IA makes a decision to deny a mandatory acquisition, provide a written notice of the determination to the Tribe or individual Indian.
2. If AS-IA makes a decision to proceed with the mandatory acquisition, address and send the original decision to the applicant. As near in time as possible to sending the original decision to the applicant, prepare the Public Notice of the mandatory acquisition, in coordination with AS-IA), prepare the Public Notice of the mandatory acquisition and include the following:
 - a. Statement that the Department determines it must acquire a particular parcel in trust and that the decision is final for the Department;
 - b. Citation to the mandatory authority; and
 - c. A legal land description of the land.

3. *Promptly* after the decision is issued:

- a. Publish the Public Notice in the Federal Register.
 - b. Proceed to Step 8 “Conducting Final Inspection.”
4. If a decision may be challenged in Federal court, consult with the Solicitor’s Office on preparing the administrative record as early in the decision-making process as possible.
5. Upon the completion of any judicial review, instructions may be provided by the Office of the Solicitor based upon the outcome of the judicial review.

Step 8: Conducting Final Inspection

Refer to applicable policy and guidance.

Step 9: Acceptance of Conveyance

1. Confirm that the file contains all documentation required as identified in Step 2, Initiate Mandatory Acquisition.
2. Include the signature of the appropriate BIA or AS-IA official on the conveyance document.
3. Include the statutory authority on the deed.
4. Include the delegation of authority on the acceptance document (e.g., the Acceptance of Conveyance form or the Warranty Deed [*See Exhibit 5.4.11: Acceptance of Conveyance. Exhibit 5.4.12: Warranty Deed and Acceptance of Conveyance*]).

Step 10: Recordation

1. Obtain the *original county-recorded from the applicant.
2. If the fee fractional interest has been recorded at the county, record the trust acquisition deed at the county.

*A copy, versus the original recorded warranty deed may be sufficient to initiate a request for title evidence.

Step 11: Recording at Land Titles and Records Office

1. Submit the following documents to the Land Titles and Records Office (LTRO) for recording:

- a. The original county-recorded Warranty Deed and, if no federal approval is included on the Warranty Deed, the Acceptance of Conveyance.
- b. LDR, including acreage.
- c. Copy of applicable referenced surveys and maps.

If any of these documents are missing or incomplete, fulfill the requirements in 52 IAM Chapter 12, 1.3 Policy C. "Administrative and Legal Timeframes." Additionally, see 25 CFR § 150.7(a).

2. Upon receipt of these documents the LTRO shall record and return to the entity that submitted the request within 5 business days.

3. The processing office has the discretion to submit documents for recording in addition to those required above; upon receipt, the LTRO shall record those documents.

Step 12: Completed Mandatory Acquisition Package

1. When the recorded documents have been received from the LTRO:
 - a. Return the original recorded documents to the office that is responsible to maintain custody of the record in accordance with Bureau record standards.
 - b. Provide a copy of the recorded package to the applicant.
 - c. Provide a recorded copy of the deed showing trust status to the Bureau of Land Management to update their records.
2. Close out the electronic case file in the Fee-to-Trust System of Record.

3.4 Reservation Proclamations

GUIDELINES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCESSING A RESERVATION PROCLAMATION

Scope

This section of the handbook contains procedures for processing reservation proclamation applications.

Purpose

The guidelines and requirements for processing reservation proclamations are intended to expedite and streamline the Indian Affairs' review process for proclamations. Realty staff should use these guidelines and requirements when preparing request packages that are sent to the AS-IA for issuance of a proclamation for adding trust lands to a reservation or establishing a new reservation. Any proclamation package that does not meet the requirements of these guidelines will be returned to the Regional Office as incomplete.

Selecting the Correct Standard Operating Procedure

When a Tribe submits a request for a reservation proclamation, the first step to determine the trust status of the underlying land. If the land is already in trust, proceed with the operating procedures at 3.4.1 for post-trust acquisition reservation proclamations. If the Tribe is seeking to acquire the land in trust and have it proclaimed as reservation, proceed with the operating procedures at 3.4.2 for concurrent trust acquisitions and reservation proclamations.

3.4.1

Post-Trust Acquisition Reservation Proclamations

Step 1: BIA Review of Reservation Proclamation Requests Received From Tribes

BIA review of reservation proclamations starts with the receipt of a request from a Tribe. Tribal requests for reservation proclamations for land that was already acquired in trust should be submitted to the BIA official with jurisdiction and should include:

1. A tribal resolution requesting the reservation proclamation. The resolution should include:
 - a. A citation to Tribal authority for the action.
 - b. The legal land description for the land in question and the trust deed.
 - i. The acreage and legal land description in the Tribal resolution should match the TSR, the LDR, and the trust deed, and, if they do not match, an explanation should be provided for the discrepancy if known.
 - ii. If the Tribe requests that only a portion of the trust parcel be proclaimed reservation, the Tribal resolution must specify that fact and include the legal land description of only the requested parcel. BIA should ensure the BILS provides a new legal land description review of only the requested parcel.
 - iii. Multiple parcels may be submitted as one request.
 - c. A brief justification for the reservation proclamation. For example, a Tribe may seek a reservation proclamation to clarify land status, or to support a request for funding from a state or federal agency.
 - d. A brief statement of the use for the land, such as housing or agricultural.
2. The application should include a map, plat, or survey that depicts the location of the subject land in relation to the present reservation, or other trust and restricted lands, where applicable.

BIA should review the application to ensure it is complete. If it is complete, proceed to Step 2. If it is not complete, notify the Tribe of any missing documentation.

Step 2. Prepare 30-Day Notice Letter to Local Governments

Once the necessary information is received for a reservation proclamation under Step 1, a 30-day notice letter will be sent to local governments. [See Exhibit 5.4.13: *Sample Notice of Reservation Proclamation Request*] The notice letter will include the following information:

1. A statement that the BIA has received a request to proclaim reservation status to certain lands.
2. The legal land description(s) and map(s) of the parcel(s) requested to be proclaimed reservation.
3. A statement that the Secretary of the Interior may proclaim an Indian reservation or add lands to existing reservations, supported by a reference to Section 7 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 25 USC 467).
4. A statement that the Office of the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs reviews all tribal requests for adding land to a reservation and prepares the proclamation and notice for submission to the Federal Register.
5. A statement that the letter provides a 30-day notice of the proposed action and such action is simply an administrative function that allows the Tribe to take advantage of special federal assistance programs.

Step 3. Prepare Reservation Proclamation Memorandum

The Regional Director is responsible for preparing a reservation proclamation memorandum to the BIA Director. The BIA Regional Office will work with the BIA agency to ensure the proclamation memorandum is complete. The requirements for the reservation proclamation memorandum from the Regional Director to the BIA Director are as follows:

1. State that the Tribal resolution from the Tribe is authorized by the Tribe's governmental organization.
2. Provide a brief history of the land acquisition.
3. Provide the acreage of the subject land, the statutory authority conferring trust status, and the date of trust status.
4. Provide a legal land description of the subject land. If the TSR, the LDR, and the trust deed acreages and legal land descriptions do not match, state the reason.
5. State whether any comments were received from the notices to state, county, and municipal governments. If notices were not sent to municipal governments, state the reason.
6. If comments were received, describe the contents of the comments. Also, provide the Region's response to the comments in the body of the memo.
7. Provide a justification and recommendation for reservation status.

Step 4. Prepare Attachments for Reservation Proclamation Memorandum

This step addresses the required attachments for the reservation proclamation memorandum discussed in Step 3, above. Please provide the following documents with index tabs in the following numerical order:

1. Copy of the resolution enacted by the Tribe that cites Tribal authority for action and requests the reservation proclamation.
2. Copy of the document(s) that transfers title of the property into trust status for the Tribe. Document(s) must clearly show date of approval for trust status covering subject land(s). In most cases, a trust deed with legal land description will suffice.
3. A plat, map, plot, or survey that depicts the location of the subject land in relation to the present reservation, or other trust or restricted lands. If new reservation, provide map showing subject land and current Tribal headquarters.
4. Legal land description review of lands being proclaimed reservation.
5. Evidence that a 30-day notice of the proposed action has been provided by the BIA to the state, county, and municipal governments within whose jurisdiction such land is located, as required under Step 2.
6. Submission of any comments and/or remarks (resulting from the notices) received by the BIA.
7. Submission of proof of compliance with the NEPA. Compliance with 602 DM 2 is not required. Reminder: Any Federal action requiring approval by the Secretary must be in compliance with NEPA. Based on the Tribe's intended use of the property, the action may be a Reservation Proclamation CAT EX if there will be no changes in the use of the land. If so, only an Exception Review Checklist and a CAT EX are needed. However, if the use of the property changes, an EA is needed for the determination of the FONSI statement.
8. A Draft Reservation Proclamation document in hard and electronic copy.
9. A Draft Federal Register Notice document in hard and electronic copy.
10. A Draft Memo from the Director to AS-IA in hard and electronic copy.

Step 5. Submit Reservation Proclamation Memorandum to the BIA Director

1. Once the reservation proclamation package is complete, the Regional Director submits the package to the Division of Real Estate Services (DRES).
2. DRES reviews the package in consultation with the Solicitor's Office and the Regional BIA Office, decides whether to recommend that the tribe's request be granted, and then finalizes a memorandum for signature by the BIA Director.

The package and the signed BIA Director memorandum are then sent to the AS-IA, who reviews the materials and determines whether to issue the reservation proclamation document. If the AS-IA decides to issue the reservation proclamation, notice of the decision is published in the Federal Register. A copy of the Federal Register notice should be provided to the BIA Regional Director and the Tribe.

3.4.2

Concurrent Trust Acquisitions and Reservation Proclamations

Step 1: BIA Review of Reservation Proclamation Requests Received From Tribes

BIA review of reservation proclamations for land that is not yet in trust and is the subject of a pending fee-to-trust application should be submitted to the BIA official with jurisdiction and should include:

1. A tribal resolution requesting the reservation proclamation. If the Tribe submitted a resolution as part of a fee-to-trust application, the request can be included as part of the same tribal resolution requesting that BIA acquire land in trust status. The resolution should include:
 - a. A citation to Tribal authority for the action.
 - b. The legal land description for the land in question
 - i. If the Tribe requests that only a portion of the fee-to-trust parcel be proclaimed reservation, the Tribal resolution must specify that fact and include the legal description of only the requested parcel. BIA should ensure the BILS provides a legal land description review of only the requested parcel.
 - ii. Multiple parcels may be submitted as one request.
 - c. A brief justification for the reservation proclamation. For example, a Tribe may seek a reservation proclamation to clarify land status, or to support a request for funding from a state or federal agency.
 - d. A brief statement of the use for the land, such as housing or agricultural.
2. The application should include a map, plat, or survey that depicts the location of the subject land in relation to the present reservation, or other trust and restricted lands, where applicable.

BIA should review the application to ensure it is complete. If it is complete, proceed to Step 2. If it is not complete, notify the Tribe of any missing documentation.

Step 2. Provide Notice to State and Local Governments in Fee-to-Trust Decision

If BIA determines to acquire land in trust for a Tribal applicant, BIA should prepare a Notice of Decision (NOD) pursuant to Step 10 and Step 11 under Sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 and refer to the Reservation Proclamation request in the NOD. *[See Exhibit 5.4.14: Sample Reservation Proclamation Insert for BIA Notice of Decision]* In addition to the information required by Step 10, the NOD should include the following information.

1. A statement that the BIA has received a request from the Tribe to proclaim reservation status to certain lands that are the subject of the Tribe's fee-to-trust application.
2. The legal land description(s) and map(s) of the parcel(s) requested to be proclaimed reservation.
3. A statement that the Secretary of the Interior may proclaim an Indian reservation or add lands to existing reservations, supported by a reference to Section 7 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 25 USC 467).
4. A statement that, immediately following the expiration of the 30-day administrative appeal period, if no appeal is filed, the BIA official will recommend that the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs issue the recommendation proclamation. If an appeal is filed, and a final decision is issued affirming the BIA official's decision, BIA will immediately recommend that the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs issue the recommendation proclamation.
5. A statement that the Office of the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs reviews all tribal requests for proclaiming a reservation or adding land to a reservation and prepares the proclamation and notice for submission to the Federal Register.
6. A statement that a reservation proclamation may only be issued after the land is acquired in trust.
7. A statement that the letter provides a notice of the proposed action and such action is simply an administrative function that will allow the Tribe to take advantage of special federal assistance programs.

If the fee-to-trust decision is made by the AS-IA (eg, for gaming), the decision should include the following information:

1. A statement that the AS-IA has received a request from the Tribe to proclaim reservation status to certain lands that are the subject of the Tribe's fee-to-trust application.
2. The legal land description(s) and map(s) of the parcel(s) requested to be proclaimed reservation.
3. A statement that the Secretary of the Interior may proclaim an Indian reservation or add lands to existing reservations, supported by a reference to Section 7 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 25 USC 467).
4. A statement that the Office of the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs reviews all tribal requests for proclaiming a reservation or adding land to a reservation and prepares the proclamation and notice for submission to the Federal Register.

5. A statement that the letter provides a 30-day notice of the proposed action and such action is simply an administrative function that will allow the Tribe to take advantage of special federal assistance programs.
6. A statement that, subject to the expiration of the 30-day notice period, and following the transfer of the property to trust status, the Assistant Secretary will issue a reservation proclamation.

Step 3. Prepare Reservation Proclamation Memorandum

Regardless of whether the fee-to-trust decision is made by the Regional Director or the AS-IA, the Regional Director is responsible for preparing a reservation proclamation memorandum. If the Regional Director issues the fee-to-trust decision, follow Track A where designated. If the AS-IA is to issue the fee-to-trust decision, follow Track B where designated. The BIA Regional Office will work with the BIA agency to ensure the application and proclamation memorandum are complete.

Track A - When the Regional Director issues the fee-to-trust decision:

The Regional Director will include a statement in the fee-to-trust decision recommending that the AS-IA proclaim the subject lands as reservation. Within 10 business days of the expiration of any administrative appeal period, if no appeal is filed, the Regional Director will send a memorandum to the BIA Director providing the information outlined in 1-7 below. If the land is not yet in trust at the time the Regional Director prepares a reservation proclamation memorandum, the Regional Director should note the fact in his memorandum and provide the trust deed to the BIA Director as soon as the land is in trust. If an administrative appeal is filed and a final decision issued affirming the Regional Director's decision, the Regional Director should prepare a memorandum to the BIA Director within 10 business days of signing the trust deed.

Track B - When the AS-IA issues the fee-to-trust decision:

The reservation proclamation package should be submitted prior to AS-IA's issuance of a fee-to-trust decision. The Regional Director may combine the reservation proclamation memorandum with the memorandum recommending whether the land should be taken into trust. This consolidated memorandum should be sent to the Division of Real Estate Services (DRES) and the Office of Indian Gaming (for gaming). The consolidated memorandum should include the information outlined in 1-7 below, in addition to information and analysis required for the fee-to-trust decision.

Contents of the Regional Director's reservation proclamation memorandum (Tracks A and B):

1. State that the Tribal resolution from the Tribe is authorized by the Tribe's governmental organization.
2. Provide a brief history of the land acquisition.
3. Provide the acreage of the subject land and, if the Region issued the underlying fee-to-trust decision, the statutory authority conferring trust status and the date of trust status. If the land is not yet in trust, note that the reservation proclamation may not be issued until the land in trust and the trust deed will be provided immediately upon issuance.
4. Provide a legal land description of the subject land. If the TSR, the LDR, and the trust deed acreages and legal land description (for Track A) do not match, state the reason.
5. For Track A, state whether the reservation proclamation insert language (*See Exhibit 5.4.14*) was included in the NOD and any comments that were received. If the reservation proclamation insert language was not included, state the reason. If comments were received, describe the contents of the comments and provide the Region's response to the comments in the body of the memo.
6. Provide a justification and recommendation for reservation status.

Step 4. Prepare Attachments for Reservation Proclamation Memorandum (Tracks A and B)

This step addresses the required attachments for the reservation proclamation memorandum discussed in Step 3, above. Please provide the following documents with index tabs in the following numerical order (or in any logical order for Track B):

1. Copy of the resolution enacted by the Tribe that cites Tribal authority for action and requests the reservation proclamation.
2. If a trust deed has already been issued, for Track A, a copy of the document(s) that transfers title of the property into trust status for the Tribe. Document(s) must clearly show date of approval for trust status covering subject land(s). In most cases, a trust deed with legal land description will suffice. If the trust deed has not yet been issued at the time the Regional Director sends the reservation proclamation package, it should be noted and sent immediately after issuance.
3. A plat, map, plot, or survey that depicts the location of the subject land in relation to the present reservation, or other trust or restricted lands. If new reservation, provide map showing subject land and current Tribal headquarters.

4. Legal land description review of lands being proclaimed reservation.
5. For Track A, evidence that the reservation proclamation insert language (*See Exhibit 5.4.14*) was included as required under Step 2.1. Include submission of any comments and/or remarks received by the BIA.
6. Submission of proof of compliance with the NEPA. BIA environmental documents are not required (e.g. Phase 1). Reminder: Any Federal action requiring approval by the Secretary must be in compliance with NEPA. Generally, the NEPA process undertaken for the fee-to-trust decision, such as the issuance of a FONSI or EIS, may be used to demonstrate NEPA compliance for purposes of the reservation proclamation.
7. A Draft Reservation Proclamation document in hard and electronic copy.
8. A Draft Federal Register Notice document in hard and electronic copy.
9. A Draft Memo from the Director to AS-IA in hard and electronic copy (Track A only).

Step 5. Submit Reservation Proclamation Memorandum

Track A - When the Regional Director issues the fee-to-trust decision:

Once the reservation proclamation package is complete, and no more than 10 business days following the expiration of the 30-day appeal period if no appeal is filed, the Regional Director submits the package to the Division of Real Estate Services (DRES). If an appeal is filed and a final decision issued affirming the Regional Director's decision, the Regional Director should submit the package to DRES within 10 business days of signing of the trust deed.

DRES reviews the package in consultation with the Solicitor's Office and the Regional BIA Office, decides whether to recommend that the tribe's request be granted, and then finalizes a memorandum for signature by the Director of the BIA.

The package and the signed BIA Director memorandum are then sent to the AS-IA, who reviews the materials and determines whether to issue the reservation proclamation document. If the AS-IA decides to issue the reservation proclamation, notice of the decision is published in the Federal Register. Note: The AS-IA should only issue the reservation proclamation and publish the Federal Register notice after the trust deed has been finalized.

Track B - When the AS-IA issues the fee-to-trust decision: Once the reservation proclamation/fee-to-trust package is complete, the Regional Director submits the package to the Division of Real Estate Services (DRES). For gaming applications, the package should be submitted simultaneously to the Office of Indian Gaming (OIG). DRES/OIG reviews the package in consultation with the Solicitor's Office and the Regional BIA office. DRES/OIG will then prepare its final recommendation to the AS-IA on the combined fee-to-trust and reservation

proclamation application. For packages that are non-gaming related, OIG review and final recommendation is not necessary.

The AS-IA will review the materials and determine whether to acquire the land in trust and proclaim it reservation, subject to the 30-day notice period set forth in Step 2.2.

END OF PROCEDURE

4.0 POLICY AND DIRECTIVES

4.1 Mandatory Acquisition Guidance



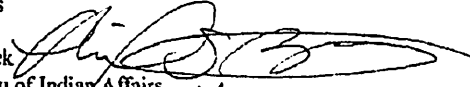
United States Department of the Interior

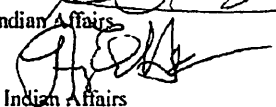
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

Memorandum

APR 06 2012

To: Regional Directors
Superintendents

Through: Michael S. Black 
Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs

From: Larry Echo Hawk 
Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs

Subject: Updated Guidance on Processing of Mandatory Trust Acquisitions

In connection with the Department of the Interior's duty to acquire land in trust for Indian tribes under various mandatory acquisition statutes and ongoing efforts to streamline that process, we have reviewed the Department's prior guidance memoranda regarding processing mandatory land acquisitions.¹ For all of the reasons set forth in this memorandum, we provide clarification regarding the BIA's method of processing mandatory fee-to-trust acquisitions. This guidance memorandum replaces and supersedes all previous guidance regarding the processing of fee-to-trust acquisitions pursuant to a statute or judicial decree that mandates the acquisition of land in trust for a tribe or Indian individual. All mandatory fee-to-trust acquisitions shall now be processed as follows:

Mandatory Determinations

Statutory and Judicial Mandates²

A tribe or individual Indian must submit a written request to the BIA to commence the acquisition process unless a specific statute or judicial order requires the Secretary to proceed

¹ These memoranda include, but are not exclusively limited to, the April 17, 2002 memorandum regarding the "Processing of Mandatory Lands Into Trust Applications" issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Indian Affairs; the May 2, 2003 memorandum regarding the "Applicability of the Department of Justice's Title Regulations to Applications to Place Lands into Trust" memorandum issued by Acting Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs and, most recently, the guidance of November 2, 2011, entitled "Processing of Mandatory Acquisitions of Lands Into Trust for Tribes and Individual Indians" issued by the Director of the BIA.

² This guidance memorandum does not apply to legislative transfers of title. There is a distinction between mandatory acquisition statutes where "Congress directs the Secretary to complete the administrative process of accepting trust title" and legislative transfers of title, which occur when "Congress directly transfers land into trust status on behalf of tribes or individual Indians." 64 Fed. Reg. 17574, 17578 (April 12, 1999). When Congress legislatively transfers title into trust it "remove[s] the need for any administrative action to effectuate the title transfer." *Id.*

Therefore, BIA will continue to provide written notice of the mandatory acquisition determination (approval or denial) to the tribe or individual Indian. In the event of a denial by a BIA official, notice of the right to appeal pursuant to 25 C.F.R. Part 2 shall be provided to the tribe or individual Indian.

Consistent with the policy behind the revisions to section 151.12 to clarify and broaden notice of trust acquisition decisions, once the Department determines that it must acquire a particular parcel in trust for a tribe or an individual Indian, it should provide public notice of the decision consistent with the requirements of the revised section 151.12 and the revised Fee-to-Trust Handbook (Acquisition of Title to Land Held in Fee or Restricted Fee Status, Version III, Issued 12/12/13). A copy of revised section 151.12 is attached for your reference. In addition, consistent with the revised section 151.12, the Department will immediately acquire the land in trust on or after the date a mandatory acquisition decision is final for the Department and upon fulfillment of any Departmental requirements.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

Memorandum

APR 06 2012

To: Regional Directors
Superintendents

Through: Michael S. Black
Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs

From: Larry Echo Hawk
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without the submission of a request. Acquisitions made pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c)³ have previously been determined to be mandatory⁴ and should be processed accordingly. In all other cases, a determination that a particular acquisition is mandatory is made on a case-by-case basis. The BIA should consult the Solicitor's Office as early as possible to request a written determination that the statute or judicial decree mandates the Secretary to acquire land into trust for a tribe or individual Indian. The BIA may rely on the Solicitor's determination that a congressional enactment is a mandatory acquisition statute or a judicial decree provides for mandatory acquisitions to process that request and to process future requests under the same mandatory authority.

Parcel Qualification

Upon determining that the statute or judicial decree mandates the acquisition, the BIA will determine whether the parcel meets any additional required criteria. For example, a statute might require that a parcel be located within a specific geographical area or that certain funds be used for the acquisition. If so, the BIA will ensure that those criteria are met in order to process the request as a mandatory acquisition. The tribe or individual Indian shall submit information demonstrating that the parcel meets these additional criteria. Questions concerning these criteria should be referred to the Solicitor's Office as early as possible to confirm that acquisition of the parcel is mandated and that the applicable criteria have been met.

Title Evidence

Our regulations provide that:

[i]f the Secretary determines that he will approve a request for the acquisition of land from unrestricted fee status to trust status, he shall acquire, or require the applicant to furnish title evidence meeting the Standards For The Preparation of Title Evidence In Land Acquisitions by the United States, issued by the U.S. Department of Justice. After having the title evidence examined, the Secretary shall notify the applicant of any liens, encumbrances, or infirmities which may exist. The Secretary may require the elimination of any such liens, encumbrances, or infirmities prior to taking final approval action on the acquisition and he shall require elimination prior to such approval if the liens, encumbrances, or infirmities make title to the land unmarketable.

³ Section 2216(c) provides that "[a]n Indian, or the recognized tribal government of a reservation, in possession of an interest in trust or restricted lands, at least a portion of which is in trust or restricted status on the date of enactment of the Indian Land Consolidation Act Amendments of 2000 [enacted Nov. 7, 2000] and located within a reservation, may request that the interest be taken into trust by the Secretary. Upon such a request, the Secretary shall forthwith take such interest into trust."

⁴ Memorandum from Assistant Solicitor, Branch of Trust Responsibility, Division of Indian Affairs to the Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, entitled "Acquisitions in Accordance with 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c)" (Aug. 30, 2011).

25 C.F.R. §151.13.

It is our reasoned interpretation that this provision does not apply to mandatory acquisitions because the regulation applies to situations where the Secretary acts on a "request" by a tribe to take land into trust, which is not the case in mandatory trust acquisitions.⁵ Furthermore, the regulations authorize the Secretary to require the elimination of any liens encumbrances or infirmities prior to "taking approval action," which contemplates Secretary discretionary decisionmaking and the weighing of certain factors that are not typically found in the mandatory acquisition context. Furthermore, as a matter of sound policy, when Congress or a court mandates acquisitions of land for a tribe or individual Indian, it has done so generally to restore land to the tribe's homelands⁶ or in settlement of a dispute or to address a grievance⁷ or a perceived injury⁸ to a tribe or individual Indian.

In this context, Congress or a court has made a determination that the tribe or Indian individual is entitled to certain lands, sometimes subject to certain additional conditions, but not subject to the standard requirements for discretionary acquisitions. Given our interpretation of 25 C.F.R. §151.13, that it only applies to situations where a tribe has requested that the Secretary exercise his/her discretion, and our policy determination that requiring full title review per DOJ Title Standards would potentially frustrate the intent of Congress or the judiciary, we conclude that that full compliance with DOJ Title Standards for mandatory acquisitions is not warranted. Nonetheless, we also conclude that having some evidence of title ownership is a wise, reasonable practice as the BIA should have an understanding of any potential liabilities or conflicts that may exist upon acquisition of the land. Thus, the BIA shall adhere to the following guidance.

⁵ Letter from Lewis Baylor, Division Counsel for Title Matters, Land Acquisition Section, DOJ to Colleen Kelley and Priscilla A. Wilfahrt, Field Solicitors, Office of the Solicitor, DOI (Dec. 20, 2002); Letter from Lewis Baylor, Division Counsel for Title Matters, Land Acquisition Section, DOJ to Robert J. McCarthy, Field Solicitor, Office of the Solicitor, DOI (Feb. 19, 2003); Letter from Edith Blackwell, Acting Associate Solicitor, Division of Indian Affairs, Office of the Solicitor, DOI to Lewis Baylor, Division Counsel for Title Matters, Land Acquisition Section, DOJ (April 25, 2003); Letter from Patrice Kunesh, Deputy Solicitor for the Division of Indian Affairs, Office of the Solicitor, DOI to Lewis Baylor, Division Counsel for Title Matters, Land Acquisition Section, DOJ (April 6, 2012).

⁶ For example, Congress mandated certain acquisitions on behalf of the Devils Lake Sioux Tribe based, in part, on Congress' determination that the "continued existence of the Devils Lake Sioux Reservation, North Dakota, as a permanent homeland of the Devils Lake Sioux Tribe and as a necessary foundation for continued self-determination requires that the Secretary of the Interior have authority to . . . consolidate and increase the trust and base in the reservation for the tribe and individual tribal members . . . [and] prevent further loss of trust land." Pub. L. No. 97-459, 96 Stat. 2515 (1983).

⁷ Congress mandated acquisitions for the White Earth Band of Minnesota Chippewa as part of the White Earth Land Compensation Act which was intended to settle "claims on behalf of Indian allottees or heirs and the White Earth Band involving substantial amounts of land within the White Earth Indian Reservation in Minnesota [which were the] subject of existing and potential lawsuits involving many and diverse interests in Minnesota, and [were] creating great hardship and uncertainty for government, Indian communities, and non-Indian communities . . ." Pub. L. No. 99-264, 100 Stat. 61 (1986). Congress intended for the Act to "settle unresolved legal uncertainties relating to th[o]se claims." *Id.*

⁸ Congress mandated acquisition of certain lands for the Ponca Tribe as part of the Ponca Restoration Act which was intended to restore the Tribe's federally recognized status and remedy the effects of the government's termination and mistreatment of the tribe which resulted in loss of lands, economic hardship and cultural damage to the Tribe. 25 U.S.C. § 983b.

25 U.S.C. § 2216(c) Acquisitions

Title determinations for acquisitions of fractional interests pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 2216(c) will adhere to the following criteria. Submissions shall include current evidence of title ownership from the tribe or individual Indian demonstrating that the fractional interest is owned by the tribe or individual Indian and how it was acquired. This information should include an abstract of title dating from the time the interest was transferred from trust ownership to partial fee ownership to the present. In the absence of an abstract of title, the BIA will accept a sworn declaration from the owner that states (a) how the owner acquired the interest, and a copy of the recorded document through which the owner's interest was acquired, and (b) that the owner has not conveyed the interest away.

All Other Mandatory Acquisitions

Title determinations for all other mandatory acquisitions shall require current evidence of title ownership from the tribe or individual Indian demonstrating that the interest is owned by the tribe or individual Indian and how it was acquired.⁹ This should include an abstract of title or a title commitment dating from the time the interest was acquired in fee ownership by the current owner or the current owner's predecessor(s) in title to the present.

Notice

As a matter of practice, the Department has provided notice of its intention to take land into trust for a tribe or individual Indian or, alternatively, its refusal to complete a fee-to-trust acquisition. A notice of a decision to deny a trust acquisition also has included specific reference to a right of appeal pursuant to 25 C.F.R. Part 2 (or, if the decision is issued by the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, appeal under Part 2 is unavailable, since the decision is final for the Department). The Department has followed this practice for both mandatory and discretionary acquisitions. Sound policy reasons weigh in favor of continuing to provide public notice in order to allow for judicial review prior to acquisition of lands because, once the United States acquires title, the Quiet Title Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2409a, precludes judicial review. Although the Department's regulations (specifically 25 C.F.R. § 151.12) may not explicitly require notice of mandatory acquisitions, the policy of providing notice is consistent with our regulations.

Therefore, the Bureau will continue to provide written notice of the acquisition determination to the tribe or individual Indian. In the event of a denial, notice of the right to appeal pursuant to 25 C.F.R. Part 2 shall be provided unless the decision was made by the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs.

Once the Department determines that it must acquire a particular parcel in trust for a tribe or an individual Indian, written notice shall be published in the *Federal Register* or in a newspaper of general circulation serving the affected area.¹⁰ The notice will reference the applicable

⁹ This requirement may also be met by submitting written evidence that title will be transferred to the tribe or individual upon acquisition in trust by the Department on behalf of the tribe or the individual Indian.

¹⁰ Decisions from appeals under Part 2 are final upon exhaustion of administrative remedies.

mandatory authority, state that the Secretary is required to take the land into trust, and that the Secretary shall acquire title in the name of the United States no sooner than 30 days after the notice is published. If an appeal of the determination is filed in Federal Court before the 30-day notice time period expires, you should consult the Solicitor's Office prior to transferring and recording title.

Absent a judicial challenge within the 30-day period (or, if litigation has been filed, upon a final decision upholding the acquisition), the Secretary shall then issue or approve an appropriate instrument of conveyance to finalize the mandated acquisition.

Environmental Review

It is well-established that the environmental review requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) are not applicable to mandatory acquisitions.¹¹

In addition, we find that the plain language of our regulations (25 C.F.R. §§151.10(h) and 151.11(a)) makes clear that compliance with 602 DM 2 is not a precondition to completing a mandatory fee-to-trust acquisition. In addition to the plain language of our regulations, we also find there are good policy reasons for treating mandatory acquisitions differently with regard to 602 DM 2. The Secretary has no discretion to refuse to acquire land that qualifies under the statute or decree regardless of what information might exist under a 602 DM 2 analysis. Therefore, BIA shall not require compliance with 602 DM 2 as a precondition to processing and completing mandatory acquisitions and we set aside any previous direction to the contrary.

Nevertheless, it still is important for the Department to understand any environmental hazards that might be present on the lands it must acquire or any potential legal liabilities. To do this, the BIA must conduct an initial site inspection to satisfy its due diligence requirement, however, completion of the acquisition is not conditioned upon the initial site inspection or the findings and/or results of the inspection.

Please refer any questions concerning this guidance to the Director's Office. Thank you in advance for your cooperation with this important work.

¹¹ For example, *Sierra Club v. Babbitt*, 65 F.3d 1502, 1512 (9th Cir. 1995) held that NEPA only applies to discretionary agency actions.

4.2 Indian Affairs Manual (IAM) Part 52, Chapter 12, “*Processing Discretionary Fee-to Trust Applications*”

INDIAN AFFAIRS MANUAL

Part 52

Real Estate Services

Chapter 12

Processing Discretionary Fee-to-Trust Applications

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- 1.1 Purpose.** This chapter establishes Indian Affairs (IA) policy and procedures to acknowledge receipt of applications for fee-to-trust land acquisitions; define timeframes with regard to gathering of information to complete fee-to-trust applications on a timely basis; define timeframes associated with administrative and legal challenges to decisions to accept land into trust; implement reporting requirements for pending fee-to-trust cases; and to identify how IA employees will record time spent working any and all aspects of fee-to-trust. All references to "days" within this policy are calendar days, not business days. All references to "written correspondence to applicants" within this policy are to be made via certified-return receipt mail.
- 1.2 Scope.** This policy applies to all Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) employees and to all discretionary fee-to-trust applications currently in the possession of the Department of the Interior (DOI) and to all future applications to convert fee land into trust land received by DOI.
- 1.3 Policy.**

A. Acknowledging Receipt of Applications for Fee-to-Trust Acquisitions.

After receipt of an application to acquire land into trust, as identified in 25 CFR §151.9, the authorized official (Superintendent, Regional Director, or Central Office) receiving the application will formally acknowledge receipt of the application in writing, to the applicant within 10 calendar days. This formal acknowledgement by the authorized official must include a copy of the brochure titled "Understanding the Fee-to-Trust Process for Discretionary Acquisitions."

B. Gathering information for Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Applications.

The "Acquisition of Title to Land held in Fee or Restricted Fee Status Handbook" (hereafter Fee-to-Trust Handbook) addresses incomplete applications at "Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Written Request or Application." Pursuant to this policy, BIA staff is required to review all pending fee-to-trust applications currently in their possession and take one or more of the following actions, as appropriate, for each pending application:

- 1) Applications that are pending as of the date of this policy:

If there are expired or missing documents in pending applications that are required from the applicant, BIA staff will contact the applicant in writing, according to the steps identified in the Handbook under "Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Written Request or Application." This written correspondence is the "original notice," and will advise the applicant that the requested, responsive information must be received from the applicant within 30 days, or the application will be considered inactive.

If the requested information is not received within 30 calendar days after the original notice, BIA staff will send the applicant a "final notice" that BIA did not receive the requested information and the application will be returned to them. The application must

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New

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be returned after 60 days of the date of the original notice and removed from the active caseload unless the responsive information is received by BIA. The authorized official (Superintendent, Regional Director, or Central Office) is responsible for ensuring return of the application to the applicant and updating the system of record, (presently the Fee to Trust Tracking System (FTTS)) to reflect that the application has been returned within five days of that action.

2) Applications received after the date of this policy:

If there are expired or missing documents in applications received after the date of this policy that are required from the applicant, BIA staff will contact the applicant in writing according to the steps in the Handbook under "Step 3: Responding to an Incomplete Written Request or Application." This written correspondence is the "original notice," and will also advise the applicant that if the requested, responsive information is not received within 30 days, the application will be considered inactive.

If the requested information is not received within 30 calendar days after the original notice, BIA staff will send the applicant a "final notice" that their application will be returned to them after 45 days of the date of the original notice and removed from the active caseload unless the responsive information is received from them. The authorized official (Superintendent, Regional Director, or Central Office) is responsible for returning the application to the applicant and for updating the system of record to reflect that the application has been returned within five days of that action.

C. Administrative and Legal Timeframes

1) If there are expired or missing documents that are required from DOI staff, BIA will contact the responsible office in writing within seven calendar days to request that the responsive information be provided within 21 days.

The BIA staff will also assure that all pending (incomplete) cases are in the system of record and that the data is current and accurate so reports can be generated to produce work lists for the responsible agencies and provide a quarterly status report to the respective Tribe having jurisdiction over the lands subject to the application(s). The work lists will be reviewed and the responsible agencies contacted on a regular basis to assure that the cases keep moving forward.

2) If the application is complete and there are no expired or missing documents, BIA staff will take the necessary actions to assure that a Notice of Decision is issued as soon as possible, but no later than 15 days from the date of receipt of final document(s) required to issue the Notice of Decision.

3) If the decision to take land into trust is appealed to a Regional Director, the official whose decision is being appealed will provide the complete administrative record to the respective regional office within 10 days of notice of the appeal. The administrative

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record will be compiled as required in the Fee to Trust Handbook. The Regional Director has 60 days to issue a decision.

4) If a case is appealed to the Interior Board of Indian Appeals (IBIA), the Regional Director will immediately put the Director, BIA on notice. Applications under administrative appeal or judicial review will be encoded in system of record within five days to reflect the appropriate status.

D. Quarterly Reports to Tribe(s) for Pending Applications. Each location authorized to accept land into trust (Agency Office, Regional Office, or Central Office) is responsible for providing the Tribe(s) who have jurisdiction over the lands in pending fee-to-trust applications, with quarterly reports of all pending applications (including individual Indian applications) within each Tribe's respective jurisdiction. Quarterly reports will be sent to the Tribe(s) the first week in the months of October, January, April and July.

E. Fee to Trust Activity Codes for Employee Time Accounting. All time spent and actions performed by BIA employees to process, manage, report, provide training and receive training regarding fee-to-trust will be coded in the Quick Time System (or its successor) as follows:

- To process fee-to-trust applications: WCV2
- To manage the process or report on the progress: WCVC
- To provide training, or perform outreach: WCVA
- To receive training: WCVB

1.4 Authority. 25 CFR §151.9

1.5 Roles and Responsibilities

- A. **Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA).** The BIA Director is responsible for the development of National Policy affecting Indian lands.
- B. **Deputy Bureau Director, Field Operations, BIA.** The BIA Deputy Bureau Director of Field Operations is responsible for overseeing the Regional Directors and dissemination of policy to them.
- C. **Deputy Bureau Director, Trust Services, BIA.** The BIA Deputy Bureau Director of Trust Services is responsible for assisting in the dissemination of trust resource policy and information to the Regional Directors.
- D. **Regional Directors, BIA.** The BIA Regional Directors are responsible for carrying out policy as directed, and for overseeing the implementation of policy either directly or via Agency Superintendents.

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Replaces: Version IV, Issued: 5/16/16

5.0 EXHIBITS

5.1 Brochure: “*Understanding the Fee-to-Trust Process for Discretionary Acquisitions*”

[See enclosed PDF file]

For more information about this
process contact:



**BUREAU OF INDIAN
AFFAIRS**

Steps Continued

Frequently Asked Questions

- 1. What is a fee-to-trust land acquisition?** A fee-to-trust land acquisition is a transfer of land title from an eligible Indian Tribe or eligible Indian individual(s) to the United States of America, in trust, for the benefit of the eligible Indian Tribe or eligible Indian individual(s).
- 2. Who is eligible to apply for a fee-to-trust land acquisition?** Indian Tribes and individual Indian people who meet the requirements established by federal statutes and further defined in federal regulations are eligible to apply for a fee-to-trust land acquisition. See 25 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 151.2; 25 United States Code (USC) § 479 and § 2201.
- 3. If you are eligible, how do you submit an application?** All applications for a fee-to-trust acquisition must be in writing and specifically request that the Secretary of the Interior take land into trust for the benefit of the applicant. If you are an eligible Indian Tribe, the request may be in the form of a Tribal Resolution. See 25 CFR § 151.9.
- 4. Where should an eligible applicant submit an application to?** Applications shall be submitted to the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) office that has jurisdiction over the lands contained in the application. If the applicant does not know what BIA office has jurisdiction over the lands the applicant should contact the Division of Real Estate Services at (202) 208-7737 or at <http://www.bia.gov/WhoWeAre/RegionalOffices/index.htm>
- 5. What information is the applicant required to provide to accompany the application for a fee-to-trust acquisition?** The applicant must provide a legal description of the land to be acquired, the legal name of the eligible Indian Tribe or individual, proof of an eligible Indian Tribe or eligible individual(s), the specific reason the applicant is requesting that the United States of America acquire the land for the applicant's

benefit, a title insurance commitment addressing the lands to be acquired and information that allows the Secretary of the Interior to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and 602 Departmental Manual 2 (602 DM 2) – Hazardous Substances.

6. What laws, regulations and standards apply to a fee-to-trust acquisition? There are different laws that must be satisfied. Most acquisitions are authorized under 25 USC § 465, Section 5 Indian Reorganization Act (1934) and reviewed under 25 CFR § 151. However, the Department of the Interior must comply with all federal laws, including compliance with NEPA, 602 DM 2 Hazardous Substances Determinations, National Historical Preservation Act (NHPA) and US Department of Justice Title Standards. See 25 CFR § 151.13.

7. What are the applicant's responsibilities if they receive a written request from the Bureau of Indian Affairs requesting additional information to process an application? The applicant must reply back to the BIA within the time frames identified in the written correspondence requesting additional information. All correspondence from the BIA requesting additional information will include each specific document needed to proceed with processing the application and will include the specific time the applicant has to provide the requested information. It is very important that applicant maintains written communication with the BIA throughout the process when the applicant is contacted by the BIA. If applicant needs additional time to respond to a request from the BIA for additional information, they must contact the BIA as soon as possible and make the request for an extension of time in writing. The BIA will reasonably accommodate requests from applicant for additional time to provide information, and will notify the applicant in writing of the decision regarding the applicant's request.

8. What happens if I do not respond? If the applicant does not respond in the time stated in the letter or any extension, BIA will either return the application or take into consideration failure to provide the information. If the applicant has failed to provide infor-

mation on a non-critical title issue, BIA will take into consideration that there is insufficient or negative information in forming BIA's decision on your application and may result in a denial of your application.

9. Are there entities that will be provided notice of an application for a fee-to-trust acquisition? Yes. State and local governments, including Tribal governments having regulatory jurisdiction over the land contained in the application, will be notified upon written receipt of an application for a fee-to-trust acquisition. The notice will inform the entities that each will be given 30 days in which to provide written comments as to the acquisition's potential impacts on regulatory jurisdiction, real property taxes and special assessments.

10. Will all applications from eligible Indian Tribes and eligible Indian Individuals result in a fee-to-trust acquisition? No. Each application will be evaluated to determine if the applicable criteria defined in the CFR has been addressed (25 CFR § 151.10 and § 151.11), and the official authorized to accept the fee-to-trust acquisition will decide whether to accept the fee-to-trust acquisition. All decisions to accept or deny a fee-to-trust acquisition shall be in writing. If the acquisition is denied, the applicant will be advised of the reasons for the denial and will be notified of the right to appeal the decision and where the applicant's appeal must be filed.

11. How long does the process take? The length of time to complete the process varies depending on the required steps. The required steps differ for on-reservation or off-reservation trust acquisitions and mandatory or discretionary acquisitions.

12. Can I get a report on the progress of my application? Yes. BIA tracks the steps and progress of applications. BIA will provide you a report upon your request.

5.2 *“Fee to Trust Quick Reference Guide”*

[Under development]

5.3 "Required Elements: Application for Fee-to-Trust"

Required elements: Application for fee-to-trust.

All fee-to-trust applications must contain the following:

A. A written request

- a. The request must state the applicant is requesting approval of a trust acquisition by the United States of America for their benefit
- b. Identification of applicant(s)
- c. Legal Land Description
 - i. A description of real property in legally acceptable terms that is definite, legally defensible and susceptible to only one interpretation.
 - ii. This can be accomplished by government survey of the Public Land Survey System (PLSS), metes and bounds, or lot numbers of a recorded plat, so as to show exactly where the real property is located and how many acres it contains.
 1. All legal land descriptions shall contain the following information
 - State
 - County
 - Acreage
 2. All legal land descriptions described by Public Land Survey System (PLSS) shall contain the following applicable information
 - Township
 - Range
 - Principal Meridian
 - Section(s)
 - Government Lots
 - Aliquot Parts
 3. All legal land descriptions described by metes and bounds within the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) shall contain the following applicable information.
 - Township
 - Range
 - Principal Meridian
 - Section(s), Aliquot part, or Government Lot parcel lies in
 - Commencement tie from a Government corner of PLSS to point of beginning of metes and bounds parcel.
 - A metes and bound description which closes mathematically on itself.
 4. All legal land descriptions described by metes and bounds not within the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) shall contain the following applicable information.

- A point of beginning easily located of the ground.
 - A metes and bound description which closes mathematically on itself.
- d. Need for acquisition of the property (one of the following)
 - i. Economic Development
 - ii. Tribal Self-Determination
 - iii. Indian housing (non-commercial)
 - e. Purpose for which the property is to be used (See Exhibit "Create list of examples")
 - f. Title evidence meeting the requirements of 151.13, but need not be submitted at the time of the initial application.
 - g. Written Tribal consent for nonmember application, or for Tribal acquisitions of land under jurisdiction of another Tribe
- B. In addition to the requirements of 1. above, the Tribal applicant will also submit the following:
- a. The application must state the Tribal name as it appears in the Federal Register for Federally recognized Tribes
 - b. Statutory Authority
 - c. If the property subject to the application is located off-reservation the applicant will also include the following:
 - i. A business plan, if the application is for business purposes [See 151.11 (c)]
 - ii. The location of the subject property relative to state and reservation boundaries [See 151.11 (b)]
- C. In addition to the requirements of 1. above, the following information is also required for an individual application:
- a. Evidence of eligible Indian status of the applicant
 - b. Amount of trust or restricted Indian land already owned by the applicant
 - c. Information or a statement from the applicant addressing the degree to which the applicant needs assistance in handling their affairs

5.4 Sample Documents

5.4.1

Sample Acknowledgement Letter

CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Date

Applicant
P.O. Box 123
Somewhere, USA 99999

Dear (Applicant Name):

This is to advise you that the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) is in receipt of your request for a fee-to-trust acquisition. The parcel(s) of land affected by this action are described as:

(Insert legal land description & acreage)

To assist you in the processing of your request is our brochure, "Understanding the Fee-to-trust Process for Discretionary Acquisitions". For your convenience, we are also enclosing a copy of 25 CFR Part 151.

If you have any questions, please contact (BIA contact name), Realty Specialist, at (000) 000-0000.

Sincerely,

Regional Director/Superintendent

Enclosure

5.4.2

Sample Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package

CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Date

Applicant Name, Title
Address

Dear (Applicant name):

On (application receipt date), the Bureau of Indian Affairs received your application to have the following described land accepted into trust by the United States of America:

(Insert Property Name, Case Number (if available), Legal Land Description, and Acreage)

Upon review of the subject fee-to-trust application, it has been determined that the package is incomplete. Therefore, we are issuing this *Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package* to you under Indian Affairs Manual (IAM), Part 52, Section 12. Please submit the following within 30 days of your receipt of this notice:

(Specify what information or documentation is necessary)

If we do not receive responsive information from you within 30 days from the date of receipt of this notice, a final notice will be issued to you stating that we did not receive the information required and the application will be inactivated and returned as incomplete, [45 or 60] days from the date of this Original Notice.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, you may contact this office at (000) 000-0000.

Sincerely,

[Superintendent or Regional Director]

[Enclosures]

5.4.3

Sample Final Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package

CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Date

Applicant Name, Title
Address

Dear (Applicant Name):

On (date of Original 30-Day Notice), we issued the enclosed *Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-To-Trust Application Package* stating that your fee-to-trust application for the following described land was incomplete and additional information is necessary:

(Insert Property Name, Case Number (if available), Legal Land Description, and Acreage)

The 30-day notice period has expired and the package remains incomplete. Therefore, we are issuing this *Final Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package* under Indian Affairs Manual (IAM), Part 52, Section 12.

The application subject to this notice will be inactivated and returned as incomplete in [45 or 60] days from the date of the *Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-To-Trust Application Package*.

You may resubmit the application at a later date with complete information and it will be assigned a new case number.

You may contact this office at (000) 000-0000 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

[Superintendent or Regional Director]

Enclosure

5.4.4

Sample Return of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application

CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Date

Applicant Name, Title
Address

Dear (Applicant Name):

On (date of Final Notice of Incomplete Package), we issued the enclosed *Final Notice of Incomplete Fee-To-Trust Application Package* for the following described land:

(Insert Property Name, Case Number (if available), Legal Land Description, and Acreage)

Enclosed is the subject application package, which has been inactivated and is being returned, as stated in the *Final Notice of Incomplete Fee-to-Trust Application Package* under Indian Affairs Manual (IAM), Part 52, Section 12. We are required under 52 IAM 12 to return the incomplete package no sooner than [45 or 60] days from the date of the *Original 30-Day Notice of Incomplete Fee-To-Trust Application Package*.

You may contact this office at (000) 000-0000 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

[Superintendent or Regional Director]

Enclosure

5.4.5

Sample Environmental Compliance Review Memorandum

Date

Memorandum

To: Regional Director/Superintendent
From: Environmental Services
Subject: (Applicant Name), Fee-to-Trust Application for XX acres

We have reviewed the subject undertaking for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), which included appropriate consultation under applicable laws. Compliance with Department Manual Section 602 DM-2 has been completed, documenting that the Department would incur no environmental liability from accepting this parcel into trust.

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) No further compliance is required for NEPA. The Regional Director signed a Finding of No Significant Impact and a 30-day Notice of Availability on (date). The NOA was published in a local newspaper and in Tribal administrative offices. No comments were received during that 30 comment period.

602 DM 2 Using ASTM E 1527 Standard Practice The attached Phase I Environmental Site Assessment dated (date) found no Recognized Environmental Conditions. With the Regional Directors signature of the ESA no further compliance with 602 DM 2 is required.

Joe Employee
Environmental Protection
Specialist

John Doe
Regional Archaeologist

cc w/attachments:

5.4.6
Sample Notice of Application

**NOTICE OF (NON-GAMING) LAND ACQUISITION
APPLICATION**

Pursuant to the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 25, INDIANS, Part 151.10, notice is given of the application filed by the (Applicant Name) to have real property accepted "in trust" for said applicant by the United States of America. The determination whether to acquire this property "in trust" will be made in the exercise of discretionary authority which is vested in the Secretary of the Interior, or his authorized representative, U.S. Department of the Interior. To assist us in the exercise of that discretion, we invite your comments on the proposed acquisition. In order for the Secretary to assess the impact of the removal of the subject property from the tax rolls, and if applicable to your organization, we also request that you provide the following information:

- (1) If known, the annual amount of property taxes currently levied on the subject property allocated to your organization;
- (2) Any special assessments, and amounts thereof, that are currently assessed against the property in support of your organization;
- (3) Any governmental services that are currently provided to the property by your organization; and
- (4) If subject to zoning, how the intended use is consistent, or inconsistent, with the zoning.

We provide the following information regarding this application:

Applicant:

(Name)

Legal Land Description/Site Location:

(Insert legal land description)

Project Description/Proposed Land Use:

(Insert project/proposed land use)

As indicated above, the purpose for seeking your comments regarding the proposed trust land acquisition is to obtain sufficient data that would enable an analysis of the potential impact on

local/state government, which may result from the removal of the subject property from the tax roll and local jurisdiction.

This notice does not constitute, or replace, a notice that might be issued for the purpose of compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969.

Your written comments should be addressed to the Bureau of Indian Affairs office listed at the top of this notice. Any comments received within thirty days of your receipt of this notice will be considered and made a part of our record. You may be granted one thirty day extension of time to furnish comments, provided you submit a written justification requesting such an extension within thirty days of receipt of this letter. Additionally, copies of all comments will be provided to the applicant for a response. You will be notified of the decision to approve or deny the application.

If any party receiving the enclosed notice is aware of additional governmental entities that may be affected by the subject acquisition, please forward a copy to said party.

A copy of the application, excluding any documentation exempted under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), is available for review at the above address. A request to make an appointment to review the application, or questions regarding the application, may be directed to the (BIA Name) Office at (000) 000-0000.

Attachment

5.4.7

Sample Notice of Application Comments to Applicant

Date

Applicant
P.O. Box 123
Somewhere, USA 99999

Dear (Applicant Name):

This is to advise you that the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) has initiated the Fee-to-Trust process in accordance with Title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 151, for (Applicant Name). The parcel of land affected by this proposed action is described as:

(Insert legal land description)

Enclosed you will find copy of the comments received in response to the Notice of Application issued on (date). We are required to provide the aforementioned comments to the applicant who may choose to respond and/or request that we issue a decision.

If you choose to respond, you have 30-days from receipt of this letter to provide a written response that should be addressed to the Bureau of Indian Affairs at the address stated above. You may be granted an extension of time, provided we receive a written justification requesting such an extension within 30-days of your receipt of this letter.

For further assistance on this project, please contact this office at (000) 000-0000.

Sincerely,

Regional Director/Superintendent

Enclosures

5.4.8

Restrictive Covenants Acknowledgement Form

RESTRICTIVE COVENANT ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, _____, have requested that the United States acquire and hold in trust for my benefit a parcel of land described as:

I understand that certain restrictive covenants have been recorded and may encumber this property and my rights to use and develop this property. Attached is a copy of the document that created this encumbrance.

Dated: _____

Signature of Applicant

5.4.9

Sample Appeal Rights for Inclusion in BIA Officials' Decisions

For Superintendent decisions, include the following appeal rights language in the decision:

Any party who wishes to seek judicial review of this decision must first exhaust administrative remedies. This decision may be appealed to the (Region) Regional Director in accordance with the regulations in 25 CFR Part 2. Your notice of appeal must be filed in the Superintendent's office at (Superintendent address) within 30 days of the date of receipt of this decision. The date of filing your notice of appeal is the date it is postmarked or the date it is personally delivered to the Superintendent's office. Your notice of appeal must include your name, address, and telephone number and it should clearly identify the decision being appealed. If possible, attach a copy of the decision. The notice and the envelope in which it is mailed should be clearly labeled "Notice of Appeal." Your notice of appeal must list the names and addresses of the interested parties known to you and certify that you have sent them copies of the notice. You must also send a copy of your notice of appeal to the Regional Director at: (Regional Director address). If you are an Indian or Indian Tribe and are not represented by an attorney, you may request assistance from this office in the preparation of your appeal.

You may include a statement of reasons with your notice of appeal, explaining why you believe the decision being appealed is in error. If you do not include your statement of reasons with your notice of appeal, you must mail or deliver it to the Superintendent's office within 30 days after you file your notice of appeal. The statement of reasons and the envelope in which it is mailed should be clearly labeled "Statement of Reasons." It must be accompanied by or otherwise incorporate all supporting documents. You must send copies of your statement of reasons to all interested parties and the Regional Director.

If no appeal is timely filed, this decision will become final for the Department of the Interior at the expiration of the appeal period. No extension of time may be granted for filing a notice of appeal.

For Regional Director decisions, include the following appeal rights language in the decision:

Any party who wishes to seek judicial review of this decision must first exhaust administrative remedies. The Regional Director's decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Indian Appeals (IBIA) in accordance with the regulations in 43 C.F.R. 4.310-4.340.

If you choose to appeal this decision, your notice of appeal to the IBIA must be signed by you or your attorney and **must be either postmarked and mailed (if you use mail) or delivered (if you use another means of physical delivery, such as FedEx or UPS) to the IBIA within 30 days from the date of receipt of this decision.** The regulations do not authorize filings by facsimile/fax or by electronic means. Your notice of appeal should clearly identify the decision being appealed. You must send your **original** notice of appeal to the IBIA at the following address: Interior Board of Indian Appeals, Office of Hearings and Appeals, U.S. Department of the Interior, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, Virginia 22203. You must send **copies** of your notice of appeal to (1) the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, U.S. Department of the Interior, MS-4141-MIB, 1849 C Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20240; (2) each interested party known to you; and (3) the Regional Director. Your notice of appeal sent to the IBIA must include a statement certifying that you have sent copies to these officials and interested parties and should identify them by names or titles and addresses.

If you file a notice of appeal, the IBIA will notify you of further procedures. If no appeal is timely filed, this decision will become final for the Department of the Interior at the expiration of the appeal period. No extension of time may be granted for filing a notice of appeal.

5.4.10

Sample Public Notice to Acquire Land in Trust – BIA Superintendent Decisions (for publication in the local newspaper)

ACTION: Notice of decision to acquire land into trust under 25 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 151.

