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U.S. Department of the Interior PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Introduction

The Department of the Interior requires PIAs to be conducted and maintained on all IT systems whether already in existence, in development or undergoing modification in order to adequately evaluate privacy risks, ensure the protection of privacy information, and consider privacy implications throughout the information system development life cycle. This PIA form may not be modified and must be completed electronically; hand-written submissions will not be accepted. See the DOI PIA Guide for additional guidance on conducting a PIA or meeting the requirements of the E-Government Act of 2002. See Section 6.0 of the DOI PIA Guide for specific guidance on answering the questions in this form.

NOTE: See Section 7.0 of the DOI PIA Guide for guidance on using the DOI Adapted PIA template to assess third-party websites or applications.

Name of Project: ArcGIS Online

Bureau/Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer

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Section 1. General System Information

B. What is the purpose of the system?

The Department of the Interior (DOI) ArcGIS Online is a cloud-based mapping and analysis solution that enables registered users including DOI employees, partners, collaborators and members of the public to collaborate using interactive maps. Analysis tools are only available to DOI registered users though content settings may be set so site visitors and members of the



public can see and use publicly available geospatial data and resources. ArcGIS Online does not maintain or display personally identifiable information (PII) beyond the limited data described in this privacy impact assessment: for the creation and management of user accounts, to allow registered users to access the analysis tools and user-created content, and to monitor online content and ensure security and compliance with legal and policy requirements for the use of the tool.

ArcGIS Online is a FedRAMP-tailored Software as a Service provided by Esri, a geospatial cloud service provider. ArcGIS Online is a paid subscription service available to DOI bureaus and offices under the DOI-wide Enterprise License Agreement (ELA) with Esri. ArcGIS Online is centrally managed by the Geospatial Information Office within the DOI Office of the Chief Information Officer. Each DOI bureau and office that maintains an ArcGIS Online organization account designates system administrators to oversee and manage their own ArcGIS Online site content and engage with bureau personnel, partners and collaborators on projects. DOI bureaus and offices that have an ArcGIS Online account include the National Park Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Geological Survey, Bureau of Reclamation, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement, and Office of Natural Resources Revenue.

Bureau and office ArcGIS Online sites offer a customized view of ArcGIS Online and are called organizational accounts. Bureau and office ArcGIS Online organizational accounts offer flexibility to meet specific bureau and office mission objectives. These bureau and office organizational accounts are for approved organizational members only and requires each member to have an account as a registered user prior to accessing the specific bureau or office ArcGIS Online system. However, members of the public can see publicly available geospatial data and resources without becoming an organization member or creating an account. DOI ArcGIS Online organizational accounts provide approved users with an online tool to create, publish, save their work, visualize, share, search and discover geospatial data and content. Additionally, approved users can participate in topic-specific groups and collaborate on various projects using interactive maps and web applications.

DOI ArcGIS Online organization system administrators set up and configure the organizational accounts to meet their bureau or office requirements. Tools and settings are available to the administrator within the organizational account to manage user accounts, maintain security and access controls and specify terms of use for data. The ArcGIS Online organizational account maybe allowed anonymous access to their site. If anonymous access is enabled, users can access any resources that the ArcGIS Online organization has approved for sharing with the general public without the need for a user account or signing in.

Authorized users can access their ArcGIS Online organizational account through web browsers, mobile devices and other ArcGIS components such as ArcGIS Desktop, ArcGIS Pro and ArcGIS Apps. These are license-based products. Bureaus and offices have the option to utilize these software tools that are available as part of the Esri ELA and they are each responsible for



managing the appropriate use of the tools. Any bureau or office that uses these additional software licenses must do so within the scope of this PIA and DOI policy. Bureaus and offices with ArcGIS Online accounts may be required to conduct a separate assessment of privacy implications for any expanded uses of PII data or technology not covered in this PIA such as development or use of a mobile application.

The ArcGIS Location Sharing license or services is part of the Esri field data collection applications such as ArcGIS Field Maps or ArcGIS QuickCapture and is allocated to approved DOI AGOL organizational users on an "as needed" basis to support official DOI-related business. ArcGIS Location Sharing services may be used by DOI to assist with law enforcement events, incident management, search and rescue operations, DOI pilot recording of locations flown, or tracking locations surveyed for various projects such as invasive species.

C. What is the legal authority?

6 U.S.C. 1523 (b)(1); E-Government Act of 2002, 44 U.S.C. 3501; Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) of 2014; Executive Order 12906, Coordinating Geographic Data Acquisition and Access: The National Spatial Data Infrastructure, amended by Executive Order 13286, Amendment of Executive Orders, and Other Actions, in Connection with the Transfer of Certain Functions to the Secretary of Homeland Security; Executive Order 12951, Release of Imagery Acquired by Space-Based National Intelligence Reconnaissance Systems; OMB Circular A-16, Coordination of Geographic Information and Related Spatial Data Activities; OMB Circular A-130, Managing Information as a Strategic Resource; and OMB Circular A-119, Federal Participation in the Development and Use of Voluntary Consensus Standards and in Conformity Assessment Activities.

