Kansas

Great American Outdoors Act National Parks and Public Land Legacy Restoration Fund

The Great American Outdoors Act National Parks and Public Land Legacy Restoration Fund (GAOA LRF) is a commitment to protecting and sustaining our public lands.

Established on August 4, 2020, GAOA LRF allocates over \$1.6 billion annually from fiscal years (FY) 2021 through 2025 to the Department of the Interior (Interior) to address priority deferred maintenance and repair needs on public lands and Bureau of Indian Education-funded schools. With all five years of GAOA LRF funding, Interior bureaus will:

- Fund 396 projects across 50 states, the District of Columbia, and multiple territories
- Address over \$5.9 billion in deferred maintenance and repair
- Improve the condition of over 3,800 Interior assets

GAOA LRF Impacts Across America*

Repairing over **1,000** recreational and visitor experience assets



Each year of GAOA LRF funding is estimated to support an average of **17,000** jobs and contribute **\$1.9 billion** to the U.S. economy

Improving ADA accessibility in nearly **50%** of GAOA LRF projects



Improving facilities used by nearly **2,300** students and faculty at BIE-funded schools each year

Deferred Maintenance and Repair in Kansas

Photo Credit: NPS

In Kansas, the total deferred maintenance and repair (DM&R) backlog for the four Interior GAOA LRF bureaus is \$111,099,000**.

Bureau	DM&R**	
Bureau of Indian Education (BIE)	\$55,309,000	
Bureau of Land Management (BLM)	\$0	
National Park Service (NPS)	\$11,167,000	
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS)	\$44,624,000	

Assets improved in Kansas:

GAOA LRF in Kansas

With the full five years of funding, GAOA LRF will invest nearly **\$17.8 million** towards improving approximately **10** assets across **2** projects in Kansas.

As of September 2023, Maintenance Action Teams have completed work at **1** NPS location and **2** FWS locations in Kansas.



*these numbers are estimates and include FY21 - FY25 GAOA LRF-funded projects.

**DM&R estimates represent a point in time, reported as of 9/30/2023, rounded to the nearest thousand. DM&R is calculated based on asset repair needs in FRPP, which does not include assets with a status indicator of Report of Excess Submitted, Report of Excess Accepted, Determination to Dispose, Disposed, Cannot Currently be Disposed, or Surplus.



FY21-25 Projects, Locations, and Funding in Kansas

Bureau	Unit Name	Project Title	Funding [†] as of Mar. 2024
FWS	Quivira National Wildlife Refuge	Rehabilitation of the Great Plains Nature Center & Deferred Maintenance Retirement at Quivira NWR	\$11,450,000
NPS	Tallgrass Prairie National Preserve	Rehabilitate Lantry Area and Spring Hill Barn	\$6,300,000*

*total project funding includes proposed FY25 funding [†]rounded to thousands

Rehabilitation of the Great Plains Nature Center & Deferred Maintenance Retirement at Quivira NWR

Quivira National Wildlife Refuge



The Great Plains Nature Center (GPNC) is an education center in Wichita promoting environmental stewardship and providing opportunities for the public to appreciate wildlife. The GPNC building has foundation issues and aging lighting and audio systems that impact public safety, limit educational programs, and make operations inefficient. This project will rehabilitate and repair the entire building, so it is able to support the group's mission. Quivira National Wildlife Refuge is a Wetland of Global Importance and provides and protects vital habitat for migratory waterfowl. This project will also address aging infrastructure at Quivira National Wildlife Refuge, making repairs to access roads, levees, trails, bridges, water control structures, and replacing or rehabilitating staff housing.

Whooping Cranes at Quivira National Wildlife Refuge. Photo Credit: USFWS

Rehabilitate Lantry Area and Spring Hill Barn – FY25 Proposed Project

Tallgrass Prairie National Preserve



The 1882 historic Spring Hill limestone barn. Photo Credit: NPS

Tallgrass Prairie National Preserve protects a nationally significant remnant of the once vast tallgrass prairie ecosystem, while preserving a unique collection of cultural resources from prehistoric times through the ranching era. The Lantry Area historic buildings and Spring Hill Ranch Barn have not been rehabilitated since the park was established in 1996 and are deteriorated due to the elements and age. This project will rehabilitate these buildings including repairing foundations, walls, wooden support structures, beams, doors, windows, dormers, and cupolas. Additionally, project work will replace roofs and create an accessible path from the parking area to the Spring Hill Ranch Barn. This project will protect and improve the historic site and provide a safe and enjoyable experience for visitors and staff.