SUMMARY: The Superintendent, Bureau of Indian Affairs, U.S. Department of the Interior, on the below date, has made a determination to acquire real property in trust for the (Applicant Name). The land referred to as former “(Name)” property, herein and is described as: (Legal Land Description and Case Number).

DATE: This determination was made on (Decision Date).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: BIA (Agency) Superintendent Office, Bureau of Indian Affairs, (Address), telephone (000) 000-0000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published to comply with the requirement of 25 CFR § 151.12(d)(2)(iii) that notice be given of the decision by the authorized representative of the Secretary of the Interior to acquire land in trust.

A copy of the determination is available [at the following website: _____ AND/OR from the office identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION section of this notice]. Any party who wishes to seek judicial review of this decision must first exhaust administrative remedies under 25 CFR Part 2. This decision may be appealed to the (Region) Regional Director in accordance with the regulations in 25 CFR Part 2. Your notice of appeal must be filed in the Superintendent’s office at the address listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section above within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice. The date of filing your notice of appeal is the date it is postmarked or the date it is personally delivered to the Superintendent’s office. Your notice of appeal must include your name, address, and telephone number and it should clearly identify the decision being appealed. If possible, attach a copy of the decision. The notice and the envelope in which it is mailed should be clearly labeled “Notice of Appeal.” Your notice of appeal must list the names and addresses of the interested parties known to you and certify that you have sent them copies of the notice. You must also send a copy of your notice of appeal to the Regional Director at: (Address). If you are an Indian or Indian Tribe and are not represented by an attorney, you may request assistance from this office in the preparation of your appeal.

You may include a statement of reasons with your notice of appeal, explaining why you believe the decision being appealed is in error. If you do not include your statement of reasons with your notice of appeal, you must mail or deliver it to the Superintendent’s office within 30 days after you file your notice of appeal. The statement of reasons and the envelope in which it is mailed should be clearly labeled “Statement of Reasons.” It must be accompanied by or otherwise

incorporate all supporting documents. You must send copies of your statement of reasons to all interested parties and the Regional Director.

If no appeal is timely filed, this decision will become final for the Department of the Interior at the expiration of the appeal period. No extension of time may be granted for filing a notice of appeal.

*Sample Public Notice to Acquire Land into Trust – BIA Regional Director
Decisions
(for publication in the local newspaper)*

ACTION: Notice of decision to acquire land into trust under 25 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 151.

SUMMARY: The Regional Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, U.S. Department of the Interior, on the below date, has made a determination to acquire real property in trust for the (Applicant Name).

The land referred to as former “(Name)” property, herein and is described as: (Legal Land Description and Case Number)

DATE: This determination was made on (Decision Date).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: BIA (Region) Regional Office, Bureau of Indian Affairs, (Address), telephone (000) 000-0000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published to comply with the requirement of 25 CFR § 151.12(d)(2)(iii) that notice be given of the decision by the authorized representative of the Secretary of the Interior to acquire land in trust.

A copy of the determination is available [at the following website: _____ AND/OR from the office identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION section of this notice]. Any party who wishes to seek judicial review of the Regional Director’s decision must first exhaust administrative remedies. The Regional Director’s decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Indian Appeals (IBIA) in accordance with the regulations in 43 C.F.R. 4.310-4.340.

If you choose to appeal this decision, your notice of appeal to the IBIA must be signed by you or your attorney and **must be either postmarked and mailed (if you use mail) or delivered (if you use another means of physical delivery, such as FedEx or UPS) to the IBIA within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice.** The regulations do not authorize filings by facsimile/fax or by electronic means. Your notice of appeal should clearly identify the decision being appealed. You must send your **original** notice of appeal to the IBIA at the following address: Interior Board of Indian Appeals, Office of Hearings and Appeals, U.S. Department of the Interior, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, Virginia 22203. You must send **copies** of your notice of appeal to (1) the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, U.S. Department

of the Interior, MS-4141-MIB, 1849 C Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20240; (2) each interested party known to you; and (3) the Regional Director. Your notice of appeal sent to the IBIA must include a statement certifying that you have sent copies to these officials and interested parties and should identify them by names or titles and addresses.

If you file a notice of appeal, the IBIA will notify you of further procedures. If no appeal is timely filed, this decision will become final for the Department of the Interior at the expiration of the appeal period. No extension of time may be granted for filing a notice of appeal.

*Sample Public Notice to Acquire Land into Trust – AS-IA Decisions
(for publication in the Federal Register)*

ACTION: Notice of final agency determination to acquire land into trust under 25 CFR part 151.

SUMMARY: The Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, U.S. Department of the Interior, on the below date, has made a final determination to acquire real property in trust for the (Applicant Name).

DATE: This determination was made on (Decision Date).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: BIA (Office), Bureau of Indian Affairs, (Address), telephone (000) 000-0000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published to comply with the requirement of 25 CFR § 151.12(c)(2)(ii) that notice be published in the Federal Register of the final agency determination to acquire land in trust. On (Decision Date), the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs issued a decision to accept land in trust for (Applicant Name) under the authority of (List of Statutory Authority(ies)).

The Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, on behalf of the Secretary of the Interior, (has acquired / will immediately acquire) title in the name of the United States of America in trust for (Applicant Name) upon fulfillment of Departmental requirements.

The land referred to as former “(Name)” property, herein and is described as: (Legal land description and case number).

5.4.12

*SAMPLE DEED AND ACCEPTANCE OF CONVEYANCE
[CAUTION – CONFORM THIS TO LOCAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS. CONTACT THE
SOLICITOR’S OFFICE WITH ANY QUESTIONS]*

GENERAL WARRANTY DEED

This indenture, made the _____ day of _____, 20__ between the _____, also known as _____, a sovereign Indian Nation, _____ address- _____, party of the first part (Grantor), and the **United States of America in Trust for the _____**, party of the second part (Grantee).

WITNESSETH, that the party of the first part in consideration for the trust responsibilities to be performed by the United States, and other good and valuable consideration, paid by the party of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the party of the second part, its successors and assigns forever, in fee simple,

All That Certain Plot, Piece, or Parcel of Land, lying, situate, and being in the County of [County], [State], as described on the attached Schedule “A” and otherwise known as Lot _____ in the system of lot numbers assigned by the Grantor.

Together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining to the proper use and benefit of the said Grantee and its assigns, forever, and the Grantor releases and quitclaims unto the Grantee and its assigns, all the right, title and interest which the Grantor may have in the banks, beds and water of any streams opposite to or fronting upon said land, including all littoral and/or riparian rights incident thereto and in alleys, roads, streets, ways, strips, gores or railroad rights-of-way abutting or adjoining said land, and in any means of ingress and egress appurtenant thereto;

Subject to the covenants, easements and restrictions of record;

To Have and To Hold the premises herein granted unto the party of the second part, its successors and/or assigns forever.

And the party of the first part covenants as follows:

First, that said party of the first part is seized of the said premises in fee simple, and has good right to convey the same; **Second**, that the party of the second part shall quietly enjoy the said premises; **Third**, that the said premises are free from encumbrances, except as aforesaid; **Fourth**, that the party of the first part will execute or procure any further

5.4.13

SAMPLE NOTICE OF RESERVATION PROCLAMATION REQUEST

NOTICE OF RESERVATION PROCLAMATION REQUEST

Applicant

[TRIBE NAME]

Legal Land Description/Site Location:

[LEGAL LAND DESCRIPTION]

[ACREAGE], more or less.

[PARCEL ID]

[ADDRESS IF AVAILABLE]

Project Description/Proposed Land Use:

The [OFFICE] has under consideration a request by the [TRIBE] that the lands described above be proclaimed "reservation" pursuant to Section 7 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 24 U.S.C. 467), which provides that the Secretary of the Interior may proclaim an Indian reservation or add lands to existing reservations. The Office of the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs reviews all requests for adding land to a reservation, and prepares the proclamation and Federal Register notice. A Proclamation is simply an administrative function that allows the Tribe to take advantage of special federal assistance programs.

[DESCRIBE CURRENT AND PROPOSED USE OF PROPERTY]

This letter provides official notice of the proposed action. Should you have any questions, please contact [POINT OF CONTACT].

Sincerely,

Regional Director [Sup000erintendent]

BY CERTIFIED MAIL:

[Governor's address] 9171 9690 0935 0036 0684 39

[County admin address] 9171 9690 0935 0036 0684 46

[Mayor or town board address] 9171 9690 0935 0036 0684 53

[Other interested party address] 9171 9690 0935 0036 0684 60

BY FIRST CLASS MAIL:

[Tribe point of contact address]

5.4.14

SAMPLE RESERVATION PROCLAMATION INSERT

FOR BIA NOTICE OF DECISION

The Tribe has also requested that certain lands be proclaimed “reservation” pursuant to Section 7 of the Indian Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 24 U.S.C. 467), which provides that the Secretary of the Interior may proclaim an Indian reservation or add lands to existing reservations. A Proclamation is simply an administrative function that allows the Tribe to take advantage of special federal assistance programs. The Office of the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs reviews all requests for adding land to a reservation, and prepares the proclamation and Federal Register notice.

BIA has reviewed the Tribe’s Proclamation request and has determined that, immediately following the expiration of the 30-day administrative appeal period, if no appeal is filed, the BIA official will recommend that the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs issue the Proclamation. If an appeal is filed, and a final decision is issued affirming the BIA official’s decision, BIA will immediately recommend that the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs issue the Proclamation. Reservation proclamations will only be issued after land is acquired in trust.

*5.5 Preliminary Title Opinion Document Checklist
[Under development.]*

*5.6 Handbook for Gaming Acquisitions
[Under development.]*

5.7 Certificates of Inspection and Possession

5.7.1

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION AND POSSESSION (Form # 1)

This relates to an acquisition of the following described land, or an interest therein, by the United States of America.

A. Property and project information:

1. The acquiring federal agency is:

[name the agency]

2. The name and address of the owner(s) of the property is:

[name and address of owner]

3. The property is identified and/or described as follows:

[insert some or all of the following: agency parcel number and project name, street address, acreage, common name of property or other reference sufficient to identify it; plus the name of the county and state where it is located; plus, if available, a legal land description here or on an attached exhibit]

4. The estate(s) to be acquired is/are:

[insert and identify estate]

B. Certification:

I hereby certify that on _____ [date], I made a personal examination and inspection of that certain tract or parcel of land identified above, and that I am fully informed as to the boundaries, lines and corners of said tract. I also spoke with the above-named owner(s) and with any other occupants (identified below) of said land. On the basis of my inspection and inquiry, I hereby certify that the following statements are accurate, or, if one or more statements is not accurate I have marked it/them and I have indicated on this sheet or on an attachment my findings which vary from the statement:

_____ (date)

_____ (signature)

(print name, title, address and telephone number)

1. No work or labor has been performed or any materials furnished in connection with the making of any repairs or improvements on said land within the past _____ months that would entitle any person to a lien upon said premises for work or labor performed or materials furnished,
2. There are no persons or entities (corporations, partnerships, etc.) which have, or which may have, any rights of possession or other interest in said premises adverse to the rights of the above-named owner(s) or the United States of America.
3. There is no outstanding unrecorded deed, mortgage, lease, contract, or other instrument adversely affecting the title to said premises.
4. There are no vested or accrued water rights for mining, agricultural, manufacturing, or other purpose; nor any ditches or canals constructed by or being used thereon under authority of the United States, nor any exploration or operations whatever for the development of coal, oil, gas or other minerals on said lands; and there are no possessory rights now in existence owned or being actively exercised by any third party under any reservation contained in any patent or patents heretofore issued by the United States for said land.
5. There are no outstanding rights whatsoever in any person or entity (corporation, partnership, etc.) to the possession of said premises, nor any outstanding right, title, interest, lien, or estate, existing or being asserted in or to said premises except such as are disclosed and evidenced by the public records, as revealed by the public land records.
6. Said premises are now wholly unoccupied and vacant except for the occupancy of the following, from whom disclaimer(s) of all right, title and interest in and to said premises, executed on _____ [date] has (have) been obtained:

5.7.2

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION AND POSSESSION (Form # 2)

This relates to an acquisition of the following described land, or an interest therein, by the United States of America.

A. Property and project information:

1. The acquiring federal agency is:

[name the agency]

2. The name and address of the owner(s) of the property is:

[name and address of owner]

3. The property is identified and/or described as follows:

[insert some or all of the following: agency parcel number and project name, street address, acreage, common name of property or other reference sufficient to identify it; plus the name of the county and state where it is located; plus, if available, a legal land description here or on an attached exhibit]

4. The estate(s) to be acquired is/are:

[insert and identify estate]

B. Certification (physical inspection): I hereby certify that on

_____ [date] I made a personal examination and inspection of that certain tract or parcel of land identified above, and that I am fully informed as to the boundaries, lines and corners of said tract. **On the basis of my inspection**, I hereby certify that the following statements are accurate, or, if one or more statements is not accurate I have marked it/them and I have indicated on this sheet or on an attachment my findings which vary from the statement:

_____ (date)

_____ (signature)

(print name, title, address and telephone number)

1. No work or labor has been performed or any materials furnished in connection with the making of any repairs or improvements on said land within the past months that would entitle any person to a lien upon said premises for work or labor performed or materials furnished.
2. There are no persons or entities (corporations, partnerships, etc.) which have, or which may have, any rights of possession or other interest in said premises adverse to the rights of the above-named owner(s) or the United States of America.
3. There are no vested or accrued water rights for mining, agricultural, manufacturing, or other purpose; nor any ditches or canals constructed by or being used thereon under authority of the United States, nor any exploration or operations whatever for the development of coal, oil, gas or other minerals on said lands; and there are no possessory rights now in existence owned or being actively exercised by any third party under any reservation contained in any patent or patents heretofore issued by the United States for said land.
4. There are no outstanding rights whatsoever in any person or entity (corporation, partnership, etc.) to the possession of said premises, nor any outstanding right, title, interest, lien, or estate, existing or being asserted in or to said premises except such as are disclosed and evidenced by the public records, as revealed by public land records.
5. Said premises are now wholly unoccupied and vacant except for the occupancy of the following, from whom disclaimer(s) of all right, title and interest in and to said premises, executed on _____ [date] has (have) been obtained:

C. Certification (owner inquiry): I hereby certify that on _____ [date] I spoke with the above-named owner(s) and with any other occupants (identified below) of said land. On the basis of my inquiry, I hereby certify that the following statements are accurate, or, if one or more statements is not accurate I have marked it/them and I have indicated on this sheet or on an attachment my findings which vary from the statement:

_____ (date)
 _____ (signature)

(print name, title, address and telephone number)

1. No work or labor has been performed or any materials furnished in connection with the making of any repairs or improvements on said land within the past months that would entitle any person to a lien upon said premises for work or labor performed or materials furnished,
2. There are no persons or entities (corporations, partnerships, etc.) which have, or which may have, any rights of possession or other interest in said premises adverse to the rights of the above-named owner(s) or the United States of America.
3. There is no outstanding unrecorded deed, mortgage, lease, contract, or other instrument adversely affecting the title to said premises.
4. There are no vested or accrued water rights for mining, agricultural, manufacturing, or other purpose; nor any ditches or canals constructed by or being used thereon under authority of the United States, nor any exploration or operations whatever for the development of coal, oil, gas or other minerals on said lands; and there are no possessory rights now in existence owned or being actively exercised by any third party under any reservation contained in any patent or patents heretofore issued by the United States for said land.
5. There are no outstanding rights whatsoever in any person or entity (corporation, partnership, etc.) to the possession of said premises, nor any outstanding right, title, interest, lien, or estate, existing or being asserted in or to said premises except such as are disclosed and evidenced by the public records, as revealed by the public land records.
6. Said premises are now wholly unoccupied and vacant except for the occupancy of the following, from whom disclaimer(s) of all right, title and interest in and to said premises, executed on _____ [date] has (have) been obtained:

c. Disclaimer

DISCLAIMER

County of _____

ss:

State of _____

We (I) _____ (wife) (husband), being first duly sworn, depose and say (deposes and says) that we are (I am) occupying all (a part) of the land (proposed to be) acquired by the United States of America from _____, described as _____ acres, Tract No. _____, lying in _____ County, State of _____; that we are (I am) occupying said land as the tenants (tenant) of _____; that we (I) claim no right, title, lien or interest in and to the above-described premises or any part thereof by reason of said tenancy or otherwise and that we (I) will vacate said premises upon demand for the possession of said lands by the United State of America.

Dated this _____ day of _____, _____. (Month) (Year)

(Tenant)

(Spouse)

Witnesses: _____



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Washington, DC 20240

OCT 23 2019

The Honorable Ruben Gallego
Chairman, Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples
of the United States
Natural Resources Committee
United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Gallego:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions from the September 25, 2019, legislative hearing entitled, "Advanced Appropriations: Protecting Tribal Communities from the Effects of a Government Shutdown" before your Subcommittee. These responses were prepared by the Bureau of Indian Education.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to you on this matter.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and
Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Paul Cook
Ranking Member

Questions for the Record

Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the United States

House Natural Resources Committee

Legislative Hearing on “Advance Appropriations: Protecting Tribal Communities from the Effects of a Government Shutdown”

September 25, 2019

Questions from Chairman Gallego

Question 1: In your testimony, you state that the Department of the Interior believes the forward- funding aspects of the Bureau of Indian Education would be able to exist within the framework of advance appropriations. In what scenario would forward-funding fail to coexist alongside advance appropriations?

Response: I am not aware of a specific scenario where forward funding could not exist alongside advance appropriations.

Question 1(a): To clarify, BIE’s forward-funding operations would be able to continue in the event of H.R. 1128’s passage—correct?

Response: Yes, forward-funding supported operations would be able to continue in the event of H.R. 1128’s passage.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT 21 2019

The Honorable Jared Huffman
Chairman
Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife
Committee on Natural Resources
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Huffman:

Enclosed are responses prepared by the Department to questions submitted following the Subcommittee's June 26, 2019, hearing on H.R. 644, H.R. 2459, and H.R. 3292.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the subcommittee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable McClintock
Ranking Member

Questions from Representative Grace Napolitano

Question 1. During the Bureau of Reclamation's budget hearing before this Subcommittee on April 4, 2019, you agreed to provide the Subcommittee with information on your federal negotiating teams for Indian water rights settlements. Please provide information on your active negotiation and assessment teams summarizing:

- a. The tribes involved in each settlement;**
- b. The states and other parties involved in each settlement;**
- c. The length of time that the federal teams have been involved in pre-negotiation and negotiation; and,**
- d. The remaining issues left to be negotiated by each of the 21 Federal negotiation teams and settlement parties.**

Response: Attached please find a table providing the information requested in a. through c. above. We are unable to provide information on remaining issues left to be negotiated as settlement negotiations are confidential among the parties. In general, settlement issues include quantification of water, cost of settlement, contributions of the parties to the cost, administration and jurisdiction over water use, and scope of waivers granted to the parties. The Department believes that any discussion of the details of a settlement should involve the affected tribes and other parties. If the Congresswoman is interested in a particular settlement, the Department will work with the parties to provide an appropriate briefing.

Questions for the Record
House Committee on Natural Resources
Subcommittee on Water, Oceans, and Wildlife
Legislative Hearing on H.R. 644, H.R. 2459, and H.R. 3292
June 26, 2019

Questions from Representative Ruben Gallego:

Question 1. Please provide the basis for your statement to the Subcommittee that the estimated cost of the infrastructure project in H.R. 2459 will be as high at \$350 million. Please describe in detail the nature, extent and reliability of the work done by the Department that forms the basis for your statement.

Response: The Department of the Interior has concerns that the cost estimates are substantially low for the Diamond Creek alternative in the 2016 Appraisal Design Report Revised with Addendum (ADR) prepared by DOWL. DOWL's report provides an appraisal level estimate of approximately \$134.5 million for the construction of the infrastructure project (2016 price level). Appraisal Level cost estimates are not suitable for requesting authorization or construction fund appropriations from Congress. When we have attempted to use such estimates in past Indian water rights settlements to determine project costs, they have proven unreliable.

In order to get a sense of potential cost discrepancies, Reclamation undertook additional studies. First, Reclamation conducted a technical review of the Diamond Creek alternative which concluded that the DOWL cost estimate is substantially low. Reclamation identified a number of important project components that are underestimated in the design and cost estimate for the Diamond Creek alternative, including: the water treatment plant; storage tanks; pumping plants; intake and pretreatment facilities; pipelines; design and construction contingencies; and non-contract costs.

Based on the technical review, Reclamation then developed a preliminary-level construction cost range for the Diamond Creek alternative. The result is an estimated project cost ranging from a low of approximately \$220 million to a high of approximately \$340 million (not including a power infrastructure) (2016 price level).

Neither the DOWL appraisal level study nor Reclamations preliminary level cost study is reliable enough to say with certainty what the final costs of the Diamond Creek alternative might be. However, the wide discrepancy between the cost estimates is concerning to the Department especially in light of the cost gap we are experiencing in implementing the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act, which was also based on an Appraisal level study.

Question 2. You stated that the USGS is "wrapping up" additional groundwater studies on and near the Hualapai Reservation. Please describe the scope of work of each study, the

anticipated completion date of each study and when the results of each study will be made available to the Hualapai Tribe.

Response: The USGS is completing a multiyear study, divided into 3 phases, to characterize and assess groundwater resources on and adjacent to the Hualapai Reservation. The study includes the Truxton Aquifer and groundwater resources within bedrock near Grand Canyon West. The first phase, a preliminary assessment of only the Truxton Aquifer beneath the Hualapai Reservation boundary, was published in 2016 (Bills and Macy, 2016). Phase 2 of the study is expected to be published by December 31, 2019, and will describe the groundwater resources in the Grand Canyon West area. The third and final phase of the study is expected to be published by March 31, 2020. This final report will summarize extensive ground-based and airborne geophysics data collected throughout the study area. The final report will also describe a computer groundwater model constructed by the USGS for the Hualapai Reservation that can assist in predicting how future groundwater-pumping scenarios may impact groundwater levels on the Hualapai Reservation.

Question 3. Please list with specificity all prior studies of groundwater on the Hualapai Reservation that have been conducted by the Department, including by any of its agencies, and for each such study, please state whether the study results indicate that groundwater can serve as a reliable long-term source of water for the Hualapai Tribe.

Response: The USGS has five reports or maps that address the topic of groundwater on the Hualapai Reservation. None of these USGS publications attempted to indicate whether groundwater could serve as a reliable long-term source of water for the Hualapai Tribe.

The first publication from 1962 is titled *Geology and promising areas of ground-water development in the Hualapai Reservation*. This study evaluated the geology and promising areas for groundwater development on the Hualapai Reservation. The results of this study indicated that “moderate quantities of good-quality water probably can be obtained from deep aquifers and small to moderate quantities can be obtained from the shallower aquifers” on the Hualapai Reservation. This report recommended four areas, including the Truxton basin, where additional water supplies could be developed on the Hualapai Reservation.

The second and third publications were published in 1986, and titled *Predevelopment hydrologic conditions in the alluvial basins of Arizona and adjacent parts of California and New Mexico* and *Description and generalized distribution of aquifer materials in the alluvial basins of Arizona and adjacent parts of California and New Mexico*. These hydrologic-investigations atlases, conducted at a relatively coarse resolution over much of Arizona, contained high-level summaries of the groundwater conditions of many alluvial basins, based on groundwater data

available at the time. The Truxton alluvial basin was included in, but was not the focus of, these atlases.

The fourth publication was published in 2011, and is titled *Water availability and use pilot; methods development for a regional assessment of groundwater availability, southwest alluvial basins, Arizona*. It assessed groundwater availability from southwest alluvial basins. This was a regional study that also included the Truxton alluvial basin but did not specifically look at groundwater resources on the Hualapai Reservation.

The fifth publication was published in 2016, and is titled *Hydrogeologic Framework and Characterization of the Truxton Aquifer on the Hualapai Reservation, Mohave County, Arizona*. This was the first phase the current multiyear USGS study. This report represented an initial estimate of the storage capacity of the Truxton Aquifer directly under the Reservation boundary. This report did not examine off-Reservation groundwater resources in the Truxton basin, as subsequent phases of the current USGS study will.

Prior studies:

Freethy, G.W., and Anderson, T.W., 1986, Predevelopment hydrologic conditions in the alluvial basins of Arizona and adjacent parts of California and New Mexico: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-664, 3 plates, 1:500,000. [<https://pubs.usgs.gov/ha/664/>]

Freethy, G.W., Pool, D.R., Anderson, T.W., and Tucci, P., 1986, Description and generalized distribution of aquifer materials in the alluvial basins of Arizona and adjacent parts of California and New Mexico: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-663, 4 plates, 1:500,000. [<https://pubs.usgs.gov/ha/663/>]

Twenter, F.R. 1962, Geology and promising areas of ground-water development in the Hualapai Reservation, Arizona: U.S. Geological Water-Supply Paper 1576-A, 1 plate, 38 p. [<https://pubs.er.usgs.gov/publication/wsp1576A>]

Tillman, F.D., Cordova, J.T., Leake, S.A., Thomas, B.E., and Callegary, J.B., 2011, Water availability and use pilot; methods development for a regional assessment of groundwater availability, southwest alluvial basins, Arizona: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2011-5071, 118 p. [<https://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2011/5071/>]

Bills, D.J., and Macy, J.P., 2016, Hydrogeologic Framework and Characterization of the Truxton Aquifer on the Hualapai Reservation, Mohave County, Arizona: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016-5171, 50 p. [<https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20165171>]

Question 4. You testified that the Department believes there is a significant amount of groundwater on the Hualapai Reservation that can be delivered "at a much lower cost" than water from the Colorado River. Please provide any studies the Department has done regarding infrastructure to access and deliver groundwater to Peach Springs and Grand Canyon West. Additionally, please describe in detail the design, capacity and estimated cost of the proposed groundwater infrastructure project that was studied.

Response: In 2018, Reclamation developed a preliminary-level design and cost estimate to supply 330 acre-feet of treated water to Grand Canyon West from the Truxton Aquifer near Peach Springs. This estimate included a 1,000 foot deep well, 45 miles of 6-inch pipeline, four pump stations, a chlorine injection system, and two storage tanks. The preliminary level construction cost was estimated to be approximately \$58 million, not including power infrastructure, or approximately \$88 million including power infrastructure (2018 price level). Based on this study, the Department believes there is a potential groundwater alternative that may be less costly than the DOWL ADR Diamond Creek alternative.

Question 5. You testified that the Department has a trust responsibility to protect a tribe's groundwater and you criticized a provision in the Hualapai settlement in which the Tribe waives its right to object to off-Reservation groundwater pumping. Can you please detail the legal underpinnings of your concerns with respect to this aspect of the settlement?

Response: Under the *Winters* Doctrine, the establishment of Indian and other federal reservations also implicitly reserves unappropriated water necessary to accomplish the purposes of those reservations. *Winters v. United States*, 207 U.S. 564, 576 (1908); *Arizona v. California*, 373 U.S. 546 (1963) (*Arizona I*). Both the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals and the Arizona Supreme Court, as well as other courts, have held that the *Winters* Doctrine applies not only to surface water but also to groundwater. *Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians v. Coachella Valley Water District*, 849 F.3d 1262, 1271 (9th Cir), *cert. denied*, 138 S. Ct. 468 (2017); *In Re The General Adjudication of All Rights to Use Water In the Gila River System and Source*, 989 P.2d 739 (Ariz. 1999) (en banc) (*Gila III*), *cert. denied sub nom. Phelps Dodge v. United States*, 530 U.S. 1250 (2000). *See also United States v. Shoshone Tribe*, 304 U.S. 111 (1938) (reservation for "absolute and undisturbed use and occupation" of land includes ownership of its "constituent elements," such as minerals and standing timber).

Consistent with these authorities, the Tribe's proposed settlement recognizes that the United States holds the right to groundwater in trust for the Tribe and contemplates the Tribe's continued use of on-Reservation groundwater sources, yet inexplicably surrenders the right to protect those uses from interference by off-reservation groundwater pumping. Groundwater

basins in the areas west of the Reservation are experiencing significant impacts from large-scale pumping related to agricultural development. If similar pumping occurs in the Truxton Aquifer, neither the United States nor the Tribe could protect its groundwater rights. The United States is not willing to waive its right to protect the Tribe's rights by agreeing not to object to off-reservation groundwater pumping in a State that relies so heavily on groundwater. Further, we believe that such a waiver sets an adverse precedent in Arizona and throughout Indian Country.

Question 6. You testified that the Administration "could support" a settlement with a cost "somewhere between \$60 to \$80 million." What is the basis for your statement and please describe how the Department arrived at the level of funding that it "could support." Do you believe that this amount of funding is sufficient for the Tribe to deliver water from the Colorado River to the Reservation?

Response: Please refer to the answer to question 4. The Department believes that the Tribe's reasonably foreseeable needs can be met with groundwater supplies that are less expensive to develop.

Question 7. You stated that the Department "does not believe" that the contribution of a private corporation to a water settlement "is the same" as a contribution by a state. Please explain the Department's understanding of section 5(d)(l)(B) of the Bill Williams Settlement Act of 2014, Pub. L. 113-223, which specifically provides that a contribution by Freeport Minerals Co. to the Hualapai Tribe economic development fund "shall be considered to be a non-Federal contribution that counts toward any non-Federal contribution associated with a settlement of the claims of the Tribe for rights to Colorado River water." In light of this language, does the Department believe that the Freeport contribution referenced in section 5(d)(l)(B) should count as a non-Federal contribution to the settlement to be ratified by H.R. 2459? If not, please explain why not.

Response: The Department acknowledges that pursuant to Pub. L. 113-223, the contribution made by Freeport Minerals Co. (Freeport), a private corporation, to partial Phase I of the Hualapai settlement is also to be considered as a non-Federal contribution to a comprehensive Phase 2 settlement. Freeport was the primary non-Federal interest benefited by the partial settlement in Phase I. Freeport's contribution was appropriate and critical to Phase I of the settlement; however, many interests in Arizona insisted Freeport's contribution be considered a non-federal contribution to a later comprehensive Phase II settlement as well. The Department believes there is a difference between private contributions to Indian water rights settlements and the contributions made by States and their legislatures. State contributions evidence the interest and support of the

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Legislative Hearing on H.R. 644, H.R. 2459, and H.R. 3292
June 26, 2019

State on behalf of all its citizens to facilitating the resolution of contentious and disruptive disputes over Indian water rights issues.

SETTLEMENT STATUS CHART FOR NEGOTIATION AND ASSESSEMENT TEAMS

Team Name	Tribe/Pueblo	State	Other Local Parties	Date of Team Established	Current Status
Abousleman	Pueblos of Jemez, Zia, and Santa Ana	New Mexico	Jemez River Basin Water Users' Coalition	12/23/1992	After several years of hiatus and focus on litiation, settlement negotiations are resuming.
Agua Caliente	Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians	California	Desert Water Agency, Coachella Valley Water District	5/22/2018	After initial attempt to negotiate failed in 2018, the parties have been focused on litigation.
Coeur d'Alene	Coeur d'Alene Tribe	Idaho	North Idaho Water Rights Group	8/1/2015	After negotiations reached an impasse in 2016, the parties have been focused on litigation.
Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes (CSKT)	Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Nation	Montana	Montana Reserved Water Rights Compact Commission (represented the State and state-based water rights holders)	7/21/1995	A Compact was approved by the Tribes and the State of Montana in 2015. A bill to approve the CSKT settlement (S. 3013) was introduced in May of 2016 but did not advance.
Fallbrook	Cahuilla, Ramona, and Pechanga Bands	California	Agri-Empire, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, Eastern Municipal Water District, Riverside County.	8/1/2008	The Pechanga Band of Luiseño Mission Indians Water Rights Settlement Act was enacted in December 2016 as part of the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act (P.L. 114-332). Negotiations continue with the Cahuilla and Ramona Bands claims.
Fort Belknap	Gros Ventre and Assiniboine Tribes	Montana	Montana Reserved Water Rights Compact Commission (represented the State and state-based water rights holders)	11/30/1989	A Compact was approved by the Tribes and the State of Montana on April 16, 2001. Bills to approve the Fort Belknap settlement were introduced in May 2012 (S. 3209) and July 2013 (S. 1394).
Havasupai	Havasupai Tribe	Arizona	Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, Salt River Valley Water Users' Association	2/14/2018	After a failed attempt litigate certain issues in 2016, negotiations have resumed.
Hualapai	Hualapai Tribe	Arizona	Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, Freenort Mineral Corporation	9/7/2012	"Phase One" of a Hualapai settlement, the Bill Williams River Water Rights Settlement Act of 2014, enacted in December 2014, resolved a number of issues in the Bill Williams River basin. "Phase Two" would settle the Tribe's rights to the Colorado River and all remaining rights in Arizona. In May 2019, legislation (S. 1277 and H.R. 2459) was introduced to complete "Phase Two". The Department testified on the House bill in June 2019.
Kerr McGee	Pueblos of Acoma and Laguna and Navajo Nation	New Mexico	City of Grants, Village of Milan, Irrigators (Bluewater-Toltec Irrigation District, Seboyeta, Bibo, Moquino, Cubero, San Fidel, San Raphael), Atlantic Richfield Company	12/23/1993	Litigation is currently stayed, and negotiations are continuing.

Kickapoo	Kickapoo Tribe of Indians of the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas	Kansas	None	2/14/2018	In June 2019, legislation (H.R. 3491 and S. 1977) was introduced approving the Kickapoo Indian water settlement. No hearing has been scheduled.
Lummi	Lummi Nation and Nooksack Tribe	Washington	Whatcom County, Sunset Water Association, Georgia Manor Water Association, Harnden Island View Water Association, Private landowners	9/5/1995	Negotiations have not been stalled for several years.
Navajo-Little Colorado River & Colorado River	Navajo Nation and Hopi Tribe	Arizona	Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, Arizona cities and towns (Flagstaff, Winslow, Holbrook, Taylor, Snowflake, Show Low, Eagar, and Springerville), Catalyst Paper (Snowflake) Inc., Arizona Public Service Co., Bar T Bar Ranch Inc., Crater Ranch, L.L.C., Flying M Ranch Inc., Aztec Land and Cattle Company, Limited, Aztec Land Company, LLC, Lyman Irrigation Company, Pioneer Irrigation Company, Show Low/Pinetop-Woodland Irrigation Company, Silver Creek Irrigation District, Lakeside Irrigation Company, Forest Lakes Domestic Water Improvement District, Pinetop-Lakeside Sanitary District, Euell Lyle Barnes, and Navapache Hospital District.	1/28/1991	In 2012, a settlement agreement was drafted and agreed to by the negotiation representatives of all the parties. A bill to approve the settlement (S. 2109) was introduced but neither the Navajo Nation nor the Hopi Tribe supported it. Negotiations remained at an impasse from 2012 through 2018. Recently, negotiations have resumed, but are still in the nascent stage.

Team Name	Tribe/Pueblo	State		Date of Team Established	Current Status
Navajo Utah	Navajo Nation	Utah	None	1/11/2013	In March 2017, a bill to approve the settlement (S. 664) was introduced in the 115th Congress but it did not move past the Senate. In 2019, legislation to approve the settlement (H.R. 644 and S. 1207) was introduced in the 116th Congress. The Department testified on the House bill in June 2019.
Ohkay Owingeh	Ohkay Owingeh	New Mexico	Santa Clara Pueblo, City of Espanola, Rio Chama Acequia Association, Asociacion de Acequias Nortenas del Rio Arriba, El Rito Ditch Association, Gallina-Capulin Acequia Association, La Asociacion de Las Acequias Del Rio Tusas, Vallecitoy y Ojo Caliente, Rio Santa Cruz Acequias, Santa Cruz Irrigation District	7/7/2015	Assessment underway.
Osage	Osage Nation	Oklahoma	None	12/18/2018	Assessment underway.
Tohono O'odham	Tohono O'odham Nation	Arizona	Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Central Arizona Irrigation and Drainage District, the Maricopa-Stanfield Irrigation and Drainage District	6/30/2011	Negotiations have recently resumed.
Tonto Apache	Tonto Apache Tribe	Arizona	Town of Payson, Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, Salt River Valley Water Users' Association	7/15/2014	Negotiations are stalled.
Tule River	Tule River Indian Tribe	California	South Tule Independent Ditch Company, Tule River Association	2/9/1998	Negotiations are continuing.
Umatilla	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation	Oregon	Westland Irrigation District, Stanfield Irrigation District, Hermiston Irrigation District	8/29/2012	Negotiations are continuing.
Upper Gila River/ San Carlos	San Carlos Apache Tribe and the Gila River Indian Community	Arizona	Freeport-McMoran, Gila Valley Irrigation District, Franklin Irrigation District, San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District	9/25/2000	Negotiations have been stalled for many years.
Walker River	Walker River Paiute Tribe, Yerington Paiute Tribe, Bridgeport Indian Colony	Nevada	Walker River Irrigation District	8/24/1999	Negotiations reached an impasse in 2006 and the focus is on litigation.

Yavapai-Apache	Yavapai-Apache Nation	Arizona	Central Arizona Water Conservation District, Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, Salt River Valley Water Users' Association	6/30/2011	After years of impasse, negotiations have since resumed.
Zuni/Ramah	Zuni Tribe and Ramah Navajo	New Mexico	None currently	11/8/1993	After years of impasse, negotiations have since resumed.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT 11 2019

The Honorable TJ Cox
Chairman
Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations
Committee on Natural Resources
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Cox:

Enclosed are responses prepared by the Bureau of Reclamation to questions submitted following the Subcommittee's July 24, 2019, hearing, "The Status of the Reclamation Fund and the Bureau of Reclamation's Future Infrastructure Funding Needs."

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the subcommittee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Louie Gohmert
Ranking Member

Questions from Chairman TJ Cox

Question 1. I understand that in 2016, Reclamation began to estimate major repair and rehabilitation needs over the next 30 years. What is the most recent current estimate?

Response: Reclamation expanded the Major Repair and Rehabilitation (MR&R) reporting period from five years to thirty years in FY 2016 to better represent the agency’s long-term capital needs. The longer reporting period provides enhanced visibility of future needs to address risks, sustain benefits, and ensure the continued reliable performance of Reclamation facilities. Reclamation’s estimated 30-year MR&R need is \$10.4 billion. A breakdown of those estimates is provided below.

MR&R Funding Source	Total 30-Year Estimate
Appropriated – Excluding Dam Safety	\$1,382,239,144
Appropriated – Dam Safety	\$1,698,241,000
Appropriated – Other Federal	\$607,240,191
Non-Appropriated Power Users	\$4,832,806,739
Non-Appropriated Reserved Works	\$154,186,626
Non-Appropriated Transferred Works	\$1,738,329,668
Total 30-Year Estimate:	\$10,413,043,369

Question 2. What is the level of uncertainty about this 30-year estimate? Is it possible that the funding needs for major repair and rehabilitation are much higher?

Response: In 2015, Reclamation issued an Infrastructure Investment Strategy that described how Reclamation planned to improve the characterization and reporting of anticipated repair needs of its assets. Since 2015, Reclamation has improved the consistency, completeness, and utility of the MR&R data through changes in Reclamation’s data reporting and processes for documenting needs at Reclamation facilities. As MR&R data collection and planning processes continue to improve, it is anticipated that the 30-year estimate will continue evolve and provide a better picture of Reclamation’s long-term infrastructure needs.

Questions for the Record
Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations
House Natural Resources Committee
Oversight Hearing on “The Status of the Reclamation Fund and the Bureau of Reclamation’s
Future Infrastructure Funding Needs”
July 24, 2019

Questions from Representative Jim Costa

Question 1. Without direct access to the Reclamation Fund, the Bureau of Reclamation relies on annual funding from congressional appropriations. Given the current congressional earmark ban, Reclamation must make a budget request for funding for certain extraordinary maintenance or rehabilitation construction activities on federally-owned projects. As I understand it, the cost of these projects is typically charged to either the federal (paid for by Reclamation) or non-federal (paid for or reimbursed by project water contractors) portions of the total project costs. Does Reclamation routinely request funding for such projects from appropriations? If so, does Reclamation request both federal and non-federal shares or just the federal share? How is the non-federal share funded if Reclamation does not provide such funding through appropriations? Do the non-federal entities responsible for their share of these costs have any difficulties or experience challenges in obtaining such funding? Are there projects that simply don’t get done due to the lack of non-federal funding?

Response: Extraordinary maintenance (XM) on Reclamation owned and operated facilities (reserved works) and Reclamation owned but non-Federally operated facilities (transferred works) is funded in many ways that varies project by project based on relevant authorities, ownership of the facility, and agreements with other Federal or non-Federal entities. On Reserved Work facilities Reclamation requests funds through the annual appropriations process; under Reclamation Law reimbursable costs are those that are advanced or repaid by the project’s beneficiaries while non-reimbursable costs are those that are funded by the Federal government because certain purposes of the project are, in general, viewed as public benefits. Depending on the nature of the work, the existing authorities enabling the activity, and the agreements in place with project beneficiaries and stakeholders, some of the Federal appropriations may be reimbursable and/or upfront financing may be provided by water and/or power users. For XM, the cost share is usually established and coordinated to allow for the federal and non-federal funding to be available at the same time. Based on the existing authorities and contractual agreements in place—and on a case by case basis—it is important to note that non-federal funding either comes back to the Reclamation Project or returns to the Reclamation Fund of the Treasury.

For transferred works, the managing entity is generally responsible for operations and maintenance of a facility; however, there are cases in which Federally appropriated funds can be used. For example, under P.L. 111-11 (Sec. 9603), transferred works may request financial

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assistance from the Secretary for extraordinary operation and maintenance work if it’s “to minimize the risk of inherent harm to public health or safety, or property,” and may negotiate a repayment plan of up to 50 years. Also, single purpose transferred work agreements usually stipulate that the district/managing entity is solely responsible for operation and maintenance expenses; however, with multi-purpose transferred work agreements Reclamation pays the district/managing entity for non-reimbursable benefits (i.e., benefits that are public benefits). In both situations, either under P.L. 111-11 authority or standard practice multi-purpose agreements, XM activities at transferred works can place a strain on Reclamation appropriations, as they require funding through annual appropriations that would otherwise be financed by the operating entity. Since FY 2009, Reclamation has received more than \$150 million in requests for XM activities from transferred works operating entities.

Depending on the region or district of the project requiring work and the ability to pay, there are non-Federal entities that have more difficulty providing non-Federal funds. This issue is a primary reason why P.L. 111-11, was enacted; to advance federal funds in exceptional cases on a reimbursable basis. However, it is often not pragmatic to fully fund all identified XM activity in a single fiscal year, which results in some less urgent work being deferred. On Reserved Works facilities, these activities form Reclamation’s deferred maintenance list, which represents a portion of the MR&R needs. As of the end of FY 2018, Reclamation had a deferred maintenance list that totaled approximately \$330 million. Reclamation works with managing entities to ensure that postponed activities at Transferred Works facilities are captured in the MR&R. Each year, Reclamation prioritizes Federal funds and works with project beneficiaries and stakeholders to identify the most efficient methods to address these needs, as well as newly identified or emerging XM activity, with the funding that is available.

Question 2. At the hearing, restoring the capacity of the Friant Kern Canal in California’s Central Valley that has been lost to subsidence came up several times as a project that could benefit from direct access to the Reclamation Fund. Since the Reclamation Fund currently cannot be directly accessed by Reclamation for such purposes, the Friant Kern Canal has been chosen as a project eligible for funding under the Water Infrastructure Investments for the Nation (WIIN) Act, but Congress must approve the WIIN Act projects in an appropriations bill, a process that until recently has stalled for FY 2020. If for some reason the Friant Kern Canal is not approved to receive funding on a timely basis by Congress as a WIIN Act project in the FY 2020 appropriations process, what is

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Reclamation prepared to do to ensure federal funding to move this crucial rehabilitation project forward in the near-term?

Response: The San Joaquin River Restoration Settlement Act (Public Law 111-11, Title X, Part III) (Settlement Act) provides \$25 million in mandatory funding to conduct studies and construct a feasible project that would restore the designed and built capacity of the Friant-Kern Canal. Of that money, \$7 million has been obligated to complete a feasibility study, design and engineering, environmental compliance, and construction of an immediate repair that was completed in May 2019, restoring 300 cubic feet per second to the Friant-Kern Canal. There is \$18 million remaining of those mandatory funds that could be used for construction upon completion of the feasibility study.

In addition to the Settlement Act funding, \$2.2 million of Water Infrastructure Improvement Act for the Nation (WIIN) funding was provided in 2018 to assist with the above-mentioned activities. The Settlement Act provides authority to appropriate up to an additional \$50 million for various activities identified in Title III, of which about \$46 million remains to be appropriated that might be used for the Friant-Kern Canal Capacity Improvements. Available to Friant Water Authority (FWA) now, without any further action from Congress, is \$21 million (includes mandatory and FWA funds) resulting in a total Federal and FWA investment of \$32.2 million (\$25 million from the Settlement Act, \$2.2 million in WIIN funding, and \$5 million from FWA receipts collected pursuant to Section 10010 of the Settlement Act). If WIIN funding is delayed or not made available, Reclamation and the FWA would need to prioritize the most cost-effective projects that incrementally restore capacity and could be completed within available Federal and/or State/FWA resources.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT 11 2019

The Honorable Lisa Murkowski
Chairman
Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Chairman Murkowski:

Enclosed are responses prepared by the Department to questions submitted following the Committee's June 18, 2019, hearing, "to Examine Deferred Maintenance Needs and Potential Solutions."

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the Committee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Joe Manchin
Ranking Member

Questions from Chairman Lisa Murkowski

Question 1: Polychrome Pass in Denali National Park has experienced significant slumping and a major rock slide in the last few years. Certain areas of Denali Park Road are treated as deferred maintenance, but the Polychrome Pass area is not. Please outline the process the National Park Service currently utilizes to determination which areas of the Road should be funded through cyclic maintenance versus deferred maintenance.

Response: Cyclic maintenance activities are recurring, and are typically performed on a 3-10 year cycle. For roads, cyclic maintenance would include refreshing pavement markings, applying crack/chip sealing on pavement, and regrading unpaved roads. Deferred maintenance addresses concerns when cyclic maintenance is not performed on its needed schedule or unscheduled maintenance (e.g., rock fall removal or repair of a damaged guardrail) is deferred for a year or longer.

The damage at Polychrome Pass is from thawing permafrost and other environmental changes along the road, causing the instability of the Pretty Rocks section of the road to increase. Recurring maintenance and repairs have kept the road operational, but does not resolve the underlying cause of the problems with this section of the road. The National Park Service is studying the extent of the instability to inform alternative solutions. Such a solution, which may involve rerouting the road around the area, could reduce the recurring maintenance and repair needs of the road. Rerouting the road would be largely classified as a capital improvement.

Question 2: Please describe how each bureau in the Department of the Interior evaluates and prioritizes road projects. How are decisions made to put something on cyclic versus the deferred maintenance list? Within the current evaluation system, do annual performance reviews for management level employees incentivize reducing deferred maintenance at the unit level? Why or why not?

Response: The Federal Lands Transportation Program (FLTP) is the primary vehicle for improving transportation facilities of Federal land management agencies. Additionally, bureaus use directly appropriated facilities maintenance and construction funds, as well as Recreation Fee revenue, when appropriate, for transportation maintenance (cyclic and deferred), repairs, and some improvements. The unifying elements of these bureau programs are:

- The planning process examines short and long-term investment goals and strategies while setting performance management goals and expectations
- Data collection and analysis informs decisions in situations where competing priorities are a reality.

The descriptions below reflect the broad approach each bureau takes for all transportation assets, regardless of the maintenance funding source:

- Collaborating with the Federal Highway Administration, the National Park Service (NPS) and the Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) have completed Long Range Transportation

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Plans that guide bureau project planning. The BLM is currently developing plans for the coterminous 48 States, having completed an Alaska plan in 2012.

- Assessing the condition of roads, bridges and other transportation assets is done using public and commercial benchmarks and best practices, such as the Pavement Surface Evaluation Rating (PaSER).
- The NPS focuses management activity in most units on paved roads and parking areas which serve visitors, more so than service roads used for park management purposes. The FWS national investment strategy framework for transportation prioritizes developing connections to people and urban refuges, maintaining good repairs on mission dependent assets, decommissioning non- mission dependent assets, improving safety, supporting high-use recreation areas, financial sustainability, and leveraging partnerships. The BLM is moving towards a multi-modal travel and transportation network that addresses the access and recreational needs of multiple user groups, including both motorized and non-motorized forms of travel, on a designated system of routes.
- Prioritizing individual transportation projects varies by bureau mission and each bureau has a standard quantitative approach to evaluate projects accordingly. Reflecting the varied nature of their missions, the bureaus may weigh factors differently, but all approaches consider health, safety, resource management and protection, visitor experience, operational efficiency, and financial sustainability. Project prioritization also incorporates factors of considerable interest to the communities where these projects are located, such as traffic load, life-cycle costs, and vehicle accident information.

Addressing maintenance requirements in a cyclical/preventative manner or deferring repairs is based on the criticality of each asset, the maintenance and repairs required, and the funding available at the time. Maintaining assets on a cyclical basis when it is practicable is preferred, since it is approximately 40 percent cheaper than deferred maintenance projects. In this way, Interior bureaus share similar infrastructure challenges as state and local governments, balancing repair, maintenance, and improvement investments.

Across Interior, line managers are held accountable through performance plans, letters of expectation, and other appropriate human capital resources and tools to ensure Congressional intent and the Administration priorities are appropriately supported. Executive management performance is evaluated based on expected contributions to the DOI goal to Prioritize DOI Infrastructure Needs and Reduce Deferred Maintenance Backlog.

Question 3: According to the Fiscal Year 2020 Budget Justification, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) reduced its deferred maintenance from approximately \$3.01 billion in fiscal year 2009 to \$1.3 billion in fiscal year 2018. Of the four major land management bureaus, they were the only one to reduce their deferred maintenance by more than 50 percent. What best practices can you share to help other agencies cut their deferred maintenance backlog? Please provide a prioritization list of remaining FWS deferred maintenance projects.

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Response: The Department of the Interior's real property asset management community works together across the agency to develop and implement common, standardized business management and financial processes and share best practices. Over the last decade, bureaus have made significant strides to improve their overall asset management programs and have adopted an Interior-wide computerized maintenance management system (MAXIMO).

The Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) has developed some of these best management practices, while adapting those of other Interior bureaus, as well as other Federal, State, and local agencies, and the private sector. These include:

- Classifying assets based on acceptable levels of service, enabling the bureau to identify assets where lower levels of maintenance and repairs are acceptable and validating cost estimates to rehabilitate the asset to the assigned standard.
- Reviewing station asset portfolios to determine the minimum level of infrastructure required to deliver the mission, and prioritizing the unnecessary assets for demolition, sale, or transfer.
- FWS has been an active participant and presenter at recurring inter agency meetings with other Interior bureaus to jointly solve challenging problems, share successful methods, and suggest ways to improve asset management programs.

Like many other agencies, the FWS workforce has leveraged technologies and modern tools to improve planning, assessment, analysis, and execution of asset management projects. The FWS has examined what work provides the highest proportional return on investment. As a result, the FWS has been vigorously working to identify assets for demolition or disposal, thus removing backlog by cost avoidance. In 2019, the FWS disposed of more than 130 assets through sale, demolition and other methods. This reduced the FWS footprint by over 180,000 square feet, eliminated nearly \$5.0 million in backlogged repair orders in the maintenance system and will avoid at least \$150,000 annually in operating and maintenance costs.

The FWS continues to seek ways to reduce the maintenance backlog and burden. Some examples of these disposals include single-family employee housing units in disrepair that are replaced with more appropriate multi-unit housing, decommissioned laboratory buildings that were acquired with FWS land, and shops/warehouses that no longer serve the mission,. At the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge, the FWS plans a multi-phase project to develop a disposal plan for abandoned building which pose a life safety hazard to the community of Bethel, Alaska. Once completed, the land will support housing for that community. This has also been especially effective for water management assets which are costly to maintain and may no longer serve a mission priority.

The Department of the Interior continues to leverage the lessons learned and best management practices of all bureaus, including FWS, to improve outcomes on a departmental scale. In addition to those practices identified by the FWS, Interior bureaus are also implementing standardized assessment and cost estimating models to improve data quality and comparability for

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programmatic decision making, prioritization of assets and projects to ensure effective use of limited maintenance funding, and separately budgeting for activities to dispose of assets that are not cost effective to repair or no longer meet mission needs. Implementation of these approaches will continue to help the Department of the Interior address the deferred maintenance backlog.

Included as Attachment 1 is a spreadsheet listing all remaining FWS deferred maintenance projects.

Question 4: During your testimony, you stated that the Department has a “well-articulated process for prioritizing the RESTORE Act projects that will be submitted for the record.” Please explain this process in detail, as well as the staffing required to implement it. In addition, your testimony implied that the Department has already put together a list of priority projects that could be addressed if the RESTORE Act were enacted. Please provide this list of priority projects.

Response: The National Park Service (NPS) uses a portfolio-centric management approach to maintenance. The effect is to give preference to projects that address mission critical/dependent assets. To this end, the NPS uses two industry standard tools, the asset priority index (API) and facility condition index (FCI), to rate an asset’s importance and condition:

- API identifies the relative importance of assets using weighted criteria of resource preservation, visitor use, park support, and asset substitutability.
- FCI measures the condition of an asset by dividing the projected cost of deferred maintenance by the assets’ current replacement value.

To identify deferred maintenance projects across the system and within individual units:

- Park units assess asset condition and identify corresponding maintenance projects.
- The NPS Capital Investment Strategy formula, based on this asset information, is used to score projects. This formula gives preference to projects that address mission critical/dependent assets (API) and evaluates project for financial sustainability, resource protection, visitor use, and health and safety.

The National Park Service has several multi-year plans for major transportation and non-transportation construction projects. The Federal Lands Transportation Program multi-year program of projects, and Line Item Construction FY 2020-FY 2024 plan provide examples of the type of projects the NPS would complete if the Restore Our Parks Act were enacted (Attachments 2 and 3). Also included at Attachment 4 is a list of transportation 'mega-project' examples. Additional staffing commensurate with the required program delivery would be required, with a scope and mix similar to the bureau’s existing programs.

Question from Ranking Member Joe Manchin III

Question: I understand that the National Park Service’s operational funding account (Operation of the National Park System) is generally managed at the individual park unit level in terms of allocating between the various park functions. The Administration’s most recent budget proposal indicates that National Park Service has declined in all budget categories and it appears that the bulk of FTE staffing reductions are within the “Operations and Maintenance” budget category, which is down over 815 FTE since 2009.

What action is the National Park Service taking to ensure that NPS Superintendents, at the park level, are held accountable and focus resources on Operations and Maintenance funding?

Response: Park managers have flexibility to determine the appropriate mix of staffing to meet the needs of the individual park, within the context of ensuring Congressional intent, Administration priorities, and good management practices. Addressing deferred maintenance is a high priority for Interior leadership and the National Park Service (NPS). Addressing the maintenance backlog at a park requires support from across NPS. For example, a park repair or maintenance project may require natural and cultural resource specialists to support completion of compliance requirements and because complex deferred maintenance projects are often completed by contractors, NPS contracting officers and other staff ensure contracts are solicited, awarded, and closed out properly.

The NPS also prioritizes Federal Lands Recreation Enhancement Act (FLREA) funding for facility maintenance, requiring that parks spend at least 55 percent of retained revenue on deferred maintenance projects. In May 2019, the Secretary authorized the NPS to use FLREA funds to hire some permanent employees engaged in FLREA related work, including for “repair, maintenance, and facility enhancement related directly to visitor enjoyment, visitor access, and health and safety” as authorized by FLREA.

Questions from Senator Mike Lee

Question 1: National Parks account for 62% of the maintenance backlog needs but are also one of the most popular things that the federal government does. Would you agree that under certain conditions the public interest is better served by allowing the federal government to sell unneeded lands and use the revenues to provide better protection and maintenance needs for other public lands, especially our national parks?

Response: One of Interior's highest priorities is addressing the deferred maintenance backlog on our lands, the majority of which is within National Park Service units. Taking care of the lands Interior already has is essential. The Administration has proposed legislation to invest \$6.5 billion over five years into a Public Lands Infrastructure Fund using Federal energy revenues to rebuild public lands infrastructure. It has widespread bipartisan support in both chambers of Congress.

Congress has provided Interior authority under the Federal Lands Transaction Facilitation Act, to retain some land sale proceeds from lands identified as non-mission essential, to acquire other land such as inholdings, recreational access and adjacent lands that contain exceptional resources. This authority can be used to support Interior's stewardship and recreational missions.

Question 2: In the hearing you discussed GSA authority for disposal, but I would like to ask about land BLM disposes under FLPMA. How many acres of land has the BLM identified as suitable for disposal? What amount of revenue could be generated from the sale of those lands? How often does the BLM evaluate its lands for their suitability for disposal?