D. Why is this PIA being completed or modified?

	☐ New Information System
	☐ New Electronic Collection
	☐ Existing Information System under Periodic Review
	☐ Merging of Systems
	⊠ Significantly Modified Information System
	☐ Conversion from Paper to Electronic Records
	☐ Retiring or Decommissioning a System
	☐ Other:
E.	Is this information system registered in CSAM?
	⊠ Yes: UII Code: OCIO-0024-SYS-2182; ArcGIS Online System Security and Privacy Plan
	□ No



F. List all minor applications or subsystems that are hosted on this system and covered under this privacy impact assessment.

Subsystem Name	Purpose	Contains PII	Describe
		(Yes/No)	If Yes, provide a
			description.
None	None	No	N/A

G.	Does this information system or electronic collection require a published Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?
	☐ Yes: ☑ No
Н.	Does this information system or electronic collection require an OMB Control Number?
	☐ Yes: ☑ No

Section 2. Summary of System Data

- A. What PII will be collected? Indicate all that apply.
 - Name
 Name
 ■
 Name
 Name
 ■
 Name
 Name
 Name
 ■
 Name
 Name
 - □ Law Enforcement
 - ☑ Personal Cell Telephone Number
 - □ Personal Email Address
 - ☑ Home Telephone Number
 - ☑ Mailing/Home Address
 - ☑ Other: *Specify the PII collected*

The majority of registered users are DOI employees who use official contact or work-related information to create their profiles. DOI employees use their government-issued Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card authenticated through the Enterprise Active Directory (AD) or a username and password issued by the bureau/office system administrator for the ArcGIS Online organization to log in to ArcGIS Online. The system collects and maintains the employee's name, official email address, username, date of last login, and role or access level for authorized users.

There is a small number of non-DOI external registered users who are partners and collaborators from other Federal, state or local agencies, academia, organizations or members of the public who use official contact or work-related information to create profiles and collaborate. These individuals may voluntarily request a user account by contacting a DOI system administrator. PII required to create a user account includes the individual's name, email address,



assigned role, username and password. In some cases, users may voluntarily add biography information as free-form text in their account profile that may include organization, contact information, areas of expertise and interests.

Due to the nature of ArcGIS Online, bureaus and offices may collect_personal cell number, home telephone number, home address, and other PII or sensitive information that may be requested by a project for a specific use case or item and displayed as additional information associated with location on a map. However, each bureau or office will be responsible for assessing the Privacy controls and any risks associated with the collection of PII or sensitive information that is outside the scope of this PIA. Bureaus and offices are responsible for completing a separate PIA for any uses outside the scope of this PIA or create new privacy risk.

Approved users may agree to authorize the tool to collect information about where they have been in the form of breadcrumbs (points), last known location (points), and tracks (lines). This data is stored in ArcGIS Online for 30 days and then automatically deleted. Location data is available for access and viewing to authorized users in the AGOL organization only and is not shared publicly. Licensed and approved users must opt-in to the capability from within the mobile data collection applications for ArcGIS FieldMaps or ArcGIS QuickCapture using their mobile device to enable the collection of location information. Users are always in control of location sharing and may disable it at any given time.

User tasks also may contain PII related to specific tasks and/or items created or included in the various maps or layers within AGOL projects. The PII included are related to name references or specific identifiers related to specific items within the project, such as company names, individual names, personal and home phone numbers and home address or related PII of the item within the map/task, which may be needed to identify the specific object within the map or task.

B. What is the source for the PII collected? Indicate all that apply.

\boxtimes	Individual
	Federal agency
	Tribal agency
	Local agency
\boxtimes	DOI records
	Third party source
	State agency
\boxtimes	Other: Describe

DOI employees (government and contractor) access ArcGIS Online by signing in with their AD credentials/DOI PIV card. Non-DOI users may request a user account by providing name and email address to system administrators to establish username and password to access ArcGIS Online.

PII may also be included or created related to users or project tasks and the objects created



within the tasks for the purpose of referencing the specific objects/items which may be usernames or names of specific reference or location points which may be identifiable to individuals or individual sites on maps.

C. How will the information be collected? Indicate all that apply.

	Paper Format
\boxtimes	Email
	Face-to-Face Contact
\boxtimes	Web site
	Fax
	Telephone Interview
\boxtimes	Information Shared Between Systems
\boxtimes	Other: Describe

DOI uses AD to authenticate DOI employee users accessing ArcGIS Online. Non-DOI users may contact system administrators through the site or by email to request a new user account or update an existing account.