Response: Lands potentially suitable for disposal are identified in each of the BLM's resource management plans (RMPs), which are updated periodically. These allow for land use planning decisions to be made by local managers with extensive public input. We do not have a total available for those acreages across all RMPs, nor an estimated value of those lands.

As required by section 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act, RMPs identify lands that are potentially suitable for disposal. However, the BLM's criteria for the disposal of lands had not historically required the agency to weigh public access considerations for outdoor recreation (fishing, hunting, hiking, etc.). Per Secretarial Order 3373, Evaluating Public Access in BLM Land Disposals and Exchanges, the BLM must adequately weigh public access for outdoor recreation when determining the appropriateness of the disposal or exchange.

Lands identified as potentially suitable for disposal may still have substantial impediments to disposal, and are not necessarily conveyed out of federal ownership. Impediments such as valid existing rights (e.g. mining claims and right-of-way grants) and fair market value assessments can complicate the disposal process. Additionally, the BLM must act in accordance with the Endangered Species Act and National Historic Preservation Act when carrying out land disposals.

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Question 3: When your agency estimates the cost of a project, do you break down the cost of the regulatory compliance from the cost of the construction labor/asphalt and lumber construction costs?

If not, would there be any way of calculating that break down on both an individual project level and for the maintenance backlog on the whole?

If yes: What is that breakdown of cost? What are the regulations that consume the most time and funding for backlogs?

Response: No, Interior bureaus do not break out costs for construction work related to regulatory compliance.

It would be extremely complex and burdensome to calculate the project level costs of regulatory compliance for each project. Work conducted is pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act, National Historic Preservation Act, as well as other compliance requirements, and often involves multiple programs. The project work is one element of a larger plan related to the bureau mission.

While project-level costs are not available, the requirements of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, as amended (42 U.S.C. 11411) (the "MVA"), and implementing regulations found at 45 C.F.R. 102-71.20 (*Definitions that Apply to GSA's Real Property Policies*), have been identified as impeding the NPS' progress on reducing the deferred maintenance backlog. The MVA and these implementing regulations set forth a process to provide suitable Federal properties categorized as unutilized, underutilized, excess or surplus for use by States, units of local government, and non-profit organizations for shelter, services, storage, or other uses to benefit homeless persons. The program provides no funding, and the properties are made available on an "as-is" basis. Pursuant to this process, based on information submitted by the Agency controlling the property, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development determines which properties are suitable for use to assist homeless persons. If not determined suitable, following a public notice, Agencies can proceed with the property's demolition or disposal. The process typically takes between 8-12 months.

To date, the NPS has processed more than 400 excess buildings; not one structure has been removed from NPS lands for these purposes. Currently, the NPS has an additional 863 excess structures that should go through the MVA process, at an estimated cost of \$2,500,000-\$4,300,000.

The laws related to the administration by GSA of public buildings, properties and works, including the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act, are codified as title 40, United States Code. These laws, which are referenced in the MVA, define real property that is subject to these laws as "any interest in property except...land reserved or dedicated for national forest or national park purposes." 40 U.S.C. 102(9)(A)(ii)(*emphasis added*).

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However, when implementing the MVA, GSA and HUD issued regulations that expressly provide that this exemption of national park lands from administration by GSA applies only to NPS *lands*, but not to NPS *structures and fixtures*. For purposes of the MVA, GSA regulations provide that “real property means...improvements of any kind, structures, and fixtures under the control of an Federal agency when designated by such agency for disposition without the underlying lands.” 41 C.F.R. 102-71.20.

As provided above, these regulatory provisions mandate a process under the MVA that provides no benefit to the NPS or to any homeless organization. For these reasons finding a way to exempt structures and fixtures on national park lands from the MVA process is a priority in confronting the deferred maintenance backlog.

Question 4: On average, how long does the regulatory prep work for a project take? How often is it regulation that turns a cyclical maintenance project into a deferred maintenance project?

Response: Regulatory compliance for maintenance projects varies depending on the specific project characteristics, such as scope, scale and dollar value. Some maintenance projects are subject to regulations under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the National Historic Preservation, the Endangered Species Act, and other applicable federal laws. Interior has not evaluated how frequently regulatory compliance causes cyclic maintenance projects to become “deferred maintenance” projects, but do not believe this is a primary driver of deferred maintenance.

Many National Park Service routine maintenance projects for non-historic structures and minor construction projects are categorically excluded from NEPA review. Interior has made efforts to expedite completion of NEPA compliance. For example, Secretarial Order 3355 (August 2017) streamlines Interior’s NEPA reviews to ensure bureaus complete Environmental Impact Statements for major infrastructure projects within one year from issuance of a Notice of Intent. While regulatory compliance for some projects requires significant time and labor resources, funding remains the major limiting factor for initiating and completing maintenance projects.

Question from Senator Steve Daines

Question: Can you provide a detailed overview of how the National Parks Service prioritizes deferred maintenance projects across the system and in individual parks? [NPS]

Response: The National Park Service (NPS) uses a portfolio-centric management approach to maintenance. The effect is to give preference to projects that address mission critical/dependent assets. To this end, the NPS uses two industry standard tools, the asset priority index (API) and facility condition index (FCI) to rate an asset's importance and condition:

- API identifies the relative importance of assets using weighted criteria of resource preservation, visitor use, park support, and asset substitutability.
- FCI measures the condition of an asset by dividing the projected cost of deferred maintenance by the assets' current replacement value.

To identify deferred maintenance projects across the system and within individual units:

- Park units assess asset condition and identify corresponding maintenance projects.
- The NPS capital investment strategy formula, based on this asset information, is used to score projects. This formula gives preference to projects that address mission critical/dependent assets (API) and evaluates project for financial sustainability, resource protection, visitor use, and health and safety.

The NPS regularly evaluates the *Capital Investment Strategy* to assure it meets the intended purpose.

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Questions from Senator Mazie Hirono

Question 1: I am concerned that significant understaffing at the National Park Service is further contributing to the deferred maintenance issue. Between 2011 and 2018, at a time that overall visitation increased by 14 percent, staffing fell by 14 percent. I understand that NPS is moving towards relying more on seasonal staff where 3 seasonal employees can be hired for every one full time employee (FTE), but I worry that increased reliance on seasonal employees will compromise the agency's institutional expertise in infrastructure, wildlife, historic preservation, and other needs or duties.

Can you explain the staffing situation at NPS and its effects on infrastructure and other needs? In your opinion, what can be done to help NPS with this challenge?

Response: The National Park Service workforce includes both permanent and temporary seasonal employees to maintain flexibility at the parks as they address their highest priority needs throughout the year. The NPS does not have a practice of hiring three seasonal employees in place of one full time equivalent (FTE) employee. Parks hire temporary or seasonal employees to provide visitor services during periods of peak visitation and to complete facility maintenance during limited construction seasons.

Several factors have contributed to an approximately 14 percent reduction in NPS full-time equivalents (FTE) between fiscal year (FY) 2011 and FY 2018. One of the major factors is labor costs consume progressively larger portions of the NPS appropriation.

Labor is the largest component of the parks' operating budgets. Some increased labor costs are budgeted for as fixed costs and are included the President's budget request each year. These are non-optional expenses, such as employer portions of health and retirement benefits, and general pay increases for federal employees. If these costs are not provided in appropriations, operational budgets absorb the costs. This leads to trade-offs between maintaining workforce levels while reducing projects and maintenance or reducing the size of the workforce to hold labor costs relatively steady. For example, the pay raises in 2017 of 2.1 percent and 2019 of 1.9 percent increased labor costs by \$40.0 million for the NPS, the equivalent of removing more than 400 FTE from the operating budget of the NPS if labor as a percentage of total appropriation is held constant.

The Department of the Interior, National Park Service has experienced significant plus ups in appropriations in the past five years relating to Deferred Maintenance (DM) in areas such as line item construction, recreation fee revenue, cyclic maintenance, and repair/rehabilitation. In addition, if enacted, the Restore Our Parks and Public Lands Act (H.R. 1225) would provide up to \$6B over 5 years to address the \$12B Deferred Maintenance (DM) backlog. Once legislation is enacted and funds are issued, Congress will expect rapid project delivery on funding increments of up to \$1.2B annually over 5 years. NPS is challenged by short 4-year term appointments and the

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lack of direct hire authority for agency-specific mission-critical occupations in facilities and maintenance support.

Overall, Congress's and the DOI's aggressive ramp up on reducing the DM backlog of the NPS is a significant exigency at present, and new hiring methodologies are needed today to meet these expectations.

HR Concerns: The following HR concerns contribute to NPS's understaffing issues:

4-year term appointments:

- The timeline for a deferred maintenance project can vary widely, and often exceeds 4 years, based on the scale, complexity, and planning status. Using successive term positions in 4-year increments is disruptive to project delivery, and is far less efficient than having the capability to complete the projects with the same team of dedicated professionals.
- For successive 4-year term positions, it has taken up to 16 months to establish and recruit a new term position to replace the first term employees, assuming suitable candidates can be found within the desired timeframe. Considerable momentum in project completion can be lost with delays in recruitment and turnover in project management staff.
- As priorities change, the term appointments provide flexibility. A term employee receives the exact same benefits as permanent hires. Recognition that the period of employment is directly linked to the project's duration, allows greater movement between private and public sector and back again.

Lack of Agency-Specific Direct Hire Authorities (DHA): For the DOI, agency-specific mission-critical occupations do not qualify for DHA, specifically landscape architects (0807) and architects (0808).

- Traditional hiring processes typically are not timely enough to fill surge hiring needs to address rapid capacity building requirements.
- Multi-disciplinary (0801 / 0807 / 0808 / 0810) project specialist (GS-12) and manager (GS-13) positions cannot be recruited easily under DHA because only the 0801 and 0810 series are currently approved under the Government-wide DHA, while the NPS mission-critical 0807 and 0808 series are not.
- In addition, each year, agencies spend considerable time, effort and resources in identifying, reporting and providing OPM supporting root-cause analysis in support of its identified Mission Critical Occupations. DOI recommends the opportunity to leverage delegated Direct Hire Authority to timely make appointments to their

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agency-specific MCOs (e.g., permanent, term or temporary, including to accommodate seasonal schedules) based on emerging or dynamic mission requirements and/or funding availability. Agencies need the ability to make real time hiring decisions based on availability of funding and emerging Congressional and Administration priorities.

Question 2: If we are going to responsibly manage our National Park resources for the next 100 years-how important is it for National Park Service employees to have access to unbiased science to manage our public resources today and complete projects that are resilient for the future?

Response: It is critical that the bureau's work to protect and manage resources and infrastructure is informed by objective, accessible, and reproducible science. The NPS uses science and research to understand, among other things, how park ecosystems function and what affects them, risks to park resources from environmental hazards, and factors that affect historic and cultural resources. This information is critical to inform NPS management decisions and to advance projects that are responsive and resilient to changing conditions and uses. This is in alignment with the National Park Omnibus Management Act of 1998, in which the Secretary is "authorized and directed to assure that management of units of the National Park System is enhanced by the availability and utilization of a broad program of the highest quality science and information."

Questions from Senator Martha McSally

Questions: As Supervisor Archuleta mentioned in her testimony, Coconino County recently released a Northern Arizona University Alliance Bank Economic Policy Institute economic study stating that if the Grand Canyon National Park extended the season at the North Rim entrance for an additional two weeks on either side of the current season, this would result in an additional \$14.3 million in economic growth and 183 jobs in the region. Given the potential for increased revenue, which would likely result in increased visitation and the collection of additional fees at the Park, would the Department consider extending the season at the Grand Canyon's North Rim? Please provide any fiscal analysis that has been completed by the Department to determine the need to keep the current seasonal dates of May 1 – October 30 in place. If there is no current analysis, please provide one within 30 days.

Response: Due to the high elevation (8,200 ft), harsh winters, and remote location, full visitor services on the North Rim of Grand Canyon National Park are available between May 15 and October 15 with limited services available, dependent on weather, until December 1. Hikers, snowshoers, and skiers do access the North Rim year-round.

An economic analysis of the operating season at North Rim has not been prepared by the NPS.

The Northern Arizona University Alliance Bank Economic Policy Institute economic study did not capture infrastructure costs of winterizing facilities and utilities, or the operation and maintenance costs for shoulder season operations for NPS or other local and state agencies. The majority of the North Rim infrastructure was built in the 1920s and 1930s. Many buildings, water lines, and sewer systems were not constructed or insulated for use during winter. The NPS plans to replace and upgrade North Rim critical infrastructure, including water and wastewater systems, with multiple projects planned over the next five years. The projects will better protect infrastructure from the harsh winter weather, with the potential to provide additional visitor services later into the season, which the NPS is exploring.

The North Rim hospitality contract expires at the end of 2019 and the next contract will provide an opportunity for the concessionaire to request an extended season for concession services. At the request of Kane County Office of Tourism, the NPS will extend the North Rim operating season for two additional weeks with limited services, beginning with the next contract. Road gates will remain open for public access until significant snowfall closes the State Highway, as late as December 1. Both parties agreed to jointly promote the extended season and evaluate tourism benefits. Because limited services are being provided (e.g., no overnight lodging), and are subject closure due to the weather, there are no additional operational costs associated with this change.

Attachment 1

**US Fish & Wildlife Service Infrastructure Portfolio
As of September 30, 2018**

Asset Grouping	Asset Count		Replacement Value		Deferred Maintenance	
	Amount	% of Total	\$ (Millions)	% of Total	\$ (Millions)	% of Total
Buildings	6,468	15.96%	\$7,318	15.92%	\$355	27.29%
Water Management Structures	8,933	22.05%	\$17,343	37.73%	\$311	23.90%
Roads, Bridges and Trails	14,538	35.88%	\$14,722	32.03%	\$280	21.52%
Other Structures	10,582	26.11%	\$6,586	14.33%	\$355	27.29%
Total	40,521	100.00%	\$45,968	100.00%	\$1,301	100.00%

Row Labels	Sum of ADJUSTED_DM
AK	\$ 48,370,851
AL	\$ 10,631,444
AR	\$ 31,278,836
AZ	\$ 22,811,210
CA	\$ 147,681,638
CO	\$ 19,767,241
CT	\$ 493,100
DE	\$ 4,812,070
DQ	\$ 130,718
FL	\$ 40,673,193
FQ	\$ 131,718
GA	\$ 32,351,047
GQ	\$ 466,053
HI	\$ 23,669,092
HQ	\$ 101,196
IA	\$ 7,151,561
ID	\$ 17,838,225
IL	\$ 54,047,025
IN	\$ 5,749,028
KS	\$ 18,244,664
KY	\$ 3,202,281
LA	\$ 54,311,975
MA	\$ 8,423,450
MD	\$ 13,358,970
ME	\$ 8,927,490
MI	\$ 18,793,631
MN	\$ 19,519,026
MO	\$ 10,901,588
MQ	\$ 106,637,166
MS	\$ 26,911,701
MT	\$ 29,523,879
NC	\$ 42,078,593
ND	\$ 40,641,441
NE	\$ 9,806,921
NH	\$ 4,940,609
NJ	\$ 9,938,650
NM	\$ 9,828,763
NV	\$ 40,422,874
NY	\$ 5,488,840
OH	\$ 4,934,037
OK	\$ 23,052,992
OR	\$ 54,733,165
PA	\$ 3,018,960
PR	\$ 6,525,459
RI	\$ 1,484,677
SC	\$ 25,510,192
SD	\$ 23,788,640
TN	\$ 30,173,387
TX	\$ 32,647,933
UM	\$ -
UT	\$ 19,769,413
VA	\$ 9,644,399
VI	\$ 510,106
VT	\$ 7,515,100
WA	\$ 60,057,720
WI	\$ 16,489,006
WV	\$ 26,205,842
WY	\$ 5,120,281
Grand Total	\$ 1,301,239,067

FWS Deferred Maintenance Report

30-Sep-18

PROGRAM	ORNAME	Asset Description	Current Replacement Value	Deferred Maintenance	AGE	STATE	CONGDISTRICT
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Building Housing Cabin	\$122,869	\$79,921	26	AK	00
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$220,817	\$100,000	60	AK	00
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$235,936	\$100,000	60	AK	00
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$120,787	\$50,000	12	AK	00
NWRS	ALASKA MARITIME NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$712,420	\$252,520	18	AK	00
NWRS	FORT YUKON AS	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,541,009	\$520,000	31	AK	00
NWRS	ALASKA MARITIME NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$2,921,597	\$537,400	30	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON FLATS NWR	Parking Lot	\$1,550,492	\$264,522	25	AK	00
NWRS	ALASKA MARITIME NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$5,466,946	\$207,968	33	AK	00
NWRS	KANUTI NWR	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,572,832	\$50,000	10	AK	00
NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Visitor Center	\$11,979,769	\$347,197	11	AK	00
NWRS	ALASKA MARITIME NWR	Building Multi-Purpose	\$44,906,674	\$235,989	15	AK	00
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Building Housing Cabin	\$125,279	\$60,000	40	AK	00
NWRS	KANUTI NWR	Building Office	\$548,022	\$193,894	19	AK	00
NWRS	KANUTI NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$2,782,265	\$464,164	40	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$819,075	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$974,010	\$100,000	32	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$7,069,479	\$213,982	31	AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$24,117,093	\$150,000	31	AK	00
NWRS	DILLINGHAM AS	Building Office	\$2,449,993	\$2,400,000	38	AK	00
NWRS	KAKTOVIK AS	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$95,040	\$60,000	40	AK	00
NWRS	KOYUKUK/NOWITNA NWR	Building Office	\$3,249,495	\$1,724,913	27	AK	00
NWRS	KOYUKUK/NOWITNA NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$2,131,279	\$800,000	73	AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Boat Launch	\$487,161	\$160,143	28	AK	00
NWRS	DILLINGHAM AS	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$812,284	\$211,618	6	AK	00

NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$119,961	\$50,000	24 AK	00
NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$148,444	\$50,000	24 AK	00
NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$210,186	\$51,594	39 AK	00
NWRS	AK PEN/BECHAROF NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$8,839,977	\$1,925,000	60 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$836,442	\$80,000	58 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$1,472,139	\$80,000	55 AK	00
		Building Housing Multi Family Duplex /				
		Triplex	\$1,299,852	\$8,000	27 AK	00
NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$331,344	\$75,000	63 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$902,808	\$75,000	55 AK	00
NWRS	KODIAK NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$2,395,380	\$154,781	71 AK	00
NWRS	AK PEN/BECHAROF NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$3,009,415	\$80,000	31 AK	00
NWRS	IZEMBEK NWR	Road Gravel	\$103,138,684	\$1,427,000	55 AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$9,980,206	\$8,561,000	61 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$489,261	\$75,000	50 AK	00
NWRS	SELAWIK NWR	Parking Lot	\$1,218,294	\$168,775	26 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Multi-Purpose	\$568,589	\$75,000	14 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$810,936	\$75,000	77 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$1,467,784	\$75,000	77 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$2,306,100	\$75,000	77 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Boat Launch	\$217,707	\$210,000	33 AK	00
NWRS	AK PEN/BECHAROF NWR	Bulkhead	\$312,244	\$300,000	37 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$106,517	\$92,212	116 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$192,313	\$50,000	77 AK	00
NWRS	YUKON DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,241,544	\$223,000	61 AK	00
		ALASKA PENINSULA NATIONAL WILDLIFE				
		REFUGE				
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$1,002,562	\$554,909	68 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$218,807	\$100,000	39 AK	00
NWRS	TETLIN NWR	Campgrounds	\$254,898	\$101,395	31 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$302,712	\$112,674	13 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$165,520	\$50,000	73 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$177,348	\$50,000	37 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$178,438	\$50,000	39 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$180,301	\$50,000	37 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$186,491	\$51,594	81 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$187,890	\$50,000	37 AK	00
NWRS	KENAI NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$187,890	\$50,000	37 AK	00
NWRS	TETLIN NWR	Parking Lot	\$775,970	\$70,000	19 AK	00
NWRS	TETLIN NWR	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$3,639,153	\$257,966	30 AK	00
NWRS	AK PEN/BECHAROF NWR	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$2,444,220	\$2,375,000	79 AK	00

NWRS	MOUNTAIN LONGLEAF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$708,947	\$704,266	38 AL	03
NWRS	MOUNTAIN LONGLEAF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$529,377	\$50,000	15 AL	03
NWRS	MOUNTAIN LONGLEAF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$314,884	\$32,000	38 AL	03
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,148,381	\$1,148,381	78 AL	05
NWRS	KEY CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$128,489	\$37,500	16 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,012,619	\$461,530	78 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,939,718	\$301,639	78 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$471,970	\$66,451	27 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$293,928	\$38,400	65 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$390,368	\$43,947	53 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,132,835	\$97,367	60 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$326,562	\$17,602	77 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$316,643	\$15,461	26 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,404,883	\$118,149	30 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$28,558,862	\$314,365	60 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$303,676	\$39,578	30 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,180,640	\$136,042	28 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,643,200	\$46,753	75 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,194,198	\$1,353,583	38 AL	5
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$946,270	\$371,089	40 AL	05
NWRS	KEY CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$64,244	\$9,638	19 AL	05
NWRS	KEY CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$47,724	\$6,810	19 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$124,770	\$35,000	77 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$1,344,382	\$167,229	13 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,721,094	\$1,494,000	38 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Grain Bin	\$147,285	\$46,020	34 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$331,019	\$100,527	38 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$486,555	\$100,527	38 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$185,851	\$21,200	58 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$614,123	\$69,729	39 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$270,902	\$16,745	58 AL	05
NWRS	WHEELER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$2,748,951	\$10,000	37 AL	05
NWRS	KEY CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$21,372	\$19,383	13 AL	05
NWRS	SAUTA CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$176,218	\$27,257	137 AL	05
NWRS	KEY CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$259,998	\$19,027	13 AL	05
NWRS	SAUTA CAVE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$274,151	\$27,258	40 AL	05

NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Animal Shelter	\$210,600	\$29,166	21 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$153,354	\$21,200	18 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$174,179	\$22,726	37 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$341,831	\$39,429	52 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$462,131	\$52,488	103 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$184,918	\$18,000	53 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,023,385	\$185,171	22 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$271,798	\$23,308	56 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$1,754,172	\$143,611	53 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$784,700	\$59,701	48 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$944,068	\$71,296	103 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$6,670,492	\$465,634	53 AR	01
NFHS	NORFORK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$11,163,364	\$735,444	61 AR	1
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$168,572	\$10,300	79 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$779,379	\$44,624	52 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,425,710	\$178,754	103 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$498,263	\$22,509	51 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,274,491	\$51,352	103 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$475,356	\$16,000	35 AR	01
	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL					
NWRS	WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$7,434,000	\$224,932	53 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,006,792	\$26,386	37 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$22,742,533	\$527,612	46 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,974,093	\$68,750	48 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,071,157	\$55,000	44 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$499,112	\$6,218	46 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,297,650	\$12,365	37 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$485,733	\$2,776	26 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$747,844	\$3,311	56 AR	01
NFHS	NORFORK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$2,677,468	\$7,500	61 AR	1

NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$2,229,966	\$8,500	9 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$232,838	\$721	36 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$9,900,985	\$10,600	68 AR	01
NWRS	BIG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$84,394	\$76,196	23 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$652,742	\$233,461	46 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$153,996	\$45,346	18 AR	01
NWRS	BIG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$152,928	\$34,773	103 AR	01
NWRS	BIG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$18,000	20 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$881,492	\$159,371	26 AR	01
NFHS	NORFORK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$181,804	\$1,370	50 AR	1
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$72,558	\$15,446	28 AR	01
NFHS	NORFORK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$616,847	\$7,500	61 AR	1
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$141,525	\$141,524	40 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$7,901,634	\$1,717,100	66 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$778,295	\$154,706	34 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$134,721	\$21,600	43 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$12,000	57 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$81,515	\$7,800	22 AR	1
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$91,216	\$8,700	55 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$88,340	\$8,400	54 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$24,625,075	\$2,026,208	49 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,151,595	\$81,300	68 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$173,311	\$10,600	38 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$665,010	\$40,600	43 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$6,021,405	\$207,200	83 AR	01

NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,797,144	\$5,600	76 AR	01
NWRS	WAPANOCCA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$182,064	\$146,481	17 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$907,576	\$68,555	53 AR	01
NWRS	CACHE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Communication Tower	\$72,230	\$66,778	25 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,475	\$13,946	52 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$104,758	\$50,000	80 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$116,541	\$50,231	82 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$209,837	\$5,953	51 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,475	\$12,385	52 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$462,782	\$453,076	49 AR	01
NFHS	MAMMOTH SPRING NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$403,317	\$239,896	38 AR	01
NFHS	NORFORK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$324,926	\$60,887	61 AR	1
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fire Tower	\$408,946	\$75,000	79 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$918,025	\$32,986	17 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,475	\$13,081	53 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,475	\$11,800	52 AR	01
NWRS	DALE BUMPERS WHITE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,098,288	\$6,700	14 AR	01
NFHS	GREERS FERRY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,475	\$2,500	53 AR	01
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$882,296	\$882,296	45 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$39,126	\$25,319	13 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$39,126	\$20,835	46 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$39,126	\$16,980	6 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,335,647	\$292,000	45 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$210,863	\$25,319	48 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$506,835	\$28,808	45 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$365,682	\$19,836	101 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,551,505	\$51,078	45 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,117,341	\$28,371	18 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$819,328	\$19,651	47 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,147,596	\$25,722	44 AR	02
NWRS	BALD KNOB NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$5,846,344	\$105,182	36 AR	02

NWRS	OVERFLOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$2,904,825	\$36,116	31 AR	04
NWRS	OVERFLOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$17,808,560	\$186,370	21 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,378,880	\$15,800	30 AR	04
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$919,834	\$79,742	32 AR	4
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$71,154	\$66,359	20 AR	04
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$477,949	\$312,510	45 AR	4
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$43,901	\$23,745	29 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$66,080	\$26,145	33 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$190,232	\$72,224	42 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$386,773	\$134,740	42 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$115,970	\$38,521	29 AR	04
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$13,629	20 AR	4
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$928,896	\$122,348	15 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$513,300	\$47,000	20 AR	04
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$52,905	\$50,939	37 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$116,487	\$101,634	31 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$89,208	\$53,100	31 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$107,931	\$63,443	31 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$151,778	\$77,183	31 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$143,173	\$63,775	31 AR	4
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$154,875	\$63,775	31 AR	4
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$227,407	\$10,869	33 AR	04
NWRS	HOLLA BEND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,471,381	\$19,485	31 AR	4
NWRS	POND CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$117,078	\$115,056	38 AR	04
NWRS	POND CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$48,126	\$33,994	28 AR	04
NWRS	POND CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$143,828	\$77,554	38 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$292,411	\$149,922	30 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$160,170	\$68,096	30 AR	04
NWRS	POND CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$100,352	\$28,216	38 AR	04
NWRS	POND CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$100,352	\$28,216	38 AR	04
NWRS	OVERFLOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$262,845	\$41,347	12 AR	04
NWRS	FELSENTHAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$384,451	\$29,898	30 AR	04
NWRS	OVERFLOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$88,934	\$61,629	12 AR	04
NWRS	OVERFLOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$805,350	\$10,233	43 AR	04
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Road Dirt	\$27,081	\$27,081	53 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Power Distribution System	\$136,113	\$136,113	20 AZ	1
NFHS	WILLIAMS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,000	54 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$107,562	\$93,994	33 AZ	1

NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$17,701,770	\$704,000	33 AZ	1
NFHS	WILLIAMS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$406,684	\$12,000	61 AZ	1
NFHS	WILLIAMS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,017,838	\$26,000	31 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Road Gravel	\$16,865,173	\$375,300	79 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,593,558	\$19,981	7 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	15 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$905,337	\$900,000	48 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$62,000	18 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Boat Launch	\$154,839	\$73,925	77 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Office	\$199,274	\$87,918	53 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Animal Shelter	\$93,600	\$25,118	23 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Animal Shelter	\$93,600	\$25,118	23 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$524,408	\$125,047	19 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$944,362	\$185,832	38 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Animal Shelter	\$308,288	\$57,200	77 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$202,205	\$33,473	39 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$429,048	\$67,216	108 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Multi-Purpose	\$180,462	\$20,656	34 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$375,559	\$36,182	58 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,438,205	\$127,161	138 AZ	1
NFHS	ALCHESAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Picnic Areas	\$9,160	\$9,160	38 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$70,092	\$70,000	19 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$70,092	\$70,000	19 AZ	1

NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$70,092	\$70,000	19 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Road Paved	\$4,207,989	\$744,200	54 AZ	1
NFHS	ALCHESAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$207,017	\$173,881	55 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$198,566	\$47,008	43 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Office	\$174,178	\$103,840	53 AZ	1
NFHS	ALCHESAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$111,276	\$57,000	56 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Fencing	\$1,352,804	\$246,813	57 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$379,588	\$23,879	21 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$44,250	\$23,240	30 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$354,191	\$82,190	38 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$273,996	\$50,000	30 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Building Office	\$630,701	\$82,190	38 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$70,092	\$70,000	19 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Docks, Stationary	\$58,999	\$53,476	21 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Boat Launch	\$17,204	\$15,148	77 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Trail Paved	\$416,483	\$183,884	20 AZ	1
NFHS	ALCHESAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$218,446	\$70,000	54 AZ	1
NFHS	ALCHESAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$294,231	\$70,000	55 AZ	1
NWRS	CABEZA PRIETA NWR	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$593,533	\$90,865	38 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Multi-Purpose	\$1,419,105	\$16,456	53 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$244,561	\$76,697	53 AZ	1
NWRS	HAVASU NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$279,800	\$73,770	53 AZ	1
NWRS	BUENOS AIRES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$394,710	\$24,479	17 AZ	1
NWRS	SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$134,753	\$134,745	36 AZ	2
NWRS	SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,076,903	\$195,554	37 AZ	2
NWRS	SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$88,465	\$88,464	37 AZ	2
NWRS	SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Laboratory	\$269,429	\$269,000	37 AZ	2
NWRS	SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$76,884	\$19,489	37 AZ	2
NFHS	WILLOW BEACH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$1,034,981	\$1,034,000	56 AZ	03
NFHS	WILLOW BEACH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$133,293	\$133,000	21 AZ	03

NWRS	SACRAMENTO RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$117,877	\$58,000	19 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$864,945	\$399,200	76 CA	1
NFHS	TEHAMA-COLUSA FISH FACILITY	Building Office	\$1,501,437	\$685,000	47 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$1,200,945	\$430,000	54 CA	1
NWRS	HUMBOLDT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Treatment Facility	\$206,989	\$43,965	17 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$2,984,942	\$530,747	76 CA	1
NWRS	TULE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,176,671	\$121,252	34 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$710,613	\$38,530	80 CA	1
NWRS	LOWER KLAMATH NWR	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,270,101	\$104,323	51 CA	1
NWRS	LOWER KLAMATH NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,852,029	\$60,000	43 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,092,274	\$41,095	76 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$27,357,533	\$54,000	26 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Drainage Ditch	\$1,564,283	\$2,062	76 CA	1
NWRS	LOWER KLAMATH NWR	Road Gravel	\$69,806,067	\$88,134	58 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$7,594	76 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$12,931	\$12,931	29 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$156,734	\$70,000	19 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$3,108,951	\$1,281,640	38 CA	1
NWRS	TULE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$190,908	\$36,906	80 CA	1
NWRS	TULE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,739,859	\$287,872	82 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$795,156	\$90,000	55 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$925,336	\$50,000	26 CA	1
NWRS	TULE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Distribution System	\$1,135,237	\$19,210	18 CA	1
NFHS	TEHAMA-COLUSA FISH FACILITY	Road Paved	\$4,989,390	\$55,000	51 CA	1
NWRS	TULE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$112,362	\$106,605	35 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$746,952	\$410,000	21 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$547,546	\$236,000	53 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$175,650	\$74,620	76 CA	1
NFHS	COLEMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Septic System	\$12,438	\$4,798	54 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$173,211	\$53,673	31 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$49,135	\$8,353	18 CA	1
NFHS	TEHAMA-COLUSA FISH FACILITY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$684,011	\$25,000	47 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$745,934	\$7,360	79 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$114,606	\$110,000	57 CA	1
NWRS	MODOC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$916,519	\$28,950	90 CA	1
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,059,996	\$11,046	17 CA	1

NWRS	HUMBOLDT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$40,441	\$40,441	36 CA	2
NWRS	HUMBOLDT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,377,634	\$50,000	58 CA	2
NWRS	HUMBOLDT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$308,151	\$39,500	68 CA	2
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$309,166	\$196,825	39 CA	03
NWRS	BUTTE SINK WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$372,482	\$186,194	24 CA	03
NWRS	Colusa NWR	Levee	\$2,299,858	\$326,940	46 CA	3
NWRS	Colusa NWR	Levee	\$5,226,950	\$306,025	46 CA	3
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$9,609,974	\$532,513	56 CA	03
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,988,500	\$221,322	107 CA	03
NWRS	COLUSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$16,821,903	\$479,740	60 CA	03
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,409,488	\$33,098	46 CA	03
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$113,393,280	\$986,845	55 CA	03
NWRS	COLUSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$71,297,493	\$497,110	73 CA	03
NWRS	COLUSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$334,834	\$210,435	27 CA	03
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$416,480	\$126,290	21 CA	03
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$893,959	\$250,790	19 CA	03
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$1,279,887	\$125,000	58 CA	03
NWRS	COLUSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$478,525	\$442,150	68 CA	03
NWRS	Colusa NWR	Boat Launch	\$391,507	\$204,685	46 CA	3
NWRS	COLUSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$520,422	\$66,445	18 CA	03
NWRS	SACRAMENTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$4,383,936	\$27,223	40 CA	03
NWRS	DELEVAN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$24,177	\$24,177	9 CA	03
NWRS	SUTTER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$171,985	\$20,000	40 CA	03
NWRS	SUTTER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$171,985	\$20,000	40 CA	03
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,073,800	\$223,816	22 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,180,640	\$181,842	15 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,221,114	\$116,313	21 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,633,034	\$223,816	73 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,706,713	\$223,816	72 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,190,012	\$126,450	68 CA	7
NWRS	STONE LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,333,450	\$223,816	12 CA	7
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$133,780	\$118,262	48 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$271,417	\$218,889	68 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$252,771	\$203,184	68 CA	9

NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$470,702	\$82,368	8 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,231,522	\$203,577	48 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$625,198	\$71,118	58 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$866,692	\$854,829	48 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$724,773	\$194,766	68 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$808,624	\$34,326	58 CA	9
NWRS	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$244,075	\$142,837	68 CA	9
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Storage Tank	\$176,113	\$170,487	58 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Distribution System	\$606,684	\$289,956	58 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,737,446	\$118,969	138 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Treatment Facility	\$3,211,136	\$208,438	105 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,340,315	\$53,600	74 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$213,924	\$5,795	73 CA	12
NWRS	FARALLON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$4,745,463	\$175,000	138 CA	12
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$44,125	\$27,438	32 CA	13
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$5,462,203	\$2,950,000	68 CA	13
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$557,580	\$28,200	9 CA	13
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$4,556,119	\$48,500	39 CA	13
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$277,933	\$80,600	19 CA	13
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$30,833,704	\$91,500	91 CA	13

NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$428,175	\$372,835	7 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,540,307	\$1,329,559	25 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$281,392	\$228,841	28 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$150,824	\$118,295	28 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,773,632	\$2,072,657	40 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$364,441	\$224,985	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,291,659	\$775,354	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$701,046	\$415,673	27 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$178,595	\$105,547	56 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$320,685	\$185,794	25 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$305,479	\$167,171	21 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$627,307	\$337,413	27 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,107,136	\$559,050	51 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$178,194	\$78,231	38 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$239,420	\$103,236	23 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,929,817	\$1,665,464	25 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$130,235	\$54,919	7 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$893,140	\$375,206	25 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$4,428,546	\$1,442,517	51 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$225,559	\$69,485	39 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$127,648	\$38,375	28 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,490,788	\$441,343	27 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$102,187	\$29,385	28 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,429,797	\$402,256	58 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,243,652	\$349,801	26 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$598,725	\$157,142	23 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$4,610,836	\$1,181,239	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$212,930	\$52,842	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$28,884,782	\$6,705,321	29 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,708,900	\$808,179	32 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$738,091	\$158,915	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,303,849	\$275,084	25 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$364,372	\$69,485	38 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$357,256	\$62,111	51 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$177,868	\$29,258	7 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$464,844	\$69,484	25 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,084,807	\$294,055	37 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$18,909,566	\$2,324,958	27 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$198,955	\$22,901	19 CA	16
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$407,251	\$42,757	19 CA	16

NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$208,772	\$38,000	33 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$257,567	\$17,400	33 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$500,485	\$9,100	28 CA	16
NWRS	MERCED NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$333,141	\$17,400	33 CA	16
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$152,359	\$122,000	16 CA	17
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$16,503,108	\$2,567,560	95 CA	17
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$1,766,566	\$166,500	39 CA	17
NWRS	DON EDWARDS SAN FRANCISCO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$26,002,067	\$2,066,500	78 CA	17
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,786,280	\$1,495,375	27 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$470,846	\$376,482	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$238,930	\$189,052	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$484,868	\$348,676	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$184,523	\$114,447	25 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$329,084	\$199,787	28 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$124,944	\$70,035	26 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$564,482	\$174,613	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$229,651	\$65,833	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,786,280	\$378,872	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,572,561	\$682,314	29 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$7,145,122	\$1,294,572	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$982,471	\$177,313	25 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,998,710	\$499,536	38 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,690,456	\$475,021	27 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,572,561	\$291,816	30 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$2,725,092	\$182,891	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,572,561	\$126,703	24 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,572,561	\$44,490	51 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,981,780	\$1,981,780	19 CA	18
NWRS	ELLCOTT SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$510,964	\$355,460	42 CA	18
NWRS	ELLCOTT SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$638,044	\$432,450	53 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$135,253	\$59,082	20 CA	18
NWRS	SAN LUIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$1,911,600	\$228,694	68 CA	18
NWRS	ELLCOTT SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$197,396	\$32,000	38 CA	18

NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$2,430,943	\$22,983	48 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$15,157,374	\$22,983	48 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$421,414	\$355,100	5 CA	21
NWRS	BITTER CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$391,821	\$7,360	38 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$36,809	\$36,809	55 CA	21
NWRS	BITTER CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$182,197	\$182,197	78 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$208,183	\$130,000	53 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$267,612	\$140,830	55 CA	21
NWRS	PIXLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$234,845	\$23,220	57 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$313,336	\$189,215	51 CA	21
NWRS	BITTER CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$513,696	\$235,036	38 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$200,570	\$172,620	55 CA	21
NWRS	KERN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$208,183	\$140,830	56 CA	21
NWRS	BITTER CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$356,395	\$45,000	138 CA	21
NWRS	BITTER CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$431,037	\$218,000	98 CA	21
NWRS	HOPPER MOUNTAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$435,092	\$51,950	78 CA	24
NWRS	GUADALUPE-NIPOMO DUNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$256,318	\$212,207	10 CA	24
NWRS	GUADALUPE-NIPOMO DUNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$384,045	\$231,425	8 CA	24
NWRS	GUADALUPE-NIPOMO DUNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$115,815	\$40,000	58 CA	24
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$33,770	\$29,774	23 CA	36
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$19,520	\$7,211	23 CA	36
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$106,554	\$30,579	26 CA	36
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$106,554	\$30,579	24 CA	36
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$106,554	\$30,579	24 CA	36
NWRS	COACHELLA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$106,554	\$30,579	23 CA	36
NWRS	SEAL BEACH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culverts	\$339,729	\$55,199	44 CA	38
NWRS	SEAL BEACH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$743,047	\$176,114	11 CA	38
NWRS	SAN DIEGO BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Communication System General	\$186,715	\$141,004	7 CA	49

NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$26,648	\$26,648	6 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Carport Detached	\$238,541	\$97,496	39 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$203,705	\$62,914	38 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,149,701	\$41,256	67 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$327,534	\$92,972	19 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$340,811	\$60,605	13 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$947,705	\$22,807	26 CA	51
NWRS	SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$288,904	\$163,391	28 CA	51
NWRS	SAN DIEGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$114,087	\$20,585	50 CA	52
NWRS	SAN DIEGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$512,715	\$20,585	88 CA	52
NWRS	HUMBOLDT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$40,916	\$40,916	8 CA	NULL
NWRS	TWO PONDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$660,800	\$74,055	26 CO	1
NWRS	ROCKY FLATS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$125,860	\$125,860	11 CO	1
NWRS	ROCKY FLATS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$295,350	\$295,350	78 CO	1
NWRS	ROCKY FLATS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$435,367	\$435,367	43 CO	1
NWRS	TWO PONDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$41,382	\$40,000	21 CO	1
NWRS	TWO PONDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$325,954	\$270,000	17 CO	1
NWRS	ROCKY FLATS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$300,760	\$39,790	16 CO	1
NWRS	ROCKY FLATS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$1,066,897	\$415,578	73 CO	1
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$163,700	\$163,700	50 CO	03
NWRS	ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$533,613	\$533,613	40 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$193,114	\$190,000	49 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$11,985	\$11,000	35 CO	03
NWRS	ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$156,940	\$137,917	44 CO	03
NFHS	LEADVILLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$262,779	\$230,000	66 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Animal Shelter	\$191,160	\$160,000	20 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$163,700	\$126,699	50 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$519,052	\$383,165	15 CO	03

		Building Housing Multi Family Duplex /				
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Triplex	\$735,966	\$56,864	7 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$115,250	\$115,000	49 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$291,777	\$45,000	49 CO	03
NWRS	MONTE VISTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$196,880	\$28,525	48 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$22,985	\$22,985	23 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$222,908	\$188,317	51 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,324,769	\$656,424	53 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$607,995	\$100,000	107 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$575,989	\$29,156	39 CO	03
NWRS	ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$679,344	\$31,100	3 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$903,549	\$28,120	18 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$903,549	\$17,417	19 CO	03
NWRS	ALAMOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$8,887	\$8,887	15 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$19,802	\$15,000	49 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Storage Tank	\$126,434	\$75,000	49 CO	03
NWRS	ALAMOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$202,973	\$84,810	27 CO	03
NWRS	ALAMOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,744,908	\$671,586	36 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$107,254	\$40,000	49 CO	03
NWRS	MONTE VISTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,062,990	\$700,000	46 CO	03
NWRS	MONTE VISTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$373,658	\$110,000	15 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$470,028	\$91,000	48 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$159,045	\$20,000	49 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$463,830	\$40,000	48 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$486,868	\$40,000	48 CO	03
NFHS	HOTCHKISS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$53,371	\$4,000	49 CO	03
NWRS	BROWNS PARK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$709,587	\$18,571	37 CO	03
NWRS	MONTE VISTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,244,055	\$23,699	64 CO	03
NWRS	MONTE VISTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$813,598	\$9,553	37 CO	03
NWRS	ALAMOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,830,180	\$5,000	23 CO	03
NWRS	ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$275,571	\$132,722	9 CO	03
NWRS	ARAPAHO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,120,828	\$50,000	9 CO	03

NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$165,181	\$61,591	48 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$609,257	\$95,425	47 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$474,556	\$49,236	12 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$4,859,869	\$9,504	25 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$187,017	\$147,363	58 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$8,777	\$8,777	20 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$39,383	\$39,383	28 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$916,854	\$566,367	22 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$8,808,905	\$350,000	48 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$172,477	\$53,000	23 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$563,450	\$21,997	5 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$306,024	\$5,924	12 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$125,903	\$64,398	26 CO	4
NWRS	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$255,233	\$8,326	24 CO	4
NWRS	STEWART B. MCKINNEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$2,909,880	\$317,500	12 CT	2
NWRS	STEWART B. MCKINNEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$2,615,317	\$175,600	89 CT	02
NWRS	BOMBAY HOOK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$3,929,933	\$2,535,799	37 DE	00
NWRS	PRIME HOOK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$2,032,765	\$1,035,471	21 DE	00
NWRS	PRIME HOOK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$2,373,115	\$760,000	19 DE	00
NWRS	BOMBAY HOOK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,691,028	\$125,000	81 DE	00
NWRS	PRIME HOOK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$355,804	\$355,800	17 DE	00

NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$489,896	\$489,896	51 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$343,565	\$12,000	59 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$206,506	\$56,931	60 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$311,345	\$7,346	60 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Dirt	\$2,574,941	\$1,101,509	88 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$1,045,298	\$118,701	14 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$650,212	\$866	59 FL	5
NFHS	WELAKA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$139,317	\$38,762	26 FL	5
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$428,628	\$80,450	39 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,432,700	\$131,071	18 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,615,027	\$293,484	40 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,076,056	\$293,000	38 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$18,956,700	\$293,484	38 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$99,403	\$12,000	31 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$9,813	\$9,813	24 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$104,632	\$104,632	21 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$65,393	\$30,284	50 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$222,029	\$222,029	54 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$59,623	\$19,821	23 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$84,240	\$14,040	19 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$120,611	\$21,599	46 FL	6
NWRS	LAKE WOODRUFF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$105,506	\$105,506	40 FL	6
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,156,571	\$21,362	98 FL	6
NWRS	PELICAN ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$200,214	\$200,214	10 FL	8

NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,066,248	\$20,001	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$759,500	\$12,200	34 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,086,476	\$27,000	55 FL	8
NWRS	PELICAN ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$283,385	\$200,000	16 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$495,625	\$84,070	20 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$716,944	\$69,300	34 FL	8
NWRS	PELICAN ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$114,276	\$9,502	16 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$802,556	\$56,286	34 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$7,805,700	\$51,078	58 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$15,795,622	\$36,210	55 FL	8
NWRS	ST. JOHNS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$532,027	\$532,027	39 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,532,077	\$467,125	38 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$533,366	\$18,974	25 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,322,019	\$41,431	10 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,004,965	\$15,753	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,323,393	\$812,878	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,632,060	\$91,096	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,050,777	\$13,629	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$63,000	\$10,089	55 FL	8
NWRS	MERRITT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$974,255	\$57,334	55 FL	8

NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$46,371	\$46,371	36 FL	17
NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$510,055	\$371,973	33 FL	17
NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$357,759	\$26,400	39 FL	17
NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$206,163	\$98,000	66 FL	17
NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$300,854	\$97,500	19 FL	17
NWRS	J. N. DING DARLING NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$95,403	\$46,657	13 FL	17
NWRS	HOBE SOUND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$40,517	\$40,517	12 FL	18
NWRS	HOBE SOUND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$821,705	\$797,865	34 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pavilion	\$131,168	\$107,556	10 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,431,992	\$349,638	30 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$819,376	\$56,272	24 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$965,162	\$30,698	31 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sewage Treatment Facility/ Plant	\$2,729,119	\$24,000	24 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,589,826	\$11,050	63 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$9,856,350	\$22,100	44 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$24,304,426	\$50,000	62 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pavilion	\$425,982	\$114,782	10 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$314,369	\$26,499	25 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$53,007,063	\$28,653	35 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$7,487	\$7,173	10 FL	18
NWRS	ARTHUR R. MARSHALL LOXAHATCHEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$454,061	\$112,112	61 FL	18

NWRS	NATIONAL KEY DEER REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,321,268	\$1,316,012	53 FL	26
NWRS	NATIONAL KEY DEER REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$304,600	\$51,290	23 FL	26
NWRS	NATIONAL KEY DEER REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$563,020	\$57,955	10 FL	26
NWRS	NATIONAL KEY DEER REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$21,590	24 FL	26
NWRS	BAKER ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$21,718	\$21,718	22 FQ	0
NWRS	BAKER ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$1,337,049	\$110,000	81 FQ	0
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Communication Tower	\$55,924	\$55,924	33 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,806,975	\$1,800,000	13 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Pavilion	\$103,817	\$100,500	36 GA	1
NWRS	WASSAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$963,022	\$909,496	8 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Boat Launch	\$36,926	\$34,000	47 GA	1
NWRS	WASSAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$576,291	\$530,490	12 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$898,417	\$769,500	34 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Pavilion	\$97,318	\$79,233	47 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Pavilion	\$97,318	\$79,233	43 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Pavilion	\$97,318	\$79,233	45 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$30,000	56 GA	1
NWRS	HARRIS NECK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$403,328	\$260,000	37 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Water Well	\$49,365	\$31,000	39 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$983,747	\$522,500	25 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Visitor Center	\$5,413,065	\$2,714,565	51 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$470,189	\$183,766	27 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$133,238	\$20,000	92 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$131,190	\$19,600	34 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Housing Cabin	\$132,479	\$17,000	91 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$195,212	\$24,595	27 GA	01
NWRS	HARRIS NECK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$326,270	\$37,610	76 GA	01
NWRS	HARRIS NECK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$434,476	\$35,705	76 GA	01
NWRS	HARRIS NECK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$545,160	\$35,705	55 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$200,435	\$11,500	48 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$738,123	\$38,600	37 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$671,698	\$21,481	25 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$671,698	\$18,184	27 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$1,078,915	\$22,633	27 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$873,207	\$18,230	27 GA	1
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$1,066,320	\$19,545	25 GA	01
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Road Bridge	\$1,570,094	\$27,885	26 GA	1

NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$163,363	\$19,500	25 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Distribution System	\$136,113	\$8,511	23 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$607,688	\$17,800	20 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$220,745	\$5,304	23 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$78,860	\$874	68 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$339,530	\$1,114	17 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$609,511	\$1,638	19 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$235,325	\$462	54 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$174,192	\$202	52 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,008,320	\$1,008,000	80 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$128,645	\$16,467	20 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Kettle	\$48,310	\$2,947	20 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$62,068	\$1,954	53 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$547,075	\$52,264	53 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$522,135	\$49,201	19 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$711,109	\$1,695	53 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$522,114	\$434,830	45 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$2,705,920	\$144,952	54 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$191,044	\$1,622	54 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$100,920	\$3,211	68 GA	03
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$272,756	\$272,756	68 GA	03
NWRS	OKEFENOKEE NWR	Building Office	\$654,554	\$438,302	19 GA	4
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$112,361	\$108,587	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$112,774	\$96,500	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$112,774	\$90,460	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$112,774	\$90,460	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$112,774	\$90,460	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,390,705	\$939,624	82 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$3,107,315	\$175,000	9 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$579,884	\$457,800	34 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$201,509	\$35,000	40 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,049,659	\$63,500	17 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,783,060	\$52,500	62 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$1,144,608	\$30,000	17 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$410,129	\$8,125	41 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$16,885	\$15,000	38 GA	6
NWRS	SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$412,504	\$216,000	73 GA	6
NWRS	BANKS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$612,447	\$163,850	24 GA	08

NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Utility System	\$29,004	\$475	50 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$306,404	\$30,141	58 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Culvert Road Bridge	\$524,149	\$23,637	53 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$238,686	\$3,141	82 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Bridge	\$42,541	\$6,015	52 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Culvert Road Bridge	\$607,869	\$60,000	60 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$62,127	\$301	58 GA	09
NFHS	CHATTAHOOCHEE FOREST NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$101,247	\$1,337	53 GA	09
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$2,708,911	\$1,467,604	52 GA	10
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$3,200,682	\$1,282,985	55 GA	10
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$3,006,223	\$60,355	55 GA	10
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$3,800,481	\$1,430,305	55 GA	10
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,750,127	\$247,889	55 GA	10
NWRS	PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$57,490	\$55,337	16 GA	10
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Building Pump/Well House	\$26,535	\$26,535	67 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Water Distribution System	\$1,566,810	\$25,000	67 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Fish Production Raceway	\$785,215	\$69,792	37 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Fish Production Kettle	\$306,262	\$2,890	67 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Fish Production Pond	\$5,805,262	\$1,137,967	67 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Building Fish Production	\$784,971	\$47,490	66 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Building Pump/Well House	\$292,143	\$149,070	63 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$1,731,330	\$387,683	55 GA	12
NFHS	BO GINN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND AQUARIUM	Parking Lot	\$143,899	\$13,093	59 GA	12

NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$355,418	\$344,064	105 HI	02
NWRS	HAWAIIAN ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$374,038	\$362,089	47 HI	02
NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$56,729	\$50,000	85 HI	02
NWRS	JAMES CAMPBELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$297,555	\$211,045	38 HI	02
NWRS	KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Greenhouse	\$64,230	\$39,950	17 HI	02
NWRS	HAWAIIAN ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$26,922	\$16,458	47 HI	02
NWRS	KAKAHAIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$39,126	\$23,055	27 HI	02
NWRS	HAWAIIAN ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$24,159,570	\$14,217,200	76 HI	02
NWRS	HANAIEI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,086,717	\$1,000,000	73 HI	02
NWRS	HAKALAU FOREST NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$610,967	\$198,000	15 HI	02
NWRS	HANAIEI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$1,664,408	\$261,828	27 HI	02
NWRS	KAKAHAIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$123,900	\$11,945	35 HI	02
NWRS	HANAIEI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$468,487	\$36,408	30 HI	02
NWRS	HAWAIIAN ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$3,078,142	\$42,300	47 HI	02
NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$5,242,949	\$41,949	65 HI	02
NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$57,549	\$16,107	32 HI	02
NWRS	HANAIEI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$730,369	\$525,000	22 HI	02
NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$674,047	\$460,774	18 HI	02
NWRS	HAKALAU FOREST NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$179,565	\$102,000	88 HI	02
NWRS	HAKALAU FOREST NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$575,958	\$169,206	38 HI	02
NWRS	JAMES CAMPBELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,295,909	\$649,672	118 HI	02
NWRS	KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$5,679,544	\$50,000	6 HI	02
NWRS	KILAUEA POINT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$41,004	\$25,066	105 HI	02
NWRS	HAKALAU FOREST NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$122,220	\$21,240	32 HI	02

NWRS	NEAL SMITH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$132,343	\$57,127	48 IA	2
NWRS	NEAL SMITH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$320,341	\$66,278	68 IA	2
NWRS	NEAL SMITH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$266,951	\$51,999	68 IA	2
NWRS	NEAL SMITH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$364,360	\$65,394	68 IA	2
NWRS	NEAL SMITH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$104,111	\$55,491	68 IA	2
NWRS	PORT LOUISA NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$148,708	\$68,573	61 IA	3
NWRS	PORT LOUISA NWR	Levee	\$413,000	\$64,166	13 IA	3
NWRS	PORT LOUISA NWR	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$619,465	\$24,385	22 IA	3
NWRS	PORT LOUISA NWR	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$305,856	\$19,816	21 IA	3
NWRS	DESOTO NWR	Fencing	\$1,899,322	\$524,598	58 IA	04
NWRS	DESOTO NWR	Road Paved	\$1,153,421	\$1,015,000	55 IA	4
NWRS	UNION SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$447,143	\$25,453	32 IA	4
NWRS	DESOTO NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,099,718	\$15,690	48 IA	04
NWRS	IOWA WMD	Levee	\$9,675,434	\$96,141	18 IA	4
NWRS	UNION SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,715,920	\$143,007	32 IA	4
NWRS	UNION SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,863,467	\$340,908	64 IA	5
NWRS	UNION SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,233,536	\$287,870	52 IA	5
NWRS	PORT LOUISA NWR	Parking Lot	\$255,812	\$125,535	56 IA	17
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$259,306	\$230,000	38 ID	01
NFHS	MCCALL NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$2,698,252	\$930,000	37 ID	01
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Sewage Treatment Facility/ Plant	\$945,039	\$268,981	51 ID	01
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$1,188,859	\$300,000	44 ID	01
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$849,661	\$138,762	44 ID	01
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$2,270,843	\$300,000	51 ID	01
NFHS	KOOSKIA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$4,289,500	\$266,000	38 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$327,096	\$15,000	52 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$66,779,930	\$2,591,848	88 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$981,288	\$15,000	39 ID	01
NFHS	CLEARWATER FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$2,769,091	\$5,319	27 ID	01
NWRS	DEER FLAT NWR	Road Gravel	\$13,864,558	\$10,797	80 ID	01
NFHS	CLEARWATER FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$17,219,291	\$6,596	27 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$178,332	\$23,718	44 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$123,900	\$15,000	52 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$326,270	\$15,000	52 ID	01
NWRS	KOOTENAI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$428,066	\$5,310	17 ID	01
NWRS	DEER FLAT NWR	Building Garage Detached	\$102,721	\$9,600	60 ID	01

NWRS	BEAR LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$16,361,408	\$37,568	21 ID	02
NWRS	BEAR LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$23,512,765	\$40,000	37 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$8,495,524	\$13,136	61 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$192,204	\$192,204	73 ID	02
NWRS	BEAR LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$380,508	\$338,507	21 ID	02
NWRS	MINIDOKA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,273,664	\$1,020,000	64 ID	02
NWRS	GRAYS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,076,622	\$780,000	52 ID	02
NWRS	BEAR LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$24,794	\$5,487	36 ID	02
NWRS	BEAR LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$3,917,955	\$696,516	49 ID	02
NFHS	HAGERMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$824,222	\$65,000	67 ID	02
NFHS	HAGERMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$684,259	\$50,000	35 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$374,349	\$15,453	79 ID	02
NWRS	GRAYS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$918,362	\$36,108	46 ID	02
NWRS	MINIDOKA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$7,737,682	\$28,497	76 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$12,163,623	\$43,896	81 ID	02
NWRS	GRAYS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Mobile Home Pad	\$56,732	\$56,732	22 ID	02
NWRS	GRAYS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$145,535	\$141,162	83 ID	02
NWRS	GRAYS LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$131,392	\$61,518	52 ID	02
	OXFORD SLOUGH WATERFOWL PRODUCTION					
NWRS	AREA	Levee	\$123,900	\$22,656	32 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$878,726	\$34,327	17 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,451,600	\$13,136	20 ID	02
NWRS	MINIDOKA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$5,579,585	\$1,334,580	109 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,518,019	\$350,000	16 ID	02
NWRS	MINIDOKA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$131,382	\$22,656	88 ID	02
NWRS	MINIDOKA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$128,026	\$8,735	78 ID	02
NFHS	HAGERMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$1,038,515	\$200,000	35 ID	02
NWRS	CAMAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$69,336	\$9,912	79 ID	02
NFHS	HAGERMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$174,644	\$25,000	34 ID	02
NFHS	HAGERMAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$12,809	\$12,000	34 ID	02
NFHS	MAGIC VALLEY HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$1,589,574	\$240,000	31 ID	02
NFHS	SAWTOOTH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$2,896,697	\$86,250	33 ID	02
	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$278,051	\$251,534	16 IL	1
	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Levee	\$3,434,508	\$191,500	16 IL	1
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,180,640	\$17,744	22 IL	2
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$7,326,950	\$47,392	21 IL	2

NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$689,401	\$120,000	38 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$127,755	\$22,104	25 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,766,851	\$223,687	78 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$165,200	\$20,368	68 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$282,822	\$31,951	29 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$492,583	\$48,932	22 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$253,794	\$21,380	28 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$974,662	\$68,000	25 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$707,056	\$46,622	54 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$206,820	\$12,130	78 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,421,832	\$104,201	23 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,445,543	\$203,939	25 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$802,253	\$22,947	52 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dams, Significant Hazard (including High Hazard)	\$49,454,911	\$1,000,000	59 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,755,536	\$49,575	51 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dams, Significant Hazard (including High Hazard)	\$66,102,859	\$1,000,000	79 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,083,733	\$20,589	48 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Laboratory	\$399,197	\$17,750	71 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$401,731	\$373,897	50 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$185,449	\$152,332	28 IL	12

NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$7,219,099	\$664,700	78 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,096,424	\$94,696	43 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$875,543	\$60,400	88 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,858,515	\$123,303	78 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$7,945,965	\$500,000	88 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$3,726,232	\$218,164	25 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$975,713	\$21,367	16 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$810,571	\$15,400	38 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$394,969	\$7,500	23 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$3,354,439	\$3,348,051	24 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$91,308	\$70,153	43 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$59,532	\$27,671	42 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Storage Tank	\$1,327,500	\$408,315	15 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,142,272	\$926,100	78 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$939,402	\$198,274	38 IL	12
NWRS	CYPRESS CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$140,361	\$5,320	29 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Storage Tank	\$3,403,037	\$108,315	20 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sewage Treatment Facility/ Plant	\$4,601,051	\$54,615	46 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$554,646	\$554,074	44 IL	12
NWRS	CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Laboratory	\$3,900,638	\$379,512	71 IL	12

NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Road Paved	\$958,141	\$72,800	47 IL	13
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Parking Lot	\$254,635	\$17,100	38 IL	13
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$6,033	15 IL	16
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$5,000	15 IL	16
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$102,368	\$65,943	43 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$570,689	\$239,421	40 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$747,530	\$162,109	27 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$247,800	\$37,609	23 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Levee	\$4,886,616	\$604,000	22 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Building Office	\$2,461,037	\$267,000	53 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$788,830	\$59,411	33 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$4,361,280	\$188,379	27 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$6,657,560	\$171,484	55 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Levee	\$50,247,232	\$1,150,431	21 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$1,751,120	\$34,138	22 IL	17
NWRS	EMIQUON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$38,524,640	\$420,106	17 IL	17
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$40,044,480	\$117,062	22 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Trail Unpaved	\$152,532	\$10,228	10 IL	17
NWRS	EMIQUON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,212,842	\$218,491	9 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Road Paved	\$4,162,958	\$2,180,000	68 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Road Paved	\$17,037,135	\$8,560,200	68 IL	17
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-SAVANNA DISTRICT - RAO	Building Office	\$2,259,534	\$1,088,827	18 IL	17

NWRS	GREAT RIVER NWR	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$11,760	22 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$471,040	\$124,636	45 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$133,576	\$26,782	41 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$88,107	\$15,742	40 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$133,078	\$15,908	45 IL	18
NWRS	GREAT RIVER NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$3,050,530	\$345,735	68 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,978,048	\$559,000	22 IL	18
NWRS	GREAT RIVER NWR	Levee	\$5,112,940	\$387,048	68 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$246,258	\$5,895	30 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$28,251,492	\$591,189	82 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,362,900	\$15,237	45 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$129,817	\$32,077	40 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$956,685	\$675,000	55 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,830,946	\$1,027,603	53 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$920,481	\$200,000	10 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$446,534	\$44,961	19 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$474,058	\$16,900	47 IL	18
NWRS	MEREDOSIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$975,378	\$12,000	45 IL	18
NWRS	CHAUTAUQUA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$276,036	\$25,466	78 IL	18
NWRS	GREAT RIVER NWR	Culverts	\$113,377	\$36,585	38 IL	18
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$3,661,245	\$182,371	60 IL	20
NWRS	TWO RIVERS NWR	Levee	\$1,615,346	\$54,927	43 IL	20
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$687,668	\$636,422	108 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$493,232	\$362,613	118 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,008,990	\$647,023	121 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$71,248	\$27,209	58 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$183,237	\$25,501	122 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$227,453	\$26,336	108 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$134,038	\$10,566	120 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$237,811	\$15,159	98 IN	6
NWRS	BIG OAKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$106,683	\$5,895	18 IN	6

NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$7,689	38 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,320,843	\$70,910	48 IN	9
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$483,822	\$18,034	36 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$585,777	\$13,964	48 IN	9
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$696,938	\$16,294	17 IN	9
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$666,573	\$9,137	38 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$34,171	\$34,146	50 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$539,312	\$498,369	48 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$168,787	\$126,930	46 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$226,724	\$169,402	58 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$438,146	\$32,025	58 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$71,761	\$4,769	48 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$71,761	\$4,769	48 IN	09
NWRS	MUSCATATUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pavilion	\$168,438	\$12,278	31 IN	9
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$467,280	\$467,200	88 KS	1
NWRS	KIRWIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,191,170	\$1,068,267	63 KS	01
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$2,508,090	\$1,330,814	52 KS	1
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$287,109	\$86,554	40 KS	1
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$687,603	\$198,000	38 KS	1
NWRS	KIRWIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$229,605	\$65,985	19 KS	01
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$661,488	\$178,854	12 KS	1
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,851,396	\$501,448	40 KS	01
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,128,867	\$128,153	31 KS	1
NWRS	KIRWIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$79,894	\$8,742	17 KS	01
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,622,631	\$166,800	28 KS	1
NWRS	FLINT HILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,762,133	\$157,947	31 KS	1

NWRS	MARAIS DES CYGNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$527,672	\$48,008	58 KS	02
NWRS	MARAIS DES CYGNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$170,845	\$155,000	20 KS	02
NWRS	MARAIS DES CYGNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$798,785	\$15,722	12 KS	02
NWRS	MARAIS DES CYGNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$40,044	\$13,116	53 KS	02
NWRS	MARAIS DES CYGNES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,080,128	\$216,233	55 KS	02
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$183,596	\$183,596	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,332,370	\$2,664,906	53 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$817,719	\$149,860	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,473,905	\$209,165	50 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$412,765	\$50,000	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,744,512	\$171,893	53 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$852,814	\$55,000	52 KS	4
NWRS	GREAT PLAINS NATURE CENTER	Building Multi-Purpose	\$12,137,231	\$481,365	22 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,052,896	\$88,926	50 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,925,152	\$80,302	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,635,480	\$1,635,480	58 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,556,144	\$21,268	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$117,108	\$115,000	24 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,889,251	\$100,406	39 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$17,470	\$17,470	12 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$706,042	\$706,042	54 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$26,945	\$26,000	21 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$385,862	\$50,000	60 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Bridge	\$15,954	\$15,954	33 KS	4
NWRS	QUIVIRA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Bridge	\$17,725	\$17,725	33 KS	4
NWRS	CLARKS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$160,807	\$150,000	28 KY	01
NWRS	CLARKS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$917,121	\$250,000	16 KY	01
NWRS	CLARKS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$245,735	\$60,000	16 KY	01
NFHS	WOLF CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$11,446,426	\$1,931,355	42 KY	01
NWRS	CLARKS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$407,053	\$61,724	13 KY	01
NFHS	WOLF CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$557,189	\$54,733	26 KY	01
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Pole Barn	\$294,528	\$24,771	16 KY	01
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$737,419	\$33,136	36 KY	01
NWRS	CLARKS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,163,008	\$26,150	12 KY	1

NWRS	BIG BRANCH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$6,420,336	\$471,207	54 LA	01
NWRS	BOGUE CHITTO NWR	Boardwalk	\$134,887	\$134,887	8 LA	01
NWRS	BOGUE CHITTO NWR	Road Gravel	\$342,646	\$300,000	26 LA	1
NWRS	BOGUE CHITTO NWR	Road Bridge	\$634,019	\$473,000	58 LA	1
NWRS	BOGUE CHITTO NWR	Road Bridge	\$716,407	\$500,733	58 LA	1
NWRS	BIG BRANCH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$641,144	\$230,961	57 LA	01
NWRS	DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$188,008	\$5,442	38 LA	1
NWRS	BIG BRANCH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,107,682	\$869,059	59 LA	1
NWRS	BIG BRANCH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$180,192	\$13,908	11 LA	01
NWRS	BAYOU SAUVAGE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$8,734	23 LA	02
NWRS	BAYOU SAUVAGE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$378,294	\$50,605	10 LA	02
NWRS	BAYOU SAUVAGE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$922,484	\$425,090	11 LA	02
NWRS	SABINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,613,292	\$1,413,095	60 LA	3
NWRS	LACASSINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,778,950	\$616,146	24 LA	3
NWRS	SABINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$118,055	\$23,470	81 LA	3
NWRS	LACASSINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,436,155	\$493,000	30 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$13,074,095	\$1,472,766	62 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,781,853	\$398,678	62 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,626,205	\$264,733	62 LA	3
NWRS	DELTA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,777,997	\$185,495	14 LA	03
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$8,274,031	\$486,806	62 LA	3
NWRS	LACASSINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,087,449	\$174,832	22 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$12,863,363	\$716,639	62 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,846,726	\$101,055	62 LA	3
NWRS	CAMERON PRAIRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,273,710	\$338,953	62 LA	3
NWRS	SABINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,550,467	\$61,545	9 LA	3

NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$719,020	\$5,428	57 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$2,483,346	\$18,000	51 LA	04
NWRS	RED RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,628,817	\$12,339	14 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$429,449	\$1,443	60 LA	04
NWRS	RED RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,190,486	\$792,683	14 LA	04
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$287,528	\$131,604	24 LA	04
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,750,060	\$582,161	37 LA	04
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$159,300	\$14,348	25 LA	4
NWRS	RED RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$2,194,126	\$1,421,355	15 LA	04
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$313,076	\$202,150	35 LA	4
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$263,578	\$65,107	11 LA	04
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$197,886	\$18,957	37 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$307,242	\$26,512	45 LA	04
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$351,342	\$17,321	21 LA	4
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Environmental Education Center	\$146,675	\$5,498	64 LA	04
NWRS	RED RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$687,000	\$342,749	15 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$356,868	\$30,794	56 LA	04
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$144,383	\$121,332	35 LA	4
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$182,480	\$121,332	35 LA	04
NWRS	UPPER OUACHITA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$167,631	\$43,038	25 LA	04
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$128,378	\$18,428	24 LA	4
NWRS	D'ARBONNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$247,318	\$18,428	24 LA	4
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$16,000	\$3,844	52 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$325,021	\$15,624	51 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$327,541	\$15,624	51 LA	04
NWRS	RED RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Grain Bin	\$166,376	\$99,612	14 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$20,048	\$4,487	25 LA	04
NFHS	NATCHITOCHE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$80,622	\$6,644	52 LA	04
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$43,365	\$43,365	26 LA	05
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$49,507	\$48,700	15 LA	5

NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$105,215	\$13,659	21 LA	05
NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$4,926,563	\$121,306	13 LA	05
NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$3,162,740	\$58,810	113 LA	05
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$152,928	\$40,300	19 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$172,044	\$28,500	30 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$895,712	\$71,500	31 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$88,934	\$5,825	33 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,019,770	\$59,556	31 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$1,095,842	\$39,500	29 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$1,221,913	\$35,800	7 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$17,550,102	\$20,000	29 LA	5
NWRS	GRAND COTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$1,038,535	\$1,038,535	12 LA	05
NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$2,474,973	\$2,470,156	16 LA	05
NWRS	CATAHOULA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$286,524	\$277,367	39 LA	05
NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$198,026	\$175,794	14 LA	05
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$193,570	\$104,075	23 LA	05
NWRS	CAT ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,182,209	\$535,000	28 LA	5
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$149,132	\$35,668	23 LA	05
NWRS	BLACK BAYOU LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$159,300	\$7,005	16 LA	05
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$8,718,069	\$123,479	40 LA	05
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$8,671,156	\$102,665	40 LA	05
NWRS	GRAND COTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$801,162	\$760,756	22 LA	05
NWRS	GRAND COTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$44,928	\$30,328	17 LA	05
NWRS	GRAND COTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$142,347	\$51,460	14 LA	05
NWRS	LAKE OPHELIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$155,134	\$15,361	16 LA	05
NWRS	GRAND COTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$305,403	\$27,397	22 LA	05
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$778,886	\$29,400	11 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$2,860,725	\$54,500	14 LA	5
NWRS	TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$58,037	\$57,500	25 LA	5
NWRS	BAYOU COCODRIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$67,670	\$9,200	21 LA	5



NFHS	RICHARD CRONIN NATIONAL SALMON STATION	Building Fish Production	\$3,166,793	\$65,000	35 MA	1
NFHS	MERRIMACK RIVER ATLANTIC SALMON SMOLT RELEASE SITE	Fish Production Raceway	\$415,402	\$40,000	35 MA	1
NFHS	RICHARD CRONIN NATIONAL SALMON STATION	Road Paved	\$626,026	\$56,320	25 MA	1
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$2,666,393	\$83,600	63 MA	1
NFHS	RICHARD CRONIN NATIONAL SALMON STATION	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$225,539	\$200,000	29 MA	1
NFHS	RICHARD CRONIN NATIONAL SALMON STATION	Parking Lot	\$208,405	\$155,000	25 MA	1
NWRS	OXBOW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$11,613	\$11,613	43 MA	1
NWRS	SILVIO O CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$947,848	\$436,000	33 MA	01
NFHS	RICHARD CRONIN NATIONAL SALMON STATION	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$158,831	\$15,000	65 MA	1
NFHS	BERKSHIRE TROUT HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$539,072	\$55,000	118 MA	01
NWRS	ASSABET RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$228,633	\$221,329	138 MA	3
NWRS	ASSABET RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$6,142,084	\$170,000	8 MA	3
NWRS	ASSABET RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Floating	\$21,002	\$21,002	14 MA	3
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$175,995	\$55,000	60 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,606,285	\$352,000	25 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Bulkhead	\$47,987	\$9,000	17 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Drainage Ditch	\$121,480	\$5,000	33 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$1,504,234	\$50,000	66 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Public Display Pond	\$47,677	\$35,000	25 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$794,010	\$276,000	25 MA	4
NFHS	NORTH ATTLEBORO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$620,374	\$96,000	64 MA	4

NWRS	PARKER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$139,221	\$11,000	59 MA	06
NWRS	PARKER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$135,080	\$13,671	61 MA	06
NWRS	MONOMOY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$116,000	\$70,800	18 MA	9
NWRS	MONOMOY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$968,190	\$217,000	62 MA	9
NWRS	MONOMOY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$137,792	\$100,800	14 MA	9
NWRS	NANTUCKET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$58,000	\$12,800	20 MA	9
NWRS	BLACKWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$2,263,388	\$200,000	28 MD	01
NWRS	BLACKWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$574,795	\$185,900	30 MD	01
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$639,765	\$450,000	76 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,662,521	\$74,336	12 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Road Paved	\$24,932,407	\$3,014,000	76 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$10,440,168	\$460,416	104 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$475,317	\$106,972	27 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$791,698	\$3,600	26 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$36,982	76 MD	2
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Road Paved	\$2,384,839	\$1,130,000	62 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Office	\$7,185,746	\$950,000	79 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Sewage Treatment Facility/ Plant	\$225,882	\$25,000	42 MD	05
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Road Paved	\$10,623,374	\$79,900	82 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Levee	\$290,752	\$100,000	71 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$298,511	\$298,511	26 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$534,606	\$381,932	66 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$4,531,182	\$2,529,293	54 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$72,055	\$26,500	16 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,064,088	\$265,379	79 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Water Well	\$204,662	\$40,303	42 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,355,890	\$144,973	65 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$44,413	\$4,700	19 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Office	\$3,334,107	\$344,500	82 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$748,715	\$61,300	42 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$858,058	\$6,351	24 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,944,781	\$1,799,254	42 MD	05
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$482,834	\$50,000	42 MD	05
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,951,812	\$132,200	42 MD	05
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$539,967	\$83,534	79 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$112,873	\$31,834	25 MD	5
NWRS	PATUXENT RESEARCH REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$484,374	\$341,300	42 MD	5
NWRS	RACHEL CARSON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$1,862,109	\$1,862,102	28 ME	01

NFHS	SULLIVAN CRK NFH	Building Fish Production	\$838,980	\$194,282	5 MI	01
NFHS	SULLIVAN CRK NFH	Building Animal Shelter	\$6,435,665	\$1,411,891	15 MI	01
NFHS	PENDILLS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$435,420	\$81,036	7 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$394,518	\$70,604	8 MI	1
NFHS	SULLIVAN CRK NFH	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$557,783	\$46,556	56 MI	01
NFHS	JORDAN RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Prod Oxygenation Systems	\$163,460	\$12,870	54 MI	01
NFHS	JORDAN RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$457,561	\$20,379	4 MI	01
NFHS	JORDAN RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$602,477	\$20,307	4 MI	01
NFHS	PENDILLS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$5,414,430	\$124,071	40 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,675,255	\$32,725	80 MI	1
NFHS	JORDAN RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Solid Waste System	\$5,549,575	\$88,604	7 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$60,968,228	\$681,176	76 MI	01
NFHS	JORDAN RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Animal Shelter	\$1,801,552	\$10,200	6 MI	01
NFHS	SULLIVAN CRK NFH	Building Single Family Housing	\$352,384	\$67,719	54 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$533,278	\$500,000	55 MI	01
NWRS	MICHIGAN ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$121,406	\$79,432	26 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$2,835,558	\$1,231,819	55 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$896,721	\$354,276	78 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$207,946	\$73,206	78 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$110,709	\$29,990	82 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$213,458	\$52,045	47 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$380,899	\$86,800	53 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$205,403	\$42,610	82 MI	01
NFHS	PENDILLS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$379,490	\$71,259	60 MI	01
NFHS	PENDILLS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$379,490	\$67,719	60 MI	01
NFHS	PENDILLS CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$379,490	\$67,719	57 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$252,694	\$41,415	60 MI	1
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$173,849	\$27,914	82 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,568,736	\$412,379	83 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$6,932,355	\$1,000,000	79 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$362,186	\$50,779	65 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$499,654	\$69,670	36 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$362,186	\$49,023	53 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$164,245	\$12,700	83 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$289,783	\$22,400	35 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$319,549	\$18,582	83 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$1,751,086	\$80,000	82 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$372,171	\$16,197	64 MI	01
NWRS	SENEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,564,902	\$40,340	78 MI	01

NWRS	SHIAWASSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,367,141	\$49,750	36 MI	4
NWRS	SHIAWASSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$238,406	\$5,500	37 MI	4
NWRS	SHIAWASSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$977,261	\$18,224	40 MI	4
NWRS	SHIAWASSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$494,400	\$186,071	68 MI	04
NWRS	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$714,835	\$32,360	9 MI	7
NWRS	MICHIGAN WETLAND MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	Levee	\$66,080	\$16,856	11 MI	08
NWRS	MICHIGAN WETLAND MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	Levee	\$66,080	\$16,855	10 MI	08
NWRS	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$54,656	\$52,060	68 MI	11
NWRS	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$267,270	\$255,579	15 MI	16
NWRS	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,299,298	\$100,000	57 MI	16
NWRS	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$206,500	\$22,880	9 MI	16
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$326,000	\$310,000	17 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$16,000	\$15,000	20 MN	1
NWRS	WINDOM WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$251,039	\$225,238	41 MN	1
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$28,734	\$25,258	38 MN	1
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$40,794	\$32,573	31 MN	1
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-WINONA DISTRICT - RAO	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$142,497	\$100,000	31 MN	01
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$516,861	\$300,000	49 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Drainage Ditch	\$422,255	\$245,000	19 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$540,957	\$260,000	49 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$553,542	\$239,000	49 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Animal Shelter	\$1,969,467	\$743,000	14 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$648,839	\$200,000	22 MN	1
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$648,839	\$200,000	22 MN	1
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-LA CROSSE DISTRICT - RAO	Drainage Ditch	\$654,724	\$78,305	9 MN	1
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-LA CROSSE DISTRICT - RAO	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$101,745	9 MN	1

NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$427,704	\$28,715	13 MN	1
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-WINONA DISTRICT - RAO	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$89,463	\$36,277	47 MN	01
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-WINONA DISTRICT - RAO	Pole Barn	\$1,972,997.	\$577,000	23 MN	01
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$75,891	\$15,000	19 MN	1
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culverts	\$23,151	\$22,968	40 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$19,763	16 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$19,763	16 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$123,405	\$100,964	24 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$19,055	16 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$19,055	16 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$552,983	\$417,029	32 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY WMD	Drainage Ditch	\$110,746	\$72,216	38 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$41,604	\$26,212	23 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$149,220	\$93,358	23 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$163,035	\$97,619	24 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$14,057	37 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,863	29 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,863	37 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,863	30 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,863	33 MN	2
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,863	30 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY WMD	Drainage Ditch	\$114,656	\$53,303	20 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$127,348	\$56,268	22 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$507,990	\$117,663	40 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY WMD	Levee	\$1,148,140	\$118,368	38 MN	2
NWRS	MINNESOTA VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$440,533	\$44,767	40 MN	2

NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$11,925	23 MN	6
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$6,027,721	\$750,000	23 MN	6
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$619,682	\$16,400	38 MN	6
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Parking Lot	\$547,501	\$9,000	21 MN	6
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,169,684	\$143,558	39 MN	6
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$22,662	28 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$50,509	\$47,223	24 MN	7
NWRS	DETROIT LAKES WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$37,656	\$33,651	33 MN	07
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$37,048	\$31,914	38 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$65,846	\$52,197	24 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Building Office	\$1,320,843	\$1,018,957	23 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$63,731	\$47,876	26 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$63,206	\$47,156	24 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$63,102	\$46,813	24 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$154,630	\$93,412	104 MN	7
NWRS	HAMDEN SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$13,189	13 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$341,268	\$171,292	104 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$98,956	\$42,640	28 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$353,142	\$93,412	79 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$95,194	\$24,487	28 MN	7
NWRS	TAMARAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$5,642	39 MN	7
NWRS	RYDELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$280,313	\$62,641	68 MN	07
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$339,232	\$70,986	104 MN	7
NWRS	BIG STONE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$122,450	\$24,928	40 MN	7
NWRS	DETROIT LAKES WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$111,753	\$20,815	12 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$201,506	\$30,874	26 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,523,845	\$385,959	37 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Levee	\$206,500	\$27,673	55 MN	7
NWRS	TAMARAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$630,620	\$71,889	51 MN	07
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$117,658	\$8,566	22 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Levee	\$413,000	\$27,673	48 MN	7
NWRS	DETROIT LAKES WMD	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$518,615	\$33,651	30 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,413,702	\$88,402	23 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Levee	\$1,404,200	\$83,536	48 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Levee	\$1,445,500	\$83,536	55 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$420,428	\$23,685	24 MN	7
NWRS	DETROIT LAKES WMD	Levee	\$1,094,450	\$41,802	33 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Levee	\$10,610,539	\$40,885	63 MN	7
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Levee	\$35,437,052	\$108,324	79 MN	7

NWRS	HAMDEN SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$5,000	16 MN	07
NWRS	BIG STONE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$310,941	\$16,300	38 MN	7
NWRS	TAMARAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$115,822	\$5,000	28 MN	07
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Fire Tower	\$244,786	\$10,000	55 MN	07
NWRS	RYDELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$150,983	\$5,400	68 MN	07
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Road Bridge	\$477,424	\$12,799	27 MN	07
NWRS	AGASSIZ NWR	Parking Lot	\$356,772	\$5,900	17 MN	07
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Building Office	\$2,281,504	\$25,493	17 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$434,323	\$21,732	38 MN	07
NWRS	RYDELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$609,431	\$589,962	48 MN	07
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$579,097	\$394,496	48 MN	07
NWRS	MORRIS WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$606,674	\$90,000	32 MN	7
NWRS	LITCHFIELD WMD	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$295,753	\$21,731	37 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Building Garage Detached	\$138,166	\$10,139	15 MN	07
NWRS	BIG STONE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$661,826	\$45,724	11 MN	7
NWRS	FERGUS FALLS WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$351,595	\$23,459	33 MN	07
NWRS	RYDELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$193,032	\$12,860	48 MN	07
NWRS	BIG STONE WMD	Fencing	\$491,344	\$15,841	98 MN	7
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Drainage Ditch	\$252,553	\$119,860	83 MN	8
NWRS	CRANE MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$947,735	\$188,495	38 MN	8
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Levee	\$5,451,600	\$333,206	78 MN	8
NWRS	CRANE MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,637,888	\$88,583	48 MN	8
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Levee	\$536,900	\$22,143	28 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$8,558,186	\$225,952	38 MN	8
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Levee	\$867,300	\$20,097	64 MN	8
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,565,963	\$29,789	66 MN	08
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$125,137	\$46,750	33 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$29,205	\$28,616	39 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$31,178	\$28,616	39 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$31,178	\$28,616	39 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$11,668	\$5,178	23 MN	8
NWRS	SHERBURNE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$226,374	\$86,082	33 MN	8
NWRS	CRANE MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$376,277	\$22,431	48 MN	8
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$502,473	\$21,847	55 MN	08
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$796,500	\$33,720	31 MN	08
NWRS	RICE LAKE NWR	Parking Lot	\$182,079	\$5,900	88 MN	08

NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,237,638	\$800,655	93 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$2,353,873	\$402,213	81 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$295,123	\$44,683	52 MO	6
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,589,969	\$436,939	52 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,086,190	\$131,559	52 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$209,979	\$23,581	77 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$503,138	\$53,708	77 MO	06
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$279,303	\$23,156	52 MO	6
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,039,471	\$81,470	22 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,605,180	\$194,000	82 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$2,010,416	\$46,500	46 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$11,730,891	\$170,508	81 MO	06
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,826,945	\$94,420	82 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$697,805	\$8,043	22 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$15,553,920	\$103,142	66 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$15,119,104	\$20,000	76 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culverts	\$69,297	\$60,916	21 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$74,871	\$39,310	17 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$1,767,911	\$718,362	63 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$62,662	\$60,000	81 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$76,095	20 MO	06
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$35,396	\$26,093	28 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$171,916	\$87,653	18 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$21,372	\$10,460	33 MO	06
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$208,396	\$101,000	50 MO	06
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$23,821	\$10,830	28 MO	6
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$17,020	\$7,735	28 MO	6
NWRS	CLARENCE CANNON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$37,414	\$10,193	18 MO	6
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$3,902,850	\$607,770	37 MO	06
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$50,976	\$5,531	44 MO	6
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$441,757	\$45,372	78 MO	06
NWRS	SWAN LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$108,501	\$6,680	24 MO	06
NWRS	LOESS BLUFFS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$348,194	\$12,770	26 MO	06

NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Clinic	\$5,513,550	\$900,304	37 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$6,342,322	\$694,552	41 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$651,537	\$651,537	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Septic System	\$2,822,100	\$1,400,000	21 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Distribution System	\$8,168,000	\$2,734,459	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$253,003	\$58,610	76 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$866,714	\$178,064	40 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$8,644,122	\$1,032,000	77 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$3,793,592	\$265,000	61 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$110,376	\$7,006	44 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$661,070	\$22,329	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$1,219,563	\$23,846	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$1,664,860	\$12,364	21 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$6,962,559	\$1,300,000	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$119,847	\$8,620	75 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$226,969	\$8,620	57 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Distribution System	\$335,365	\$10,000	57 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$644,811	\$644,811	77 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$33,538,142	\$30,553,959	73 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$12,735,537	\$11,602,344	32 MQ	0

NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$222,050	\$30,000	31 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$2,513,048	\$297,800	40 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$10,559,786	\$881,772	61 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$2,513,048	\$202,300	29 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$5,297,973	\$420,639	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$5,000	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$6,534,192	\$418,111	61 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$18,699,671	\$825,102	61 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$11,352,100	\$287,408	61 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Laundry	\$2,572,385	\$51,950	26 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building All Other	\$784,344	\$8,620	45 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Communication Systems	\$155,582	\$7,121	21 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$432,009	\$14,364	40 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$3,104,879	\$2,352,175	77 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$8,119,451	\$1,026,000	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$36,961,490	\$2,010,356	60 MQ	0
NWRS	MIDWAY ATOLL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Fortifications	\$564,274	\$19,001	68 MQ	0
NFHS	PRIVATE JOHN ALLEN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,541,459	\$1,541,459	48 MS	01
NFHS	PRIVATE JOHN ALLEN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$159,493	\$100,000	116 MS	01
NFHS	PRIVATE JOHN ALLEN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$237,744	\$149,000	116 MS	01

NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$157,413	\$78,890	33 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Levee	\$92,925	\$43,513	17 MS	2
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$157,413	\$68,878	42 MS	02
	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	REFUGE	Levee	\$1,607,642	\$606,370	30 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Levee	\$205,674	\$76,409	30 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$127,440	\$44,280	40 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Levee	\$110,133	\$36,092	24 MS	2
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Levee	\$396,480	\$119,920	30 MS	2
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Levee	\$442,943	\$133,805	30 MS	2
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$98,450	\$27,148	29 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$157,413	\$38,658	27 MS	02
NWRS	DAHOMY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,046,707	\$220,125	17 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$111,846	\$23,468	30 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$685,786	\$124,398	26 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$98,019	\$17,290	40 MS	02
	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$3,922,078	\$602,324	24 MS	02
NWRS	HILLSIDE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$460,227	\$69,225	37 MS	02
	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	REFUGE	Levee	\$8,340,948	\$1,035,780	30 MS	2
	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE					
NWRS	REFUGE	Levee	\$4,906,440	\$502,472	30 MS	02
NWRS	TALLAHATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,833,468	\$475,124	19 MS	2
NWRS	MATHEWS BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,212,472	\$97,413	36 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$206,294	\$15,088	37 MS	02
NWRS	MORGAN BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$11,086,316	\$655,754	42 MS	02
NWRS	MORGAN BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$8,091,178	\$401,000	42 MS	02

NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$120,360	\$36,480	40 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$124,714	\$36,400	40 MS	02
NWRS	PANTHER SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$124,714	\$16,490	40 MS	02
NWRS	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$542,115	\$20,848	30 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$441,792	\$6,800	19 MS	02
NWRS	COLDWATER RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$100,831	\$95,156	30 MS	02
NWRS	MATHEWS BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$106,999	\$73,934	34 MS	02
NWRS	MORGAN BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$292,470	\$195,830	42 MS	02
NWRS	MATHEWS BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$143,418	\$84,625	20 MS	02
NWRS	HILLSIDE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$103,226	\$42,957	39 MS	02
NWRS	MORGAN BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$133,461	\$25,776	23 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Pole Barn	\$386,568	\$64,718	30 MS	02
NWRS	MORGAN BRAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$262,881	\$35,668	19 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$132,377	\$16,080	33 MS	02
NWRS	DAHOMY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$1,168,963	\$136,348	18 MS	2
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$817,740	\$76,480	16 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$1,218,645	\$92,454	15 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Pole Barn	\$386,568	\$15,133	30 MS	02
NWRS	HILLSIDE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$864,830	\$592,881	39 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$430,232	\$268,890	18 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,034,062	\$78,227	18 MS	02
NWRS	N MS RFGS	Building Office	\$3,115,200	\$176,980	17 MS	02
NWRS	TALLAHATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,343,346	\$42,268	19 MS	2
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,001,068	\$12,680	19 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$109,800	\$27,856	32 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$127,015	\$5,000	51 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$247,404	\$5,000	57 MS	02
NWRS	YAZOO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$962,472	\$40,708	46 MS	02
NWRS	DAHOMY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$93,697	\$73,036	30 MS	02

NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$6,869,016	\$211,299	48 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,927,138	\$79,777	40 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,927,138	\$79,777	40 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$817,336	\$20,732	38 MS	3
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,510,627	\$26,067	38 MS	03
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$12,290,880	\$125,163	48 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$72,000	\$44,250	51 MS	3
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$6,410,255	\$3,138,454	82 MS	03
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$815,793	\$13,358	11 MS	3
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$478,654	\$375,000	21 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$485,931	\$159,143	65 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$1,170,794	\$56,920	38 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$662,484	\$30,636	22 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$340,106	\$15,046	22 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$571,843	\$21,291	19 MS	03
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$521,719	\$18,416	22 MS	3
NWRS	SAM D. HAMILTON NOXUBEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$709,699	\$6,161	35 MS	03
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$825,613	\$574,887	41 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$709,473	\$26,360	54 MS	3
NWRS	ST. CATHERINE CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$53,659	\$10,000	54 MS	3

NWRS	MISSISSIPPI SANDHILL CRANE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$187,113	\$51,790	32 MS	04
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,575	33 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Trail Paved	\$146,709	\$145,000	47 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$131,389	\$120,000	122 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Road Paved	\$666,507	\$600,000	37 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$100,021	\$90,000	19 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Office	\$634,348	\$570,000	122 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$833,386	\$652,875	73 MT	00
NWRS	BOWDOIN WMD	Levee	\$103,250	\$55,841	37 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$123,900	\$63,000	76 MT	00
NFHS	ENNIS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$196,873	\$99,000	39 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$379,103	\$176,618	73 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Building Office	\$2,433,267	\$1,120,771	37 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$103,250	\$43,418	70 MT	00
NWRS	LEE METCALF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$141,452	\$56,308	20 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$2,059,921	\$800,000	57 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Septic System	\$214,138	\$68,227	51 MT	00
NWRS	RED ROCK LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$2,546,364	\$750,000	29 MT	00
NWRS	BOWDOIN WMD	Sign	\$87,000	\$25,000	18 MT	00
NWRS	LAKE THIBADEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,213,644	\$336,608	81 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,569,543	\$401,440	84 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Dam, Non Program	\$206,701	\$50,000	66 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$263,174	\$60,000	28 MT	00
NWRS	HAILSTONE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$2,270,684	\$435,000	82 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$352,254	\$63,800	36 MT	00
NWRS	NORTHEAST MONTANA WMD	Levee	\$134,225	\$24,000	23 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$251,930	\$42,000	35 MT	00

NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,327,927	\$13,000	35 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Fish Production	\$5,696,429	\$25,000	21 MT	00
NWRS	NORTHEAST MONTANA WMD	Fencing	\$2,582,843	\$10,000	28 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Laboratory	\$13,213,948	\$10,000	14 MT	00
NWRS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$281,411	\$50,000	19 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$145,578	\$16,000	82 MT	00
NWRS	LAMESTEER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$7,069,888	\$309,000	80 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	19 MT	00
NWRS	RED ROCK LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$134,610	\$134,610	32 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$821,525	\$821,525	38 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Parking Lot	\$374,848	\$350,000	37 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$228,826	\$207,306	33 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$907,703	\$818,706	39 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,107,380	\$885,625	39 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$377,382	\$217,402	81 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$129,537	\$67,407	37 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$672,872	\$335,000	58 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,901,583	\$1,785,000	50 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Road Bridge	\$822,436	\$250,000	34 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Single Family Housing	\$657,806	\$175,000	99 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,960,458	\$484,635	81 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$153,862	\$37,000	18 MT	00
NWRS	LEE METCALF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$926,596	\$210,666	41 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$103,250	\$21,000	43 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$15,060,585	\$2,899,000	58 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$742,544	\$141,950	53 MT	00

NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$522,161	\$10,504	57 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building School Post-Secondary	\$413,385	\$7,500	17 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$655,913	\$11,747	57 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$47,420,207	\$75,000	59 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Road Gravel	\$5,895,008	\$3,000	55 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Trail Unpaved	\$12,471	\$12,471	36 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Parking Lot	\$91,085	\$91,085	48 MT	00
NFHS	ENNIS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$186,564	\$150,000	54 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$451,600	\$111,568	83 MT	00
NWRS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,129,874	\$207,000	19 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$385,506	\$61,000	82 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$144,191	\$17,421	79 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$755,398	\$87,800	36 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$102,513	\$10,000	84 MT	00
NWRS	LEE METCALF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$466,089	\$20,645	13 MT	00
NWRS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$419,313	\$8,000	19 MT	00
NWRS	NATIONAL BISON RANGE	Road Gravel	\$17,263,955	\$14,000	91 MT	00
NWRS	RED ROCK LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Campgrounds	\$33,942	\$33,942	60 MT	00
AES	BLACKFOOT VALLEY CONSERVATION AREA	Building Office	\$393,769	\$393,769	73 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,462,370	\$1,462,370	43 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$265,600	\$110,000	60 MT	00
NWRS	LEE METCALF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$395,510	\$131,929	55 MT	00
NWRS	BENTON LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$318,358	\$60,630	10 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$2,785,075	\$400,000	43 MT	00
NWRS	CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$6,235,610	\$761,000	43 MT	00
NFHS	BOZEMAN FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$698,379	\$40,000	89 MT	00
NWRS	BENTON LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,040,226	\$48,857	13 MT	00
NWRS	LEE METCALF NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Amphitheater	\$409,268	\$17,356	13 MT	00



NWRS	NINE-PIPE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$237,741	\$25,575	55 MT	00
NWRS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Levee	\$123,900	\$8,000	43 MT	00
NFHS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$18,363	\$12,000	58 MT	00
NWRS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$57,396	\$35,000	19 MT	00
NFHS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$20,240	\$11,000	58 MT	00
NWRS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$119,011	\$30,000	19 MT	00
NFHS	ENNIS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Mobile Home	\$67,172	\$10,000	20 MT	00
NFHS	CRESTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$431,963	\$50,000	58 MT	00
AES	BLACKFOOT VALLEY CONSERVATION AREA	Ruins	\$8,850	\$8,850	58 MT	00
NWRS	LOST TRAIL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$277,415	\$192,000	19 MT	00
NWRS	MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE CHARLES M. RUSSELL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$425,824	\$25,312	5 MT	00
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$337,008	\$20,000	58 MT	NULL
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$251,395	\$251,394	55 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$137,131	\$137,000	58 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$47,259	\$47,000	19 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$454,491	\$399,811	55 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$6,021,496	\$5,028,000	59 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$125,928	\$100,000	59 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$18,974	\$14,625	58 NC	1
NWRS	ROANOKE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$2,767,903	\$920,920	40 NC	01
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$5,479,061	\$1,338,017	35 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Screens	\$122,897	\$16,000	56 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$962,824	\$92,808	55 NC	1
NFHS	EDENTON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$840,942	\$77,322	59 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,465,921	\$126,797	44 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,843,244	\$152,404	44 NC	1
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$1,763,446	\$144,348	55 NC	1



NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$72,000	\$55,031	17 NC	03
NWRS	SWANQUARTER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$4,524,120	\$3,145,275	16 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$327,423	\$167,416	19 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,480,790	\$1,219,685	55 NC	3
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$100,644	\$45,392	34 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Building Office	\$2,844,154	\$920,794	59 NC	3
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Bulkhead	\$7,612,780	\$2,434,318	41 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$15,000	84 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$2,844,758	\$489,696	55 NC	3
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,220,320	\$721,909	51 NC	03
NWRS	CEDAR ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,207,944	\$149,561	51 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$674,356	\$65,000	46 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$975,834	\$93,733	44 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,159,726	\$106,037	44 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,454,111	\$307,677	84 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,925,647	\$157,961	44 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,385,373	\$195,507	44 NC	3
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,024,532	\$164,719	44 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,125,151	\$171,489	55 NC	3
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$2,324,655	\$184,954	55 NC	3
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,804,211	\$142,314	55 NC	3



NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Levee	\$4,924,975	\$36,234	35 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$26,804,427	\$182,133	41 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$25,586,072	\$161,890	103 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$14,620,568	\$87,007	34 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$53,321,698	\$251,886	49 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$9,278,090	\$30,524	44 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$135,743,004	\$172,161	28 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,416,863	\$992	57 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$384,516	\$371,485	24 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$460,578	\$413,585	24 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$722,220	\$508,181	55 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$730,378	\$438,428	55 NC	03
NWRS	CURRITUCK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$156,889	\$45,720	7 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$966,222	\$77,769	34 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$275,760	\$18,964	26 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$257,793	\$200,991	88 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Pole Barn	\$178,881	\$113,191	37 NC	03
NWRS	SWANQUARTER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$2,566,314	\$508,002	19 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$2,424,740	\$355,740	44 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$485,380	\$55,000	28 NC	3
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$215,501	\$24,000	39 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,378,880	\$190,456	7 NC	03



NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$2,686,351	\$81,500	19 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$621,270	\$63,440	19 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$175,763	\$8,600	22 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$796,500	\$35,584	58 NC	03
NWRS	MATTAMUSKEET NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$788,645	\$31,617	7 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$129,879	\$129,879	52 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$317,357	\$40,000	25 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,459,430	\$37,853	46 NC	03
NWRS	ALLIGATOR RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$141,065	\$141,065	35 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Boat Launch	\$209,036	\$145,299	18 NC	03
NWRS	POCOSIN LAKES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,098,435	\$731,357	44 NC	03
NWRS	PEA ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$61,394	\$28,157	28 NC	03
NWRS	MACKAY ISLAND NWR	Archeological Sites	\$65,000	\$20,965	68 NC	03
NWRS	CEDAR ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$586,224	\$153,698	54 NC	03
NWRS	PEA ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$229,392	\$30,000	17 NC	03
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$922,576	\$52,146	23 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$245,928	\$70,545	19 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,068,039	\$97,950	19 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,658,423	\$74,568	19 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,700,057	\$46,747	40 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,182,864	\$88,986	47 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$33,134	\$6,500	53 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$526,403	\$18,154	51 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$164,555	\$66,851	16 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$928,896	\$44,832	18 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$533,024	\$155,930	54 NC	08
NWRS	PEE DEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$35,683	\$6,500	37 NC	08
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,575	45 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,575	43 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,575	26 ND	00

NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$162,964	\$50,000	13 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$187,915	\$57,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Levee	\$82,614	\$25,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	ARROWWOOD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$798,329	\$239,386	83 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Levee	\$46,690	\$14,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Levee	\$411,761	\$121,000	24 ND	00
NWRS	SULLYS HILL NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,210,557	\$352,693	12 ND	00
NWRS	ARROWWOOD WMD	Sign	\$139,966	\$40,105	68 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$34,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,644,805	\$435,945	82 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$2,048,449	\$524,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	BRUMBA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$6,000	16 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$790,613	\$188,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$279,518	\$66,000	76 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Dam, Low Hazard	\$849,562	\$198,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$245,219	\$57,000	32 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$64,979	\$15,000	77 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Levee	\$83,261	\$19,000	54 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$2,280,619	\$515,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$245,706	\$55,000	23 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$537,161	\$116,600	39 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$26,000	52 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Levee	\$215,104	\$44,944	24 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$283,938	\$57,000	39 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,095,762	\$215,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$24,000	9 ND	00
NWRS	KELLYS SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$3,848,347	\$715,000	23 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$85,735	\$15,000	20 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,372,272	\$240,000	36 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON WMD	Levee	\$849,350	\$148,000	27 ND	00
NWRS	UPPER SOURIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$683,134	\$115,100	82 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Levee	\$299,508	\$50,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$812,050	\$133,000	45 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Nesting Island	\$189,561	\$31,000	26 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$198,240	\$32,000	76 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Levee	\$89,766	\$14,000	53 ND	00

NWRS	LAKE NETTIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$786,416	\$75,000	52 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON WMD	Levee	\$451,409	\$43,000	27 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$728,382	\$68,000	41 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$739,929	\$68,000	68 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Structure All Other	\$1,865,142	\$170,000	15 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$1,110,108	\$100,000	47 ND	00
NWRS	J CLARK SALYER WMD	Fencing	\$1,449,949	\$125,000	33 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,567,122	\$131,000	34 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$84,079	\$7,000	26 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Fencing	\$2,413,947	\$200,000	42 ND	00
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$388,721	\$32,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$121,835	\$10,000	29 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$617,200	\$50,000	55 ND	00
NWRS	UPPER SOURIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$185,189	\$15,000	28 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$160,574	\$13,000	73 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$5,004,423	\$400,000	29 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Fencing	\$3,278,067	\$260,000	39 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$495,288	\$39,000	8 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Fencing	\$4,174,380	\$320,000	39 ND	00
NWRS	ARROWWOOD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$4,166,806	\$300,000	26 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,063,029	\$75,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$5,707,291	\$400,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON WMD	Fencing	\$2,426,665	\$170,000	47 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$85,735	\$6,000	20 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Dam, Low Hazard	\$718,348	\$50,000	81 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$275,644	\$19,000	52 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Non Program	\$219,914	\$15,000	17 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$413,726	\$27,000	23 ND	00
NWRS	ARROWWOOD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$466,277	\$30,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	ARROWWOOD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$235,410	\$15,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Levee	\$111,923	\$7,000	51 ND	00

NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,014,328	\$38,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Levee	\$777,679	\$29,000	52 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,592,290	\$57,867	18 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$459,964	\$16,000	7 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$205,115	\$7,000	24 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,401,162	\$150,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	UPPER SOURIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,764,333	\$60,000	41 ND	00
NWRS	KELLYS SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$971,846	\$33,000	26 ND	00
NFHS	GARRISON DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$4,367,160	\$148,200	56 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$266,217	\$9,000	22 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$385,836	\$12,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$226,585	\$7,000	22 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,377,815	\$42,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$660,800	\$20,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Environmental Education Center	\$309,048	\$9,000	11 ND	00
NWRS	SULLYS HILL NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE	Road Paved	\$6,345,212	\$180,000	78 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,517,997	\$120,984	32 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$812,784	\$21,000	28 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,410,808	\$36,000	28 ND	00
NWRS	DAKOTA LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$3,279,362	\$73,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,571,193	\$33,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$915,446	\$19,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$323,072	\$6,000	52 ND	00
NWRS	LITTLE GOOSE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,783,729	\$33,000	84 ND	00
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$395,464	\$7,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$6,538,580	\$115,000	83 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$1,436,784	\$25,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	KULM WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$582,337	\$10,000	19 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Building Office	\$1,605,644	\$26,000	19 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON WMD	Fencing	\$5,749,940	\$79,000	27 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,548,750	\$21,000	22 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$4,592,718	\$62,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$614,544	\$8,000	73 ND	00

NWRS	ARROWWOOD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$5,362,711	\$12,000	7 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$324,664	\$324,664	83 ND	00
NWRS	VALLEY CITY WMD	Trail Unpaved	\$440,557	\$440,557	12 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,415,465	\$1,272,274	38 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE WMD	Drainage Ditch	\$64,654	\$56,000	41 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$608,998	\$469,465	60 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$367,445	\$276,637	23 ND	00
NWRS	VALLEY CITY WMD	Fencing	\$392,502	\$241,101	45 ND	00
NWRS	KELLYS SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$141,099	\$56,000	40 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$371,868	\$145,000	18 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$117,792	\$40,343	24 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Fencing	\$780,948	\$260,000	39 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$364,697	\$100,000	59 ND	00
NFHS	GARRISON DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$119,831	\$32,000	11 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$231,920	\$59,000	31 ND	00
NWRS	FLORENCE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$266,497	\$66,000	56 ND	00
NWRS	VALLEY CITY WMD	Fencing	\$189,269	\$45,000	43 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$384,689	\$80,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	VALLEY CITY WMD	Fencing	\$486,577	\$100,000	39 ND	00
NWRS	SULLYS HILL NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE	Fencing	\$261,248	\$43,000	57 ND	00
NWRS	AUDUBON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,777,668	\$1,400,000	41 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$277,175	\$43,000	14 ND	00
NWRS	SLADE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$220,037	\$33,000	54 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$277,541	\$40,000	23 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON WMD	Fencing	\$1,048,368	\$150,000	36 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$251,969	\$36,000	18 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON WMD	Fencing	\$1,088,304	\$150,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON WMD	Fencing	\$762,295	\$100,000	46 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$679,629	\$79,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$78,080	\$7,000	18 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$813,660	\$66,600	31 ND	00
NWRS	UPPER SOURIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$760,156	\$58,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$494,400	\$31,000	38 ND	00

NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,035,954	\$75,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	SULLYS HILL NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$147,926	\$6,000	24 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$979,560	\$27,000	6 ND	00
NFHS	VALLEY CITY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$1,916,571	\$25,000	51 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$448,089	\$444,088	82 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$370,248	\$358,420	50 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$484,922	\$409,431	82 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$57,067	\$47,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$165,905	\$129,000	22 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$171,920	\$124,000	30 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$39,857	\$26,314	24 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$39,857	\$26,314	24 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$136,812	\$78,000	53 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$23,226	\$10,000	54 ND	00
NWRS	KELLYS SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$70,260	\$30,000	20 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$819,094	\$167,000	54 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,765,340	\$1,650,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$341,709	\$50,000	21 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$979,007	\$137,642	18 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$45,496	\$5,758	39 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$43,920	\$5,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	SULLYS HILL NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE	Building Visitor Center	\$5,031,234	\$567,762	13 ND	00
NWRS	TEWAUKON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$439,725	\$43,000	50 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$221,889	\$19,000	26 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Building Single Family Housing	\$683,133	\$57,000	54 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$149,033	\$10,000	16 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$597,988	\$35,000	24 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pavillon	\$233,075	\$10,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$321,830	\$13,000	16 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$694,868	\$17,000	80 ND	00

NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$372,385	\$13,000	19 ND	00
NWRS	UPPER SOURIS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$257,344	\$7,000	38 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Multi Family Duplex /				
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Triplex	\$1,015,295	\$11,000	15 ND	00
		Pavillon	\$36,982	\$25,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	KELLYS SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$17,785	15 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$793,414	\$95,000	9 ND	00
NWRS	LONG LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Outdoor Sculpture	\$355,622	\$33,000	80 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Fuel Storage Tank LP, LNG Pressurized	\$184,071	\$10,000	18 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ALICE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$540,886	\$7,000	44 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ZAHL NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$102,208	\$43,000	16 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$94,897	\$6,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	LAKE ILO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$94,897	\$6,000	79 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$124,380	\$124,380	16 ND	00
NWRS	CHASE LAKE PRAIRIE PROJECT WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$278,248	\$219,000	23 ND	00
NWRS	DEVILS LAKE WMD	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$221,889	\$6,000	20 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$21,372	\$21,372	28 ND	00
NWRS	J. CLARK SALYER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$42,126	\$28,000	78 ND	00
NWRS	SHEYENNE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$133,547	\$33,000	19 ND	00
NWRS	DES LACS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$93,330	\$9,000	83 ND	00
NWRS	BOYER CHUTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$3,931,683	\$1,004,000	24 NE	01
NWRS	BOYER CHUTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$258,137	\$59,471	21 NE	01
NWRS	BOYER CHUTE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$144,702	\$5,800	24 NE	01
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	41 NE	03
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Water Well	\$356,399	\$345,014	50 NE	03
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$985,285	\$836,006	38 NE	03
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Water Well	\$375,134	\$151,950	70 NE	03
NWRS	FORT NIOBRARA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,359,028	\$350,000	82 NE	03
NWRS	FORT NIOBRARA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$214,011	\$39,900	19 NE	03

NWRS	FORT NIOBRARA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$293,012	\$293,012	43 NE	03
NWRS	CRESCENT LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$3,181,258	\$950,000	87 NE	03
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$76,632	\$25,000	23 NE	03
NWRS	VALENTINE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$399,713	\$63,213	82 NE	03
NWRS	CRESCENT LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$128,298	\$65,000	13 NE	03
NWRS	CRESCENT LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$334,714	\$120,000	18 NE	03
NWRS	RAINWATER BASIN WMD	Kiosk	\$64,116	\$64,116	24 NE	03
NWRS	GREAT BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$954,760	\$924,259	47 NH	01
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$122,540	\$45,000	26 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$317,902	\$89,825	53 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,009,652	\$223,000	51 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$128,502	\$25,000	13 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$489,900	\$43,000	37 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$8,558,269	\$592,586	69 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,283,413	\$17,000	35 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$35,990	\$35,000	32 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Building Multi-Purpose	\$2,058,935	\$1,257,383	123 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,347,669	\$855,479	60 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$736,603	\$21,900	68 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$102,660	\$73,800	16 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$137,281	\$42,300	56 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$153,009	\$26,200	56 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$553,020	\$17,500	81 NH	02
NWRS	LAKE UMBAGOG NWR	Parking Lot	\$42,999	\$42,999	70 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$16,219	\$13,176	58 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$774,916	\$491,900	80 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$39,040	\$3,000	60 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$1,248,279	\$92,302	67 NH	02
NFHS	NASHUA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$391,828	\$8,000	44 NH	02
NWRS	EDWIN B. FORSYTHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$101,414	\$101,400	21 NJ	02
NWRS	EDWIN B. FORSYTHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$101,414	\$101,400	21 NJ	02
NWRS	EDWIN B. FORSYTHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$101,414	\$101,400	21 NJ	02

NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Parking Lot	\$25,953	\$24,000	118 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Road Gravel	\$369,103	\$100,000	43 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Road Dirt	\$2,373,115	\$321,600	118 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Road Dirt	\$697,975	\$37,000	118 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Road Dirt	\$697,975	\$37,000	118 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Road Dirt	\$697,975	\$37,000	118 NJ	05
NWRS	WALLKILL RIVER NWR	Parking Lot	\$9,328	\$8,700	68 NJ	05
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,768,271	\$567,500	45 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$79,408	\$74,000	41 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$31,763	\$29,000	45 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$31,763	\$29,000	45 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$238,303	\$215,300	39 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$13,357	\$13,357	51 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$129,038	\$121,000	31 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$127,053	\$119,000	38 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	34 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	36 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	36 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	15 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	29 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$39,704	\$37,000	20 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$79,408	\$74,000	38 NJ	7
NWRS	GREAT SWAMP NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$33,351	\$31,000	38 NJ	7

NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$145,000	60 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$124,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$124,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$124,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$124,000	37 NM	02
NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$216,974	\$102,629	58 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$99,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$99,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$124,912	\$55,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$189,234	\$80,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$153,661	\$62,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$80,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$80,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$80,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$153,661	\$55,000	37 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$70,000	33 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$70,000	33 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$70,000	33 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$65,000	33 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$60,000	33 NM	02

NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$41,167,672	\$476,826	57 NM	02
NWRS	BITTER LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$77,880	\$77,850	26 NM	02
NWRS	BITTER LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$77,880	\$77,850	19 NM	02
NWRS	SEVILLETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$778,160	\$96,007	19 NM	02
NWRS	SEVILLETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$1,017,750	\$90,588	45 NM	02
NWRS	SEVILLETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,486,106	\$65,000	31 NM	02
NWRS	BITTER LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$530,082	\$23,161	79 NM	02
NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$1,542,024	\$51,000	23 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Fencing	\$166,790	\$110,000	87 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Road Paved	\$248,934	\$80,000	38 NM	02
NFHS	SOUTHWESTERN NATIVE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND RECOVERY CENTER	Road Paved	\$130,121	\$27,000	64 NM	02
NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$814,894	\$99,913	41 NM	02
NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$334,648	\$286,612	76 NM	02
NWRS	BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$382,618	\$35,850	75 NM	02
NWRS	BITTER LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$355,383	\$20,845	76 NM	02
NWRS	SEVILLETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$7,133	\$7,133	43 NM	02
NWRS	BITTER LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$16,000	\$10,502	4 NM	02
NWRS	LAS VEGAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,197,438	\$261,485	17 NM	03
NWRS	LAS VEGAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$471,507	\$70,800	53 NM	03
NWRS	LAS VEGAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$58,560	\$8,212	31 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$145,572	\$15,000	16 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$696,457	\$30,000	20 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$704,698	\$30,000	20 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$706,481	\$30,000	20 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$313,892	\$20,000	23 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$313,892	\$20,000	16 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$313,892	\$10,000	23 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$313,892	\$10,000	23 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$401,517	\$217,000	17 NM	03
NFHS	MORA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fuel Storage Tank LP, LNG Pressurized	\$211,569	\$100,000	22 NM	03
NWRS	LAS VEGAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$473,931	\$87,634	17 NM	03

NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$271,575	50 NV	2
	MARBLE BLUFF FISH RESEARCH & CONTROL					
NFHS	STATION	Fish Ladders Spawning Channel	\$20,725,427	\$4,830,000	43 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$2,447,544	\$570,000	51 NV	2
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$556,610	\$123,875	77 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$454,300	\$70,613	60 NV	2
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$761,208	\$110,000	17 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,180,640	\$244,235	56 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$804,762	\$85,000	45 NV	2
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$529,054	\$55,500	19 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,369,000	\$508,781	66 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$597,859	\$52,971	77 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$501,665	\$44,129	78 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$406,137	\$35,170	38 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$797,545	\$60,000	19 NV	2
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$604,536	\$45,470	16 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,209,022	\$90,880	28 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$598,983	\$35,060	64 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$2,440,019	\$125,000	45 NV	2
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$8,275,894	\$390,000	52 NV	2
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$2,196,846	\$100,000	45 NV	2
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$715,995	\$23,890	17 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$8,336,651	\$242,812	10 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$839,234	\$18,565	68 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Animal Shelter	\$1,366,254	\$30,000	19 NV	2
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$4,420,206	\$88,500	14 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$33,322,336	\$425,640	68 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$17,907,680	\$70,613	67 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$781,871	\$115,000	45 NV	2
NWRS	SHELDON NWR	Fencing	\$1,142,606	\$934,772	25 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$120,533	\$79,630	54 NV	2
	MARBLE BLUFF FISH RESEARCH & CONTROL					
NFHS	STATION	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$796,178	\$485,000	41 NV	02
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$50,000	28 NV	02
NFHS	LAHONTAN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$461,299	\$265,000	16 NV	2
NWRS	RUBY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$3,698,629	\$1,240,565	77 NV	02
NWRS	SHELDON NWR	Fencing	\$74,297,520	\$10,413,170	82 NV	02
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$2,460,242	\$184,194	3 NV	02
NWRS	STILLWATER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$47,256,358	\$2,080,536	65 NV	02

NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$15,032,958	\$124,051	3 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$7,470,921	\$89,885	51 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$424,289	\$274,128	42 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$363,230	\$216,307	13 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$356,611	\$90,000	8 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$3,331,262	\$674,376	22 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$3,834,226	\$693,000	17 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$327,650	\$8,950	17 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$829,200	\$111,500	81 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$176,184	\$59,000	20 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$7,651,270	\$1,122,300	53 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$5,031	\$5,031	9 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$232,208	\$47,436	7 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$471,960	\$113,500	18 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS FISH CONSERV FACLT	Carport Detached	\$313,575	\$38,961	5 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$63,844	\$16,857	8 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$561,135	\$93,519	8 NV	4
NWRS	ASH MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$133,940	\$17,088	119 NV	4
NWRS	PAHRANAGAT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Campgrounds	\$868,838	\$34,500	55 NV	4
NWRS	WERTHEIM NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$7,081	\$7,081	71 NY	01
NWRS	WERTHEIM NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$872,546	\$872,000	71 NY	01
NWRS	MONTEZUMA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$195,239	\$183,179	37 NY	23
NWRS	MONTEZUMA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$1,906,595	\$1,845,687	37 NY	23
NWRS	MONTEZUMA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,984,997	\$1,920,793	37 NY	23
NWRS	MONTEZUMA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,303,894	\$552,400	61 NY	23
NWRS	MONTEZUMA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$792,075	\$107,700	65 NY	23
NWRS	OTTAWA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$236,275	\$160,507	38 OH	05
NWRS	OTTAWA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$247,796	\$99,200	38 OH	05
NWRS	OTTAWA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$836,821	\$258,396	27 OH	5
NWRS	OTTAWA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,829,126	\$806,623	43 OH	5

NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$156,732	\$122,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$117,419	\$91,000	46 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$347,092	\$259,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$132,473	\$98,000	64 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$35,772	\$26,000	61 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$153,896	\$105,000	19 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$1,096,757	\$741,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$398,618	\$260,000	50 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$196,787	\$119,000	26 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$704,734	\$416,000	67 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$103,196	\$55,000	88 OK	2
NWRS	DEEP FORK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$218,170	\$114,506	25 OK	02
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$298,030	\$150,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$107,639	\$52,000	53 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$110,264	\$52,000	57 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$117,748	\$52,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$90,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$137,518	\$55,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$137,518	\$55,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$140,464	\$52,000	88 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$82,694	\$27,438	72 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$790,854	\$220,000	14 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$421,418	\$110,000	30 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	55 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$206,714	\$52,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$52,000	66 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$52,000	66 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$52,000	57 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Distribution System	\$136,113	\$30,000	75 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$249,938	\$55,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$774,438	\$170,000	47 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$45,000	25 OK	2

NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$64,674	27 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$64,674	27 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$209,743	\$142,000	46 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$355,753	\$220,000	88 OK	2
NWRS	OZARK PLATEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$162,633	\$93,238	26 OK	02
NWRS	SEQUOYAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$490,513	\$200,000	46 OK	02
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$126,378	\$29,000	68 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$285,233	\$15,000	16 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$201,353	\$142,000	40 OK	2
NWRS	LITTLE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$120,431	\$81,088	53 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Floating	\$163,791	\$109,933	9 OK	2
NWRS	LITTLE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$26,229	\$11,924	53 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$32,946	24 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$20,946	24 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$472,497	\$124,832	72 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fuel Storage Tank LP, LNG Pressurized	\$73,628	\$13,000	88 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$52,236	\$9,000	78 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$58,116	\$7,139	72 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$35,854	\$4,047	72 OK	2
NFHS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Bridge	\$442,536	\$37,000	15 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$457,497	\$27,581	72 OK	2
NWRS	DEEP FORK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$667,400	\$26,187	15 OK	02
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$65,844	\$65,844	61 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$9,109	\$9,000	61 OK	2
NWRS	SEQUOYAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$415,780	\$80,622	47 OK	02
NWRS	SEQUOYAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$29,232	\$1,198	48 OK	02
NWRS	LITTLE RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$124,248	\$74,113	31 OK	2
NWRS	TISHOMINGO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fish Public Display Pond	\$47,677	\$15,000	10 OK	2
NWRS	DEEP FORK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$451,775	\$91,097	49 OK	02
NWRS	SALT PLAINS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$35,577	\$35,577	79 OK	03
NWRS	SALT PLAINS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$97,704	\$97,704	79 OK	03
NWRS	SALT PLAINS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,001,766	\$1,001,766	69 OK	03

NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$216,378	\$196,195	81 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$216,378	\$196,195	81 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$52,980	39 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,629,309	\$684,886	80 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$10,596	39 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$87,000	\$10,596	39 OK	04
		Dams, Significant Hazard (including High Hazard)	\$14,511,906	\$950,000	80 OK	04
NWRS	WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$197,192	\$5,000	86 OK	04
NWRS	WAPATO LAKE NWR	Building Pump/Well House	\$160,461	\$160,461	67 OR	01
NWRS	WAPATO LAKE NWR	Building Pump/Well House	\$203,307	\$203,307	82 OR	01
	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Docks, Stationary	\$1,100,015	\$581,152	17 OR	01
	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$814,078	\$83,246	19 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,879,620	\$98,600	20 OR	01
NWRS	WAPATO LAKE NWR	Road Bridge	\$421,546	\$421,546	68 OR	01
	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Fencing	\$448,426	\$210,000	58 OR	01
NWRS	WAPATO LAKE NWR	Road Bridge	\$567,719	\$250,000	68 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$552,909	\$27,612	8 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$329,493	\$318,967	86 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$392,472	\$100,000	127 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$452,504	\$36,000	85 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$3,230,322	\$28,700	49 OR	01
NWRS	TUALATIN RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$106,253	\$6,250	88 OR	01
NWRS	WAPATO LAKE NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$844,668	\$8,505	15 OR	01
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$23,575	83 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$357,049	\$357,049	81 OR	02
NFHS	LOOKINGGLASS FISH HATCHERY	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$562,458	\$520,000	36 OR	02
NFHS	SPRING CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$287,817	\$253,000	66 OR	2
NFHS	LOOKINGGLASS FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$219,771	\$150,000	36 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$144,747	\$98,330	82 OR	02

NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$443,480	\$49,377	58 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$483,212	\$51,693	44 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,270,960	\$309,000	24 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$353,511	\$33,000	66 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$334,816	\$31,117	57 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$783,748	\$71,255	65 OR	02
NWRS	KLAMATH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$345,847	\$30,281	37 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$3,520,991	\$302,007	68 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$628,510	\$52,562	53 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$13,083,840	\$1,082,900	81 OR	02
NFHS	SPRING CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$3,674,853	\$301,608	66 OR	2
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$591,728	\$45,750	48 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$126,709	\$9,700	18 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$19,625,760	\$1,483,458	83 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$75,500	77 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$1,093,715	\$74,398	81 OR	02
NFHS	SPRING CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$8,835,404	\$572,000	46 OR	2
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$450,997	\$27,965	51 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,180,640	\$131,000	79 OR	02
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$275,162	\$15,000	36 OR	02
NFHS	LITTLE WHITE SALMON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$3,135,731	\$150,000	28 OR	2
NWRS	COLD SPRINGS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,073,800	\$50,000	21 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$11,473,400	\$508,344	78 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,971,354	\$123,641	83 OR	02
NFHS	WARM SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Septic System	\$611,869	\$25,000	40 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,614,340	\$185,981	41 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$726,880	\$29,092	80 OR	02
NWRS	BEAR VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,897,282	\$149,200	40 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$452,871	\$15,482	65 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$36,396	79 OR	02
NWRS	KLAMATH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$7,457,145	\$245,314	68 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$35,100	65 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,706,919	\$51,662	47 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,090,320	\$32,000	81 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$825,439	\$22,569	82 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$599,729	\$16,000	18 OR	02

NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$1,388,453	\$785,703	48 OR	02
NWRS	HART MOUNTAIN NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$591,780	\$172,785	78 OR	02
NWRS	KLAMATH MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$3,589,070	\$719,365	68 OR	02
NWRS	CONBOY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,464,373	\$240,900	51 OR	2
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$163,851	\$24,249	48 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barn Stable	\$442,452	\$57,724	80 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,193,035	\$309,750	46 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$104,826	\$9,593	24 OR	02
NWRS	UPPER KLAMATH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$563,333	\$51,015	81 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$197,410	\$14,236	63 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$256,287	\$14,333	24 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$949,347	\$46,769	24 OR	02
NFHS	LOOKINGGLASS FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$1,069,188	\$50,000	36 OR	02
NWRS	HART MOUNTAIN NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$2,274,536	\$78,607	80 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fish Ladders Spawning Channel	\$1,912,298	\$61,896	11 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,123,698	\$33,276	68 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$420,989	\$12,390	81 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fish Screens	\$709,357	\$16,000	12 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$456,331	\$8,343	83 OR	02
NWRS	MCKAY CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$3,339,911	\$40,002	42 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,465,741	\$10,266	21 OR	02
NWRS	HART MOUNTAIN NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$12,445,636	\$75,000	80 OR	02
NWRS	HART MOUNTAIN NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$14,987,932	\$77,500	80 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$24,144,642	\$106,023	48 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,182,886	\$17,345	23 OR	02
NFHS	IRRIGON FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$1,425,540	\$350,000	33 OR	02
NFHS	IRRIGON FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,143,219	\$45,000	33 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Animal Shelter	\$9,126	\$9,126	138 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Cabin	\$25,779	\$25,779	128 OR	02
NFHS	LOOKINGGLASS FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$131,551	\$125,000	36 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Seed Feed	\$17,551	\$16,000	138 OR	02
NWRS	HART MOUNTAIN NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE	Building All Other	\$223,797	\$166,148	81 OR	02
NWRS	MALHEUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$319,724	\$223,364	61 OR	02

NWRS	UPPER KLAMATH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$268,776	\$123,380	58 OR	02
NFHS	LOOKINGGLASS FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$197,861	\$35,000	36 OR	02
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$843,850	\$768,000	62 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$12,498,252	\$7,970,000	62 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Screens	\$509,597	\$302,000	62 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$170,132	\$60,000	62 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$38,214	\$12,480	61 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$739,553	\$177,567	53 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$565,569	\$50,000	62 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Ladders Spawning Channel	\$1,527,698	\$28,397	73 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$416,446	\$6,250	42 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Bulkhead	\$142,687	\$16,862	20 OR	3
NFHS	EAGLE CREEK NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$11,203,217	\$915,000	54 OR	3
NWRS	BANDON MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,189,404	\$709,526	16 OR	04
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,938,782	\$510,000	12 OR	04
NWRS	OREGON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$693,916	\$579,048	103 OR	4
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$181,720	\$181,720	53 OR	04
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$302,119	\$205,886	54 OR	04
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$891,254	\$301,127	52 OR	04
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$411,665	\$22,000	68 OR	04
NWRS	BANDON MARSH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$573,480	\$162,848	12 OR	04
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,788,712	\$13,452	54 OR	04
NWRS	OREGON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$1,043,120	\$776,126	20 OR	4
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$118,043	\$72,127	13 OR	04
NWRS	OREGON ISLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$465,112	\$169,748	19 OR	4
NWRS	WILLIAM L. FINLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$87,226	\$21,871	13 OR	04

NWRS	BASKETT SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$110,634	\$50,910	68 OR	05
NWRS	BASKETT SLOUGH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$16,376	\$6,018	23 OR	05
NWRS	JOHN HEINZ NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE AT TINICUM	Road Paved	\$461,378	\$305,000	39 PA	01
NWRS	JOHN HEINZ NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE AT TINICUM	Docks, Stationary	\$196,018	\$196,000	33 PA	01
NWRS	JOHN HEINZ NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE AT TINICUM	Parking Lot	\$1,084,018	\$190,000	28 PA	01
NWRS	ERIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$132,824	\$108,900	19 PA	03
NWRS	ERIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$109,124	\$36,100	14 PA	03
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$609,110	\$152,000	80 PA	05
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$16,000	22 PA	5
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$1,783,050	\$300,000	79 PA	05
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$368,271	\$45,000	45 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$396,176	\$45,000	45 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$396,176	\$43,000	44 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$492,711	\$43,000	26 PA	5
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,364,744	\$250,000	69 PA	05
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$642,630	\$27,000	40 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,663,830	\$135,000	44 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,663,830	\$135,000	44 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Road Paved	\$601,420	\$250,000	51 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Septic System	\$313,112	\$5,000	38 PA	5
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Road Paved	\$665,390	\$168,960	87 PA	05
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Road Gravel	\$115,833	\$35,000	87 PA	05
NFHS	LAMAR NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY AND NORTHEAST FISHERY CENTER	Road Paved	\$427,291	\$55,000	87 PA	05
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$12,000	59 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$396,176	\$50,000	45 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Parking Lot	\$2,142,384	\$173,000	38 PA	5
NFHS	ALLEGHENY NFH	Water Treatment Facility	\$2,893,063	\$40,000	45 PA	5

NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$2,927,051	\$348,873	17 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Nesting Island	\$220,775	\$73,000	37 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$215,033	\$171,000	37 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$374,786	\$374,785	52 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$635,733	\$177,607	37 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$434,783	\$12,200	11 SC	01
NWRS	PINCKNEY ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$199,652	\$28,400	43 SC	1
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,663,655	\$21,900	92 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Lighthouse	\$888,250	\$8,000	86 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$141,823	\$31,500	27 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$232,010	\$28,400	26 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$179,370	\$71,864	37 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fire Tower	\$373,721	\$133,200	88 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$51,994	\$7,900	18 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$117,898	\$12,411	19 SC	01
NWRS	CAPE ROMAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fire Tower	\$373,721	\$18,200	88 SC	01
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$179,690	\$179,690	38 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG COUNTY NFH	Fish Production Kettle	\$703,437	\$703,437	51 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG NFH	Fish Production Pond	\$2,615,807	\$2,615,807	53 SC	06
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$712,630	\$514,000	76 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Laboratory	\$1,287,493	\$816,500	58 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$1,740,450	\$1,010,480	22 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,163,040	\$2,275,624	68 SC	06

NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$809,480	\$32,281	68 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,312,800	\$91,743	118 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,442,317	\$83,809	138 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$523,020	\$16,638	22 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,724,720	\$63,000	98 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$204,056	\$2,508	37 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$209,249	\$1,602	37 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,048,480	\$15,000	17 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG NFH	Building Visitor Contact Statlon	\$1,069,111	\$2,422	55 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$123,704	\$123,704	17 SC	06
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$129,585	\$102,840	32 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$147,264	\$64,017	58 SC	6
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$124,254	\$56,000	46 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG NFH	Road Paved	\$2,235,545	\$245,547	53 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$126,083	\$3,352	31 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG NFH	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$245,849	\$5,629	25 SC	06
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$1,307,941	\$6,000	37 SC	06
NFHS	ORANGEBURG NFH	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$343,419	\$734	55 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$139,559	\$139,559	43 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$875,088	\$645,019	43 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,268,849	\$504,877	48 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,016,160	\$275,000	58 SC	06
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$27,016	\$6,475	58 SC	06
NWRS	ERNEST F. HOLLINGS ACE BASIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$220,627	\$22,650	33 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Mobile Home	\$308,893	\$24,535	23 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Mobile Home	\$306,664	\$22,000	22 SC	06
NWRS	SANTEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$268,295	\$11,439	40 SC	06
NFHS	BEARS BLUFF NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$512,479	\$21,765	25 SC	06



NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$4,183,275	\$109,500	54 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fire Tower	\$382,876	\$10,000	76 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,208,982	\$30,000	17 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$555,223	\$7,996	10 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culverts	\$548,280	\$338,726	80 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$144,768	\$58,563	22 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$156,507	\$49,269	53 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$242,367	\$64,674	53 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$257,692	\$49,269	53 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$580,595	\$49,706	53 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$781,509	\$34,969	17 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$1,158,054	\$1,126,488	60 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$142,796	\$65,559	42 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,455,433	\$244,200	81 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$180,677	\$13,182	34 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$608,632	\$499,534	79 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$588,007	\$482,606	69 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$602,065	\$494,144	54 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$547,192	\$64,674	80 SC	7
NWRS	CAROLINA SANDHILLS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$102,607	\$9,784	16 SC	7

NWRS	HURON WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$78,000	13 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,280,300	\$650,000	77 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$390,285	\$184,351	83 SD	00
NWRS	MADISON WMD	Dam, Low Hazard	\$434,998	\$203,436	23 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$116,720	\$48,000	33 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$135,488	\$55,000	54 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$306,138	\$121,058	22 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Levee	\$159,005	\$59,164	39 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$129,630	\$48,000	39 SD	00
NWRS	MADISON WMD	Dam, Low Hazard	\$266,342	\$90,000	29 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$157,413	\$51,275	32 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$179,009	\$55,000	82 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$38,000	25 SD	00
	D.C. BOOTH NATIONAL HISTORIC FISH					
NFHS	HATCHERY	Fish Public Display Pond	\$206,164	\$60,000	82 SD	00
NWRS	MADISON WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$249,132	\$63,000	22 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$425,390	\$105,000	26 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY WMD	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$220,452	\$48,000	27 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$447,509	\$90,000	47 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$3,700,480	\$650,000	77 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Levee	\$165,200	\$26,000	58 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$531,127	\$81,588	28 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Levee	\$286,201	\$41,000	16 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Levee	\$123,900	\$15,000	39 SD	00
	D.C. BOOTH NATIONAL HISTORIC FISH					
NFHS	HATCHERY	Fencing	\$111,719	\$13,500	50 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Levee	\$578,200	\$66,000	39 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Levee	\$433,388	\$48,000	58 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$851,410	\$84,956	83 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$2,843,278	\$265,706	37 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$1,517,469	\$138,000	81 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$5,261,533	\$474,155	81 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$436,128	\$35,000	29 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY WMD	Fencing	\$2,353,270	\$183,000	51 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Fencing	\$3,345,983	\$242,000	20 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Fencing	\$1,031,720	\$74,000	52 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Levee	\$247,800	\$17,000	34 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$661,717	\$45,000	32 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$11,951,807	\$811,363	82 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,431,798	\$80,000	82 SD	00

NWRS	SAND LAKE WMD	Fencing	\$1,352,094	\$204,000	46 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$165,594	\$22,000	30 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$166,162	\$22,000	30 SD	00
NWRS	KARL E MUNDT NWR	Levee	\$892,080	\$106,666	45 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$67,402	\$6,000	39 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Chemical	\$168,985	\$12,000	16 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,057,362	\$141,000	79 SD	00
NWRS	KARL E MUNDT NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,024,911	\$54,460	23 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$718,275	\$37,000	67 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,210,309	\$58,000	37 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,446,592	\$108,000	79 SD	00
NWRS	KARL E MUNDT NWR	Levee	\$677,687	\$22,372	45 SD	00
NFHS	D.C. BOOTH NATIONAL HISTORIC FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$389,670	\$11,000	79 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$410,699	\$9,000	10 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$363,893	\$7,000	8 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$717,214	\$10,000	36 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,513,939	\$8,000	14 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$915,900	\$670,000	67 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Fencing	\$887,807	\$327,360	17 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$107,096	\$33,000	16 SD	00
NFHS	GAVINS POINT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Visitor Center	\$2,306,390	\$117,000	57 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$618,431	\$23,000	83 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY WMD	Road Dirt	\$12,825	\$12,825	57 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$19,458	\$19,458	56 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Kiosk	\$21,372	\$21,372	18 SD	0
NWRS	WAUBAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$79,650	\$79,650	83 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$125,907	\$125,907	35 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Trail Unpaved	\$165,580	\$165,580	21 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$621,932	\$621,932	71 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$205,202	\$202,140	44 SD	00
NWRS	HURON WMD	Kiosk	\$42,744	\$39,000	16 SD	00
NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$18,023	\$14,000	27 SD	00
NWRS	SAND LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$50,976	\$33,000	82 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$572,300	\$355,278	4 SD	00
NWRS	WAUBAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$34,163	\$15,000	25 SD	00
NWRS	MADISON WMD	Sign	\$161,619	\$66,635	7 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Fencing	\$328,473	\$130,944	47 SD	00



NWRS	LACREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Picnic Areas	\$36,639	\$6,000	81 SD	00
NWRS	LAKE ANDES WMD	Building Barn Stable	\$2,027,231	\$54,000	32 SD	00
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$21,655	\$21,655	53 TN	01
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Parking Lot	\$96,197	\$96,197	36 TN	1
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$574,209	\$411,173	68 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$238,494	\$106,000	53 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Levee	\$123,900	\$28,875	80 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Pump/Well House	\$203,977	\$47,347	53 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$305,979	\$71,000	60 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$197,029	\$29,601	50 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$2,129,906	\$134,216	50 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,437,078	\$1,443	60 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$450,039	\$181,345	58 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$16,000	\$11,151	58 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Bulkhead	\$40,515	\$10,000	80 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Sign	\$29,000	\$5,000	20 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Kiosk	\$42,744	\$2,000	28 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Museum	\$3,175,613	\$34,910	115 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$18,687	\$174	61 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Pavilion	\$36,982	\$29,736	82 TN	01
NFHS	ERWIN NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$48,556	\$6,342	58 TN	01
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$109,888	\$109,888	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$20,063	\$13,450	24 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Bulkhead	\$18,650	\$10,644	16 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$254,997	\$59,972	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$11,343,304	\$2,626,740	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$848,712	\$34,000	24 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$3,210,898	\$85,118	53 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,603,123	\$1,081	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$1,727,984	\$398	16 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$2,476,934	\$257,514	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$109,350	\$4,000	19 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Distribution System	\$136,113	\$2,519	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Bridge	\$7,674	\$7,674	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$134,179	\$84,361	53 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Utility System	\$80,658	\$10,142	53 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$383,953	\$45,000	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$216,864	\$25,000	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$278,594	\$5,000	54 TN	06
NFHS	DALE HOLLOW NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$593,331	\$3,261	53 TN	06

NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$274,936	\$205,500	14 TN	7
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$217,931	\$40,000	50 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$201,362	\$24,790	52 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$216,294	\$121,500	34 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$153,805	\$85,000	38 TN	7
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$737,122	\$38,900	7 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,844,683	\$73,809	53 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$7,795,107	\$83,758	53 TN	7
NWRS	CROSS CREEKS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$9,752,739	\$89,474	55 TN	7
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$1,542,544	\$15,427	73 TN	7
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$899,422	\$899,422	35 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$967,913	\$947,500	32 TN	08
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Levee	\$451,771	\$430,674	30 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$148,014	\$138,289	30 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$16,000	\$12,714	39 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$725,781	\$511,500	35 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$145,515	\$94,582	51 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,217,121	\$1,152,266	26 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$799,384	\$369,134	31 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$236,822	\$102,758	25 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,093,414	\$817,844	18 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,509,666	\$712,000	35 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,933,702	\$653,000	35 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$4,829,862	\$965,714	17 TN	08
NWRS	LAKE ISOM NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$472,774	\$91,353	36 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$124,800	\$20,951	12 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Pole Barn	\$123,702	\$20,420	50 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$4,009,639	\$658,842	38 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,616,768	\$380,741	47 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,139,813	\$157,304	14 TN	08

NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$56,955	\$56,544	34 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$46,020	\$43,568	25 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$121,077	\$114,313	7 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$52,043	\$44,374	39 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$41,641	\$32,000	37 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$116,434	\$46,487	25 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,151,137	\$94,792	5 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$132,516	\$48,126	25 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$164,759	\$55,392	21 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$172,044	\$20,245	13 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$616,747	\$63,583	48 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$914,736	\$910,225	18 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$68,642	\$62,898	34 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$1,221,300	\$1,055,400	44 TN	08
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$58,037	\$48,901	32 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$30,223	\$25,429	15 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$2,276,836	\$1,868,050	45 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$298,157	\$195,369	23 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$552,576	\$301,104	73 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$187,974	\$70,364	15 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$505,547	\$125,654	15 TN	08
NWRS	LOWER HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$474,387	\$114,428	37 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$410,628	\$93,450	33 TN	08
NWRS	LAKE ISOM NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$390,285	\$70,261	15 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$254,880	\$41,618	15 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$97,440	\$15,561	53 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$215,185	\$154,056	33 TN	08
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$120,502	\$72,970	22 TN	08
NWRS	HATCHIE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Grain Bin	\$36,821	\$15,000	33 TN	08
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Trail Unpaved	\$343,805	\$109,293	63 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$208,222	\$10,913	20 TN	08
NWRS	TENNESSEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$143,361	\$5,708	23 TN	08
NWRS	LAKE ISOM NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$766,215	\$93,025	84 TN	08
NWRS	REELFOOT NWR	Docks, Stationary	\$573,480	\$40,738	25 TN	08
NWRS	CHICKASAW NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$589,987	\$262,868	43 TN	NULL

NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$737,196	\$513,848	33 TX	10
NWRS	ATTWATER PRAIRIE CHICKEN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,347,627	\$353,044	42 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$1,984,388	\$216,026	33 TX	10
NWRS	ATTWATER PRAIRIE CHICKEN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$139,750	\$139,750	23 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$333,822	\$128,029	35 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$887,462	\$146,500	33 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$504,025	\$50,000	23 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$630,032	\$60,286	24 TX	10
NWRS	BALCONES CANYONLANDS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Animal Shelter	\$24,570	\$7,386	19 TX	10
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Distribution System	\$394,362	\$133,812	32 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$266,802	\$57,144	31 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$436,128	\$57,997	43 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$703,670	\$60,892	48 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,568,119	\$55,790	30 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$72,000	\$7,080	15 TX	13
NWRS	BUFFALO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$38,940	\$13,124	25 TX	13
NWRS	MCFADDIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$287,162	\$264,269	27 TX	14
NWRS	MCFADDIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$292,231	\$160,000	38 TX	14
NWRS	SAN BERNARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,185,024	\$573,584	36 TX	14
NWRS	SAN BERNARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$158,013	\$55,997	28 TX	14
NWRS	MCFADDIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$456,725	\$140,000	38 TX	14
NWRS	MCFADDIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$343,301	\$52,400	38 TX	14

NWRS	LOWER RIO GRANDE VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$180,140	\$146,266	33 TX	15
NWRS	LOWER RIO GRANDE VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$196,254	\$158,942	18 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$208,531	\$120,053	38 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$208,531	\$68,583	38 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$238,957	\$34,145	38 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Observation Deck Tower/Platform	\$572,994	\$99,399	9 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$229,431	\$120,000	9 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,106,044	\$107,142	16 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,022,813	\$72,000	16 TX	15
NWRS	SANTA ANA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$6,977,187	\$146,308	16 TX	15
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	38 TX	19
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	37 TX	19
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$682,864	\$69,919	36 TX	19
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$185,865	\$84,548	79 TX	19
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$416,162	\$79,034	82 TX	19
NWRS	MULESHOE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$16,000	\$16,000	40 TX	19
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Road Paved	\$237,088	\$237,088	18 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Water Distribution System	\$840,601	\$214,000	46 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$295,850	\$60,000	48 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Building Office	\$2,171,338	\$134,000	43 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Wastewater Collection System	\$543,305	\$30,000	43 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$1,951,356	\$170,000	43 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$1,951,356	\$150,000	43 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$1,889,122	\$120,000	43 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Road Gravel	\$1,494,908	\$66,000	42 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Fish Production Pond	\$1,889,122	\$60,000	38 TX	21
NFHS	SAN MARCOS AQUATIC RESOURCES CENTER	Parking Lot	\$58,509	\$58,509	39 TX	21

NFHS	UVALDE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$252,321	\$22,000	82 TX	23
NFHS	UVALDE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Comfort Station/Restroom	\$48,675	\$48,675	42 TX	23
NFHS	UVALDE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$105,134	\$101,000	82 TX	23
NFHS	UVALDE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Structure All Other	\$133,307	\$9,000	81 TX	23
NFHS	UVALDE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Mobile Home	\$48,091	\$9,000	9 TX	23
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$17,370	\$17,370	80 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$29,147	\$29,147	80 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$103,749	\$90,000	59 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$513,939	\$410,000	80 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$148,769	\$116,000	57 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$101,742	\$55,000	57 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$102,145	\$55,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$102,145	\$55,000	57 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$107,145	\$57,000	80 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$107,762	\$55,000	48 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$114,986	\$55,000	63 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$115,386	\$55,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$105,755	\$50,000	63 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$107,361	\$50,000	63 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$127,827	\$55,000	63 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$70,000	59 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$60,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$55,000	48 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$53,000	58 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$53,000	58 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$53,000	58 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$53,000	58 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$106,960	\$18,000	63 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$305,774	\$47,000	15 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$286,113	\$40,000	61 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$286,113	\$40,000	57 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$212,000	\$18,000	64 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$88,934	\$6,000	15 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$755,396	\$46,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$119,125	\$6,000	15 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$286,113	\$6,000	79 TX	25
NFHS	INKS DAM NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$11,200	\$11,200	26 TX	25

NWRS	ARANSAS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$151,758	\$2,688	77 TX	27
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Dam, Low Hazard	\$40,228	\$40,228	65 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,283,623	\$368,526	55 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$2,182,746	\$330,934	63 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$14,936,600	\$41,439	67 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$28,684	\$18,394	35 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$439,610	\$204,548	44 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$160,466	\$55,924	26 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$219,409	\$68,875	38 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Housing Multi Family Duplex / Triplex	\$457,103	\$103,312	38 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$1,827,053	\$190,000	38 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$208,682	\$18,394	35 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Paved	\$260,369	\$18,394	35 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Kiosk	\$21,372	\$21,372	38 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$421,656	\$335,757	63 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Concession	\$306,083	\$79,650	63 TX	34
NWRS	LAGUNA ATASCOSA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Ruins	\$1,190,048	\$127,154	19 TX	34
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$383,966	\$346,567	58 TX	36
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$210,356	\$183,818	22 TX	36
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$849,600	\$337,268	33 TX	36
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$5,000	26 TX	36
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$23,575	\$5,000	26 TX	36
NWRS	ANAHUAC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$5,873,686	\$448,562	28 TX	36
NWRS	TRINITY RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$705,657	\$24,864	38 TX	36

NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$486,982	\$45,000	49 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$597,405	\$55,000	13 UT	1
NFHS	OURAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$1,578,738	\$120,000	22 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$531,484	\$40,000	49 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$4,281,978	\$265,000	50 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$133,743	\$8,000	50 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$2,606,586	\$155,000	49 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,894,844	\$101,131	17 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$126,317	\$5,597	27 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Levee	\$1,526,448	\$63,457	20 UT	01
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Levee	\$7,632,240	\$300,000	19 UT	01
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$617,240	\$23,171	78 UT	01
NFHS	OURAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$2,710,267	\$100,000	25 UT	1
NFHS	OURAY NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$114,889	\$4,000	20 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,229,516	\$40,401	89 UT	01
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Levee	\$5,887,728	\$150,056	82 UT	01
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,871,115	\$43,622	19 UT	01
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$491,193	\$8,000	49 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,163,008	\$18,148	58 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Building Multi-Purpose	\$14,252,822	\$176,454	12 UT	01
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$1,183,742	\$10,000	50 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Power Generating Facility (PGF)	\$677,118	\$5,000	17 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Levee	\$27,912,192	\$183,504	88 UT	01
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Levee	\$8,070,020	\$51,857	88 UT	01
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$3,181,567	\$10,000	44 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Fencing	\$851,296	\$100,160	84 UT	01
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$809,917	\$25,880	18 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$794,162	\$794,162	24 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$987,988	\$65,000	49 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$219,458	\$10,000	49 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Building Mobile Home	\$348,442	\$51,152	26 UT	01
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fuel Storage Tank Above Ground Non	\$73,963	\$23,000	23 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$472,402	\$62,029	36 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Levee	\$561,680	\$55,000	50 UT	1
NFHS	JONES HOLE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Multi-Purpose	\$134,909	\$5,000	49 UT	1
NWRS	BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$518,523	\$300,000	24 UT	01
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Garage Detached	\$41,255	\$20,170	35 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$620,070	\$32,508	54 UT	1
NWRS	OURAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$620,070	\$31,698	54 UT	1

NWRS	RAPPAHANNOCK RIVER VALLEY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$80,882	\$10,000	68 VA	01
NWRS	CHINCOTEAGUE NWR	Road Paved	\$9,099,056	\$3,178,900	48 VA	02
NWRS	CHINCOTEAGUE NWR	Road Paved	\$5,962,097	\$175,000	27 VA	02
NWRS	BACK BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$89,281,422	\$200,000	26 VA	02
NWRS	EASTERN SHORE OF VIRGINIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$2,873,911	\$625,000	62 VA	02
NWRS	BACK BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$170,566	\$144,400	16 VA	02
NWRS	CHINCOTEAGUE NWR	Building Single Family Housing	\$1,695,594	\$77,400	98 VA	02
NWRS	EASTERN SHORE OF VIRGINIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$105,089	\$101,690	138 VA	02
NWRS	EASTERN SHORE OF VIRGINIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$145,723	\$141,009	138 VA	02
NWRS	EASTERN SHORE OF VIRGINIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$110,362	\$75,000	48 VA	02
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Culverts	\$66,626	\$60,000	53 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$1,015,693	\$400,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$201,346	\$58,000	33 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$820,561	\$210,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$943,381	\$150,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Pond	\$9,711,742	\$1,297,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$104,976	\$12,000	13 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Distribution System	\$763,732	\$85,000	57 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Dirt	\$1,097,308	\$100,000	84 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wildlife Water Production Systems	\$860,216	\$55,000	22 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$16,000	\$7,000	30 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$888,970	\$60,000	54 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Boat Launch	\$31,398	\$17,500	24 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Paved	\$26,512	\$12,000	29 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$245,403	\$103,000	53 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Unpaved	\$118,478	\$45,000	41 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$694,845	\$65,000	54 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Docks, Stationary	\$107,785	\$5,000	24 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Dirt	\$516,185	\$4,000	19 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$302,889	\$30,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$1,182,898	\$57,000	83 VA	03
NFHS	HARRISON LAKE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Garage Detached	\$52,430	\$15,000	83 VA	03
NWRS	PRESQUILE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$114,839	\$114,800	68 VA	4
NWRS	GREAT DISMAL SWAMP NWR	Road Gravel	\$114,421,864	\$790,000	45 VA	04
NWRS	GREAT DISMAL SWAMP NWR	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$47,151	\$17,000	41 VA	04

NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,669,150	\$424,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,857,124	\$323,500	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$7,677,338	\$419,000	58 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$6,103,880	\$228,500	59 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,343,803	\$69,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$6,754,581	\$184,000	53 VT	00
NFHS	WHITE RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$7,963	\$7,000	40 VT	00
NWRS	MISSISQUOI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boat Launch	\$71,398	\$50,000	49 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$44,189	\$41,000	17 VT	00
NFHS	WHITE RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fencing	\$277,564	\$20,000	37 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$8,655,460	\$236,000	53 VT	00
NFHS	WHITE RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$950,909	\$400,000	39 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,454,534	\$197,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$129,186	\$8,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$498,289	\$22,000	35 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,521,509	\$124,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$4,318,503	\$118,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,380,713	\$65,000	53 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$99,803	\$95,000	35 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$313,737	\$18,000	35 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$959,667	\$27,000	59 VT	00
NWRS	SILVIO O. CONTE NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$498,289	\$14,000	35 VT	00

NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Fish Screens	\$2,140,219	\$150,000	11 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Fish Production	\$509,690	\$35,000	40 WA	03
NFHS	WILLARD NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$334,253	\$20,550	66 WA	03
NWRS	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,391,184	\$40,000	13 WA	03
NWRS	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Drainage Ditch	\$5,354,426	\$100,000	58 WA	3
NFHS	CARSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,839,981	\$30,000	81 WA	03
NWRS	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Road Gravel	\$6,034,863	\$9,204	68 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Power Distribution System	\$141,026	\$129,000	23 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$5,162,718	\$564,534	43 WA	03
NWRS	PIERCE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$674,735	\$674,735	51 WA	03
NWRS	JULIA BUTLER HANSEN REFUGE FOR THE COLUMBIAN WHITE TAIL DEER	Water Well	\$259,853	\$125,100	24 WA	03
NWRS	WILLAPA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Boardwalk	\$305,116	\$115,000	14 WA	03
NFHS	CARSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$671,715	\$90,000	19 WA	03
NWRS	WILLAPA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$1,140,885	\$10,797	48 WA	03
NWRS	PIERCE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$775,415	\$445,437	53 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Septic System	\$162,612	\$82,000	59 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Telecommunication	\$280,727	\$50,000	8 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Office	\$1,175,610	\$106,000	59 WA	03
NWRS	CONBOY LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$129,083	\$9,027	8 WA	03
NFHS	CARSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$2,044,350	\$140,000	65 WA	03
NWRS	WILLAPA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$552,635	\$12,213	17 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$49,733	\$48,144	75 WA	03
NWRS	WILLAPA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$411,923	\$300,000	78 WA	03
NFHS	WILLARD NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$523,760	\$324,000	63 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$755,799	\$409,998	11 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Auditorium	\$865,532	\$446,000	13 WA	03
NFHS	WILLARD NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$590,291	\$103,000	66 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$2,568,500	\$15,045	17 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$1,609,254	\$6,372	19 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Road Paved	\$472,640	\$359,000	56 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Telecommunication	\$168,217	\$85,000	16 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Building Office	\$1,132,647	\$57,000	59 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$24,082	\$10,974	26 WA	03
NFHS	ABERNATHY FISH TECHNOLOGY CENTER	Parking Lot	\$393,887	\$20,000	56 WA	03
NWRS	RIDGEFIELD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$260,184	\$251,872	72 WA	03

NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Road Paved	\$4,745,571	\$470,466	64 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Road Dirt	\$434,978	\$27,000	64 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Road Paved	\$9,697,472	\$155,600	78 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$59,780	\$34,314	62 WA	04
NWRS	SADDLE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Gate	\$223,903	\$81,100	68 WA	04
NWRS	TOPPENISH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,222,455	\$303,000	48 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$659,763	\$68,500	46 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$117,787	\$9,381	48 WA	04
NWRS	UMATILLA NWR	Road Paved	\$24,810,991	\$1,756,902	49 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Parking Lot	\$347,753	\$14,868	15 WA	04
NWRS	TOPPENISH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$127,632	\$5,310	21 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$162,032	\$6,700	57 WA	04
NWRS	SADDLE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$44,756,826	\$1,422,400	65 WA	04
NWRS	UMATILLA NWR	Road Gravel	\$5,034,893	\$152,751	49 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$448,766	\$6,372	48 WA	04
NWRS	TOPPENISH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Gravel	\$3,759,203	\$6,372	21 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Picnic Areas	\$132,718	\$91,442	48 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Pump/Well House	\$51,545	\$29,587	55 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Road Dirt	\$190,476	\$56,237	54 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$1,093,255	\$174,700	32 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$37,357	\$5,841	56 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Parking Lot	\$36,403	\$5,310	52 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Sign	\$687,763	\$90,300	23 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$87,139	\$8,673	58 WA	04
NWRS	TOPPENISH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$76,430	\$6,903	53 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$83,652	\$7,434	58 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$131,683	\$10,974	23 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$81,066	\$6,549	37 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Parking Lot	\$86,883	\$6,549	21 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Parking Lot	\$87,837	\$6,372	52 WA	04
NWRS	MCNARY NWR	Parking Lot	\$167,173	\$11,334	18 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$260,330	\$12,390	41 WA	04
NWRS	SADDLE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$206,116	\$7,500	65 WA	04
NWRS	COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$208,339	\$201,683	40 WA	04
NWRS	SADDLE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$8,452	\$8,182	47 WA	04

NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$504,261	\$105,000	19 WA	06
NFHS	QUINAULT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$291,617	\$52,000	52 WA	06
NFHS	QUINAULT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$1,104,450	\$150,000	42 WA	06
NWRS	GRAYS HARBOR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$5,491,273	\$648,781	38 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Wastewater Collection System	\$391,728	\$45,000	27 WA	06
NFHS	MAKAH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$4,991,168	\$560,000	37 WA	06
NFHS	MAKAH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$4,330,174	\$405,000	37 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$1,616,409	\$143,000	34 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$1,778,599	\$151,689	31 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$3,491,233	\$165,000	37 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$6,694,968	\$312,000	107 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Ladders Spawning Channel	\$1,349,125	\$57,000	54 WA	06
NFHS	QUINAULT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Screens	\$3,137,097	\$129,000	1 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$5,711,400	\$125,000	54 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Storage Tank	\$2,341,936	\$38,204	50 WA	06
NFHS	MAKAH NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$23,154,407	\$150,000	37 WA	06
NFHS	QUINAULT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$3,874,319	\$10,000	49 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$196,760	\$193,000	67 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Fire Cache	\$69,667	\$69,667	51 WA	06
NWRS	GRAYS HARBOR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$102,634	\$36,285	33 WA	06
NWRS	DUNGENESS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$49,811	\$31,588	43 WA	06
NFHS	QUINAULT NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$259,453	\$100,000	44 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$632,077	\$276,661	48 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$462,041	\$140,365	51 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$2,148,895	\$75,000	15 WA	06
NWRS	DUNGENESS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$34,922	\$34,922	42 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$406,951	\$276,389	46 WA	06
NWRS	PROTECTION ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Dirt	\$1,341,080	\$7,257	50 WA	06
NWRS	DUNGENESS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$873,083	\$123,816	83 WA	06
NWRS	DUNGENESS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$285,808	\$31,900	54 WA	06
NFHS	QUILCENE NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Gravel	\$352,666	\$35,000	72 WA	06

NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$1,239,000	\$97,899	19 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$1,307,444	\$75,139	34 WI	03
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$18,898,880	\$823,329	39 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,601,900	\$107,987	19 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$2,725,800	\$80,093	19 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Paved	\$2,791,825	\$2,785,600	88 WI	03
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$501,342	\$500,000	88 WI	03
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Trail Unpaved	\$53,104	\$52,834	83 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Office	\$1,545,499	\$226,961	20 WI	03
NFHS	GENOA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Office	\$431,380	\$9,000	17 WI	03
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-LA CROSSE DISTRICT - RAO	Parking Lot	\$438,563	\$5,600	38 WI	03
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-MCGREGOR DISTRICT - RAO	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$106,284	\$87,219	18 WI	3
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-MCGREGOR DISTRICT - RAO	Building Vault Toilet/PitToilet	\$119,569	\$87,219	48 WI	3
NWRS	TREMPEALEAU NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$498,092	\$168,234	88 WI	03
NWRS	UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE AND FISH REFUGE-MCGREGOR DISTRICT - RAO	Road Bridge	\$135,226	\$14,677	23 WI	3
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$439,845	\$152,865	30 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$148,267	\$48,279	30 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$449,344	\$144,351	30 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$471,998	\$69,380	80 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Drainage Ditch	\$786,669	\$113,222	80 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$146,615	\$20,335	30 WI	6
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$443,975	\$36,575	30 WI	6

NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Culvert Road Bridge	\$390,180	\$346,242	68 WI	7
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Road Bridge	\$446,281	\$392,000	42 WI	7
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$186,645	\$113,618	88 WI	7
NWRS	ST CROIX WMD	Parking Lot	\$147,193	\$87,200	68 WI	7
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,614,679	\$338,363	17 WI	7
NWRS	NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$116,989	\$6,800	21 WI	7
NWRS	ST CROIX WMD	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$1,294,096	\$49,750	38 WI	7
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$873,149	\$30,986	18 WI	07
NWRS	ST CROIX WMD	Building Single Family Housing	\$722,899	\$16,000	51 WI	7
	WHITTLESEY CREEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE					
NWRS	ST CROIX WMD	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$375,979	\$38,622	23 WI	07
NWRS	ST CROIX WMD	Building Garage Detached	\$104,861	\$8,238	48 WI	7
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Road Paved	\$1,791,240	\$140,000	34 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Trail Unpaved	\$482,767	\$30,633	98 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$858,607	\$47,078	31 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$858,607	\$47,078	31 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$858,607	\$47,078	31 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Barn Stable	\$678,670	\$30,000	78 WI	07
NFHS	IRON RIVER NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$249,013	\$38,360	78 WI	07
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse	\$810,363	\$79,536	79 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building All Other	\$1,076,160	\$693,822	122 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Docks, Stationary	\$1,069,080	\$531,551	79 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Lighthouse	\$774,403	\$250,000	160 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Communication Systems	\$242,599	\$48,704	122 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Shed/Outbuilding	\$53,711	\$6,000	122 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Single Family Housing	\$963,786	\$102,692	122 WI	08
NWRS	GREEN BAY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Communication Systems	\$294,680	\$5,000	118 WI	08
NWRS	OHIO RIVER ISLANDS NWR	Road Gravel	\$2,952,822	\$190,000	23 WV	01
	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT					
NCTC	OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$91,384	\$80,000	21 WV	02
	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT					
NCTC	OPRNS	Gate	\$22,063	\$14,825	21 WV	02
	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT					
NCTC	OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$288,502	\$134,428	21 WV	02
	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT					
NCTC	OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$252,468	\$105,980	21 WV	02
	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT					
NCTC	OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$157,817	\$55,000	18 WV	02

NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building Dining Hall Cafeteria	\$25,593,383	\$1,080,850	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Utility System	\$1,074,800	\$200,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building Barracks / Bunkhouse	\$16,661,257	\$2,200,300	19 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Water Distribution System	\$268,700	\$20,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building Barn Stable	\$1,566,814	\$75,000	138 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Fencing	\$566,745	\$519,500	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building Gymnasium	\$6,221,405	\$908,450	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building All Other	\$3,967,216	\$20,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Water Well	\$338,473	\$60,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$245,081	\$10,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Pole Barn	\$1,272,739	\$25,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Bulkhead	\$1,343,500	\$450,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$50,032	\$5,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$135,425	\$10,860	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$122,635	\$8,500	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$138,810	\$8,500	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$593,800	\$27,356	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Road Gravel	\$424,911	\$125,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Building Day Care	\$1,364,888	\$170,000	21 WV	02
NCTC	NATL CONSERV TRNG CTR-DIV OF FACLT OPRNS	Parking Lot	\$146,334	\$16,000	21 WV	02

NFHS	WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Visitor Contact Station	\$886,202	\$18,000	50 WV	03
NFHS	WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Parking Lot	\$278,777	\$125,000	49 WV	03
NFHS	WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$545,743	\$20,000	15 WV	03
NFHS	WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Public Display Pond	\$114,419	\$1,500	45 WV	03
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Control Structure (WCS)	\$303,108	\$180,000	53 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Warehouse	\$207,034	\$75,000	22 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$1,308,719	\$425,000	22 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$333,868	\$100,000	29 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$146,660	\$40,000	55 WY	00
NWRS	MORTENSON LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Levee	\$185,850	\$44,324	26 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$4,158,145	\$403,000	61 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$112,312	\$10,000	34 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Well	\$206,577	\$15,000	28 WY	00
NWRS	COKEVILLE MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$2,400,299	\$84,000	20 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Service Shop Maintenance	\$942,731	\$16,382	35 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Constructed Waterway Canal	\$1,928,349	\$22,382	35 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$1,311,068	\$15,000	22 WY	00
NFHS	SARATOGA NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Fish Production Raceway	\$1,624,390	\$15,000	53 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Fish Production	\$8,745,839	\$5,000	7 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$788,228	\$53,000	61 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$784,022	\$52,000	61 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$783,291	\$50,000	61 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Treatment Facility	\$515,612	\$20,000	14 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Building Single Family Housing	\$799,564	\$30,000	60 WY	00
NWRS	COKEVILLE MEADOWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Water Well	\$1,570,172	\$41,000	20 WY	00
NWRS	NATIONAL ELK REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$2,915,358	\$2,915,358	43 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Fencing	\$308,661	\$198,594	23 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Bulkhead	\$384,399	\$15,576	18 WY	00
NFHS	JACKSON NATIONAL FISH HATCHERY	Water Pumping Station (WPS)	\$176,990	\$20,000	31 WY	00
NWRS	NATIONAL ELK REFUGE	Parking Lot	\$148,652	\$148,652	20 WY	00
NWRS	NATIONAL ELK REFUGE	Building Office	\$858,627	\$31,607	25 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Visitor Center	\$3,829,346	\$11,113	16 WY	00
NWRS	SEEDSKADEE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE	Building Warehouse Equip Vehicle	\$173,980	\$52,845	53 WY	00

Attachment 2

NPS Multiyear Program of Projects

Note 1: This sheet is for planning and programming purposes. Some projects may shift in years due to increased cost or increased time.
 Note 2: Some projects may be moved out side the time frame of this multiyear.
 Note 3: Funding only guaranteed through the end of FAST Act in 2020.
 Note 4: The costs on this sheet are net construction costs.
 Note 5: This meets the FHWA requirements of the Multiyear Investment Strategy for FLTP in 2016.