PII is created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location field data collection applications. The accuracy of the PII is dependent on the best available knowledge or information specific to the item being referenced or the needs to the specific task.

D. What is the intended use of the PII collected?

The PII authorized for maintenance in the system is necessary to provide login capabilities to authenticate registered users and manage access to ArcGIS Online for security purposes. User accounts are necessary to provide access to analysis tools, web maps, geospatial data and content, and to create and save interactive maps and applications. The use of PII includes the use for creation and management of user accounts to authenticate users, to allow authorized users to access the ArcGIS Online analysis tools and user created content, and to monitor online content and ensure security and compliance with legal and policy requirements for use of the tool. Use of the PII provides assurance of the user's identity as a security measure. System administrators may create user groups or collaboration groups and add members to groups to share maps, create content and collaborate on projects. Registered users with certain roles may also create groups to share maps or collaborate on projects.

For policy violations such as PII included in site content, the system administrator may contact the user who is the content owner to remove the content or disable the account. For incidents, potential threats, or security violations the system administrator may disable accounts and refer events to internal or external organizations as required by law and DOI policy.



PII may also be created as part of object/item identification or references related to tasks or projects as identifiers in the specific maps or reference points. This PII can be in the form of individual names or identifier references, such as addresses related to objects/items. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications.

E. With whom will the PII be shared, both within DOI and outside DOI? Indicate all that apply.

⊠ Within the Bureau/Office:

User account profile information (name, username, and user-provided biography in a free form text) is visible to registered users for the purpose of adding users to topic specific groups in ArcGIS Online. Name, username and user email address is visible to ArcGIS Online system administrators to manage user accounts and access to the site. System administrators also conduct reviews of user content to ensure that the information uploaded and shared within ArcGIS Online and the general public does not contain PII or sensitive information. Users may set permissions for their profiles to be viewed by the public, organization or kept private.

By default, all user-created content in ArcGIS Online is private and only accessible to the content creator and the ArcGIS Online system administrator. The user's ability to access and work with content in different ways depends on the user's role in ArcGIS Online.

PII may also be created by users and included in tasks or projects for identifying reference points or items within specific maps or as needed for the specific project. Projects or tasks containing this PII can be made available for the purpose of the specific mission or project requirement and under the supervision of the specific project manager. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. Authorized OCIO employees may be able to view the location data as part their administrative role.

☑ Other Bureaus/Offices:

User account profile information (name, username, and user provided biography in a free form text) is visible to registered users and ArcGIS Online system administrators. By default, all user created and published content in ArcGIS Online is private and only accessible by the user and the ArcGIS Online system administrator. The system administrator has access to view user content to ensure data and maps created, uploaded and shared does not contain sensitive PII. Users may set permissions for their profiles to be viewed by the public, organization or kept private.

PII may also be created by users and included in tasks or projects for identifying reference points or objects within specific maps or as needed for the specific project. Projects or tasks containing this PII can be made available for the purpose of the specific mission or project requirement and under the supervision of the specific project manager. PII is also created or added by approved



users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. Authorized bureau/office employees may only access the location data maintained by their organization.

☑ Other Federal Agencies:

Maps and content may be shared with other Federal agencies. Other Federal agency employees may be collaborators with authorized access to AGOL. These collaborators would have the same level of access to user content as other non-DOI users. User information related to security monitoring, violations or potential threats may be shared with Federal agencies as required by law.

PII may also be created by users and included in tasks or projects for identifying reference points or objects within specific maps or as needed for the specific project. Projects or tasks containing this PII can be made available for the purpose of the specific mission or project requirement and under the supervision of the specific project manager. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. Location data may be shared with other Federal agencies to collaborate on a task. Also, data may be shared with law enforcement agencies during emergency responses.

⊠ Tribal, State or Local Agencies:

User account profile information (name, username, and biography) is visible to registered users for the purpose of adding users to topic specific groups in ArcGIS Online. In addition to name and username, user email address is visible to ArcGIS Online system administrators to manage user access and review user-created content to ensure that the information uploaded and shared within ArcGIS Online and with the general public do not contain PII or sensitive information. Users may set permissions for their profiles to be viewed by the public, organization or kept private.

PII may also be created by users and included in tasks or projects for identifying reference points or objects within specific maps or as needed for the specific project. Projects or tasks containing this PII can be made available for the purpose of the specific mission or project requirement and under the supervision of the specific project manager. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. Location data may be shared with other tribal, state or local agencies to collaborate on a task. Also, data may be shared with law enforcement agencies during emergency responses.

By default, all user-created content in ArcGIS Online is private and only accessible to the content creator and the ArcGIS Online system administrator. The user's ability to access and work with content in different ways depends on the user's role in ArcGIS Online.