Region	Project Title	Tip Project Title	PMS Number	State	Funding Category	Park	FY2018 CN	FY2019 CN	FY2020 CN	FY2021 CN	Total FLTP (FY18-21)
AKR	Repair and Rehabilitate Eight Park Road Bridges	Repair and Rehabilitate Eight Park Road Bridges	164258	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ 1,490,606	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,490,606
AKR	FY18 Perform Gravel Scrape And Process Material for Park Road	Prepare gravel for Denali Park Road Projects		AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 250,000
AKR	Exit Glacier Road Bridge Rehabilitation	Exit Glacier Road Bridge Rehabilitation	204568	AK	Cat I 3R	Kenai Fjords National Park	\$ 151,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,494
AKR	Replace Falling Pavement on the Denali Park Road Milepost 0-3	Replace Falling Pavement on 3 miles Denali Park Road	185904	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000
AKR	Construct Fish Friendly Drainage Structures for West District Streams	Drainage System Repairs	148115	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ 2,194,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,194,280
AKR	FY19 Perform Gravel Process Material for Park Road	Prepare gravel for Denali Park Road Projects	228390	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ 883,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 883,729
AKR	Install Solar Operated Automated Gate at the Savage Check Station	Entrance Gate at Savage Check Station	195648	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ 79,663	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,663
AKR	Resurface Last Five Miles of the Valley of 10,000 Smokes Road	Resurface Five Miles of Entrance Road	218578	AK	Cat I 3R	Katmai National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,665,879	\$ -	\$ 1,665,879
AKR	Rehab Stony Hill Scenic Viewpoint in Denali National Park	Mitigate Rockfall Hazards Park Road	242398A	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,589,870	\$ -	\$ 1,589,870
AKR	Prepare gravel for Denali Park Road Projects	Prepare gravel for Denali Park Road Projects	238205	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,475	\$ -	\$ 170,475
AKR	Replace Ghiglione Bridge That Cannot Be Seismically Retrofitted	Replace Ghiglione Bridge	164256	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,163,298	\$ 3,163,298
AKR	FY21 Perform Gravel Process Material for Park Road	Prepare gravel for Denali Park Road Projects	228392	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 955,841	\$ 955,841
AKR	Repair Falling Subgrade Mile 39 to 43 Denali Park Road	Repair Four Miles Denali Park Road	203039	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 409,834	\$ 409,834
AKR	Construct Low Water Crossing Denali Park Road	Construct Low Water Crossing Denali Park Road	242400A	AK	Cat I 3R	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 734,203	\$ 734,203
AKR	Construct McKinley Village Trailhead Parking Area	Construct McKinley Village Trailhead Parking Area	185048	AK	Cat III	Denali National Park	\$ 1,358,557	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,358,557
AKR	Emergency Public Use Shelter Cabin Management Plan for BELA	Emergency Public Use Shelter Management Plan	197737	AK	Cat III	Western Arctic National Parklands	\$ 83,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,377
AKR	Extend HQ Visitor Center Interp Trail by Adding a Bike Trail with Bike	Bike Trail with Bike Parking Area	214559A	AK	Cat III	Wrangell - St Elias National Park	\$ -	\$ 1,027,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,027,397
AKR	Provide Safe Pedestrian Crossing Of Savage River At Mile 13 Denali Park	Pedestrian Crossing Of Savage River	101805	AK	Cat III	Denali National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 713,000	\$ 713,000
All	Nationally Significant Federal Lands	Nationally Significant Federal Lands Projects		All	Cat I 4R	Many	\$ -	\$ 15,748,032	\$ 15,748,032	\$ 15,748,032	\$ 47,244,095
IMR	Reconstruct 6 Miles Kolob Canyon Route 13	Reconstruct 6 Miles Kolob Canyon Route 13	218463	UT	Cat I 3R	Zion National Park	\$ 12,151,776	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,151,776
IMR	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ 8,800,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000
IMR	GTSR Final Phase	Final Phase Going to Sun Road	140761	MT	Cat I 3R	Glacier National Park	\$ 3,120,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,120,000
IMR	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
IMR	Paria River Bridge protection	Paria River Bridge protection		AZ	Cat I 3R	Glen Canyon National Recreation Area	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,000
IMR	Rehabilitate 13.45 miles of Main Park Road	Rehabilitate 13.45 miles of Main Park Road	188844	AZ	Cat I 3R	Petrified Forest National Park	\$ -	\$ 10,544,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,544,138
IMR	Rehabilitate Many Glacier Road Rt 14	Rehabilitate Many Glacier Road	223689	MT	Cat I 3R	Glacier National Park	\$ -	\$ 9,336,371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,336,371
IMR	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000
IMR	Resurface Beaver Meadows Road Rte 0011	Resurface Beaver Meadows Road	229066	CO	Cat I 3R	Rocky Mountain National Park	\$ -	\$ 3,374,592	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,374,592
IMR	Resurface 4.7 Miles of Mesa Top Loop Roads MEVE 0101	Resurface 4.7 Miles of Mesa Top Loop Roads MEVE 0101	190403	CO	Cat I 3R	Mesa Verde National Park	\$ -	\$ 2,851,980	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,851,980
IMR	Rehabilitate South Entrance Road Rt12	Rehabilitate South Entrance Road	192081	AZ	Cat I 3R	Grand Canyon National Park	\$ -	\$ 2,260,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,260,977
IMR	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
IMR	Surface Treatment of West Entrance Road	Surface Treatment of West Entrance Road	190523	TX	Cat I 3R	Big Bend National Park	\$ -	\$ 1,720,367	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,720,367
IMR	Mill and Repave Village Loop Drive and Bypass Road	Rehabilitate Village Loop Drive and Bypass Road	223802	AZ	Cat I 3R	Grand Canyon National Park	\$ -	\$ 1,687,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,687,296
IMR	Resurface 4.23 Miles of Cliff Palace Road MEVE 100	Resurface 4.23 Miles of Cliff Palace Road MEVE 100	227352	CO	Cat I 3R	Mesa Verde National Park	\$ -	\$ 1,428,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,428,577
IMR	Repair Structural Deficiencies at Four Highway Bridges	Repair Structural Deficiencies at Four Highway Bridges	188281	WY	Cat I 3R	Grand Teton National Park	\$ -	\$ 1,375,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,375,709
IMR	FY2016 Rehabilitation of CHAM Rte0010	Rehabilitation of Route 10	190551	TX	Cat I 3R	Chamizal National Memorial	\$ -	\$ 669,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 669,069
IMR	Surface Treatment of Rio Grande Road	Surface Treatment of Rio Grande Road	190520	TX	Cat I 3R	Big Bend National Park	\$ -	\$ 620,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 620,587
IMR	Mill and Repave Rt 160 & 287	Rehabilitate Routes 160 & 287	229979	AZ	Cat I 3R	Grand Canyon National Park	\$ -	\$ 494,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494,940
IMR	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000
IMR	Rehabilitate Bullfrog Basin Access and Ferry Boat Ramp Road	Rehabilitate Bullfrog Basin Access and Ferry Boat Ramp Road	191244	UT	Cat I 3R	Glen Canyon National Recreation Area	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,631,470	\$ -	\$ 4,631,470
IMR	Rehabilitation and Preservation (3R) Work on Park Roads	Rehabilitation Park Roads	190837	TX	Cat I 3R	Lake Meredith National Recreation Area	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,405,692	\$ -	\$ 3,405,692
IMR	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
IMR	Rehabilitate Park Roads	Rehabilitate Park Roads	230740	AZ	Cat I 3R	Casa Grande Ruins National Monument	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,754,788	\$ -	\$ 1,754,788
IMR	Rehabilitation and Preservation (3R) Work on Park Roads	Rehabilitation Park Roads	190835	TX	Cat I 3R	Alibates Flint Quarries National Monument	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,451,581	\$ -	\$ 1,451,581
IMR	Repair Road Surface at BLCA Entrance	Repair Road at Entrance	216374	CO	Cat I 3R	Black Canyon Of The Gunnison National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 935,887	\$ -	\$ 935,887
IMR	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Region Wide Pavement Preservation	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,800,000	\$ 8,800,000
IMR	Rehabilitate Asphalt Surface on North Entrance Road Rt014	Rehabilitate North Entrance Road	192082	AZ	Cat I 3R	Grand Canyon National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,299,917	\$ 7,299,917
IMR	Improve Visitor Experience and Address Deferred Maintenance on	Rehabilitate Roads, Moose Wilson Corridor	225861H	WY	Cat I 3R	Grand Teton National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,558,276	\$ 3,558,276
IMR	Repair Camas Road Slumps and Resurface Remaining 4 miles	Repair Camas Road Slumps and Resurface 4 miles	188751	MT	Cat I 3R	Glacier National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,582,271	\$ 2,582,271
IMR	Resurface Roads Rt10, McKittrick Canyon Rt101 Pine Springs Access	Resurface Roads Route 10, Route 101	191852	TX	Cat I 3R	Guadalupe Mountains National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,516,213	\$ 2,516,213
IMR	Rehabilitate Aggar Parking for Circulation and Replace Mainline	Rehabilitate Aggar Parking and Repave Main Routes through Village	161775	MT	Cat I 3R	Glacier National Park	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,189,975	\$ 2,189,975
IMR	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Region Wide Bridge Preservation Program	Many	Many	Cat I 3R	Many	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
IMR	Rehabilitate Entrance Road	Rehabilitate Entrance Road	177879	UT	Cat I 3R	Natural Bridges National Monument	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 973,322	\$ 973,322
IMR	Rehabilitation Rt100 Cedar Blue Entrance Rd to Buckhorn RD	Rehabilitation Cedar Blue Entrance Rd to Buckhorn RD	191075	OK	Cat I 3R	Chickasaw National Recreation Area	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 366,699	\$ 366,699
IMR	Fishing Bridge to Indian Pond, Including Pelican Creek and Fishing	Reconstruct Road, Fishing Bridge to Indian Pond	205560	WY	Cat I 4R	Yellowstone National Park	\$ 27,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,000,000

IMR	Norris to Golden Gate Phase 3	Reconstruct Road, Norris to Golden Gate Phase 3	226067	WY	Cat I 4R	Yellowstone National Park	\$	\$	\$ 22,000,000	\$	\$ 22,000,000	
IMR	Lewis River Bridge Replacement	Lewis River Bridge Replacement	225353	WY	Cat I 4R	Yellowstone National Park	\$	\$	\$ 8,000,000	\$	\$ 8,000,000	
IMR	Rehabilitate and Widen Route 10	Rehabilitate and Widen Route 10	108853	MT	Cat I 4R	Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,493,631	\$ 10,493,631	
IMR	Construct Bridges Over Three Wash Crossings along the Delicate Arch	Construct Bridges Over Three Wash Crossings along the Delicate Arch Road	231001	UT	Cat I 4R	Arches National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 9,733,223	\$ 9,733,223	
IMR	Implement Zion Transit Fleet Replacement Strategy	Replace ZION's Transit Fleet	243008	UT	Cat III	Zion National Park	\$	\$	\$ 2,184,000	\$	\$ 2,184,000	
IMR	Modify Visitor Center & Majestic Bus Turnarounds for New Park Buses	Adapt Turnarounds for New Buses	242886	UT	Cat III	Zion National Park	\$	\$	\$ 910,730	\$	\$ 910,730	
IMR	Build Shuttle Service Expansion Parking Lot at Trailhead	Build Shuttle Service Expansion Parking Lot at Trailhead	240227	NM	Cat III	Bandelier National Monument	\$	\$	\$ 699,818	\$ 1,865,834	\$ 1,865,834	
IMR	Install Electric Charging Stations for Park Shuttle Buses	Install Electric Charging Stations for Buses	242891	UT	Cat III	Zion National Park	\$	\$	\$ 491,755	\$	\$ 491,755	
IMR	Replace Sprinter Buses in the Park's Transit System	Replace Sprinter Buses	161905C	MT	Cat III	Glacier National Park	\$	\$	\$ 317,212	\$	\$ 317,212	
IMR	Replace ZION's Transit Fleet	Replace ZION's Transit Fleet	243000D	UT	Cat III	Zion National Park	\$	\$	\$ 2,097,872	\$	\$ 2,097,872	
IMR	Predesign for Grand Canyon Shuttle Bus Stops to Improve Visitor	Predesign for Shuttle Bus Stops	231175	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 216,000	\$	\$ 216,000	
IMR	Complete Transportation System Modeling to Support Visitor Use	Transportation System Modeling to Improve Transportation	241370	CO	Cat III	Rocky Mountain National Park	\$	\$	\$ 100,000	\$	\$ 100,000	
IMR	Expand LNG Storage and Pumping Capability at Fueling Station to Ensure	Expand LNG Storage and Pumping Capacity	206174	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,045,788	\$	\$ 1,045,788	
IMR	Complete Major Rehab of Five of the Park's 2004 Transit CNG Buses to Ensure NPS	Rehab of Park's 2004 Transit CNG Buses	217136	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 729,992	\$	\$ 729,992	
IMR	Conduct Alternative Transportation Feasibility Study in Focal Corridors of	Conduct Alternative Transportation Feasibility Study in Focal Corridors of	240395	WY	Cat III	Yellowstone National Park	\$	\$	\$ 404,951	\$	\$ 404,951	
IMR	Conduct Analysis for Shuttle Bus Fleet to Ensure Park has Efficient &	Analysis for Shuttle Bus Fleet to Improve Transportation	237242	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 182,228	\$	\$ 182,228	
IMR	AV/E Services to Upgrade Current Shuttle Bus Maintenance Facility	Design New Bus Maintenance & Operations Facility	228670	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 54,080	\$	\$ 54,080	
IMR	Complete Major Rehab of Five of the Park's 2008 Transit CNG Buses to	Rehab of Five of the Park's 2008 Transit CNG Buses	228579A	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 877,934	\$	\$ 877,934	
IMR	Complete Major Rehab of Five of the Park's 2008 Transit CNG Buses to	Rehab of Five of the Park's 2008 Transit CNG Buses	228579B	AZ	Cat III	Grand Canyon National Park	\$	\$	\$ 877,394	\$	\$ 877,394	
IMR	Transportation Safety Study for Pedestrians, Bicyclists, Motorists and	Transportation Safety Study for Pedestrians, Bicyclists, Motorists and	240945	MT	Cat III	Glacier National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 76,041	\$ 76,041	
MWR	Resurface Routes 11A & 11E	Resurface Routes 11A & 11E	113252C	ND	Cat I 3R	Theodore Roosevelt National Park	\$	\$	\$ 7,400,000	\$	\$ 7,400,000	
MWR	Pavement Preservation ND Parks	Pavement Preservation North Dakota Parks	210465; 219599;	ND	Cat I 3R	Midwest Region	\$	\$	\$ 1,000,000	\$	\$ 1,000,000	
MWR	Repair Ponca Low Water Bridge Deficiencies	Repair Ponca Low Water Bridge	177514	AR	Cat I 3R	Buffalo National River	\$	\$	\$ 277,000	\$	\$ 277,000	
MWR	Remove / Replace Culverts and Construct Buttress on Loop Road at	Replace Culverts and Construct Buttress on Loop Road at Mile Post 24.9	225939	SD	Cat I 3R	Badlands National Park	\$	\$	\$ 3,000,000	\$	\$ 3,000,000	
MWR	Pavement Preservation AR Parks	Pavement Preservation Arkansas Parks	Multiple	AR	Cat I 3R	Midwest Region	\$	\$	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$ 2,000,000	
MWR	Replace Douglas Center Pedestrian Bridge	Replace Douglas Center Pedestrian Bridge	205321	IN	Cat I 3R	Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000	\$	\$ 1,500,000	
MWR	Pavement Preservation FY18	Pavement Preservation	171146	SD	Cat I 3R	Wind Cave National Park	\$	\$	\$ 500,000	\$	\$ 500,000	
MWR	Pavement Preservation MO Parks	Pavement Preservation Missouri Parks	Multiple (228955;	MO	Cat I 3R	Midwest Region	\$	\$	\$ 4,000,000	\$	\$ 4,000,000	
MWR	Construct Right and Left Turn Lanes on M109 Dune Climb Entrance	Construct Turn Lanes on Dune Climb Entrance	195803	MI	Cat I 3R	Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore	\$	\$	\$ 750,000	\$	\$ 750,000	
MWR	Replace Miners River Bridge	Replace Miners River Bridge	242097	MI	Cat I 3R	Picture Rocks National Lakeshore	\$	\$	\$ 350,000	\$	\$ 350,000	
MWR	George Rogers Clark Parking Lot Rehab	Rehabilitate Parking Lot		IN	Cat I 3R	George Rogers Clark National Historic Site	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	
MWR	Pavement Preservation NE,KS, SD.	Pavement Preservation NE,KS, SD.	Multiple PMIS	MWRO	Cat I 3R	Midwest Region	\$	\$	\$ 2,500,000	\$	\$ 2,500,000	
MWR	Constructed Drainage System Remove Culverts and Repair Frost	Remove Culverts and Repair Frost Heaves Cedar Pass	226020	SD	Cat I 3R	Badlands National Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000	\$	\$ 1,500,000	
MWR	Resurface Loop Road - Bigfoot Picnic Area to Bigfoot RD	Resurface Loop Road - Bigfoot Picnic Area to Bigfoot RD	227427	SD	Cat I 3R	Badlands National Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,300,000	\$	\$ 1,300,000	
MWR	Realign Parks Main Tour Road	Realign Parks Main Tour Road	152541	MO	Cat I 4R	Pea Ridge National Military Park	\$	\$	\$ 500,000	\$	\$ 500,000	
MWR	Design Service for Fitzwater Complex, Component A Schematic Design.	Construct Alternative Transportation System	218526	OH	Cat III	Cuyahoga Valley National Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,073,005	\$ 1,073,005	\$ 483,005	\$ 2,631,715
MWR	Replace CVNP Scenic Railroad mini-excavator/ track maintenance machine.	Replace Railroad track maintenance machine.	212189	OH	Cat III	Cuyahoga Valley National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
MWR	Stabilize Rail Road Bed Track Switch No. 2 MP 61.1	Stabilize Rail Road Bed Track Switch No. 2	238600	OH	Cat III	Cuyahoga Valley National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 315,000	\$ 315,000	
MWR	Purchase High-rail Railroad Maintenance Vehicle	Purchase High-rail Railroad Maintenance Vehicle	223652	OH	Cat III	Cuyahoga Valley National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	
MWR	Mandatory Dry-Docking of the Ranger III.	Dry-Dock repairs of the Ranger III.	227572	MN	Cat III	Isle Royale National Park	\$	\$	\$ 500,000	\$	\$ 500,000	
MWR	Ferry Boat Program Match	Ferry Boat	227572; 243310;	MI	Cat III	Isle Royale National Park & Sleeping Bear Dunes	\$	\$	\$ 300,000	\$	\$ 300,000	
MWR	Ranger III VA/ CBA	Ranger III Value Analysis	236216	MN	Cat III	Isle Royale National Park	\$	\$	\$ 100,000	\$	\$ 100,000	
NCR	Steel Creek Bridge and Road Rehab	Steel Creek Bridge and Road Rehab	151314	MD	Cat I 3R	Greenbelt Park	\$	\$	\$ 6,224,800	\$	\$ 6,224,800	
NCR	Fort Dupont Roads phase II (Fort Dupont Drive)	Fort Dupont Roads (Fort Dupont Drive)	173748	DC	Cat I 3R	National Capital Parks-East	\$	\$	\$ 3,335,000	\$	\$ 3,335,000	
NCR	Sliding Guardwall near Spout Run	Repair Sliding Guardwall near Spout Run		VA	Cat I 3R	George Washington Memorial Parkway	\$	\$	\$ 500,000	\$	\$ 500,000	
NCR	Timber Bridge Rehab	Timber Bridge Rehab	174889	VA	Cat I 3R	Prince William Forest Park	\$	\$	\$ 450,000	\$	\$ 450,000	
NCR	Independence and Tidal Basin Resurfacing	Independence and Tidal Basin Resurfacing	212007	DC	Cat I 3R	National Mall and Memorial Parks	\$	\$	\$ 5,033,080	\$	\$ 5,033,080	
NCR	Clara Barton Parkway Rehab phase I	Clara Barton Parkway Rehab phase I	211513	MD	Cat I 3R	George Washington Memorial Parkway	\$	\$	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	
NCR	Mill and overlay BW Parkway Pautuxent River to MD 198	Mill and overlay BW Parkway Pautuxent River to MD 198	151204	MD	Cat I 3R	Baltimore-Washington Parkway	\$	\$	\$ 3,300,000	\$	\$ 3,300,000	
NCR	Perform Light Rehab and Replace Drainage on Morrow Dr	Perform Light Rehab and Replace Drainage on Morrow Dr	195279	DC	Cat I 3R	Rock Creek Park	\$	\$	\$ 670,000	\$	\$ 670,000	
NCR	Perform Light rehab and replace drainage system on Bingham Drive	Perform Light rehab and replace drainage system on Bingham Drive	195275	DC	Cat I 3R	Rock Creek Park	\$	\$	\$ 530,000	\$	\$ 530,000	
NCR	Mill and overlay BW Parkway MD- 198 to MD 32	Mill and overlay BW Parkway MD- 198 to MD 32	151204	MD	Cat I 3R	Baltimore-Washington Parkway	\$	\$	\$ 3,000,000	\$	\$ 3,000,000	
NCR	Ohio Drive and West Basin Drive Resurfacing	Ohio Drive and West Basin Drive Resurfacing	212008	DC	Cat I 3R	National Mall and Memorial Parks	\$	\$	\$ 2,810,000	\$	\$ 2,810,000	
NCR	Pavement Pres. plus trail work	Pavement Pres. plus trail work		VA	Cat I 3R	Antietam National Battlefield	\$	\$	\$ 1,300,000	\$	\$ 1,300,000	
NCR	Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway Resurfacing	Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway Resurfacing	211860	DC	Cat I 3R	National Mall and Memorial Parks	\$	\$	\$ 1,100,000	\$	\$ 1,100,000	
NCR	EFLHD Pavement Pres (MANA and PRWI)	EFLHD Pavement Pres (MANA and PRWI)	NEEDED	VA	Cat I 3R	Manassas National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,000,000	\$	\$ 1,000,000	
NCR	Jefferson Drive and 15th St Resurfacing	Jefferson Drive and 15th St Resurfacing	212005	DC	Cat I 3R	National Mall and Memorial Parks	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,248,149	\$ 4,248,149	
NCR	Reconstruction Piney Branch	Reconstruction Piney Branch	???????	DC	Cat I 3R	Rock Creek Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	
NCR	East Basin Drive Resurfacing	East Basin Drive Resurfacing	212009	DC	Cat I 3R	National Mall and Memorial Parks	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,625,598	\$ 2,625,598	

NER	Surf Treat - 2 FRSP-0010 LEE DRIVE	Renovate Lee Drive	221865	VA	Cat I 3R	Fredericksburg & Spotsylvania National	\$	\$	575,090	\$	\$	\$	575,090
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" ACAD-0102 DUCK BROOK ROAD	Repave Duck Brook Road	192316	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	464,491	\$	\$	\$	464,491
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" GARI-0100 TAIL WATER ACCESS ROAD	Repave Tail Water Access Road	190989	WV	Cat I 3R	Gauley River National Recreation Area	\$	\$	378,663	\$	\$	\$	378,663
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" GETT-0201 EAST CAVALRY FIELD ACCESS	Repave East Cavalry Field Access	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	365,274	\$	\$	\$	365,274
NER	CLEAN AND SEAL DECK SURFACE AND WEARING SURFACE, U.S.	Repair Deck, U.S. Route 17 Tour Road Bridge	222608	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	340,000	\$	\$	\$	340,000
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0012 SOUTH CONFEDERATE-SKYES AVENUE	Renovate South Confederate-Skyes Avenue	221222	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	322,036	\$	\$	\$	322,036
NER	REMOVE UNSOUND CONCRETE THROUGHOUT STRUCTURE, CLEAN	Renovate Felgate'S Creek Bridge	222559	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	310,000	\$	\$	\$	310,000
NER	1.75" Overlay CACO-0012 MARCONI BEACH ROAD	Repave Marconi Beach Road	152184	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	277,771	\$	\$	\$	277,771
NER	CLEAN AND SEAL DECK SURFACE, CLEAN AND RESEAL DECK	Repair Bridge Deck And Expansion Joints, Kings Creek Bridge	222612	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	270,000	\$	\$	\$	270,000
NER	1.75" Overlay CACO-0011 CABLE ROAD	Repave Cable Road	222324	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	219,663	\$	\$	\$	219,663
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" CACO-0019 NAUSET ROAD	Repave Nauset Road	152119	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	219,624	\$	\$	\$	219,624
NER	1.75" Overlay CACO-0013 MARCONI SITE ROAD	Repave Marconi Site Road	152035	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	211,956	\$	\$	\$	211,956
NER	REPOINT CRACKED AND DETERIORATED MORTAR JOINTS	Repoint Cracked And Deteriorated Mortar Joints Throughout Structure.	222609	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	190,000	\$	\$	\$	190,000
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-0076 LOFT MOUNTAIN CAMPGROUND ACCESS	Renovate Loft Mountain Campground Access	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	173,586	\$	\$	\$	173,586
NER	J&Ck Repair COLO-0001 COLONIAL PARKWAY	Repair Colonial Parkway	222156	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	167,403	\$	\$	\$	167,403
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0023 REYNOLDS AVENUE	Renovate Reynolds Avenue	221217	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	161,805	\$	\$	\$	161,805
NER	REPOINT DETERIORATED MORTAR JOINTS PENNIMAN ROAD BRIDGE	Repoint Deteriorated Mortar Joints Penniman Road Bridge	222611	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	150,000	\$	\$	\$	150,000
NER	Thin Overlay w partial depth patch to correct rutting GETT-0025 BLUFORD	Repave Bluford Avenue	221215	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	134,487	\$	\$	\$	134,487
NER	1.75" Overlay CACO-0012 MARCONI BEACH ROAD	Repave Marconi Beach Road	152184	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	131,469	\$	\$	\$	131,469
NER	Ultra Thin Overlay CACO-0010 DOANE ROAD	Renovate Doane Road	152121	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	127,260	\$	\$	\$	127,260
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0014 UNITED STATES AVENUE	Renovate United States Avenue	221220	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	116,137	\$	\$	\$	116,137
NER	CLEAN AND RESEAL PARAPET AND VERTICAL EXPANSION JOINTS	Repair Parapet And Vertical Expansion Joints Page Street Bridge	222610	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	100,000	\$	\$	\$	100,000
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" GETT-0200 EAST CAVALRY AVENUE	Repave East Cavalry Avenue	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	96,853	\$	\$	\$	96,853
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-0034 BIG MEADOWS ENTRANCE ROAD	Renovate Big Meadows Entrance Road	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	94,548	\$	\$	\$	94,548
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" HOFU-0010 VISITOR CENTER ACCESS ROAD	Repave Visitor Center Access Road	187731	PA	Cat I 3R	Hopewell Furnace National Historic Site	\$	\$	89,465	\$	\$	\$	89,465
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0015 NORTH SICKLES AVENUE	Renovate North Suckles Avenue	221208	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	87,168	\$	\$	\$	87,168
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0024 STONE-MEREDITH AVENUE	Renovate Stone-Meredith Avenue	221216	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	84,236	\$	\$	\$	84,236
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-0919 SKYLAND LODGE UPPER PARKING	Renovate Skyland Lodge Upper Parking	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	73,135	\$	\$	\$	73,135
NER	CLEAN AND SEAL DECK SEAL SURFACE AND ABUTMENT SLABS.	Repair Bridge Deck and Abutments, Indian Field Creek Bridge	222553	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	70,000	\$	\$	\$	70,000
NER	CLEAN AND REPOINT DETERIORATED MORTAR JOINTS IN	Repair Parapets And Wingwalls, Hubbard'S Lane Bridge	222555	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	70,000	\$	\$	\$	70,000
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" HOFU-0900 VISITOR CENTER PARKING	Repave Visitor Center Parking	187731	PA	Cat I 3R	Hopewell Furnace National Historic Site	\$	\$	61,213	\$	\$	\$	61,213
NER	Ultra Thin Overlay CACO-0018 STATE ROUTE 6	Renovate State Route 6	221950	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	44,100	\$	\$	\$	44,100
NER	Ultra Thin Overlay CACO-0202 TOMAHAWK TRAIL	Renovate Tomahawk Trail	152118	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	41,886	\$	\$	\$	41,886
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" FRSP-0010 JACKSON TRAIL EAST	Repave Jackson Trail East	TBD	VA	Cat I 3R	Fredericksburg & Spotsylvania National	\$	\$	34,590	\$	\$	\$	34,590
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" ACAD-0101 ACCESS TO STATE HIGHWAY	Repave Access To State Highway	192324	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	32,817	\$	\$	\$	32,817
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1025 JEWELL HOLLOW OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Jewell Hollow Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	28,348	\$	\$	\$	28,348
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" HOFU-0901 VISITOR UPPER CENTER PARKING	Repave Visitor Upper Center Parking	187731	PA	Cat I 3R	Hopewell Furnace National Historic Site	\$	\$	23,543	\$	\$	\$	23,543
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1054 IVY CREEK OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Ivy Creek Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	23,343	\$	\$	\$	23,343
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1051 LOFT MOUNTAIN OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Loft Mountain Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	18,871	\$	\$	\$	18,871
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1048 EATON HOLLOW OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Eaton Hollow Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	16,295	\$	\$	\$	16,295
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1065 SAWMILL RUN OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Sawmill Run Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	16,295	\$	\$	\$	16,295
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1053 BROWN MOUNTAIN OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Brown Mountain Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	16,143	\$	\$	\$	16,143
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1061 RIPRAP OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Riprap Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	16,067	\$	\$	\$	16,067
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1062 MOORMANS RIVER OVERLOOK	Renovate Moormans River Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	14,779	\$	\$	\$	14,779
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1047 BACON HOLLOW OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Bacon Hollow Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	13,490	\$	\$	\$	13,490
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" CACO-0931 NAUSET RANGER STATION PARKING	Repave Nauset Ranger Station Parking	TBD	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	13,317	\$	\$	\$	13,317
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-0938 LOFT MOUNTAIN CAMP STORE AND	Renovate Loft Mountain Camp Store And Residence Parking	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	13,246	\$	\$	\$	13,246
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-0941 DOYLES RIDGE PARKING	Renovate Doyles Ridge Parking	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	11,728	\$	\$	\$	11,728
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1049 ROCKY MOUNT OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Rocky Mount Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	11,596	\$	\$	\$	11,596
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1038 HAZELTOP RIDGE OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Hazeltop Ridges Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	11,217	\$	\$	\$	11,217
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1041 BALDFACE MOUNTAIN OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Baldface Mountain Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	10,004	\$	\$	\$	10,004
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1068 SAWMILL RIDGE OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Sawmill Ridge Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	9,853	\$	\$	\$	9,853
NER	Ultra Thin Overlay CACO-0922 NAC LABORATORY PARKING	Renovate Nac Laboratory Parking	221951	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	9,715	\$	\$	\$	9,715
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1060 HORSEHEAD OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Horsehead Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	9,701	\$	\$	\$	9,701
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1042 SOUTH RIVER OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate South River Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	9,170	\$	\$	\$	9,170
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1043 HENSLEY HOLLOW OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Hensley Hollow Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	8,716	\$	\$	\$	8,716
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1055 ROCKY TOP OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Rocky Top Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	8,640	\$	\$	\$	8,640
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1027 HEMLOCK SPRINGS OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Hemlock Springs Overlook Parking	222242	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	7,613	\$	\$	\$	7,613
NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1063 CRIMORA LAKE OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Crimora Lake Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	6,368	\$	\$	\$	6,368

NER	Surf Treat - 2 SHEN-1052 TWO MILE RUN OVERLOOK PARKING	Renovate Two Mile Run Overlook Parking	222238	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	5,608	\$	\$	5,608
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" GATE-0933 SOUTH BEACH AREA "E"	Repave South Beach Area "E"	187904	NJ	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	1,476,622	\$	\$	1,476,622
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" ACAD-0013 CADILLAC MOUNTAIN ROAD	Repave Cadillac Mountain Road	221640	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	1,284,484	\$	\$	1,284,484
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" SARA-0010 ENTRANCE ROAD	Repave Entrance Road	222015	NY	Cat I 3R	Saratoga National Historical Park	\$	\$	909,929	\$	\$	909,929
NER	Surf Treat SHEN-0010C Skyline Drive South	Renovate Skyline Drive South	222248	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	623,743	\$	\$	623,743
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" CACO-0919 SALT POND VISITOR CENTER PARKING	Repave Salt Pond Visitor Center Parking	152227	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	577,375	\$	\$	577,375
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" GATE-0976A THEATER PARKING A	Repave Theater Parking A	191662	NY	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	574,157	\$	\$	574,157
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" GATE-0901 GATEWAY SPORTS PARKING	Repave Gateway Sports Parking	190775	NY	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	565,853	\$	\$	565,853
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" VAFO-0500 OUTER LINE DRIVE	Repave Outer Line Drive	222014	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	394,455	\$	\$	394,455
NER	Surf Treat SHEN-0010A Skyline Drive North	Renovate Skyline Drive North	222246	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	378,945	\$	\$	378,945
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" ACAD-0211BZ BLACKWOODS CAMPGROUND	Repave Blackwoods Campground Entrance/Dump Station	222085	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	299,249	\$	\$	299,249
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" ACAD-0211AZ BLACKWOODS CAMPGROUND	Repave Blackwoods Campground Entrance Road	222085	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	293,919	\$	\$	293,919
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0010 HANCOCK AVENUE	Renovate Hancock Avenue	221224	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	279,243	\$	\$	279,243
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0304 BATTLEFIELD PARK ROAD	Renovate Battlefield Park Road	TBD	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	281,891	\$	\$	281,891
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" ACAD-0105 OTTER CLIFF ROAD	Repave Otter Cliff Road	192321	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	210,063	\$	\$	210,063
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" VAFO-0947 CHAPEL PARKING AREA	Repave Chapel Parking Area	222084	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	209,824	\$	\$	209,824
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0028 HOWARD AVENUE	Renovate Howard Avenue	222022	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	170,085	\$	\$	170,085
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" VAFO-0201 BETZWOOD PICNIC AREA ROAD	Repave Betzwood Picnic Area Road	188100	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	160,534	\$	\$	160,534
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0042 SOUTH SICKLES AVENUE	Renovate South Sickles Avenue	222019	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	155,408	\$	\$	155,408
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0030 SLOCUM AVENUE	Renovate Slocum Avenue	221214	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	149,652	\$	\$	149,652
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" MORR-0015 FORT NONSENSE ACCESS ROAD	Repave Fort Nonsense Access Road	222159	NJ	Cat I 3R	Morristown National Historical Park	\$	\$	137,544	\$	\$	137,544
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0308 HOKE BRADY ROAD	Renovate Hoke Brady Road	222028	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	122,216	\$	\$	122,216
NER	CLEAN AND RESEAL SLAB, SIDEWALK, AND PARAPET	Repair Deck, Sidewalk, and the Parapet Expansion Joints. North Pier Naval	222620	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	120,000	\$	\$	120,000
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" VAFO-0102ZZ LIBRARY LANE	Repave Library Lane	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	108,843	\$	\$	108,843
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0011 SEDGWICK AVENUE	Renovate Sedgwick Avenue	221223	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	90,565	\$	\$	90,565
NER	REPLACE TIMBER APPROACH GUARDRAILS. REPAVE EAST	Replace Guardrails. Repave Approach. Repair Erosion and Undermining At	222592	VA	Cat I 3R	Assateague Island National Seashore	\$	\$	90,000	\$	\$	90,000
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" CACO-0908 PARK HEADQUARTERS PARKING	Repave Park Headquarters Parking	221608	MA	Cat I 3R	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	87,924	\$	\$	87,924
NER	Thin Overlay w partial depth patch to correct rutting GETT-0028 NORTH	Repave North Confederate Avenue	222023	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	86,931	\$	\$	86,931
NER	Reconstruction SAIR-0909 VISITOR CENTER PARKING	Reconstruction Visitor Center Parking	221558	MA	Cat I 3R	Saugus Iron Works National Historic Site	\$	\$	82,643	\$	\$	82,643
NER	CLEAN AND REPOINT MORTAR JOINTS PARKWAY DRIVE BRIDGE	Clean And Repoint Mortar Joints Parkway Drive Bridge	222621	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	80,000	\$	\$	80,000
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0034 COLGROVE-CARMAN AVENUE	Renovate Colgrove-Carman Avenue	222021	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	79,143	\$	\$	79,143
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0035 HUNT AVENUE	Renovate Hunt Avenue	221212	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	77,704	\$	\$	77,704
NER	CLEAN AND REPOINT DETERIORATED MASONRY	Repair Arch Underside, Ring Stones, East Abutment, And East Pier Outer	222671	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	65,000	\$	\$	65,000
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0500 COLD HARBOR ROAD	Renovate Cold Harbor Road	TBD	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	63,674	\$	\$	63,674
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0017 CRAWFORD AVENUE	Renovate Crawford Avenue	222017	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	59,807	\$	\$	59,807
NER	REPAIR EROSION AT ENDS OF NORTHEAST AND SOUTHWEST	Repair Erosion Sheephead Creek Bridge	222593	VA	Cat I 3R	Assateague Island National Seashore	\$	\$	55,000	\$	\$	55,000
NER	CLEAN AND RESEAL EXPANSION JOINTS IN CURBS AND PARAPETS	Clean And Reseal Expansion Joints In Curbs And Parapets Old Williamsburg	222623	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	55,000	\$	\$	55,000
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" VAFO-0935 BETZWOOD PICNIC AREA BOAT RAMP PARKING	Repave Betzwood Picnic Area Boat Ramp Parking	188100	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	48,079	\$	\$	48,079
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0918 DREWRY'S BLUFF PARKING	Renovate Drewry's Bluff Parking	222078	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	46,703	\$	\$	46,703
NER	CLEAN AND RESEAL DECK EXPANSION JOINTS AND RELIEF	Repair Expansion Joints And Relief Joints Behind Abutments Mill Creek	222632	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	45,000	\$	\$	45,000
NER	Surf Treat - 2 GETT-0043 CROSS AVENUE	Renovate Cross Avenue	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	42,090	\$	\$	42,090
NER	Thin Overlay w partial depth patch to correct rutting GETT-0027	Repave Wadsworth Avenue	222024	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	39,931	\$	\$	39,931
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0044 AYERS AVENUE	Renovate Ayers Avenue	222018	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	37,773	\$	\$	37,773
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" GATE-0976B THEATER PARKING B	Repave Theater Parking B	191662	NY	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	34,828	\$	\$	34,828
NER	Surf Treat - 2 VAFO-0918BZ WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS UPPER PARKING B	Renovate Washington'S Headquarters Upper Parking B	222012	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	33,650	\$	\$	33,650
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0052 CULPS HILL TOWER ROAD	Renovate Culps Hill Tower Road	221209	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Park	\$	\$	32,269	\$	\$	32,269
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0306 PICNIC ROAD	Renovate Picnic Road	TBD	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	31,342	\$	\$	31,342
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" VAFO-0937 BETZWOOD BIKE PATH PARKING	Repave Betzwood Bike Path Parking	188100	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	31,064	\$	\$	31,064
NER	SAW CUT PAVEMENT OVER DECK ENDS AND CLEAN AND RESEAL	Repair Deck Ends And Expansion Joints. Frazer Creek Bridge	222668	ME	Cat I 3R	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	30,000	\$	\$	30,000
NER	CLEAN AND SEAL SLAB SURFACE. RESEAL EXPANSION JOINTS MINE	Repair Deck,Clean And Seal Slab Surface. Reseal Expansion Joints Mine	222654	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	30,000	\$	\$	30,000
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" VAFO-0938BZ BETZWOOD PICNIC AREA PARKING	Repave Betzwood Picnic Area Parking A	188131	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	27,601	\$	\$	27,601
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0900 CHICKAHOMINY BLUFFS PARKING	Renovate Chickahominy Bluffs Parking	222033	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	26,888	\$	\$	26,888
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0909 FORT HARRISON PARKING	Renovate Fort Harrison Parking	222055	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	25,721	\$	\$	25,721
NER	SAW CUT AND SEAL DECK EXPANSION JOINTS ISTHMUS	Repair Deck and Expansion Joints Isthmus Bridge	222422	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	25,000	\$	\$	25,000
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0901A BEAVER DAM CREEK PARKING	Renovate Beaver Dam Creek Parking	222038	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	24,812	\$	\$	24,812
NER	Mill 2 + Ovlv 2" VAFO-0909 WAYNE'S STATUE PARKING	Repave Wayne'S Statue Parking	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	24,514	\$	\$	24,514
NER	Surf Treat - 2 RICH-0902 WATT HOUSE PARKING	Renovate Watt House Parking	222039	VA	Cat I 3R	Richmond National Battlefield Park	\$	\$	21,472	\$	\$	21,472
NER	Pulverize + Ovlv 3" VAFO-0938CZ BETZWOOD PICNIC AREA PARKING	Repave Betzwood Picnic Area Parking B	188131	PA	Cat I 3R	Valley Forge National Historical Park	\$	\$	19,110	\$	\$	19,110
NER	CLEAN AND RESEAL DECK EXPANSION JOINTS AND RELIEF	Repair Deck Expansion Joints And Relief Joints Behind Abutments College	222636	VA	Cat I 3R	Colonial National Historical Park	\$	\$	19,000	\$	\$	19,000

NER	Thin Overlay SHEN-0036 BIG MEADOWS MAINTENANCE ACCESS	Renovate Big Meadows Maintenance Access And Trailer Dump	TBD	VA	Cat I 3R	Shenandoah National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 32,923	\$ 32,923
NER	INSTALL GABIONS ALONG WEST UPSTREAM CHANNEL BANK	Install Gabions Along Upstream Channel. Remove Unsound Concrete	222432	NJ	Cat I 3R	Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
NER	Mill 2 + Only 2" GATE-0954 MAIN GATE PARKING	Repave Main Gate Parking	221343	NY	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 27,178	\$ 27,178
NER	Thin Overlay GETT-0038 BENNER HILL ROAD	Renovate Benner Hill Road	TBD	PA	Cat I 3R	Gettysburg National Military Area	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 29,937	\$ 29,937
NER	Mill 2 + Only 2" GATE-0937 BUILDING 59 PARKING	Repave Building 59 Parking	191596	NJ	Cat I 3R	Gateway National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 15,521	\$ 15,521
NER	CLEAN OUT DITCH AND INLET ALONG SOUTH SIDE BATTLE ROAD	Repair Drainage South Side Battle Road Underpass	TBD	MA	Cat I 3R	Minute Man National Historical Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000
NER	CLEAN AND SEAL CRACKING OF PAVEMENT AT BOTH APPROACHES.	Repair Both Approaches. Dingmans Creek Bridge	222657	PA	Cat I 3R	Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000
NER	NER Contribution to Replace Twelve (12) Year 2006 Propane Buses	Replace Twelve (12) Propane Buses	204386	ME	Cat III	Acadia National Park	\$ 2,048,819	\$ 2,048,819	\$ 2,048,819	\$ 2,048,819	\$	\$ 8,195,272
NER	Provide NPS Share for Replacement of Two Island Explorer	Replacement of Two Island Explorer Buses	204391	ME	Cat III	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Replace 2, 12 Passenger Vans and Two Bike Trailers	Replace 2, 12 Passenger Vans and Two Bike Trailers	145310	ME	Cat III	Acadia National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Replace / Repair Three Park Trolleys (1st	Replace / Repair Three Park Trolleys	208392	MA	Cat III	Adams National Historic Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Replace / Repair Three Park Trolleys based	Replace / Repair Three Park Trolleys	208392	MA	Cat III	Adams National Historic Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Share-the-road Bike Safety Improvements on NPS-owned roads in	Bike Safety Improvements on Roads	232061	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Rehabilitate Head of the Meadow Bicycle Trail and	Rehabilitate Head of the Meadow Bicycle Trail	163586	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Province Lands Bike Trail to Cemetery Road Bikeway Conn	Province Lands Bike Trail to Cemetery Road Bikeway	194316	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Beach Shuttle Expansion to Nauset Light Beach	Beach Shuttle Expansion to Nauset Light Beach	154020	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Replace road and trail signs throughout the National Seash	Replace road and trail signs throughout the National Seash	191651	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Beach Vehicle Replacement	Beach Vehicle Replacement	154114	MA	Cat III	Cape Cod National Seashore	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Alternative Transportation Plan Recommendation	Implement Alternative Transportation Plan	210648	NY	Cat III	Fort Stanwix National Monument	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Create Upper Pawtucket Canal Walkway	Create Upper Pawtucket Canal Walkway	228023	MA	Cat III	Lowell National Historical Park	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368B	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368C	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368D	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368B	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368C	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	Implement Morristown NHP Alternate Transportation System Pilot	144368D	NJ	CAT III	Morristown National Historical	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Rehabilitate Upper Glade Bridge	Rehabilitate Upper Glade Bridge	190936	WV	CAT III	New River Gorge National River	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Restore Steam Locomotive Boston & Maine 3713	Restore Steam Locomotive Boston & Maine 3713	200752	PA	Cat III	Steamtown National Historic Site	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
NER	Create Trail Connecting the Lackawanna Heritage Trail to S	Create Trail Connecting the Lackawanna Heritage Trail	220428	PA	Cat III	Steamtown National Historic Site	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PWR	Emergency Repairs to Chain of Craters Road	Emergency Repairs to Chain of Craters Road	238625	HI	Cat I 3R	Hawaii Volcanoes National Park	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,000,000
PWR	Rehabilitate Lighthouse and Chimney Rock Roads	Rehabilitate Lighthouse and Chimney Rock Roads	201072	HI	Cat I 3R	Point Reyes National Seashore	\$ 3,100,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,100,000
PWR	Rehabilitate Heart-of-the-Hills Parkway	Rehabilitate Heart-of-the-Hills Parkway	7347	WA	Cat I 3R	Olympic National Park	\$ 6,700,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 6,700,000
PWR	Repair Slumps to Improve Safety on Mather Memorial Parkway	Repair Slumps on Mather Memorial Parkway	241933	WA	Cat I 3R	Mount Rainier National Park	\$ 1,500,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000
PWR	Emergency Stabilization of Hawk Creek Road at Eroding Embankment	Emergency Stabilization of Hawk Creek Road at Eroding Embankment Site	233055	WA	Cat I 3R	Lake Roosevelt National Recreation Area	\$ 450,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 450,000
PWR	Emergency Stabilization for Mill Creek Bridge	Emergency Stabilization for Mill Creek Bridge	150712	WA	Cat I 3R	Whitman Mission National Historic Site	\$ 250,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 250,000
PWR	Emergency Stabilization for Mill Creek Bridge	Emergency Stabilization for Mill Creek Bridge	150712	WA	Cat I 3R	Whitman Mission National Historic Site	\$ 250,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 250,000
PWR	ER Match for Emergency Slide Repair of Lincoln County Porcupine Bay Road	Emergency Slide Repair of Lincoln County Porcupine Bay Road	243243	WA	Cat I 3R	Lake Roosevelt National Recreation Area	\$ 250,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 250,000
PWR	Rehabilitate Olympic Hot Springs Road	Rehabilitate Olympic Hot Springs Road	184593	WA	Cat I 3R	Olympic National Park	\$	\$ 12,953,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,953,000
PWR	Rehabilitate and Resurface 8.1 miles of the Generals Hwy Little Baldy to	Rehabilitate and Resurface 8.1 miles of the Generals Hwy	148994	CA	Cat I 3R	Sequoia National Park	\$	\$ 8,883,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 8,883,000
PWR	Rehabilitate and Resurface 8.8 miles of the Generals Hwy Pythian Camp	Rehabilitate 8.8 miles of the Generals Hwy Pythian Camp Road to the "Wye"	148997	CA	Cat I 3R	Sequoia National Park	\$	\$ 8,516,670	\$	\$	\$	\$ 8,516,670
PWR	Rehab Glacier Point Road, Badger Pass to Glacier Point (10.5 Miles)	Rehab Glacier Point Road, Badger Pass to Glacier Point (10.5 Miles)	184555A	CA	Cat I 3R	Yosemite National Park	\$	\$ 17,230,720	\$	\$	\$	\$ 17,230,720
PWR	Rehab Willow Beach Access Road	Rehab Willow Beach Access Road	174040	AZ	Cat I 3R	Lake Mead National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$ 7,200,000	\$	\$	\$ 7,200,000
PWR	Realign Entrance Road to Improve Safety	Realign Entrance Road to Improve Safety	244488	CA	Cat I 3R	Cesar E. Chavez National Monument	\$	\$	\$ 500,000	\$	\$	\$ 500,000
PWR	Realign Access Road at American Camp VC to Improve Safety	Realign Access Road at American Camp VC	243478	WA	Cat I 3R	San Juan Island National Historical Park	\$	\$	\$ 450,000	\$	\$	\$ 450,000
PWR	Reduce Congestion and Improve Safety at Heart of the Hills Entrance	Realign Heart of the Hills Parkway at Entrance Station	244321	WA	Cat I 3R	Olympic National Park	\$	\$	\$ 450,000	\$	\$	\$ 450,000
PWR	Rehabilitate Stevens Canyon Road, MP 5.0 to MP 14.0	Rehabilitate 9 Miles Stevens Canyon Road	238992	WA	Cat I 3R	Mount Rainier National Park	\$	\$	\$ 13,520,000	\$	\$	\$ 13,520,000
PWR	Rehabilitate Entry Road & North & Central Parking Areas, Stinson Beach	Rehabilitate Entry Road & North & Central Parking Areas, Stinson Beach	173808	CA	Cat I 3R	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$ 2,405,000	\$	\$	\$ 2,405,000
PWR	Widen and Reconstruct Long Ave. for Safer Multi-modal Access	Widen and Reconstruct Long Ave.	186401	CA	Cat I 3R	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$ 1,300,000	\$	\$	\$ 1,300,000
PWR	Rehabilitate 15.29 Miles of the Mineral King Road	Rehabilitate 15.29 Miles of the Mineral King Road	238684	CA	Cat I 3R	Sequoia National Park	\$	\$	\$ 13,681,582	\$	\$	\$ 13,681,582
PWR	Rehabilitate East Rim Drive from MP 4.5 to MP 23.2 (Crestwood Cove to	Rehabilitate 19 Miles East Rim Drive	241696	OR	Cat I 3R	Crater Lake National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,037,126	\$	\$ 12,037,126
PWR	Rehabilitate Fryingpan Creek Bridge	Rehabilitate Fryingpan Creek Bridge	239144	WA	Cat I 3R	Mount Rainier National Park	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,500,000	\$	\$ 2,500,000
PWR	Replace Cushing Creek Concrete Box Culvert	Replace Cushing Creek Concrete Box Culvert		CA	Cat I 3R	Redwood, California	\$	\$	\$	\$ 423,987	\$	\$ 423,987
PWR	Realign 1 Mile of Olympic Hot Springs Road at Olympic National Park	Realign 1 Mile of Olympic Hot Springs Road at Olympic National Park	237709	WA	Cat I 4R	Olympic National Park	\$	\$	\$ 4,270,000	\$	\$	\$ 4,270,000
PWR	Construct Pedestrian Underpass at Northside Drive and Yosemite Lodge	Construct Pedestrian Underpass at Northside Drive and Yosemite Lodge	196940	CA	Cat I 4R	Yosemite National Park	\$	\$	\$ 5,000,000	\$	\$	\$ 5,000,000
PWR	Realign Willow Beach Access Road at Flash Flood Prone Segment	Realign Willow Beach Access Road at Flash Flood Prone Segment	174040	AZ	Cat I 4R	Lake Mead National Recreation Area	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,500,000	\$	\$ 3,500,000
PWR	Replace Dilapidated Pier at Scorpion Anchorage at Santa Cruz Island	Replace Dilapidated Pier at Scorpion Anchorage at Santa Cruz Island	174534A	CA	Cat III	Channel Islands National Park	\$	\$	\$ 8,500,000	\$	\$	\$ 8,500,000
PWR	Upgrade Existing Shuttle Bus Stops at Yosemite National Park	Upgrade Existing Shuttle Bus Stops	179576A	CA	Cat III	Yosemite National Park	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000	\$	\$	\$ 1,500,000
PWR	Develop TDM Strategies to Address Parking and Traffic Congestion	Address Parking and Traffic Congestion	179438A	WA	Cat III	Mount Rainier National Park	\$	\$	\$ 300,000	\$	\$	\$ 300,000
PWR	Construct Access Improvements at MUWO Phase 1 (Transit, Staging and	Construct Access Improvements (Transit, Staging and Pedestrian	191943A	CA	Cat III	Muir Woods National Monument	\$	\$	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$	\$ 2,000,000

PWR	Construct Multi-Use Trail Connection from Golden Gate Bridge Vista Point to BLRI	Construct Multi-Use Trail Connection from Golden Gate Bridge Vista Point to BLRI	186589A	CA	Cat III	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	\$	\$	1,000,000	\$	\$	\$	1,000,000			
SER	Pavement Preservation Projects for BLRI	Pavement Preservation Projects for BLRI	Multiple	VA & NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	7,000,000	\$	4,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	17,000,000
SER	Pavement Preservation of Fighting Creek Gap, Little River Gorge, and Resurface Leatherwood Ford Road	Pavement Preservation of Fighting Creek Gap, Little River Gorge, and Resurface Leatherwood Ford Road	157522	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	9,500,000	\$	4,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,500,000
SER	Pavement Preservation of Newfound Gap Road, NC Side (MP 14.98 to MP 14.99)	Pavement Preservation of 17 Miles Newfound Gap Road	188925	NC	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	3,041,632	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,041,632
SER	Pavement Preservation Projects for Small Parks	Pavement Repair Projects for Small Parks	Multiple	Multiple	Cat I 3R	Many	\$	3,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	21,000,000
SER	Replace Waterproofing Membrane and Wearing Surface on Linn Cove Viaduct	Repair Bridge Deck on Linn Cove Viaduct	208541	NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	2,812,160	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,812,160
SER	Replace Waterproofing Membrane and Wearing Surface on Roanoke River	Repair Bridge Deck on Roanoke River Bridge	175115	VA	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,600,000
SER	Rehabilitate Linville River Bridge M.P. 316.57, Section 2J	Rehabilitate Linville River Bridge	148036	NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	2,400,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,400,000
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 1.98 Miles of Rt. 0014 Reeds Bridge	Repair and Rehabilitation of 1.98 Miles of Reeds Bridge Road	205191	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chatanooga National	\$	2,179,634	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,179,634
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 49.76 to MP 59.764	Pave 10 Miles of Park Road	159393	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	1,927,503	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,927,503
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 0 to MP 8.318	Pave 8 Miles of Park Road	158915	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	1,344,810	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,344,810
SER	Repair Big Pine Creek Bridge RT 077, 080P, 081	Repair Big Pine Creek Bridge	228078 (197470)	NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	1,800,000	\$	2,600,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,900,000
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 8.318 to MP 15	Pave 7 Miles Park Road	159257	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	1,023,233	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,023,233
SER	Bridge Preventative Maintenance Projects	Bridge Repair Projects	Multiple	Multiple	Cat I 3R	Many	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000,000
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 45.04 to 49.76	Pave 5 Miles Park Road	159351	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	933,931	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	933,931
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 15 to MP 20.38	Pave 5 Miles of Park Road	159262	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	823,854	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	823,854
SER	Wedge and Level Port Gibson and Ridgeland Parkway (2017)	Wedge and Level Port Gibson and Ridgeland Parkway	206841	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	818,901	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	818,901
SER	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway (2018)	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway	206839	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	818,901	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	818,901
SER	Pavement Preservation of Newfound Gap Road, TN Side (MP 6.5 to 15)	Pavement Preservation of 8.5 Miles Newfound Gap Road	207792	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,163,298	\$	-	\$	3,163,298
SER	Pavement Preservation of Clingmans Dome Road	Pavement Preservation of Clingmans Dome Road	188938	NC	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,737,138	\$	-	\$	2,737,138
SER	Mill and Resurface Asphalt Pavement, Stations 840+00 to 00+00 Park	Resurface 16 Miles Pavement From Park Boundary, Main Park Road	205646	FL	Cat I 3R	Everglades National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,091,559	\$	8,091,559
SER	Pavement Preservation of Foothills Parkway-East	Pavement Preservation of Foothills Parkway-East	188863	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,846,624	\$	2,846,624
SER	Rehabilitate Eight Bridges On the Tennessee Side of the Park	Rehabilitate Eight Bridges On the Tennessee Side of the Park	157528	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	3,081,987	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,081,987
SER	Replace Five Bridges on Forge Creek Road	Replace Five Bridges on Forge Creek Road	177273	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	2,799,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,799,026
SER	Reconstruct Brownsville Rd. RT 015 from Sloan's Crossing to the parks	Reconstruct Brownsville Rd, Sloan's Crossing to the parks Western	190063	KY	Cat I 3R	Mammoth Cave National Park	\$	-	\$	2,712,498	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,712,498
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 278.629 to MP 289.16	Pave 10.5 Miles Park Road	159677	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	2,670,494	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,670,494
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 102.98 to MP 110.32	Pave 7 Miles Park Road	159381	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	1,753,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,753,429
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 87.138 to MP 77.136	Pave 10 Miles Park Road	159376	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	1,592,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,592,580
SER	Repair Bots Mountain Tunnel	Repair Bots Mountain Tunnel	157247	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	1,539,454	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,539,454
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 0.91 Miles of Rt. 0010 McFarland	Repair and Rehabilitation of 0.91 Miles of McFarland Gap Road	205190	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	1,120,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,120,383
SER	Wedge and Level Port Gibson and Ridgeland Parkway (2019)	Wedge and Level Port Gibson and Ridgeland Parkway	206843	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	851,857	\$	-	\$	-	\$	851,857
SER	Pavement Preservation of Deep Creek Area Roads	Pavement Preservation of Deep Creek Area Roads	157219	NC	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	469,270	\$	-	\$	-	\$	469,270
SER	Repair Laurel Fork Bridge 159P	Repair Laurel Fork Bridge	188570	NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,000,000	\$	-	\$	15,000,000
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 259.56 to MP 288.63	Pave 9 Miles Park Road	159675	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	3,388,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,388,832
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 326.55 to MP 334.55	Pave 8 Miles Park Road	159688	AL	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	2,740,627	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,740,627
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 316.55 to MP 326.55	Pave 10 Miles Park Road	159686	AL	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	2,471,363	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,471,363
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 307.6 to MP 316.55	Pave 9 Miles Park Road	159683	AL	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	2,382,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,382,603
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 299.16 to MP 307.6	Pave 8.5 Miles Park Road	159681	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	2,168,187	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,168,187
SER	Pavement Preservation of Cades Cove Loop Road and Campground Entrance	Pavement Preservation of Cades Cove Loop Road and Campground Entrance	188915	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	2,121,282	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,121,282
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 253.44 to MP 259.56	Pave 6 Miles Park Road	159674	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	1,800,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,800,000
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 2.01 Miles of Rt. 0500 Glenn Kelly	Repair and Rehabilitation of 2.01 Miles of Glenn Kelly Road	234348	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	1,509,013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,509,013
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of .076 Mile Rt. 016 Sanders Road	Repair and Rehabilitation of .076 Mile Sanders Road	237749	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	1,255,632	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,255,632
SER	Repair Union Avenue and Louisiana Circle	Repair Union Avenue and Louisiana Circle	233822	MS	Cat I 3R	Vicksburg National Military Park	\$	-	\$	1,169,859	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,169,859
SER	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway (2020)	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway	206840	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	885,723	\$	-	\$	-	\$	885,723
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 0.82 Miles of Rt. 0501 Batteline	Repair and Rehabilitation of 0.82 Miles of Batteline Road	234366	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	612,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	612,218
SER	Preventive Maintenance to the Traffic Surface of the Mammoth Cave	Pavement Preservation, Mammoth Cave Parkway and Parking Locations	189527	KY	Cat I 3R	Mammoth Cave National Park	\$	-	\$	548,210	\$	-	\$	-	\$	548,210
SER	Culvert, Ditch and Guard Rail Maintenance	Culvert, Ditch and Guard Rail Repairs	1516093	VI	Cat I 3R	Virgin Islands National Park	\$	-	\$	309,339	\$	-	\$	-	\$	309,339
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 0.34 Miles of Rt. 0502 Poe Road	Repair and Rehabilitation of 0.34 Miles of Poe Road	234349	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	219,528	\$	-	\$	-	\$	219,528
SER	Urgent Correction of Road Erosion And Repair Confederate Ave. Route 0012	Repair Erosion And Confederate Ave.	240052	MS	Cat I 3R	Vicksburg National Military Park	\$	-	\$	134,858	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,858
SER	Repave/Repair Mainline Road Section 2M - (MP 336.4 to 346.9)	Repave/Repair Mainline Road Section, 2 Miles	173074	NC	Cat I 3R	Blue Ridge Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,897,081	\$	-	\$	5,897,081
SER	Reconstruct Parkway in Ridgeland MP 112.4 - 114.6	Reconstruct 2.2 Miles of Parkway in Ridgeland	226234	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,840,621	\$	-	\$	4,840,621
SER	Pavement Preservation of Foothills Parkway-West (MP 55 to 65)	Pavement Preservation of 10 Miles of Foothills Parkway-West	207793	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,289,829	\$	-	\$	3,289,829
SER	Pavement Preservation of Foothills Parkway-West (MP 65 to 72)	Pavement Preservation of 7 Miles of Foothills Parkway-West	207795	TN	Cat I 3R	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,631,864	\$	-	\$	2,631,864
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 245.22 to MP 253.44	Pave 8.2 Miles Park Road	159671	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,124,143	\$	-	\$	2,124,143
SER	Overlay Park Road - PM Project from MP 238.84 to MP 245.22	Pave 6.4 Miles Park Road	159666	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,648,208	\$	-	\$	1,648,208
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 1.96 Miles of Rt. 0102 Brotherton	Repair and Rehabilitation of 1.96 Miles of Brotherton Road	234347	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,266,454	\$	-	\$	1,266,454
SER	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway (2021)	Wedge and Level Dancy and Tupelo Parkway	237398	MS	Cat I 3R	Natchez Trace Parkway	\$	-	\$	-	\$	871,391	\$	-	\$	871,391
SER	Repair, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction of 0.78 Miles of Rt. 0503 Glenn Vinland	Repair and Rehabilitation of 0.78 Miles of Glenn Vinland Road	234350	GA	Cat I 3R	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National	\$	-	\$	-	\$	593,123	\$	-	\$	593,123

SER	Tamiami Trail Bridge	Tamiami Trail Bridge	202746	FL	Cat I 4R	Everglades National Park	\$ 5,289,194	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,289,194
SER	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail-Phase 1	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail	174128	GA	Cat III	Kennesaw Mountain National Battlefield Park	\$ 1,730,845	\$ 1,730,845	\$ 1,730,845	\$ 1,730,845	\$ 6,923,384
SER	Reconstruct shared use path to connect visitor center and Caneel Bay	Reconstruct shared use path to connect visitor center and Caneel Bay	173947	VI	Cat III	Virgin Islands National Park	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	modify accessibility ramp and repair dock surface	modify accessibility ramp and repair dock surface	211425	SC	Cat III	Fort Sumter National Monument	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail-Phase 1	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail-Phase	174128	GA	Cat III	Kennesaw Mountain National Battlefield Park	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace some existing piling	Replace some existing piling	211428	SC	Cat III	Fort Sumter National Monument	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace highly used visitors service tram	Replace visitors service tram	208827	PR	Cat III	San Juan National Historic Site	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace highly used visitors service tram	Replace visitors service tram	208834	PR	Cat III	San Juan National Historic Site	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace highly used visitors service tram	Replace visitors service tram	208837	PR	Cat III	San Juan National Historic Site	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail-Phase 1	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail	174128	GA	Cat III	Kennesaw Mountain National Battlefield Park	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace highly used visitors service tram	Replace visitors service tram	208838	PR	Cat III	San Juan National Historic Site	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Replace highly used visitors service tram	Replace visitors service tram	208839	PR	Cat III	San Juan National Historic Site	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	ATP phase III ensure and enhance ADT Transportation access at Cape	Cape Lookout alternative transportation system	227079	NC	Cat III	Cape Lookout National Seashore	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Construct Burnt Hickory Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail	Construct Burnt Hickory Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail	174116	GA	Cat III	Kennesaw Mountain National Battlefield Park	^	^	^	^	\$ -
SER	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail - Phase 2	Construct Cheatham Hill Bicycle/Pedestrian Trail	176633	GA	Cat III	Kennesaw Mountain National Battlefield Park	^	^	^	^	\$ -

							FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21
	Net Construction						\$ 196,732,824	\$ 203,114,839	\$ 208,205,565	\$ 224,203,321
	Preconstruction Engineering						\$ 28,400,000	\$ 29,200,000	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 30,000,000
	Construction Engineering						\$ 42,600,000	\$ 43,800,000	\$ 45,000,000	\$ 45,000,000
	Planning						\$ 17,040,000	\$ 17,520,000	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 18,000,000
	Program Administration						\$ 8,520,000	\$ 8,760,000	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 9,000,000
	Section 102 Program Funds						\$ 34,080,000	\$ 35,040,000	\$ 36,000,000	\$ 36,000,000
	FLAP Loan Credit Payback						\$ 34,882,500	\$ 5,400,000	\$ -	\$ -
	Capacity to Borrow or Receive Credit						\$ 78,255,324	\$ 60,834,839	\$ 46,205,565	\$ 62,203,321
	Total						\$ 362,255,324	\$ 342,834,839	\$ 346,205,565	\$ 362,203,321
	Authorization						\$ 284,000,000	\$ 292,000,000	\$ 300,000,000	\$ 300,000,000

Additional Notes:

1. Scope of project known. Cost not estimated yet. Also, follow these arrowheads up for Regional Program Amount available to address these many projects.
2. FLAP Loan Credit Payback - These funds were available in prior years, so were used on NPS projects ready to obligate.
3. Capacity to Borrow or Receive Credit - Amount of projects programed over capacity of NPS FLTP funds. NPS could borrow or use other programs funds in this amount.
4. In the event of additional funding to address infrastructure project, these projects could be done more quickly and would be back filled by some of the NPS Mega Projects.
5. FY 2021 is not currently authorized and represents additional projects that are not funded (About \$360M).

Over target (not included in the projects above):

George Washington Memorial Parkway, from Spout Run parkway to I-495 Capital Beltway Interchange, Fairfax and Arlington Counties, VA. Estimated cost: \$120M

Colonial Parkway, • Rehabilitate 3 bridges, 1 tunnel and 7 miles of parkway. Estimated cost: \$62M

Yellowstone National Park, North Entrance, Canyon to Tower Phase 3, Old Faithful to West Thumb, Yellowstone River Bridge. Estimated cost : \$71M

Attachment 3

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
LINE ITEM CONSTRUCTION FIVE YEAR PLAN – 2020-2024

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2020	1	Statue of Liberty National Monument & Ellis Island	Rehabilitate Stone Walls of Historic Fort Wood under Iconic Statue	NY10	95.00	\$9,182	\$1,330	\$6,654	\$1,198	\$7,852	\$0	\$0	
2020	2	Mammoth Cave National Park	Repair Sewer System	KY02	93.20	\$7,184	\$1,144	\$5,119	\$921	\$6,040	\$0	-\$80	
2020	3	Acadia National Park	Rehabilitate Eagle Lake Carriage Road	ME02	93.00	\$3,250	\$498	\$2,332	\$420	\$2,752	\$0	-\$10	
2020	4	Rock Creek Park	Repair Degrading Concrete at Meridian Hill Park	DCAL	93.00	\$6,872	\$898	\$4,699	\$1,275	\$5,974	\$0	\$0	
2020	5	Chesapeake & Ohio Canal National Historical Park	Improve Visitor Safety and Remediate Rock Fall Hazards at Milepost 155.5 (Paw Paw Tunnel)	MD06	92.30	\$10,901	\$1,606	\$7,877	\$1,418	\$9,295	\$0	\$0	
2020	6	Wrangell-Saint Elias National Park and Preserve	Rehabilitate Kennecott Leach Plant Foundation	AKAL	91.10	\$2,297	\$144	\$1,825	\$328	\$2,153	\$0	\$0	
2020	7	Chesapeake & Ohio Canal National Historical Park	Reconstruct/Stabilize Historic Stone Wall & Towpath McMahon's Mill to Lock 42	MD06	90.10	\$12,914	\$1,357	\$9,794	\$1,763	\$11,557	\$0	\$0	
2020	8	Carlsbad Caverns National Park	Replace Structural Steel and Elevator Equipment for 1 and 2 Elevators	NM02	85.30	\$20,082	\$3,051	\$14,476	\$2,555	\$17,031	\$0	\$0	
2020	9	Sequoia & Kings Canyon National Park	Replace Non-Compliant Lodgepole Water Treatment System	CA21	83.40	\$5,246	\$515	\$792	\$3,939	\$4,731	\$0	-\$11	
2020	10	Antietam National Battlefield	Rehabilitate Visitor Center	MD06	82.60	\$13,656	\$1,280	\$2,849	\$9,527	\$12,376	\$0	-\$28	

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2020	11	Cumberland Island National Seashore	Replace Plum Orchard Roofs	GA01	78.10	\$2,273	\$221	\$1,739	\$313	\$2,052	\$0		-\$43
2020	12	Crater Lake National Park	Correct Structural Deficiencies and Stabilize Steel Visitor Center	OR02	77.90	\$11,864	\$1,251	\$6,649	\$3,964	\$10,613	\$0		-\$3
2020	13	Ozark National Scenic Riverways	Rehabilitate Big Spring Utilities	MO08	77.40	\$10,681	\$975	\$7,168	\$2,538	\$9,706	\$0		-\$31
2020	14	Fort Sumter National Monument	Rehabilitate Fort Sumter Breakwater	SC01	76.70	\$5,399	\$833	\$1,159	\$3,407	\$4,566	\$0		\$50
2020	15	Lake Mead National Recreation Area	Construct Structural Flood Mitigation for Visitor and Employee Safety at Cottonwood Cove	NV03, NV04	72.10	\$11,073	\$1,303	\$0	\$9,770	\$9,770	\$0		-\$6
2020	16	Cape Cod National Seashore	Rebuild Nauset Light Beach Bathhouse	MA09	56.50	\$3,768	\$523	\$0	\$3,245	\$3,245	\$0		-\$2
2020	17	Fort Vancouver National Historic Site	Rehabilitate Barracks	WA03	54.70	\$16,688	\$1,320	\$12,344	\$3,024	\$15,368	\$0		\$278
2020	18	Western Arctic National Parklands	Replace Obsolete Housing with Multiplex Unit	AKAL	42.80	\$3,195	\$127	\$0	\$3,068	\$3,068	\$0		\$18
2020	19	Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park	Replace Obsolete Housing with a Dormitory	AKAL	37.80	\$4,517	\$222	\$0	\$4,295	\$4,295	\$0		\$15
2020	20	Yellowstone National Park	Replace Obsolete Trailers with Multiplex at Lake Yellowstone	WYAL	31.50	\$3,730	\$100	\$218	\$3,412	\$3,630	\$0		-\$2
2020	21	Devil's Tower National Monument	Replace Obsolete Housing Unit with Multiplex Unit	WYAL	15.10	\$4,693	\$575	\$882	\$3,237	\$4,118	\$0		-\$27
2020	22	Olympic National Park	Settlement for the Restoration of the Elwha River Ecosystem and Anadromous Fisheries	WA06		\$9,150	\$6,650	\$0	\$0	\$2,500	\$0		N/A
Total FY 2020								\$86,576	\$63,617	\$152,692			

¹In FY 2020, includes planning funding projected to be allocated in FY 2019, and actual funding from prior fiscal years. In FY 2021-2024, this column reflects an estimated percentage of 22% for compliance (5%), pre-design (5%), final design (10%), and supplemental services (2%).

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2021	1	Thomas Edison National Historical Park	Replace Slate Roofs in-Kind and Sheet Metal Flashings at Edison's 1880 Home, Glenmont	NJ10	92.20	\$2,503	\$451	\$2,052	\$0	\$2,052	\$0		
2021	2	Perry's Victory & International Peace Memorial	Restore North and South Seawalls at Perry's Victory to Safeguard Site	OH09	89.60	\$36,199	\$6,528	\$23,900	\$5,771	\$29,671	\$0		
2021	3	Cape Hatteras National Seashore	Repair Cape Hatteras Lighthouse	NC03	86.70	\$22,847	\$4,120	\$14,985	\$3,742	\$18,727	\$0		
2021	4	Independence National Historical Park	Replace Second Bank Roof and Associated Roof Features	PA01	86.60	\$4,327	\$658	\$2,585	\$1,084	\$3,669	\$0		
2021	5	Independence National Historical Park	Preserve Second Bank Exterior Marble Walls	PA01	85.30	\$3,655	\$528	\$2,512	\$615	\$3,127			
2021	6	Katmai National Park and Preserve	Replace Obsolete Brooks Camp Wastewater Sludge Pit with Compliant Wastewater Treatment Site	AKAL	81.30	\$2,440	\$440	\$111	\$1,888	\$2,000	\$0		
2021	7	Boston National Historical Park	Perform Critical Repairs to Exterior Structure and Facade of Easton Building	MA09	81.30	\$11,123	\$2,006	\$7,726	\$1,391	\$9,117	\$0		
2021	8	Chickamauga & Chattanooga National Military Park	Stabilize Moccasin Bend Riverbank (Reach 2A)	TN03	80.90	\$3,969	\$716	\$2,757	\$496	\$3,253	\$0		
2021	9	Grand Canyon National Park ²	Improve Potable Water Supply - Inner Canyon Phase 1	AZ01	76.60	\$104,465	\$16,710	\$8,600	\$9,698	\$18,298	\$69,457	2022 2023 2024 2025	
2021	10	Boston National Historical Park	Rehabilitate and Replace Easton Building Heat and Distribution System	MA09	76.50	\$6,370	\$925	\$3,958	\$1,487	\$5,445	\$0		
2021	11	Curecanti National Recreation Area	Rehabilitate Elk Creek Visitor Center to Address Visitor Safety/Accessibility and Operational Needs	CO03	75.70	\$8,638	\$1,558	\$2,974	\$4,106	\$7,080	\$0		
2021	12	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	Repair Park Headquarters (Bldg 201) for Seismic Strengthening, Fort Mason	CA02	68.90	\$7,699	\$1,388	\$1,262	\$5,049	\$6,311	\$0		

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2021	11	Ozark National Scenic River	Rehabilitate Historic District Cabins and Dining Lodge	MO08	68.10	\$26,470	\$4,773	\$18,167	\$3,530	\$21,697	\$0		
2021	13	Pipe Spring National Monument	Replace Obsolete Housing with Multiplex Housing Unit	AZ02	30.60	\$4,160	\$300	\$154	\$3,706	\$3,860	\$0		
2021	14	Bandelier National Monument	Replace Obsolete Trailers with Multiplex	NM03	24.70	\$7,157	\$1,291	\$0	\$5,866	\$5,866	\$0		
2021	15	Cape Lookout National Seashore	Replace Obsolete Trailers with Multiplex Housing Unit at Harkers Island	NC03	24.30	\$2,671	\$185	\$0	\$2,486	\$2,486	\$0		
2021	16	Yellowstone National Park	Replace Obsolete Trailers with Multiplex Housing Units in Three Park Areas	WYAL	20.00	\$11,704	\$1,671	\$835	\$9,198	\$10,033	\$0		
Total FY 2021								\$92,579	\$60,112	\$152,692			
Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2022	1	Johnstown Flood National Memorial	Repair Exterior Envelope and Replace Utility Systems to Preserve 1889 Clubhouse	PA12	90.90	\$6,967	\$1,256	\$4,547	\$1,164	\$5,711	\$0		
2022	2	Statue of Liberty National Monument & Ellis Island	Rehabilitate Main Immigration Building Fire-Life Safety	NJ08, NY10	89.60	\$6,711	\$1,210	\$0	\$5,501	\$5,501	\$0		
2022	3	Independence National Historical Park	Replace Critical Chiller Components	PA01	89.00	\$4,256	\$669	\$3,040	\$547	\$3,587	\$0		
2022	4	Tuskegee Institute National Historic Site	Preserve Carver Museum	AL03	83.30	\$3,653	\$659	\$2,455	\$539	\$2,994	\$0		
2022	5	Cape Lookout National Seashore	Repair Cape Lookout Lighthouse	NC03	82.90	\$9,926	\$1,790	\$6,807	\$1,329	\$8,136	\$0		
2022	6	Yosemite National Park	Rehabilitate El Portal Wastewater Treatment Facility	CA04	81.60	\$40,492	\$7,302	\$22,614	\$10,576	\$33,190	\$0		

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2022	7	Mesa Verde National Park	Replace Chapin Mesa Water Tank	CO03	78.3 0	\$2,870	\$501	\$1,883	\$486	\$2,369	\$0		
2022	8	Dinosaur National Monument	Replace Yampa Maintenance and Operations Building	CO03	77.7 0	\$6,889	\$1,242	\$2,592	\$3,055	\$5,647	\$0		
2022	9	Kalaupapa National Historical Park	Rehabilitate Unsafe and Failing Electrical System for Settlement	HI02	76.8 0	\$15,880	\$2,773	\$6,129	\$6,978	\$13,107	\$0		
2022	10	Gateway National Recreation Area	Replace Officers Row Seawall at Sandy Hook	NJ06	76.7 0	\$18,004	\$3,247	\$12,506	\$2,251	\$14,757	\$0		
2022	11	Grand Canyon National Park ²	Improve Potable Water Supply - Inner Canyon Phase 2	AZ01	76.6 0	\$104,465	\$35,008	\$8,666	\$9,773	\$18,439	\$51,018	2023 2024 2025	
2022	12	Gateway National Recreation Area	Rehabilitate Water Well Number 4 at Sandy Hook	NJ06	76.2 0	\$6,617	\$1,193	\$3,788	\$1,636	\$5,424	\$0		
2022	13	Katmai National Park and Preserve	Replace South Side Accessible Trail and Access Ramp to Mitigate Human vs Bear Conflict	AKAL	75.4 0	\$4,617	\$1,072	\$0	\$3,545	\$3,545	\$0		
2022	14	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	Rehabilitate Sugarlands Headquarters	TN01	75.3 0	\$16,918	\$3,150	\$11,703	\$2,065	\$13,768	\$0		
2022	15	Cape Hatteras National Seashore	Replace Obsolete Trailers at Multiple Park Areas	NC03	40.4 0	\$5,314	\$801	\$0	\$4,513	\$4,512	\$0		
2022	16	Yellowstone National Park	Replace Obsolete Trailers at Multiple Park Areas	WYAL	20.4 0	\$11,585	\$2,023	\$466	\$9,096	\$9,563	\$0		
2022	17	Padre Island National Seashore	Replace Obsolete Housing Units with Multiplex in Padre District I	TX34	29.7 0	\$2,979	\$537	\$178	\$2,264	\$2,442	\$0		
Total FY 2022								\$87,375	\$65,317	\$152,692			

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2023	1	Fire Island National Seashore	Replace Failing Breakwater to Protect Entrance to Watch Hill Marina	NY01	93.40	\$2,518	\$454	\$1,749	\$315	\$2,064	\$0		
2023	2	Chesapeake & Ohio Canal National Historical Park	Repair Canal Inlet Lock 1 and Lift Locks 1, 2, and 5	DCAL	85.80	\$12,205	\$2,201	\$8,503	\$1,501	\$10,004	\$0		
2023	3	Wrangell-Saint Elias National Park and Preserve	Replace Deficient Visitor Center/Headquarters Water Treatment System	AKAL	85.50	\$3,185	\$574	\$565	\$2,046	\$2,611	\$0		
2023	4	Catoctin Mountain Park	Replace Parkwide Utility Infrastructure	MD06	83.50	\$26,609	\$4,798	\$17,652	\$4,159	\$21,811	\$0		
2023	5	Congaree National Park	Replace Wilderness Boardwalk Sections	SC06	83.20	\$2,815	\$508	\$59	\$2,247	\$2,307	\$0		
2023	6	Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument	Replace Failing Well and Deteriorating Water System Components	AZ03	81.30	\$5,286	\$953	\$2,392	\$1,941	\$4,333	\$0		
2023	7	Great Smoky Mountains National Park	Rehabilitate Sugarlands Water and Wastewater Systems	TN01	81.20	\$8,421	\$1,470	\$769	\$6,183	\$6,951	\$0		
2023	8	Grand Canyon National Park²	Improve Potable Water Supply - Inner Canyon Phase 3	AZ01	76.60	\$104,465	\$53,447	\$7,715	\$8,700	\$16,415	\$34,603	2024 2025	
2023	9	Yosemite National Park	Replace Obsolete Tuolumne Meadows Wastewater Treatment Plant	CA04	75.80	\$30,288	\$5,462	\$13,595	\$11,231	\$24,826	\$0		
2023	10	Katmai National Park and Preserve	Relocate Park Administrative Structures from Sensitive Resource	AKAL	75.80	\$5,945	\$1,072	\$0	\$5,271	\$5,271	\$0		
2023	11	Cape Hatteras National Seashore	Replace Fort Raleigh and Frisco Water Systems	NC03	75.70	\$4,238	\$764	\$0	\$3,474	\$3,474	\$0		
2023	12	President's Park	Repair Ornamental Fountains at Lafayette Square	DCAL	75.70	\$7,044	\$1,270	\$4,893	\$881	\$5,774	\$0		
2023	13	Keweenaw National Historical Park	Rehabilitate C&H Warehouse No. 1 For Use as Multi-Park Museum Facility	MI01	72.80	\$11,745	\$2,118	\$4,236	\$5,391	\$9,627	\$0		

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2023	14	Cuyahoga Valley National Park	Stabilize Riverbank at High Priority Areas along Towpath Trail and Valley Railway	OH10 OH13	72.2 0	\$5,346	\$964	\$560	\$3,822	\$4,382	\$0		
2023	15	Yellowstone National Park	Rehabilitate Non-Compliant Norris Campground Wastewater System	WYAL	70.2 0	\$4,409	\$795	\$30	\$3,584	\$3,614	\$0		
2023	16	Martin Van Buren National Historic Site	Replace Temporary Visitor Contact and Support Center	NY19	67.5 0	\$5,481	\$988	\$0	\$4,493	\$4,493	\$0		
2023	17	Cape Hatteras National Seashore	Replace Obsolete Trailers in Hatteras Island District	NC03	40.4 0	\$2,997	\$540	\$0	\$2,457	\$2,457	\$0		
2023	18	Yellowstone National Park	Replace Obsolete Trailers at Multiple Park Areas	WYAL	17.9 0	\$27,179	\$4,901	\$1,114	\$21,164	\$22,278	\$0		
Total FY 2023									\$63,833	\$88,858	\$152,692		
Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding					
								DM	CI	Total			
2024	1	Mammoth Cave National Park	Rehabilitate Cave Trails New Entrance to Frozen Niagara	KY02	89.6 0	\$12,042	\$2,103	\$8,423	\$1,516	\$9,939	\$0		
2024	2	Glacier National Park	Replace Utilities Along Lake McDonald	MTAL	85.2 0	\$18,445	\$1,501	\$12,479	\$4,466	\$16,944	\$0		
2024	3	Golden Gate National Recreation Area	Rehabilitate Unsafe and Inadequate Primary Electrical System at Fort Mason	CA02	81.3 0	\$21,553	\$3,887	\$9,808	\$7,858	\$17,666	\$0		
2024	4	Chickasaw National Recreation Area	Replace Buckhorn Water Treatment Plant and Address Critical Water System Deficiencies	OK04	79.5 0	\$8,225	\$1,483	\$4,585	\$2,157	\$6,742	\$0		
2024	5	Grand Canyon National Park ²	Improve Potable Water Supply - Inner Canyon Phase 4	AZ01	76.6 0	\$104,465	\$69,862	\$8,312	\$9,373	\$17,685	\$16,918	2025	
2024	6	Gateway National Recreation Area	Repair Jacob Riis Seawall on Beach Channel Drive	NY05	75.7 0	\$16,701	\$3,012	\$11,600	\$2,088	\$13,689	\$0		

Plan Fund Year	Priority	Facility or Unit Name	Project Title	State and Cong. District	DOI Score	Project Cost Information (\$000)					Remaining to be Funded	Future Years of Funding for Other Phases	Change in Annual O&M (\$000/yr)	
						Total Project	Funded To Date ¹	Budget Year Funding:						
								DM	CI	Total				
2024	7	Monocacy National Battlefield	Rehabilitate Historic Worthington House for Visitor Use	MD06	74.4 1	\$4,120	\$743	\$1,476	\$1,901	\$3,377	\$0			
2024	8	Padre Island National Seashore	Replace Law Enforcement Operations Center	TX35	71.5 0	\$13,157	\$2,373	\$134	\$10,650	\$10,785	\$0			
2024	9	Fort Vancouver National Historic Site	Rehabilitate Building 405 to Create Multi-park Museum Facility	WA03	67.0 0	\$16,381	\$2,954	\$5,371	\$8,056	\$13,427	\$0			
2024	10	Pu'uhonua O Honaunau National Historical Park	Remove Deteriorated Maintenance Facility From Archaeological Site & Provide Safe Working Conditions	HI02	60.0 0	\$15,882	\$2,864	\$2,679	\$10,339	\$13,018	\$0			
2024	11	North Cascades National Park	Replace Obsolete, Code Deficient and Deteriorated Stehekin Wastewater Treatment Plant	WA04	44.5 0	\$7,757	\$1,399	\$3,824	\$2,533	\$6,358	\$0			
2024	12	North Cascades National Park	Relocate Obsolete Housing Units from Stehekin River Flood Plain, Replace with New Housing Unit	WA01	38.1 0	\$4,179	\$684	\$0	\$3,495	\$3,495	\$0			
2024	13	Yellowstone National Park	Replace Obsolete Trailers at Multiple Park Areas	WYAL	22.7 5	\$23,873	\$4,305	\$391	\$19,177	\$19,568	\$0			
Total FY 2024									\$69,081	\$83,611	\$152,692			
¹ In FY 2020, includes planning funding projected to be allocated in FY 2019, and actual funding from prior fiscal years. In FY 2021-2024, this column reflects an estimated percentage of 22% for compliance (5%), pre-design (5%), final design (10%), and supplemental services (2%).														
² The Funded to Date column for Grand Canyon National Park, Improve Potable Water Supply - Inner Canyon, reflects funding provided in FY 2019 through Line Item Construction and Recreation Fees. Totals are based on an independent third party estimate.														

Attachment 4

National Park Service Potential Transportation Mega Projects*		February 2018				
By NPS Region - Alphabetical Order	State and Cong. District	Brief Description	TOTAL PROJECT Cost Estimate	PHASE 1 Project Description	COMPLIANCE STATUS	PHASE 1 PROJECT COST
Alaska Region						
Denali National Park and Preserve	AK-1	Toklat River Bridge & Causeway Replacement	\$ 25,000,000		ROD in 12 months	\$ 25,000,000
Intermountain Region						
Zion National Park Bus Replacement and Infrastructure Upgrades	UT02	Replace aged fleet with Electric vehicles and upgrade Infrastructure	\$ 27,000,000	Purchase 29 BEB Buses and 10 Charging Stalons plus Infrastructure upgrades.	Purchase order	\$ 27,000,000
Yellowstone National Park Road Reconstruction	WY-1/ MT-1/ ID-2	Road Reconstruction Multiple Segments throughout Yellowstone National Park	\$ 1,050,000,000	Old Faithful to West Thumb 3R; Canyon to Tower Phase 3	ROD Complete	\$ 47,000,000
				Pelican Creek Bridge Replacement	ROD Complete	\$ 25,400,000
Midwest Region						
Isle Royale National Park	MI-1	Replacement of MV-Ranger III Ship - Isle Royale National Park	\$ 30,000,000		Purchase order	\$ 30,000,000
National Capital Region						
George Washington Memorial Parkway	VA-8 & 10/ DC-1	North End Reconstruction	\$ 140,000,000	Road reconstruction - 13 miles	ROD in 6-9 months	\$ 40,000,000
				Paint all Steel Bridges	CE in 6-9 months	\$ 25,000,000
Northeast Region						
Colonial National Historic Park	VA-1	Parkway Reconstruction	\$ 288,000,000	Williamsburg Circle	ROD in 6-9 months	\$ 25,000,000
Multiple Northeast Parks - over 35 parks	Multiple	Northeast Region Road Safety Improvement Program	\$ 25,000,000	Shendoah; Regional retroreflectivity project; Colonial	ROD in 6-9 months	\$ 25,000,000
Pacific West Region						
Mount Rainier National Park	WA-3 & 8	Rehabilitate Roadways to Maintain Visitor Access to East Side of Mount Rainier	\$ 84,900,000	Rehabilitate Sunrise Road	ROD in 18 months	\$ 28,500,000
Lake Mead National Recreation Area	NV-3 & 4/ AZ-4	Lake Mead - Stabilize Eroding Channel at Las Vegas Wash	\$ 53,150,000	Construct three of six grade control structures	ROD in 12 months	\$ 25,000,000
Southeast Region						
Blue Ridge Parkway	NC-5, 6 & 10; VA-5, 6 & 9	Blue Ridge Parkway Road and Bridge Reconstruction	\$ 350,000,000	111.6 miles in North Carolina; 55.7 miles in Virginia	CE in 6-9 months	\$ 85,500,000
	NC-5		\$ 25,000,000	Replacement of Laurel Fork Bridge	ROD in 6-9 months	\$ 25,000,000
Great Smokles Mountain National Park	NC-11 & TN-1&2	Great Smokles Road Reconstruction	\$ 70,000,000	Multiple locations	ROD Complete	\$ 70,000,000
Natchez Trace Parkway	MS-1, 2, & 3; AL-4 &	Road Rehabilitation	\$ 250,000,000	148 miles	CE in 3 months	\$ 115,000,000
Natchez Trace Parkway	AL-4 & 5	Bridge Structural Study, Painting Rehab, and Replacement	\$ 150,600,000	John Coffe Memorial Bridge (Tennessee River Bridge) study to determine long term viability of structural components and painting	CE in 6 to 12 Months	\$ 25,000,000
Natchez Trace Parkway	MS- 1, 2, & 3	Natchez Trace Multi-Use Trail Construction	\$ 111,000,000	Construction of the Multi-Use Trail	ROD in 6-9 Months	\$ 66,000,000
* These projects will have compliance complete within 12 months of March 1, 2018. There are additional megaprojects not included on this list						
Total			\$ 2,679,650,000			\$ 709,400,000



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT 10 2019

The Honorable Ruben Gallego
Chairman, Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples
Of the United States
Committee on Natural Resources
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Gallego:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions received by the Bureau of Indian Affairs following the July 16, 2019, hearing before your subcommittee on H.R. 2414, H.R. 2031, H.R. 895, and H.R. 396. These responses were prepared by the BIA and the Bureau of Reclamation.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the Committee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional
and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Paul Cook
Ranking Member

Committee on Natural Resources
Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the United States
Legislative Hearing
1334 Longworth House Office Building
July 16, 2019
2:00 p.m.

Legislative Hearing on *H.R. 2414, H.R. 2031, H.R. 895, and H.R. 396.*

Questions from Rep. Rob Bishop for Darryl LaCounte, Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs—H.R. 2031

1. Federally Recognized Indian tribes that enter into Self-Governance contracts and compacts pursuant to 25 USC 5301 et seq. are required to be audited.

Question: Can you provide information regarding the occurrence of negative audit findings and is there current authority for the Department to reassume certain programs if a negative audit finding(s) are not sufficiently corrected?

Response: Yes, there is current authority for the Department to reassume programs where the Indian Tribe has failed to take action necessary to resolve material audit findings and the Single Audit report remains unresolved. Further information may be found in the Indian Affairs Single Audit Handbook, 5 IAM 2-H, which is available on the BIA website.

Question: Would the language contained in H.R. 2031 provide any changes to the authority for the Department to reassume these functions if a negative audit is not corrected?

Response: Yes, H.R. 2031 would expand the bases for which the Department may reassume a compacted program to include gross mismanagement of the compact funds. Current authority authorizes the Department to reassume a compacted program where there is imminent jeopardy to a physical trust asset, natural resource or public health and safety.

2. H.R. 2031 would authorize an Indian tribe to assume management of certain non-Bureau of Indian Affairs programs.

Question: If H.R. 2031 were enacted, would an Indian tribe have the authority to assume management of a non-Bureau of Indian Affairs program that has a service population of greater than 50% non-Indian?

Response: H.R. 2031 does not modify, limit, expand, or otherwise affect existing authority of the Secretary to contract or compact with an Indian Tribe for eligible non-BIA programs. Service population is among several criteria that the Department reviews when responding to a request to contract or

compact a non-BIA program; however, it is not an absolute basis for determining whether to contract or compact a program with an Indian Tribe.

Question: If a federal program service population is a majority non-Indian, what responsibility does the Department have if a tribe has assumed management of a federal program?

Response: The responsibilities of the Indian Tribe and the Secretary must be specified in the funding agreement. H.R. 2031 does not modify, limit, expand, or otherwise affect this requirement. Generally, the Secretary will continue to be responsible for all inherently federal functions; any functions the Indian Tribe is eligible to contract but has elected to leave with the Secretary; contract monitoring; and reassuming the program if there is a specific finding related to that program.

Question: If this type of contract or compact is negotiated and in effect, what input does the public have on the management of such non-Bureau of Indian Affairs program at that point?

Response: Each compact or funding agreement must include provisions for the Secretary to reassume a program if there is a specific finding relating to that program of imminent jeopardy to a trust asset, a natural resource, or public health and safety. *See* 25 U.S.C. § 5330. A person or group may appeal a decision or contest an action related to a non-BIA program operated by an Indian Tribe under existing regulations. *See* 25 C.F.R. § 1000.403(b).

Question: Is the Bureau of Reclamation currently negotiating with an Indian tribe to assume management of a Reclamation program or project that has a service population of greater than 50% non-Indian?

Response: Reclamation currently has four ongoing annual funding agreements with self-governance tribes to perform eligible project activities. The authorizing project statute establishes the parameters and scope for the activities to be performed (such as the design and construction of water-related infrastructure resulting from an Indian water rights settlement, among others). Several of these annual funding agreements also include activities which are of special geographic, historical, or cultural significance to the self-governance Indian tribe (*See* 25 U.S.C. § 5363(c)). Although the service population is a consideration, it is not an absolute basis for determining whether to enter into an annual funding agreement with a self-governance tribe.

3. Question: If a non-Bureau of Indian Affairs program report (see p. 54 of the bill) encourages inclusion of Bureau of Reclamation projects under the authorities created under this bill, what role will BOR have in writing this report?

Response: On an annual basis, the Bureau of Reclamation is required to report to Department's Office of Self-Governance their listing of programs or projects eligible for inclusion in funding agreements negotiated with self-governance tribes – along with programmatic targets. Reclamation participates in annual consultation with the tribes with respect to this report, which is published each fiscal year in the Federal Register.

4. Question: Bureau of Reclamation projects operate under Bureau of Reclamation directives and standards. If Bureau of Reclamation projects are included under the authorities of this bill (see p. 57 of the bill, "CONFLICTING PROVISIONS"), will those directives and standards still apply?

Response: Bureau of Reclamation's current Reclamation Manual Directives and Standards NIA 10-01 (Requirements for Execution and Administration of Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act Contracts and Annual Funding Agreements) apply to Reclamation staff entering into and administering P.L. 93-638 contracts and annual funding agreements. Reclamation policies and directives, federal laws, environmental health and safety standards, and program standards applicable to the type of project activities to be performed are negotiated between Reclamation and the Indian tribe and contained in the annual funding agreement.

5. Question: Could Bureau of Reclamation transferred works be included under the authorities of this bill?

Response: This bill would not bring transferred works under its authority.

Questions from Rep. Haaland for Director LaCounte:

1. Currently there are 285 Tribes participating in Self-Governance in DOI and it is anticipated new Tribes will want to enter into the program after the PROGRESS Act is enacted. Does the Department have plans to restructure to meet this new reality and transfer staff and resources to the Office of Self-Governance to serve this increased number of Self-Governance Tribes?

Response: If the PROGRESS Act is enacted, the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs will provide executive direction to shift resources as needed so that the DOI Office of Self-Governance can accommodate increases in participation in the Tribal Self-Governance Program.



United States Department of the Interior

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OCT 10 2019

The Honorable Ruben Gallego
Chairman, Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples
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U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Gallego:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions received by the Bureau of Indian Education following the May 16, 2019, hearing before your subcommittee on "Investigating the Health and Safety Risks of Native Children at BIE Boarding Schools."

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this material to the Committee.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional
and Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Paul Cook
Ranking Member

Questions for the Record by Democrat Members

Questions from Representative Bonamici

1. What steps are Chemawa, BIE, and BIA currently taking to proactively communicate to parents of Chemawa students that there are limits on what information about student health can be shared without a student's explicit consent?

Answer: BIE communicates with parents of Chemawa students in a variety of ways. Namely, the Western Oregon Service Unit (WOSU), Portland Area Health Services (IHS) Pediatric Policy is included in the Chemawa Indian School Student and Parent Handbook, which is available on the schools' website and at https://chemawa.bie.edu/assets/1819_Student_Handbook.pdf. Additionally, representatives from the IHS clinic are available to speak with parents during regularly scheduled Parent Advisory Committee meetings. BIE ensures that parents are provided teleconference access to each such meeting in order to facilitate open, two-way communication.

2. What limitations--statutory or otherwise--currently prevent Chemawa, BIE, or BIA from notifying parents that their child has had a medical appointment?

Answer: The most common challenge is successfully connecting with a parent or guardian prior to each individual appointment. Frequently, when attempting to contact parents or guardians, Chemawa staff members encounter disconnected phone numbers or unreturned messages. Oftentimes this is due to parents and guardians not informing Chemawa of a change to their contact information.

WOSU follows IHS policy on patient rights and privacy, which includes compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and the Privacy Act, among other relevant requirements. Accordingly, the release of a student's protected health information to parents and authorized personal representatives, such as those acting *in loco parentis*, must follow the IHS policies (*Indian Health Manual*, Part 3, Chapter 3, Health Information Management) that take into account applicable Federal and State law, including age of consent requirements under the Oregon Revised Statutes.

IHS provides Chemawa Indian School a weekly report that lists appointment dates and times for students, but does not provide specific medical information, such as appointment scheduler, purpose, or outcome. Upon referral from the Chemawa Indian School, or at the request of Chemawa Indian School, WOSU provides a “CIS Return to

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School Wellness Report” faxed directly to school principal. This includes student name, provider, next appointment, warning signs, coping strategies, and if a parent or guardian has been notified.

3. Are there any scenarios in which Chemawa, BIE, or BIA tells parents their child has sought health care and the school has knowledge of it? Are these policies consistent across physical health, mental health, and substance use? Does this process differ for treatment provided by IHS?

Answer: Chemawa staff members notify parents when emergency room visits occur. Additionally, a BIE Critical Incident Reporting form is completed for each such incident. Parents or guardians are also contacted and involved when a student may need inpatient substance or mental health treatment.

Any questions specific to IHS policy and activities should be referred to IHS.

4. What steps are taken to make sure that students at Chemawa understand the limits on health information that will be shared with their families if the student does not provide a signed privacy release?

Answer: See response to Question 1 above.

Additionally, any questions specific to IHS policy and activities should be referred to IHS.

5. What steps are taken to encourage students and their parents to communicate about their healthcare and options to involve and inform the parents about health care diagnoses and treatments?

Answer: Chemawa Indian School staff members, upon student request, routinely assist students in communicating with their parents to discuss healthcare issues. Additionally, when Chemawa Indian School gains knowledge of a student’s significant healthcare issue(s), staff members will initiate communication with parents. In certain circumstances the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and the Privacy Act, among other relevant requirements, and IHS’s WOSU policy, which takes into account Federal and Oregon law, prohibits Chemawa and its staff members from accessing certain student medical information.

6. Are students given the option to fill out a privacy release form when they seek medical care or treatment? If not, why not?

Answer: Any questions specific to IHS policy and activities should be referred to IHS.

7. In a letter from IHS to the Oregon delegation received on July 10, 2018, IHS outlined a joint workgroup between Chemawa and the Western Oregon Service Unit (WOSU) established in 2016 to improve information sharing processes. We understand this includes collaborative case management meetings. Can you please provide an update on the work of this group and any new policies that the work group has adopted to improve information sharing? Is parent input considered in this group?

Answer: The workgroup has met a number of times, focusing on student mental health case management and improving inter-agency communication. Because of the workgroup, Chemawa Indian School recently provided select WOSU staff with access to its student medication compliance module. This has significantly facilitated the work of IHS’s psychiatric nurse practitioner. Parents are not members of the working group.

Chemawa Indian School leadership and WOSU leadership meet monthly to collaborate on student/patient care. One deliverable from these meetings is the “CIS Return to School Wellness Report”. In addition, IHS and the Chemawa Indian School hold case management meetings between school counselors and IHS counselors.

Questions from Representative Schrader

1. I have heard repeated references to the “chain-of-command,” procedures to resolve staff complaints at the lowest possible level, in my letters with Indian Affairs and in this hearing. In detail, please describe the chain-of-command procedures for addressing complaints made by staff.
 - a. What is the process for staff to report issues to BIE superiors outside of the school if a staffer feels their concern was not properly honored through the chain-of- command?

Answer: Pursuant to BIE chain-of-command, employees are directed to submit complaints in the following order: immediate supervisor, Department Head, Chemawa’s Superintendent, Chemawa’s assigned Education Program Administrator (EPA), Associate Deputy Director (ADD) for Bureau Operated Schools, Chief Academic Officer (CAO), and finally the BIE Director. If the

lowest party in the chain-of-command cannot resolve the complaint, or a party in the chain-of-command is the subject of the complaint, the complaint will be directed to the next lowest non-subject party.

All Chemawa bargaining unit staff members are permitted to contact and seek assistance from the Federal Indian Service Employees (FISE) labor union during the lifespan of the complaint. Mediations between bargaining unit staff and their supervisors occur regularly to resolve matters raised in employee complaints. Additionally, all BIE employees have access to the whistle blower hotline and Equal Employment Opportunity process to address reports of fraud, waste and abuse or violations of their rights. BIE also offers an employee assistance program, which, among other things, assists staff with legal or counseling services. Finally, Chemawa Indian School administrators provide annual employee training on the above processes and programs.

- b. How does BIE address retaliation that may occur after a concern is submitted through the chain-of-command? When an employee needs to go to the external ombudsman or other avenues outside of the chain-of-command?

Answer: BIE does not tolerate retaliation. All instances of retaliation are dealt with in accordance with whistleblower protections contained in 5 U.S.C. § 2302(b)(8). In addition, BIE has issued directives regarding the Prevention and Elimination of Harassing Conduct Policy. This policy includes guidelines and process for responding to allegations of retaliation, including any necessary corrective action.

- c. Given that BIE supervisors may be hundreds of miles away from a school (for example, one of our witnesses from Chemawa cited supervisors in the chain-of-command in Albuquerque and Seattle), how does BIE plan to address this lack of proximity and familiarity within the supervisory structure?

Answer: In September 2013, the American Indian Education Study Group (Study Group) was appointed to identify challenges faced by BIE-funded schools. Following the Study Group’s findings, the BIE executed a Bureau-wide reorganization in June 2014 wherein schools were organized into three distinct Associate Deputy Director (ADD) Offices as follows: (1) ADD Navajo, (2) ADD tribally-controlled, and (3) ADD bureau-operated. Chemawa Indian School is assigned to ADD bureau-operated. Within ADD bureau-operated there are several Education Resource Centers (ERC), which

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are led by Education Program Administrators (EPAs). As the only bureau-operated school in the region, Chemawa Indian School is assigned to the Phoenix ERC.

The ADD and ERC structure is based on extensive listening sessions held in fall 2013 with tribal leaders, educators, and community members across Indian Country, and an analysis of a wide range of primary and secondary data gathered by the Study Group. BIE employees can find the supervisory structure by working with their respective ERC staff who can identify pertinent points of contact. Note that under this structure, every employee at Chemawa Indian School, except for the Superintendent, reports to an on-site supervisor. In fact, Chemawa Indian School is the only school wherein the Superintendent does not have an on-site supervisor. The Superintendent reports to the EPA.

2. It has been very difficult for myself and my colleagues to gain any information about the school board.
 - a. Please list the names, tribal affiliation, and term duration for all current school board members.

Answer: Upon reestablishment in 2015, five (5) board members were seated simultaneously. In order to avoid loss of the majority of the board at the end of their three-year term, and at the board’s request, Chemawa’s Superintendent created a sustainability plan which provides staggered terms for board members. Below is a list of current board members and their staggered terms:

Name	Tribe	Category	Term Start	Term End
Jason Younker (Chairman 19-20 SY)	Coquille	At Large (OR)	9/1/2015	6/30/2022
Orlinda Wirth	Navajo	Student Population	9/1/2015	6/30/2020
Aivena Bush	White Mountain Apache	Student Population	9/1/2015	6/30/2021
Valerie Switzler (Vice-Chair 19-20 SY)	Warm Springs	Student Population	9/1/2015	6/30/2020
Pamela Johnson	Gila River	Student Population	7/1/2018	6/30/2021

Note, the Confederated Tribes and Warm Springs notified Chemawa administrators that Ms. Valerie Switzler will likely be replaced with an alternate appointment to serve out the remainder of her term.

- b. Please provide us with the Chemawa School Board’s charter or other governing

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documents.

Answer: Attached hereto are the Chemawa Indian School Board Bylaws.

- c. How does the Chemawa School Board coordinate with the Parent Advisory Board and Student Council?

Answer: The Student Council is invited to every regularly scheduled Board meeting. The only exception to this rule is when scheduling and/or travel creates a meeting conflict. During Board meetings, the Student Council is provided an opportunity to submit issues of interest to the Board for review and consideration.

The school is scheduling an inaugural collaborative meeting between the Board and Parent Advisory Committee to occur this coming school year.

- d. In my latest letter with Indian Affairs, the agency said that Chemawa was forced to seat volunteers on the school board because three of the tribes with the highest enrollment did not seat board members. When the letter was written on March 15, 2019, three of the five tribes had responded and only two representatives had been contacted.

- i. What is the updated status of the search for school board members?

Answer: As demonstrated in the table above, Chemawa Indian School had a complete School Board in 2015. A sustainability plan was then approved which provides staggered terms for board members. In Chemawa Indian School’s ongoing efforts to execute the sustainability plan, letters of request to seat members were sent to the Tohono O’odham and Blackfeet tribes in September of 2018. Only the Navajo Nation and Gila River Tribe have responded and presented nominations for school board representatives. Chemawa Indian School anticipates that the Bylaw amendment establishing a process for seating a vacant position due to a top enrolled tribe’s failure to make a timely appointment to the Board will address this ongoing issue.

- ii. Is Chemawa’s difficulty in recruiting school board members typical of BIE schools?

Answer: Other directly operated Off-Reservation Boarding Schools utilize similar representational school boards. As such, they face substantially similar challenges in obtaining timely appointments by high enrollment tribes. However, Chemawa’s remote location presents an additional unique challenge.

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iii. What is BIE doing to have a more robust relationship with tribes who send their students to BIE boarding schools in order to avoid such recruitment delays?

Answer: The BIE maintains a robust government-to-government relationship with each of the tribes it serves. For example, the BIE is planning multiple tribal consultations on a variety of topics, including its new Standards, Assessment, and Accountability System. Additionally, BIE leadership across the Bureau routinely meet with elected tribal leaders to discuss emerging issues and timely respond to individual needs and requests.

3. I was disappointed that Lora Braucher, Chemawa Superintendent, did not participate in the hearing. I know that she is frequently detailed out to other BIE schools or BIE working groups to develop policies and practices, which requires her to be absent from Chemawa’s campus for months at a time.

a. Please provide us with a full list of all the projects to which Ms. Braucher has been assigned during her time as superintendent, and the length of time each project kept her off Chemawa’s campus.

Answer: Mrs. Braucher is generally required to attend meetings or professional development events a few times each year. Such events are typically held at centrally located BIE sites. As Chemawa is the sole directly operated BIE school in the Northwestern United States, attendance at such meetings and training events often requires her to travel.

Additionally, Mrs. Braucher has been tasked with serving on speaking panels regarding the BIE Reorganization and Strategic Direction working groups, along with other frontline school administrators. For example, Mrs. Braucher was appointed by the Secretary of the Interior to represent the federal government in the BIE Standards, Assessment and Accountability System Negotiated Rulemaking Committee.

b. Is this amount of off-campus work standard for a BIE boarding school superintendent?

Answer: The BIE routinely utilizes school level leaders in bureau-wide initiatives such as the BIE Strategic Direction.

c. What does BIE plan to do to reduce the amount of time the superintendent spends away from campus, and to alleviate the strain placed on other members of the

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school’s administration when the superintendent is detailed out on a project?

Answer: The BIE makes every effort to ensure work assignments are equitably distributed. With regard to Mrs. Braucher’s bureau-wide work assignments, the Negotiated Rule Making Committee’s work is largely completed.

4. In my correspondence with Indian Affairs, the agency described an annual staff survey and a thrice-yearly school climate/improvement survey for staff and students to provide input and report concerns. The agency noted that some of the concerns raised in the surveys were a lack of parental communication, a lack of communication between residential life staff and academic staff, food quality, and peer behavior.

- a. What specific actions is the school taking to remedy the areas of concern identified in the survey?

Answer: Chemawa Indian School is actively working to improve communication among all relevant parties. For example, Chemawa provides a quarterly newsletter to parents, critical information is posted on the school’s website, and school staff provides community information via social media. Additionally, Chemawa Indian School provides parents online portal access, which gives them real-time access to student attendance and grades, as well as a direct teacher messaging capability.

Chemawa directly communicates with parents regarding medical or mental health emergencies and other major student incidents. Chemawa Indian School anticipates that its efforts to ensure timely, two-way communication will be further improved through the newly re-established Parent Advisory Committee.

- b. What specific actions is the school taking to implement suggestions from staff and students in the survey?

Answer: Chemawa administrators meet weekly to review submitted concerns and suggestions. During each weekly meeting Chemawa’s leadership makes every effort to resolve each issue brought to its attention in a timely and effective manner. Additionally, Chemawa administrators utilize survey results in establishing plans for the upcoming school year, including the implementation of policies, protocols, and programmatic changes. To further facilitate timely communication with students, Chemawa Indian School has added locations throughout the campus where students may submit concerns anonymously. In instances where students do not desire anonymity, school administrators routinely communicate with individual students regarding their concerns.

Questions for the Record by Republican Members

Questions from Representative Bishop

1. Could you please clarify for the hearing record why the Bureau of Indian Education school Superintendent at the Chemawa Indian School was unable to participate at the May 16, 2019 hearing on Indian Boarding Schools?

Answer: Superintendent Braucher’s contract (Appendix 1) spans one calendar year, with the current term ending on July 1, 2019. While the school year concluded prior to the May 16, 2019 hearing, that date was still a business working day for Ms. Braucher and other staff. However, Superintendent Braucher had preplanned annual leave scheduled for that day. The leave that had been requested and approved on April 9, 2019 (Appendix 2). Her leave approval preceded the hearing notification dated May 2, 2019 (Appendix 3).

2. Are Bureau of Indian Education Superintendents required to work beyond the school year?

Answer: Yes, all BIE superintendents are required to work pursuant to the terms of their twelve-month contract period.

3. The Trump Administration separated the Bureau of Indian Education budget from the Indian Affairs budget in the FY2020 proposal.

Question: Can you discuss why the Administration chose to do this and how it will impact how the Bureau of Indian Education operates?

Answer: The President’s budget proposes to advance ongoing BIE reforms and improve student outcomes at BIE-funded schools. A key aspect of this effort is decoupling overlapping functions of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and BIE to better deliver services to schools, maximize efficiency, and build capacity within BIE. BIE will retain existing programs and gradually assume direct responsibility for acquisitions, safety, and facilities management. Resource alignment with management responsibilities addresses recommendations of the Government Accountability Office and provides BIE the autonomy and accountability needed to improve service delivery to, and by, BIE-funded schools.

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Question: Are most BIE schools, and Chemawa specifically, experiencing staffing shortages?

Answer: All BIE schools face challenges with recruitment and retention of high-quality educators and staff, especially members of federally recognized Indian tribes. Chemawa specifically faces unique challenges due to its remote geographic location.

Question: What is the Department doing to address ongoing hiring and retention issues?

Answer: BIE has developed and is currently implementing milestones within its five year Strategic Direction designed to address common challenges, such as recruitment and retention. Generally, vacant educator and staff positions are advertised on both the school website and USAJobs.gov. Additionally, the school routinely sends vacancy announcements to its local tribal partners throughout Oregon in an effort to recruit qualified Indian applicants. The BIE has also hired two full-time education recruiters who actively work with local BIE schools to fill critical educator and support staff vacancies across the BIE.

Question: What can the committee do to aid in the Department’s work in this area?

Answer: The BIE welcomes working with the Subcommittee to explore legislative options that will assist in filling positions in remote locations within the BIE school system.

4. Members of Congress have been seeking information on events that have occurred at Chemawa.

Question: What challenges does the agency experience with releasing certain information to Members or to the public relating to these events?

Answer: The release of information to Members or the public relating to student information, parent or staff incidents must comply with privacy laws, such as the Privacy Act of 1974, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

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Question: Are there certain liabilities of which the Department needs to be cognizant in cases where a school is acting in a parental capacity?

Answer: With regard to health services needs, the homeliving supervisor, which is the employee with overall administrative responsibility for supervising students, programs and personnel in the homeliving area, or designee must act *in loco parentis* when the parent or guardian of a student cannot be found. See 25 C.F.R. § 36.97. The WOSU recognizes the Chemawa Indian School as acting *in locum parentis* for active Chemawa Indian School students. See Chemawa Indian School Academic and Residential Life Handbook, https://chemawa.bie.edu/assets/1819_Student_Handbook.pdf.

Form BIA-6232b
Revised 03/07

62 BIA 11
Illustration 20d

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION
EDUCATION EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

YEAR LONG CONTRACT

This is a contract of employment between the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Education, Chemawa Indian High School and BRAUCHER, LORA T.
Both parties mutually agree that:

1. The employee shall be employed by the Chemawa Indian High School for a period from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 as PRINCIPAL (SCHOOL SUPERVISOR). This period includes 221 work days, 10 federal holidays and 180 hours vacation leave.
2. The employee shall during the term of employment, perform duties pertaining to the position and the duties assigned by the supervisor.
3. This contract and the parties hereto are and shall continue to be subject to applicable laws and regulations of the Federal Government and the state in which the position is located and to the rules regulations of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Education, and the rules and regulations of the local school and the local school board.
4. Subject to the provisions of the applicable approved budget, the employee shall during the term hereof receive a salary of \$ per hour less required or authorized deductions, for a total amount annual salary of \$.
5. If a pre-employment or post-audit review of the qualifications of the employee shows that the employee is not suitable or qualified for the position or salary herein, this contract may be adjusted or terminated unilaterally by management.
6. During the probationary period, if the employee's performance or conduct is not satisfactory, this contract may be terminated unilaterally by management during the term of this contract. Such termination during probationary period is not grievable or appealable. Alternately, the school may elect not to renew the contract.
7. This contract may be terminated or amended by the school prior to its expiration date in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Indian Education as set forth in 62 BIA 11.
8. This contract is only for the period indicated and does not confer any right or benefit for continued employment beyond the date indicated above. Failure to renew this contract is not termination for cause or for other reasons. Such contract non-renewal is not considered an adverse or disciplinary action.

BIE Representative Jim Hart Date 5-10-18
School Supervisor

Employee: Lora Braucher Date 4/26/18
Signature

Concurred by: Sonya Moody Durado Date 4/19/18
School Board Signature

Request for Leave or Approved Absence

1. Name (Last, first, middle) Braucher, Lora	2. Employee or Social Security Number (Enter only the last 4 digits of the Social Security Number (SSN)) (b) (6)
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3. Organization
Chemawa Indian School

4. Type of Leave/Absence (Check appropriate box(es) below)	Date		Time		Total Hours	5. Family and Medical Leave
	From	To	From	To		
<input type="checkbox"/> Accrued Annual Leave						If annual leave, sick leave, or leave without pay will be used under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, please provide the following information: <input type="checkbox"/> I hereby invoke my entitlement to Family and Medical Leave for: <input type="checkbox"/> Birth/Adoption/Foster Care <input type="checkbox"/> Serious health condition of spouse, son, daughter, or parent <input type="checkbox"/> Serious health condition of self Contact your supervisor and/or your personnel office to obtain additional information about your entitlements and responsibilities under the Family and Medical Leave Act. Medical certification of a serious health condition may be required by your agency.
<input type="checkbox"/> Restored Annual Leave						
<input type="checkbox"/> Advanced Annual Leave						
<input type="checkbox"/> Accrued Sick Leave						
<input type="checkbox"/> Advanced Sick Leave						
Purpose: <input type="checkbox"/> Illness/injury/incapacitation of requesting employee <input type="checkbox"/> Medical/dental/optical examination of requesting employee <input type="checkbox"/> Care of family member, including medical/dental/optical examination of family member, or bereavement <input type="checkbox"/> Care of family member with a serious health condition <input type="checkbox"/> Other						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Compensatory Time Off	05/16/19	May 16, 2019	7:30:00 AM	4:00:00 PM	8	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Paid Absence (Specify in Remarks)						
<input type="checkbox"/> Leave Without Pay						

6. Remarks:

7. Certification: I hereby request leave/approved absence from duty as indicated above and certify that such leave/absence is requested for the purpose(s) indicated. I understand that I must comply with my employing agency's procedures for requesting leave/approved absence (and provide additional documentation, including medical certification, if required) and that falsification on this form may be grounds for disciplinary action, including removal.

7a. Employee Signature LORA BRAUCHER <small>Digitally signed by LORA BRAUCHER Date: 2019.04.09 14:12:05 -0700</small>	7b. Date
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8a. Official Action on Request: Approved Disapproved *(If disapproved, give reason. If annual leave, initiate action to reschedule.)*

8b. Reason for Disapproval:

8c. Supervisor Signature 	8d. Date 4-9-19
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PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

Section 6311 of Title 5, United States Code, authorizes collection of this information. The primary use of this information is by management and your payroll office to approve and record your use of leave. Additional disclosures of the information may be: to the Department of Labor when processing a claim for compensation regarding a job connected injury or illness; to a State unemployment compensation office regarding a claim; to Federal Life Insurance or Health Benefits carriers regarding a claim; to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency when your agency becomes aware of a violation or possible violation of civil or criminal law; to a Federal agency when conducting an investigation for employment or security reasons; to the Office of Personnel Management or the General Accounting Office when the information is required for evaluation of leave administration; or the General Services Administration in connection with its responsibilities for records management.

Public Law 104-134 (April 26, 1996) requires that any person doing business with the Federal Government furnish a social security number or tax identification number. This is an amendment to Title 31, Section 7701. Furnishing the social security number, as well as other data, is voluntary, but failure to do so may delay or prevent action on the application. If your agency uses the information furnished on this form for purposes other than those indicated above, it may provide you with an additional statement reflecting those purposes.



U.S. House of Representatives
Committee on Natural Resources
Washington, DC 20515

May 2, 2019

The Honorable Tara Sweeney
Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs
U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs
1849 C St. NW
Washington, DC 20240

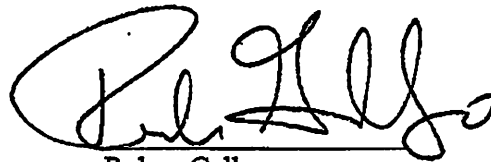
Dear Assistant Secretary Sweeney:

The Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the United States cordially invites you to testify at an oversight hearing on BIE Off-Reservation Boarding Schools. The hearing is scheduled on Thursday, May 16, 2019, at 2:00 P.M. in room 1324, Longworth House Office Building.

At the hearing, you will be given five minutes to present your oral testimony. You are welcome to submit a longer statement in writing that will be included in the hearing record. After all witnesses have finished their oral testimony, each member of the Committee will have five minutes to comment and ask questions of witnesses.

Please review the enclosed documents and submit any requested information at least 48 hours prior to the scheduled hearing date. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Victor Lopez-Carmen, Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the U.S. at (202) 226-2562 or Victo.Lopez-Carmen@mail.house.gov. Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,



Ruben Gallego
Chairman
Subcommittee for Indigenous Peoples of the US

Enclosures: Committee Witness Requirements
"Truth in Testimony" Witness Disclosure Form



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

The Honorable John Hoeven
Chairman, Committee on Indian Affairs
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

OCT - 7 2019

Dear Chairman Hoeven:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions from the May 8, 2019, oversight hearing entitled "The President's FY2020 Budget Request for Indian Programs" before your Committee. These responses were prepared by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to you on this matter.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and
Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Tom Udall
Vice Chairman

Questions from Vice-Chairman Udall

Bureau of Land Management Leasing

- 1) Earlier this year, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) conducted a series of public meetings in Alaska and D.C. related to the environmental impact statement to drill in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. Reports from several of the meetings cast doubt on whether BLM had conducted meaningful consultation with Alaska Natives. Many of the hearings, including the one in Fairbanks, were scheduled with just five days advanced notice. Further, the hearing in Fairbanks did not have a translator present for comments in Iñupiaq and Gwich'in, and did not translate the information given by BLM.
- a) **Please describe the involvement of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs and the Bureau of Indian Affairs in developing, conducting, or participating in the public meetings.**

Response: The Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs (AS-IA) and her staff were not involved with the BLM consultations. The Bureau of Indian Affairs provided funding to Tribes for the purpose of translating portions of the BLM's Draft Coastal Plain Leasing Environmental Impact Statement into the Gwich'in language to aid Gwich'in communities' participation in public meetings and tribal consultations regarding the development of the Statement.

- b) **Please describe how the public meetings complied with the Department's guidance that requires Interior, through the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs, to consult with Alaska Native Corporations on any matter that has a substantial direct effect on them.**

Response: The Department's policy on consultation applies to all bureaus and offices independently; there is no requirement for each to consult through AS-IA. The Assistant Secretary - Land and Minerals, and BLM, consulted with regional ANCSA corporation Arctic Slope Regional Corporation and village ANCSA corporation Kaktovik Inupiat Corporation, as well as several tribes, throughout BLM's development of the environmental impact statement. In addition, while the BLM was the lead agency in the program review, cooperating agencies included the North Slope Borough, the Native Villages of Kaktovik and Venetie Tribal Government, the Venetie Village Council, and the Arctic Village Council.

Budgetary Certainty

- 2) As discussed at the hearing, the recent partial government shutdown had an acutely negative impact on Tribes and Native communities. I understand that you sent out a Dear Tribal Leader letter asking for feedback to document these impacts.
- a) **Please provide a copy of the referenced Dear Tribal Leader letter for the record.**

Response: Attached hereto as Appendix A and Appendix B.

b) Please summarize any and all responses to the letter the Department has received so far.

Response: To date, the Department has received 13 responses to our Tribal Leader letters regarding the lapse in appropriations. The general concerns raised were lack of communication and updates from BIA during the appropriations lapse; the curtailment of services and freezing of available funding streams from BIE; delays in issuing permits, processing 93-638 contracts, and conducting environmental impact studies.

Tribes were also concerned that the appropriations lapse caused grant programs to fall behind in deliverables, hiring freezes, suspension of travel and inability to participate in important planning meetings, financial hardship and disruption of vital health and public safety services, and overall inability to connect and communicate with federal staff due to the furlough.

Climate Change

- 3) The Department has a responsibility to Tribes to protect trust lands, trust resources, and treaty hunting, fishing, and subsistence rights. Protecting and enhancing healthy and resilient ecosystems that are particularly vulnerable to climate change is integral to ensuring the Department is able to fulfill these responsibilities. But for the third year in a row, the President's budget proposes to eliminate funding for the Tribal Climate Resilience program, which provides Tribes with direct funding to develop science-based information and create decision support tools to enable adaptive resource management. The program also bolsters Tribal ability to plan for climate resilience, provides for nationwide training in climate adaptation planning, Tribal capacity building, and regional science outreach.

How would eliminating funding for programs, like the Tribal Climate Resilience program, ensure Tribes have resources to address the impacts of climate change?

Response: Previous funding from the Tribal Climate Resilience Program was used for adaptation planning, training, technical support, and capacity-building. The Department chose to direct funding to improve Tribes' ability to plan for actions, such as housing relocation and improved fisheries and natural resources management, that can mitigate actual impacts to tribal communities.

Irrigation Projects

- 4) BIA administers 17 Indian irrigation projects that provide irrigation water to over 780,000 acres, through over 6,300 miles of canals and more than 52,000 irrigation structures, with receipt fund revenues of over \$35 million. These projects are vital economic contributors for Tribes, collectively producing in excess of \$960 million in gross crop revenues annually. However, most Indian irrigation project facilities are approximately 100 years old and in need of major capital improvements. Several critical structures are in such poor condition that their long-term viability to deliver irrigation water is in question. Nevertheless, the President's Budget Request would cut funding for natural resource management construction, which

includes line items for irrigation projects and dam safety, from \$71.2 million to \$36.1 million (49%). **Please provide a justification for these cuts in light of the estimated need and age of Indian irrigation systems administered by the BIA.**

Response: The Resource Management Construction funds address critical deferred maintenance and construction work on BIA owned and operated irrigation facilities, with an emphasis placed on infrastructure rehabilitation that addresses health and safety concerns for Indian Affairs (IA) employees and the public. The funds also address dam safety on Indian lands by reducing the potential for loss of human life and property damage caused by dam failure by making IA dams as safe as practically possible.

With the proposed funding level, the Irrigation program will continue to prioritize and fund rehabilitation of structures.

The program will also be able to support basic program functions, including expenses related to Central Office, Regional, and Agency staffing, Early Warning System support and maintenance, Emergency Action Plan updating and exercising and scheduled dam inspections and risk analyses.

Arctic National Wildlife Refuge

- 5) During your confirmation process, I voiced concerns relating to your potential involvement in decisions that would benefit the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation (Corporation), of which you are a former executive and ongoing birthright shareholder. You committed to recuse yourself from participating in particular matters at the Department of the Interior, to which the Corporation is a specific party, including Interior's work to open the Coastal Plain of Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil and gas drilling.
- a) **Since being confirmed, have you participated in any meetings with the Corporation? If yes, please provide a list of meeting dates, attendees, and topics, along with the written waiver authorizing your participation. If no, please identify the individual delegated the responsibility to oversee the consultation and provide a brief description of their involvement.**

Response: Since confirmation, I have not participated in any meetings related to the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (ANWR) or the Corporation's interest in ANWR. During my time as Assistant Secretary, when accepting meetings with Alaska tribes and organizations with which I am affiliated, I have always ensured that such meetings are not in violation of and are consistent with my ethics agreement. *See* attached as Appendix C.

- b) **Since being confirmed, have you participated in any meetings or decision making related to either seismic permitting in the Arctic Refuge or the leasing program in the Coastal Plain? Again, if yes, please provide a list of meeting dates, attendees, and topics.**

Response: No. During my time as the Assistant Secretary, I have not participated in any

meetings or decision making regarding these issues.

Bears Ears National Monument Advisory Committee

- 6) Secretary Bernhardt recently appointed members to the Bears Ears National Monument Advisory Committee. The proclamation and the Federal Advisory Committee Act requires the committee to be composed of a "fair and balanced representation of interested stakeholders." Yet, the appointments appear to reflect an effort to select individuals opposed to the very existence of the monument about which they are charged with advising. The committee ignores the official position of San Juan County by including the only county commissioner who opposed the original monument designation. It also ignores the unanimous position of the five sovereign tribal nations of the Bears Ears Inter-Tribal Coalition and instead selected two monument opponents to represent "Tribal concerns."
- a) **Were you consulted in appointing the committee or play a role in advising Secretary Bernhardt, or others involved in the appointments? If yes, how did you advise the Secretary or others on this decision?**

Response: The Department engaged in meaningful dialogue regarding the Bears Ears National Monument Advisory Committee. These efforts were coordinated by the Secretary.

- b) **As Assistant Secretary, do you believe a committee stacked with anti-monument voices that ignores the unanimous position of five sovereign tribal nations is "fair and balanced?" Did you advocate against placing representatives opposed to the position of the Bears Ears Inter-Tribal Coalition on the committee?**

Response: In recognition of the importance of tribal participation in the management of the monument and to ensure tribal expertise and traditional and historical knowledge are taken into account, Proclamation 9558, as modified by Proclamation 9681, provides American Indian Tribes specific opportunities to provide input on the management of Bears Ears National Monument, including participating in the Shash Jáa Commission. Additionally, the proposed Monument Management Plans have been developed with Tribal input through government-to-government consultation. These plans include a specific American Indian Tribal Collaboration Framework to ensure that interested American Indian Tribes and the Shash Jáa commission continue to have opportunities to make contributions to inform decisions regarding the management of the monument in the future.

Questions from Sen. Cortez Masto

1. In your testimony, you highlighted the importance of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) law enforcement programs that directly serve American Indians and Alaska Natives, particularly when it comes to addressing the crisis of missing and murdered American Indians and Alaska Natives. You also highlighted the White House proclamation, “Missing and Murdered American Indians and Alaska Natives Awareness Day, 2019,” as an indication of the administration’s focus on the issue of violent crime in Indian Country. In the proclamation, President Trump states, “we are improving public safety, we are expanding funding and training opportunities for law enforcement in Indian country, and we are better equipping them with tools like access to criminal databases.”¹ However, the Department of the Interior’s BIA law enforcement funding requests have remained roughly the same in recent years.² Additionally, in response to Senator Tester’s questions during the hearing as to whether the President’s budget provides adequate funding levels to hire the law enforcement that’s needed in Indian country, you responded that due to budget constraints BIA would only be maintaining current operations.

a) Do you believe that law enforcement priorities, specifically the crisis of missing and murdered American Indians and Alaska Natives, can be properly addressed by maintaining current funding levels at BIA?

Response: Current funding levels do support all law enforcement priorities, including the on-going missing and murdered investigations. The Administration’s fiscal year 2020 budget proposal includes \$409.2 million for Public Safety and Justice Activities, of which \$376.7 million directly supports 191 law enforcement programs and 96 corrections programs run both by tribes and as direct services. The 2020 budget includes an increase of \$2.5 million to address the opioid crisis, an Administration priority, in Indian Country. This initiative will expand BIA’s capacity to address the increase in drug-related activities through interdiction programs to reduce drug use, distribution, and drug-related crime and supports OJS participation in intra- and inter-agency initiatives targeting opioid and substance abuse prevention efforts. The budget request also includes \$22.3 million for Tribal Justice Support Programs, which include VAWA training and implementation strategies critical to the protection of women in Indian communities.

b) To what “expanded funding” does the White House proclamation refer?

Response: As noted in the previous response, the Administration’s fiscal year 2020 budget proposal includes \$409.2 million for Public Safety and Justice Activities, of which \$376.7 million directly supports 191 law enforcement programs and 96 corrections programs run both by tribes and as direct services. The budget request

¹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/presidential-actions/missing-murdered-american-indians-alaska-natives-awareness-day-2019/>

² https://www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/uploads/2020_highlights_book.pdf

also includes an increase of \$2.5 million to expand capacity and address the opioid crisis, an Administration priority, in Indian Country.

c) To what "expanded training opportunities" does the White House proclamation refer?

Response: Through BIA OJS, in January 2018, the BIA Indian Police Academy (BIA-IPA) began discussions with the National Criminal Justice Training Center (NCJTC) on collaborating to create joint training programs for cold case investigations, long-term missing investigations, and child abduction investigations for use throughout Indian Country. BIA OJS continues to assess the need for greater training opportunities in the northern tier states to better support Indian Country Officers and Agents.

BIA-IPA also launched human trafficking courses in the Indian Country Police Officer Training Program; the Basic Police Officer Bridge Training Program; and the Indian Country Criminal Investigator Training Program (a joint FBI, BIA, and Tribal attended program). The NCJTC and BIA-IPA conducted three pilot training programs on Advanced Cold Case Long Term Missing Investigations in Montana and North Dakota, which trained a total of 117 personnel. The joint training effort has also provided additional missing persons training to tribes in Montana (Fort Peck), North Dakota (United Tribes Technical College), Arizona (Fort McDowell), and Michigan (Lac View Desert).

d) Please detail any plans or requests the White House has made to expand funding and training opportunities for law enforcement in Indian country.

Response: In addition to the expanded training opportunities listed above in c), the increase in funding to expand capacity and address the opioid crisis in Indian Country has allowed over 40 Opioid Community Awareness events and trained over 700 tribal community and service providers throughout Indian Country. OJS also trained over 600 Indian Country law enforcement officers in Opioid identification and enforcement.

e) How will you ensure that law enforcement efforts to aid the American Indian and Alaska Native community are not impeded by a lack of funding and resources?

Response: The Department always works hard to provide public safety in Indian Country. The Department will continue to use current and future funding to provide the best public safety services possible. Appropriated amounts do not change the goals and mission of the Department. Programs will continue to find ways to collaborate with other agencies and partners to maximize our efforts.

2. The White House proclamation states that federal agencies have established "improved protocols based on our government-to-government relations with the tribes, and have become more transparent and accountable in our efforts."

- a) Please provide these improved protocols and documentation of all of the federal agencies that were involved in their creation.**

Response: The Department cannot speak to the protocols of the other federal agencies, but the Department has improved protocols on responding to missing person cases after receiving feedback from tribal leaders and community members. These efforts are demonstrated by the installation of Tribal Access Program for National Crime Information kiosks and better communication with DOJ and U.S. Attorneys regarding prosecutions.

- b) Please describe the steps that were taken to coordinate with and receive input directly from the American Indian and Alaska Native community on the creation of these improved protocols. Please provide documentation of the tribal consultation process.**

Response: Indian Affairs has held listening sessions at major tribal events to hear from Tribal leaders on public safety issues, the most recent of which was in Farmington, NM. BIA OJS held the inaugural Indian Country Public Safety Summit where the Administration brought together federal resource partners and Tribal leaders from around the country to discuss Indian Country public safety. On the first day, federal partners discussed resources available to Tribes, and how to access them. On the second day, Tribal leaders, Tribal Chiefs of Police, and Tribal judicial staff discussed their public safety needs and ideas on moving forward.

- c) Please describe the steps that were taken to "become more transparent and accountable" in these efforts.**

Response: The Department consistently works to improve our level of communication with Tribes. The Department conducts face-to-face meetings with Tribes to discuss actions and programs, which allows the Department to receive relevant information and feedback from Tribal Leaders. This process promotes greater programmatic transparency and allows Tribal Leaders to hold programs more accountable for services.

3. The White House proclamation states that the Attorney General has "developed a working group dedicated to addressing violent crime in Indian country." Does the Department of Interior have any involvement in this working group?

Response: At the White House's direction, the Departments of Justice (DOJ), the Department of the Interior, including the BIA, and the Department of Health and Human Services are all collaborating on a cross-agency effort to address this important problem. Moreover, at DOJ, the U.S. Attorney community has initiated work through the Attorney

General's Native American Issues Subcommittee to identify priorities related to reducing violent crime in Indian Country, including missing and murdered Indigenous women.

a) If so, please provide a list of members of the working group.

Response: Because the Attorney General's Native American Issues Subcommittee is housed within DOJ, the Department defers to DOJ for additional details about the Subcommittee.

b) If so, please detail the mission, duties, and responsibilities of the working group.

Response: Because the Attorney General's Native American Issues Subcommittee is housed within DOJ, the Department defers to DOJ for additional details about the Subcommittee.

c) If so, please provide an accounting of all prior meetings of the working group.

Response: Because the Attorney General's Native American Issues Subcommittee is housed within DOJ, the Department defers to DOJ for additional details about the Subcommittee.

4. The Department of Interior (DOI) Budget in Brief for FY 2020 details a new initiative to focus on violence in Indian Country.³

a) Has the initiative held any meetings? Please provide an accounting of all prior meetings held through the initiative.

Response: The "initiative" is an internal operations effort and is still in development stages. However, in addition to the focused efforts of BIA OJS, the Assistant Secretary's office has been directly engaged in three listening sessions within Indian Country and Alaska since June 2019. In June, an inaugural roundtable was hosted by the Gila River Indian Community in Sacaton, Arizona. With the leadership of Governor Stephen Lewis, we convened tribal leadership, the Administration, and other stakeholders to engage in a discussion on, "Reclaiming Our Native Communities." In August, the "Reclaiming Our Native Communities" roundtable also occurred in Bethel and Nome, Alaska with several Alaska Native Communities in attendance.

b) Please provide information on any planned future meetings and whether those will be open to the public.

Response: All meetings are internal and discuss law enforcement operations, thus are not open to the public.

³ https://www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/uploads/2020_highlights_book.pdf

- c) **Please provide a list of key stakeholders the initiative is working with, including from Tribes, all levels of law enforcement, court systems, hospitals, and schools.**

Response: The Department is currently working with Tribal Leaders, stakeholders and advocates.

- d) **Please provide a breakout of the initiative's separate teams and their team members.**

Response: The "initiative" is an internal effort and is still in development stages. Thus, we do not have a breakout of separate teams and team members at this time.

- e) **Please provide a list of the federal agencies that are participating in the initiative and detail each agency's level of participation.**

Response: To date, Department leadership, the Domestic Policy Council, the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Administration for Native Americans, and the Department of Justice have participated in one or more "Reclaiming Our Native Communities" listening sessions.

- f) **Does the initiative plan to make any of its recommendations available to Congress or the public? Please detail those plans.**

Response: If fully implemented, the Department will produce an annual report outlining the successes, lessons learned, and recommendations for each task force discipline. A version of the report without sensitive information or investigative techniques could be released to the public or Congress.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

APR 12 2019

Dear Tribal Leader:

The partial shutdown of the Federal Government impacted the nation in many ways and most importantly, Indian Country. Since we resumed full operations on January 25, many of you shared, through various forums, the level of hardships the partial shutdown placed on your Tribal communities and members. Furthermore, I monitored the series of natural disasters that took place across Indian Country whether they were earthquakes, snowstorms, fires, or flooding.

While this lapse of appropriations constrained Indian Affairs' activities, our skeleton crew worked hard within those parameters to continue delivering services to you, and Indian Affairs emergency management crews worked diligently to coordinate activities across the country and around the clock.

In my role as the Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, it is important to me that we continue to fulfill our responsibilities to Indian Country. Therefore, I am interested in learning about how the partial shutdown and the subsequent emergency situations affected your Tribe. In particular, I would like to know about the ways you were or were not able to operate Indian Affairs and all other Federally-funded programs in your service area(s). In order to make Indian Affairs proactive, prepared, and responsive, I am requesting the following information from you:

- Situations, programs or projects affected by the lack of Indian Affairs funding;
- Situations affected by the lack of funding from other Federal agencies you work with that were also shut down;
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that needed, but did not receive, emergency funding;
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that would be covered by Federal funds other than those of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA); and
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that are not covered by any Federal programs.

Please send a detailed response to consultation@bia.gov by June 30, 2019. You may also mail your response to Ms. Elizabeth Appel, Director, Regulatory Affairs and Collaborative Action, 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4660-MIB, Washington, DC, 20240. If you have any questions or need assistance on this request, please contact Ms. Carol J. Brown, Senior Counselor, at (202) 208-6120, or by email at: carol.brown@bia.gov.

As we identify important lessons to guide us in the future, your response will assist Indian Affairs with understanding your Tribe's needs and minimizing the financial impact that these types of events have in Indian Country. I look forward to hearing from you on this important matter.

Sincerely,

Tara Sweeney
Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

JUN 06 2019

Dear Tribal Leader:

I encourage you to share, by June 30, 2019, how the partial shutdown of the Federal Government earlier this year affected your Tribe. As I stated in my April 12, 2019, letter, I am interested in ways you were or were not able to operate Indian Affairs and all other Federally-funded programs in your service area(s).

Your experience with any of the following impacts from the partial shutdown would be particularly helpful:

- Situations, programs or projects affected by the lack of Indian Affairs funding;
- Situations affected by the lack of funding from other Federal agencies you work with that were also shut down;
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that needed, but did not receive, emergency funding;
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that would be covered by Federal funds other than those of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA); and
- Emergency situations your Tribe faced that are not covered by any Federal programs.

Please provide your input to consultation@bia.gov or by mail to Ms. Elizabeth Appel, Director, Regulatory Affairs and Collaborative Action, 1849 C Street, NW, MS-4660, Washington, DC, 20240. If you have any questions or need assistance on this request, please contact Ms. Carol J. Brown, Senior Counselor, at (202) 208-6120, or by email at: carol.brown@bia.gov.

As we identify important lessons to guide us in the future, your response will assist Indian Affairs with understanding your Tribe's needs and minimizing the financial impact that these types of events have in Indian Country.

I look forward to hearing from you on this important matter and respectfully request a reply by June 30, 2019.

Sincerely,

Tara Sweeney
Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs

Appendix C



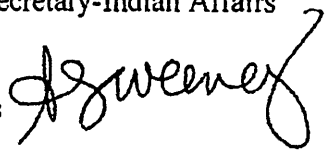
United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

September 26, 2018

MEMORANDUM

To: Secretary
Deputy Secretary
Solicitor
Assistant Secretaries
Bureau Directors
Associate Deputy Secretary
Chief of Staff
Deputy Chief of Staff
Designated Agency Ethics Official (DAEO) and Director, Ethics Office
Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Economic Development-Indian Affairs
Acting Chief of Staff, Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs

From: Tara Sweeney
Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs 

Subject: Ethics Recusals & Recusal Screening Arrangement

I have previously consulted with the Departmental Ethics Office (DEO) and have been advised about my ethics obligations. This memorandum formally notifies you of my continuing obligation to recuse myself from participating personally and substantially in certain matters in which I have a financial interest, or personal or business relationship. I also understand that I have obligations pursuant to Executive Order 13770 and the Ethics Pledge that I signed.

FINANCIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

As required by 18 U.S.C. § 208(a), I will not participate personally and substantially in any particular matter in which I know that I have a financial interest directly and predictably affected by the matter, or in which I know that a person whose interests are imputed to me has a financial interest directly and predictably affected by the matter, unless I first obtain a written waiver, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(1), or qualify for a regulatory exemption, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(2). I understand that the interests of the following persons are imputed to me: any spouse or minor child of mine; any general partner of a partnership in which I am a limited or general partner; any organization in which I serve as officer, director, trustee, general partner, or employee; and any person or organization with which I am negotiating or have an arrangement concerning prospective employment.

I have been granted a limited waiver under 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(1) with respect to my financial interest in the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation. Accordingly, for the duration of my

11
appointment, unless I first obtain an additional written waiver pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(1), or qualify for a regulatory exemption under 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(2) or a statutory exemption under 18 U.S.C. § 208(b)(4), I am recused from particular matters affecting the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation in which the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation is a party. I have consulted with the DEO and been advised that I must also remain vigilant regarding my financial interests in Apple, Inc. and Michael Kors. These recusal requirements are set forth in Attachment A to this memorandum.

IMPARTIALITY

Additionally, as required by 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502, if I know that a particular matter involving specific parties is likely to have a direct and predictable effect on the financial interest of a member of my household, or know that a person with whom I have a covered relationship is or represents a party to such matter, and where I determine that the circumstances would cause a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts to question my impartiality in the matter, I will not participate in the matter unless I have informed the DEO of the appearance problem and received authorization from the DEO to participate in the matter. Certain specific impartiality concerns are addressed in Attachment A to this memorandum.

EXTRAORDINARY PAYMENT

Additionally, as required by 5 C.F.R. § 2635.503, for a period of two years from the date on which I received payments from the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation Employee Incentive Program and the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation Long-Term Incentive Plan, unless I first receive a written waiver pursuant to 5 C.F.R. § 2635.503(c), I will not participate personally and substantially in any particular matter involving specific parties in which I know the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation is a party or represents a party.

OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE ETHICS PLEDGE

As a Trump Administration political appointee, I have signed the Ethics Pledge (Executive Order 13770) and I understand that I will be bound by the requirements and restrictions therein in addition to the commitments that I have made in this and any other ethics agreement. Accordingly, I will not participate personally and substantially, for two years after appointment, in any particular matter involving specific parties in which any former employer or former client of mine, as defined under the Ethics Pledge, is or represents a party, if I served that employer or client during the two years prior to my appointment, unless first authorized to participate in the matter. I understand that, for purposes of the Ethics Pledge, the term "particular matter involving specific parties" includes any meetings or other communication relating to the performance of my official duties, unless the communication applies to a particular matter of general applicability or a broad policy option directed to the interests of a large and diverse group of persons and participation in the meeting or other event is open to all interested parties. I understand that the term "open to all interested parties" means five or more parties. My former employer and clients are set forth in Attachment A to this memorandum.

DEPARTMENTAL SUPPLEMENTAL REGULATIONS

I am aware that 30 U.S.C. § 1211(f) prohibits me from holding a financial interest in any surface or underground coal mining operation if I perform any function or duty under Chapter 25 of Title 30 of the U.S. Code. Additionally, I am aware that my position is subject to the prohibitions against holding any financial interest in federal lands or resources administered or controlled by the Department of the Interior extended to me by supplemental regulation 5 C.F.R. § 3501.103(b). I am also aware that, absent a waiver under 5 C.F.R. § 3501.103(e), I am prohibited by supplemental regulation 5 C.F.R. § 3501.103(c) from acquiring or retaining any claim, permit, lease, small tract entries, or other rights granted by the Department in Federal lands.

RECUSAL SCREENING ARRANGEMENT

In order to help ensure that I do not participate in matters relating to any of the entities discussed in this memorandum and listed on Attachment A, I have taken or will take the following steps:

1. In coordination with and under the direction of the DEO, a screening process has been established to assist in screening for recusals all Department matters directed to my attention or that require my participation which involve the entities discussed in this memorandum and listed on Attachment A in order to determine whether they involve any of the entities or organizations listed above.
2. All inquiries or comments involving the entities discussed in this memorandum and listed on Attachment A should be directed to a screener (the "Screener") without my knowledge or involvement until after my recusal period ends.
3. The Screener will take action or re-assign inquiries, comments, or matters without my involvement or knowledge of the particulars of the inquiry, comment, or matter.
4. I will continue to personally take my calls and screen my e-mail. If a particular matter involving any of the entities discussed in this memorandum and listed on Attachment A is directed to my attention, I will not take any action, but immediately forward the matter to the Screener for action or assignment, without my further involvement or knowledge of the particulars of the matter.
5. I will provide the Screener with a copy of this memorandum and my most recent OGE Form 278e, so that he/she may fully understand the purpose and scope of my recusal obligations. It is my understanding that the Screener will seek the advice of the DEO if he/she is ever uncertain whether or not I may participate in a particular matter.
6. I will provide my principal subordinates with a copy of this memorandum and will further instruct my principal subordinates that all inquiries and comments involving my recusal obligations should be directed to the Screener without my involvement or knowledge of the particulars of the matter.

Attachment A to Tara Sweeney Ethics Recusals & Screening Arrangement Memorandum

Entity	Within 2 years of appointment (8/1/2020)	At all times	Authorities
Arctic Slope Regional Corporation (ASRC)	- Recuse from all particular matters involving specific parties in which ASRC is or represents a party (includes any official meetings or communications in which ASRC participates)	- Recuse from any particular matter involving specific parties that affects ASRC's financial interests if ASRC is a party to the matter - Consider appearances for all particular matters and seek DAEO authorization, if necessary	Ethics Agreement; 18 U.S.C. § 208; Ethics Pledge, E.O. 13770 (2 years); 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502; 5 C.F.R. 2635.503 (2 years)
Arctic Economic Council (AEC)	- Recuse from all particular matters involving specific parties in which AEC is or represents a party (includes any official meetings or communications in which AEC participates)	- Consider appearances for all particular matters and seek DAEO authorization, if necessary	Ethics Agreement; Ethics Pledge, E.O. 13770 (2 years); 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502
Ted Stevens Foundation (TSF)	- Recuse from all particular matters involving specific parties in which TSF is or represents a party (includes any official meetings or communications in which TSF participates)	- Consider appearances for all particular matters and seek DAEO authorization, if necessary	Ethics Agreement; Ethics Pledge, E.O. 13770 (2 years); 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502
Apple, Inc.		- Recuse from all particular matters affecting Apple, Inc.'s	Ethics Agreement; 18 U.S.C. § 208; 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502

Attachment A to Tara Sweeney Ethics Recusals & Screening Arrangement Memorandum

		<p>financial interests since the value of your stock exceeds \$15,000</p> <p>- Consider appearances for all particular matters and seek DAEO authorization, if necessary</p>	
<p>Michael Kors</p>		<p>- Recuse from all particular matters affecting Michael Kors' financial interests if the value of your stock exceeds \$15,000</p> <p>- Consider appearances for all particular matters and seek DAEO authorization, if necessary</p>	<p>Ethics Agreement; 18 U.S.C. § 208; 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502</p>

7. John Tahsuda, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs, is currently the Screener.

UPDATE AS NECESSARY

In consultation with the DEO, according to applicable rules and regulations, I will revise and update this memorandum whenever warranted by changed circumstances, including changes to my financial interests, changes in my personal or business relationships, or any changes to the nature of my Department duties. In the event of any changes to my screening arrangement, I will provide a copy of the revised memorandum to the Screener, my principal subordinates, and the DEO. Finally, I understand that ethics advice must come from the DEO, as only a designated ethics official can make ethics determinations upon which Department employees may authoritatively rely.

As noted above, in consultation with an agency ethics official, I will revise and update this memorandum whenever that is warranted by changed circumstances. In the event of any changes to this screening arrangement, I will provide you a copy of the revised screening arrangement memorandum.

Attachment

CC: Anita Personius, Executive Assistant to the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs
Willow Iron Cloud, Executive Assistant to the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs
Armadio Ruiz, Executive Assistant to the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Washington, DC 20240

OCT - 3 2019

The Honorable John Hoeven
Chairman, Committee on Indian Affairs
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Hoeven:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions from the March 12, 2019, oversight hearing entitled, "Where Are They Now: Indian Programs on the GAO High Risk List" before your Committee. These responses were prepared by the Bureau of Indian Education.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to you on this matter.

Sincerely,

for Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and
Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Tom Udall
Vice Chairman

Questions from Vice Chairman Udall

Elementary and Secondary Education Act Compliance

1. As part of the BIE’s efforts to develop a ‘state plan’ to define standards, assessments, and accountability systems for BIE-funded schools consistent with Section 1111 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, the Bureau established a Standards, Assessments, and Accountability System Negotiated Rulemaking Committee. The BIE’s website indicated that the Committee would meet four times, but the recent partial government shutdown caused a delay in the final meeting.
 - a. **Will the Bureau’s delay of the final meeting of the Committee result in any complications with completing the rulemaking process in time to meet the deadlines agreed upon by the Department of the Interior and the Department of Education?**

Response: The partial appropriations lapse did not further delay the implementation of the rulemaking process. The Committee met four times in person and numerous times as subcommittees and in April 2019 delivered a Final Consensus Report to the Bureau of Indian Education that summarizes recommendations for regulations to implement the unified requirements for standards, assessments, and accountability systems for BIE-funded schools and other alternative requirements.

Presently, the Bureau of Indian Education (BIE) is completing the rulemaking process. BIE is coordinating regularly scheduled meetings with the Department of Education (ED) and working with ED-funded comprehensive centers to ensure that ED is aware of expected deliverables and timelines for implementation. BIE estimates a 3-month review process prior to publication of the final rule. As such, BIE estimates publication of the Final Rule within a December 2019 to January 2020 timeframe. While the BIE’s anticipated timeframe for full implementation of its standards, assessments, and accountability system will not occur until school year 2020-2021, ED understands that is now the timeframe and is providing technical assistance and recommendations for implementation, as well as support to BIE as it works with its schools to ensure that schools, tribes, and local stakeholders are properly notified and prepared for the planned rollout of implementation.

- b. **When does the Bureau anticipate publishing or making public the recommendations of the Committee?**

The Committee’s recommendations were published on the BIE website in April 2019 and are publicly available at https://www.bia.gov/sites/bia.gov/files/assets/as-ia/raca/pdf/BIE-NRM-Final-Report-V8_508.pdf.

- c. Will tribal leaders, tribal school board officials, BIE student families, and other relevant stakeholders have an opportunity to provide feedback or suggestions to improve any newly proposed standards, assessments, and accountability systems?**

Response: BIE published the proposed Standards, Assessments, and Accountability System rule on June 10, 2019. *See* 84 F.R. 26785. The proposed rule provided 30 days for submission of public comments. In addition, BIE held 6 tribal consultation sessions at locations around the country. The BIE is currently analyzing the comments that were received concerning the proposed rule and anticipates publication of a final rule that takes those comments into consideration within three months. Beyond the stakeholder engagement throughout the rulemaking process, as the BIE develops and finalizes plans for requirements for standards, assessments, and accountability system, including an agency “State Plan” pursuant to the final rule, BIE intends to solicit input from stakeholders through focus groups and consultation with Tribes and other stakeholders.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, DC 20240

OCT - 3 2019


The Honorable John Hoeven
Chairman, Committee on Indian Affairs
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Hoeven:

Enclosed are responses to the follow-up questions from the May 1, 2019, legislative hearing on S. 279, S. 790, and S. 832 before your Committee. These responses were prepared by the Office of Indian Gaming.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to you on this matter.

Sincerely,

 Christopher P. Salotti
Legislative Counsel
Office of Congressional and
Legislative Affairs

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Tom Udall
Vice Chairman

**U.S. Senate Committee on Indian Affairs
Legislative Hearing
May 1, 2019
Questions for the Record
Submitted by Senator Catherine Cortez Masto**

Questions for Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary John Tahsuda III,

Department of the Interior on S. 790:

Section 20(b) of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (IGRA) provides the Secretary of the Interior with the discretion to allow gaming on lands acquired in trust by the Secretary, subject to certain requirements. Two of these key requirements are the Secretary must conduct consultation, and the Secretary must obtain concurrence in his decision to allow gaming from the Governor of the State in which the gaming activity is to be conducted. Section 1(b) of S. 790 would eliminate these requirements for the Catawba Indian Nation tribe.

1. Is it the Department's position that a Congressional hearing may serve as an adequate substitute for the consultation requirements in §20(b)(1)(A) of IGRA?

Answer: No, a congressional hearing is not a substitute for the Department's statutory requirement to consult under Section 20(b) of IGRA.

2. The governor's concurrence provision of Section 20(b) of IGRA recognizes that, the proper spokesperson for the land in question is the Governor of the state where the land is located. A Governor is a state executive, operating under state law. Your testimony states, "waiving Section 20 would be appropriate, I think, because it is requiring the action of the two Senators in North Carolina who have signed onto the bill indicating that Congress' original concern that the Administration would act without having other political involvement, that is not the case in this situation." Is it the Department's view that the "action" of the two Senators from North Carolina co-sponsoring S. 790 is sufficient to adhere to the governor's concurrence provision and override the Governor's authority under IGRA?

Answer: No, however, Congress has the authority to enact legislation to alter the application of any federal statute.

3. Please confirm that S. 790 would be the first land into trust bill that would authorize a waiver of Section 20(b) of IGRA, and state the Department's view as to why a waiver is necessary in this instance.

Answer: On several occasions Congress has waived or altered the application of Section 20(b) to a particular piece of land. For example, in the Virginia recognition statutes, Congress waived Section 20(b) by stating "gaming is prohibited" on such land.

4. During your testimony, you stated, “every state has slightly different legal requirements as to who gets to determine on behalf of the State, but usually it is the governor” Please provide the Committee with a list of states that have eliminated the authority for the Governor to make a concurrence with the Secretary’s determination that gaming on proposed trust land “would be in the best interest of the Indian tribe” and “would not be detrimental to the surrounding community.”

Answer: The authority of a state official, even the chief executive of a state, is a matter of state law. The Department does not keep track of state law authorities.

U.S. House of Representatives
Committee on Appropriations
Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies
Chronic Wasting Disease Hearing
October 17, 2019

Questions for the Record –Department of the Interior; Fish and Wildlife Service and U.S. Geological Survey

Questions from Chair McCollum

Problems on National Wildlife Refuges

Once Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) is established in an area, the risk can remain in the environment for a long time because CWD can contaminate the soil. This is a concern for refuges because the exact mode of transmission is not certain.

McCollum Q1: How can refuges prepare for the occurrence of this disease on refuge land?

Answer: Preparing refuges for CWD involves training field staff in the epidemiology of CWD, planning, surveillance techniques, and response strategies; the development of wildlife disease contingency plans for refuge complexes that is conducted in coordination with State wildlife management agencies; following best practices to prevent introduction of CWD onto refuge lands; assisting state agencies, which have primary responsibility for CWD monitoring, in surveillance; and, when necessary, following refuge contingency plans.

McCollum Q2: Given that we do not know whether transmission is influenced by the number of animals, the time infected animals occupy a given space, and the amount of space occupied by infected animals, what precautionary measures can refuges take?

Answer: The Service follows CWD best management practices to prevent introduction of CWD onto refuge lands including prohibiting human-assisted movement of live cervids, restricting carcass movement, restricting the use of products of cervid origin (such as urine scent baits), and discontinuing any activities that unnaturally concentrate cervids (such as baiting, feeding, mineral blocks).

- Are refuges looking at reducing the densities and number of deer, elk, and moose on refuge land?

Answer: In some locations, decreasing densities may be appropriate to limit the prevalence of CWD in the cervid population. If applied, this response would be closely coordinated with the state wildlife management agency and surrounding landowners.

- Are refuges trying to increase the dispersion of herds of deer, elk and moose so the animals are not in close proximity to one another?

Answer: Generally, management of refuges is not designed to concentrate or disperse cervids.

- Have refuges changed any of their practices such as their method for supplemental feeding?

Answer: Supplemental feeding takes place on only one refuge in the NWRS, the National Elk Refuge in Wyoming. The Service worked with local, State, and federal partners to produce a step-down plan to reduce reliance on supplemental feeding on the refuge. The public comment period recently closed on the Environmental Assessment for the plan and the Service is analyzing the comments and finalizing the plan.

McCollum Q3: Has a disease response strategy been developed that refuges can implement if a confirmed case of CWD is identified on or near refuge land?

Answer: Yes, several wildlife disease contingency plans and CWD response plans have been developed for implementation by refuges when CWD has been identified on or near a refuge.

McCollum Q4: Has the possibility of CWD impacted hunting activities on refuge land? Have you noticed any changes in participation?

Answer: We do not yet have the data to determine the impacts, if any, of CWD on hunting activities.

- Has mandatory testing or sampling been invoked on any animals harvested on refuge land?

Answer: Testing requirements (i.e. mandatory or not) are determined by state wildlife management agencies.

McCollum Q5: Have refuges increased surveillance of deer, elk, and moose that are on refuge land to monitor for any signs of CWD?

Answer: Yes, refuges in areas where CWD presents a risk to cervids are implementing CWD contingency plans and using wildlife health training including monitoring for and identification of illnesses in all cervid species found on a refuge.

McCollum Q6: Has the Service analyzed the role large predators play in controlling CWD?

Answer: The Service has not analyzed the role of predators in controlling CWD.

- If so, what has the analysis shown?

Answer: The Service has not undertaken this analysis.

- If not, is this something the Service is slated to examine, especially in light of potential delistings?

Answer: Extensive research addressing the role of predators in CWD management has been conducted over the past ten years by the USGS, the National Park Service, state wildlife management agencies, and several university scientists. The Service does not currently have plans to conduct additional research.

McCollum Q7: What steps have refuges taken to coordinate with state, federal, local and tribal partners?

Answer: All refuge wildlife health and CWD training sessions include personnel from state wildlife management agencies, the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), and local health departments. Coordination with tribal partners is limited. All refuge CWD plans are developed with consideration of state CWD plans and best management practices developed by the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (AFWA).

McCollum Q8: What forums have refuges hosted with State and Federal land managers and other non-profit organizations to discuss CWD?

Answer: Refuge wildlife health and CWD training sessions include personnel from state wildlife management agencies, USDA, and local health departments. In November 2018, the Service worked with AFWA and USGS to hold a Wildlife Health Forum. CWD was one of the primary discussion points during the three-day forum with federal, state, and university attendees.

- Have tribes been invited to participate?

Answer: To date, the Service has not held training sessions with tribes, but opportunities for collaboration and training will likely become available as coordination continues.

McCollum Q9: The Pittman Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act authorized permanent authority for the FWS to provide Federal assistance to states for projects to restore, enhance, and manage wildlife resources, and to conduct State hunter education programs. What states are using the Pittman Robertson funds provided by the FWS to research and combat chronic wasting disease?

- Does the Service have an estimate about how much funding is being utilized for CWD related activities?

Answer: Project level funding data from states on their work in the study of CWD is not collected. In FY 2019, the total apportioned for Wildlife Restoration grants through the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act of 1937 (i.e. the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act) was \$537,264,963. Research, including wildlife disease research, is eligible for funding. State fish and wildlife agencies determine their funding priorities.

USGS Tool Development

McCollum Q10: What is the status of USGS's efforts to develop early detection and response tools?

- At what stage in development is the test USGS is collaborating on with Wisconsin and Missouri that detects prions in feces and the environment?

Answer: USGS and partners are collaborating to optimize prion detection assays for CWD surveillance in blood, feces, and soil samples. These multi-year projects are in partnership with Federal, State, and academic partners. The USGS is working to confirm functioning of the assay on standard diagnostic tissues before working on assay optimization for detecting prions in feces and soil. This work is intended to make the technology readily accessible to management agencies as they work to monitor and manage the disease. This project involves the NPS and FWS as well as collaborators from the University of Wisconsin, South Dakota State University, and Cornell University. The new analytical tools for detecting environmental prions can be linked with other USGS studies to understand how the chemical makeup of soils, dusts, vegetation, and waters may influence the persistence and transmissibility of prions in these reservoirs.

McCollum Q11: USGS and the National Park Service collaborated with Minnesota DNR, Princeton University, and Wisconsin DNR to develop a new statistical approach to disease surveillance to help land managers detect CWD earlier and at less cost. How was Shenandoah National Park, a site with no known CWD, used to test this innovative approach?

Answer: CWD was first detected in Virginia in 2009 and positive cases were detected in the southeast approximately 16 km away from Shenandoah National Park. Statistical analysis indicated that this sampling effort had a 95 percent probability of detecting at least one case of CWD if the prevalence in the yearling male populations was at least 3.6 percent (Jennelle and others, 2018) yet no CWD positive deer were detected after sampling 70 deer. This approach has utility for managers as they design surveillance efforts for their own areas of management, particularly when only a sample of a population can be tested, resulting in considerable cost savings for agencies conducting CWD surveillance. Additionally, the approach developed through this study provides a rigorous means of estimating prevalence limits when a disease/pathogen is not detected in a sample set.

Chronic Wasting Disease Working Group

McCollum Q12: Has the Working Group established committees to look at current research, development of diagnostics, transmission vectors, and vaccine development?

- If so, what bureaus constitute the membership of these committees?

Answer: Yes, the DOI CWD Task Force has a working group focused on current CWD research and priority research needs. The DOI CWD Task Force membership currently includes Executive and subject-matter expert (SME) participation from FWS, NPS, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and USGS. SMEs from each of those agencies participated in the review of current research efforts and discussed future research priorities for DOI. The SME-level discussions were then reported back to the full Task Force for additional discussions. DOI plans to add the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) to the membership list.

McCollum Q13: What is the current estimate of funding needed to develop rapid diagnostic testing and to assess the human dimensions needs associated with this disease such as assess human behavior and develop outreach and education?

- Please provide for the record how much Interior spends annually by Bureau on CWD?

Answer: The development of rapid diagnostic testing would require a multi-year effort, coordinated with federal partners and stakeholders, to optimize rapid diagnostic testing of CWD in biological samples (feces, blood) and the environment (soil).

In 2019, USGS funding dedicated to CWD was \$720,000.

McCollum Q14: How is the Working Group collaborating with universities and associations?

Answer: The DOI CWD Task Force has been briefed by university principal investigators on current CWD research and gaps related to prion diagnostics. On the ground, managers (FWS, NPS, BLM) and scientists (USGS) in the field for the respective bureaus work with universities in terms of CWD research, surveillance, and mitigation efforts. USGS also has scientists based at land-grant universities (through Cooperative Research Units) that work with State and DOI management agencies on CWD research, surveillance, and mitigation efforts.

McCollum Q15: How is this Working Group working to support State wildlife management agencies?

Answer: The DOI CWD Task Force has been briefed by the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (AFWA) on CWD concerns and priority needs of state wildlife management agencies. Members of the Task Force regularly communicate with state agencies at AFWA meetings and specifically participate in AFWA's meetings of the Fish and Wildlife Health Committee and the National Fish and Wildlife Health Initiative. On the ground, managers and scientists in the field for the respective bureaus work with state wildlife management agencies in terms of CWD surveillance and mitigation efforts.

McCollum Q16: How is the Working Group collaborating with the Centers for Disease Control?

Answer: The DOI CWD Task Force has not yet communicated with the Centers for Disease Control (CDC). However, USGS and CDC have open lines of communication regarding CWD. The CDC utilizes the online CWD map maintained by USGS. The CDC coordinated with AFWA before posting its CWD guidance. Members of the Task Force (including FWS, USGS) regularly communicate with State agencies at AFWA meetings and specifically participate in AFWA's meetings of the Fish and Wildlife Health Committee and the National Fish and Wildlife Health Initiative.

Questions from Rep. Pingree

I recognize the immediate concerns for states with currently impacted populations and understand the focus on those areas. Though Maine has not yet had any reported cases of Chronic Wasting Disease, we are still expending time and resources to try to ensure we remain that way.

Pingree Q1: What resources are available to states like Maine that are not experiencing outbreaks, but are still at great risk?

Answer: State fish and wildlife management agencies have primary responsibility for wildlife resources within their boundaries. AFWA, which represents state wildlife management agencies, adopted best management practices for the prevention, surveillance, and monitoring of CWD in September 2018.

One resource available to the states is the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act of 1937 (i.e. the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act), through which the Service provides federal assistance grants to the states and territories for projects to restore, enhance, and manage wildlife resources, and to conduct State hunter education programs. In FY 2019, the State of Maine was apportioned \$6,801,597. State fish and wildlife agencies determine their funding priorities.

States use Wildlife Restoration funds for monitoring and surveillance for wildlife diseases, including CWD, to:

- Collect deer heads from hunters, butcher shops, and taxidermists to collect representative samples across broad geographic areas to monitor for CWD;
- Order supplies and equipment for monitoring;
- Support holding pens and veterinary services for monitoring activities of reintroduced elk populations in the east; and
- Conduct response monitoring and collect and sample sick acting animals (deer, moose, elk).

Pingree Q2: What outreach is being done to these states?

Answer: The AFWA continues to coordinate with state fish and wildlife management agencies and the Service coordinates with both AFWA and individual state fish and wildlife management agencies to address CWD.

The results of work conducted using Wildlife Restoration grants are most often communicated on state fish and wildlife agency websites, newsletters to hunters and trappers, annual regulation summaries, special publications, seminars and public presentations by State wildlife biologists. In addition, State wildlife biologists have worked on specific communication materials for the public related to this disease.

For example, the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife includes CWD information in their annual hunting regulations available in print and online here: <https://www.maine.gov/ifw/hunting-trapping/hunting-laws/index.html>. Additional CWD information and resources can also be found on their website. The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife has also sent direct email communications to hunters, taxidermists, and meat cutters. They have also drafted a CWD plan that includes an extensive public outreach program, which the state hopes to implement soon.

I understand that the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies adopted Best Practices for the prevention, surveillance, and monitoring of Chronic Wasting Disease back in September 2018.

Pingree Q3: Do you know if any other agencies or organizations have best practices available or under development?

Answer: Each state fish and wildlife management agency includes best management practices in their CWD plans that are adapted to their individual needs. AFWA's best management practices include a variety of management options to choose from so individual States can tailor management plans to their specific needs and incorporate best practices.

Deer hunting is an important livelihood and revenue generator in Maine, currently any-deer permits are at historic levels because of a failure to harvest enough does. There are concerns that hunting may decrease if CWD spreads to Maine because of a perceived risk from consuming infected meat.

Pingree Q4: What kind of hunter-specific outreach, if any, are you engaging in?

Answer: Refuges work with states to educate hunters about CWD at the local level. Some refuges and States are developing outreach materials specifically for hunters about preventive measures for CWD spread.

Although the Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration (WSFR) program does not engage in outreach related to CWD, state fish and wildlife agencies that receive WSFR funding do provide information to hunters and trappers through their educational programs, newsletters, and publications including their hunting regulation guides.

Questions for Department of the Interior from Mr. Joyce

Spread of Chronic Wasting Disease

I am told that States that initiated aggressive testing schedules after an initial positive confirmation for Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) found many more positives under a more aggressive testing schedule.

Joyce Q1: If that is the case, then do we really know how long CWD has existed, how big of a problem it is, and whether it is actually spreading?

Answer: It is possible that CWD existed for some time prior to its discovery and classification. It is also likely that we do not know the full geographic extent of CWD in North America due to gaps in surveillance coverage. We do know that the disease is spreading based on pre- and post-CWD arrival testing in many states. The greater recognition of the clinical signs of CWD, in combination with increased surveillance efforts, has also led to earlier identification of CWD in new areas. The negative impact CWD infection is having on cervid populations has been documented in elk and deer species.

Transmission to Humans

Other prion diseases like Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) have been found in cows, sheep, and people. Since so many of us eat venison, naturally there is concern that CWD might be transmitted to people. And as we know, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recommends not eating any animal that has tested positive for CWD.

Joyce Q2: Are there any known instances of CWD being transmitted to people?

Answer: To our knowledge, there is no known instance of CWD being transmitted to people. However, we defer to the CDC and National Institutes of Health (NIH) on this issue. The CDC is investigating human prion diseases and conducting long-term risk assessments for CWD zoonotic transmission. The NIH is conducting laboratory research with experimental animal models (e.g., non-human primates) to understand the risk of CWD transmission to humans.

Joyce Q3: Are we sure that CWD can be transmitted to people?

Answer: According to the CDC (Abrams and others, 2018), there is currently no epidemiological evidence for zoonotic transmission through the consumption of contaminated venison. However, we defer to the CDC and NIH on this issue.

Joyce Q4: Who is working on an answer to that question, and what is the likelihood that increased funding will help find an answer more quickly?

Answer: The CDC and NIH. We defer to the CDC and NIH regarding funding needs for this particular line of research.

Testing Hunted Deer

Most States require hunters to bring their deer to a checkpoint for Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) testing, among other things. CWD testing involves having trained personnel remove the lymph nodes and send them to a lab for testing. Testing can take 2-3 weeks, during which time the hunter is advised not to consume any part of the deer.

Joyce Q5: Why is it necessary to test hunted deer, is it making a difference, and how do we know?

Answer: Testing for CWD in hunter-harvested deer is one strategy used to increase the level of CWD surveillance across the landscape. Cervids hit by cars or euthanized due to clinical signs suggestive of CWD are also tested. As part of a surveillance program, this information gives managers a more accurate picture of where CWD is present, where it is absent, and where the leading front of the expansion might be.

Joyce Q6: Is this the ideal way to monitor CWD in hunted deer?

Answer: Yes, for harvested deer, collection and testing is currently the best known method to monitor CWD. Techniques used for testing harvested deer effectively identify the disease.

Joyce Q7: What does an ideal way to monitor hunted deer look like, and what is needed to get us there?

Answer: The AFWA Technical Report on Best Management Practices for Prevention, Surveillance, and Management of Chronic Wasting Disease Section 2 part 9 details surveillance strategies in CWD negative states or populations and Section 3 part 12 describes surveillance strategies in areas where CWD is already known to be present. A variety of methods and sample designs are available for CWD monitoring. These methods include annual sampling, intermittent sampling, rotating sampling, focused sampling, culling, and opportunistic sampling. Sample size, species monitored, as well as spatial and temporal distribution of the sampling are all important factors in gathering accurate information.

Chronic Wasting Disease in the Environment

I understand that the prion proteins responsible for Chronic Wasting Disease can persist in the environment (soil, mud, plant materials) for years and can infect healthy deer that wander into an infected environment.

Joyce Q8: What research is being conducted not only to understand the environment as a vector for the disease, but also to better detect prion proteins in the environment?

Answer: The USGS is developing analytical tools to detect environmental prions and beginning research to understand environmental reservoirs (e.g. soil and salt licks) and exposure pathways for CWD in wildlife with a focus on migration corridors and DOI lands. With recent discoveries that salt licks can be a transmission/exposure source, we are designing fundamental steps to understand where, when, and how wildlife such as deer and elk are exposed to environmental prions. Thus, places where the animals are known to migrate or assemble in numbers (feeding locations) will be targeted for monitoring first. The USGS is moving towards developing in-house capabilities to detect prions in environmental matrices. Also, the new analytical tools for detecting environmental prions can be linked with other USGS studies to better understand how the chemical makeup of soils, dusts, vegetation, and waters may influence the persistence and transmissibility of prions in these reservoirs.

Chronic Wasting Disease Control Programs

Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) was identified in captive cervids in the 1960s and in free-ranging animals in the 1980s. CWD has affected cervids in 26 States, multiple Provinces in Canada, Finland, Norway, South Korea, and Sweden.

Joyce Q9: How do CWD control programs differ for captive versus free-ranging cervid populations?

Answer: CWD control programs for free-ranging cervids focus on preventive measures (e.g. restricting the movement of cervids, carcasses, urine, and preventing unnatural concentrations) in areas currently free of CWD. In areas that are CWD positive, control programs focus on response and management measures (e.g. increased harvest, culling clinically sick animals, appropriate carcass disposal, and disinfection of equipment). We defer to USDA for a response regarding captive populations.

Fish and Wildlife Service Laboratory Capacity

We have heard from States and hunters that there is need for more lab capacity to test hunted deer for CWD, in order to significantly reduce the number of days that a hunter must wait for the results. The Fish and Wildlife Service has a number of technology centers, health centers, and genetics labs—particularly in the National Fish Hatchery System. Although these facilities may not be currently equipped for testing CWD, it seems reasonable to consider whether these facilities could take on this role with additional appropriations.

Joyce Q10: Please provide a list of facilities within the Fish and Wildlife Service already equipped for genetic or animal health testing. For each of these facilities, please list their fiscal year 2019 budget, the estimated fiscal year 2021 budget needed to add or begin to add the capacity to test for CWD in hunted deer, and a short description of what could be accomplished in fiscal year 2021 if Congress appropriated the funds.

Answer: The Service does not currently operate facilities that are equipped to work with or diagnose prion diseases. State, university, and federal partner-operated facilities, including the National Wildlife Health Center Laboratory in Madison, Wisconsin, operated by the USGS, have the appropriate facilities for conducting prion diagnostics.