⊠ Contractor:



User account profile information may be shared with DOI contractors to communicate with users and support the system, geospatial program, and ArcGIS Online sites.

☑ Other Third Party Sources:

By default, all user-created content in ArcGIS Online is private and only accessible to the content creator and the ArcGIS Online system administrator. The user's ability to access and work with content in different ways depends on the user's role in ArcGIS Online. User profile information (name, username, and biography) is visible to internal and external registered users in ArcGIS Online for the purpose of adding users to topic specific groups and to promote collaboration.

PII may also be created by users and included in tasks or projects for identifying reference points or objects within specific maps or as needed for the specific project. Projects or tasks containing this PII can be made available for the purpose of the specific mission or project requirement and under the supervision of the specific project manager. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. Location data may be shared with third parties to collaborate on a task.

F. Do individuals have the opportunity to decline to provide information or to consent to the specific uses of their PII?

\boxtimes	Yes:

Employees can choose not to contact the ArcGIS Online system administrator to request an account or by not accepting the ArcGIS Online system administrator's invitation to join by creating an account.

Users can stop the registration process at any time prior to submitting their information to create an account. DOI's ArcGIS Online organizational accounts use Enterprise or DOI AD and DOI Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card for authentication. Employees can choose not to sign in using the Enterprise sign-option as a first-time user, however, all ArcGIS Online users must be identified in order to gain access to view all content shared within each ArcGIS Online organization.

- Stopping the registration process at any time prior to submitting their information to create an account.
- Not signing in using the Enterprise sign-option as a first-time user.
- Users also have the option to browse the ArcGIS Online organization (publicly shared content only) anonymously if the organization allows anonymous access.

	N	ົດ	•



G.	What information is provided to an individual when asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that apply.
	☐ Privacy Act Statement: Describe each applicable format.
	⊠ Privacy Notice:
	A Privacy Notice is posted on the sign-in page for each ArcGIS Online site. Individuals are provided notice through the publication of this privacy impact assessment. Individuals can also view Esri's Privacy Policy located at https://www.esri.com/enus/privacy-statements/privacy-supplement.
	☑ Other: <i>Describe each applicable format.</i>
	Users are presented with a DOI security warning banner on each bureau and office ArcGIS Online site that informs them they are accessing a DOI system, that they are subject to being monitored, and there is no expectation of privacy during use of the system.
	□ None
Н.	How will the data be retrieved? List the identifiers that will be used to retrieve information (e.g., name, case number, etc.).
	Bureau and office system administrators may retrieve the user's name, username, and email address through the ArcGIS Online administrative dashboard to review and manage user access.
I.	Will reports be produced on individuals?
	⊠ Yes:
	ArcGIS Online system administrators are the only authorized users that can use the administrative dashboard to view interactive status reports for their ArcGIS Online organization. The interactive status reports provide details on the ArcGIS Online organization's credit usage, content types created and modified, member contribution or collaboration activities, apps used, group collaborations by members, or other specific reasons such as items with insufficient metadata. Reports include username and email address of the registered user or content owner. The DOI ArcGIS Online paid subscription under the DOI-wide ELA with Esri includes credits for use by bureau and office ArcGIS Online organizational account members. Credits are the currency for specific functions when using ArcGIS Online, such as spatial analysis, routing or geocoding. Credits provide a rough measure of user and organizational use of analysis tools and are used by authorized users to run processes for projects. Only DOI system administrators may view credit usage by users, however, credit usage is not limited or monitored.
	\sqcap No



Section 3. Attributes of System Data

A. How will data collected from sources other than DOI records be verified for accuracy?

Data provided by external users including name, username, and email address are not checked for accuracy as it is presumed to be accurate at the time of submission by the user. This data is provided directly by external users who are responsible for ensuring the accuracy of the data they provide to the ArcGIS Online system administrators for account set-up and content posted in the system. DOI AD is used to verify accuracy of login credentials to authenticate DOI employees for access to ArcGIS Online.

Object/item-related PII will be created by individual users and will be as accurate as possible and as determined by the individuals creating the referenced object/item. The individual is responsible for correcting the information.

B. How will data be checked for completeness?

Data is checked for completeness during the account creation process, or the object creation task as needed. Users are responsible for ensuring the completeness of the data associated with their user accounts and content posted in the system. PII data including username, email address provided by external users must be complete for system administrators to create accounts. ArcGIS Online relies on DOI AD to authenticate DOI employees in the system. PII object references will be as complete or accurate as determined by the individual creating the object. PII is also created or added by approved users when using ArcGIS Location Sharing services as it identifies the user's location when using field data collection applications. The individual creating the data is responsible for correcting any information that is incomplete.

C. What procedures are taken to ensure the data is current? Identify the process or name the document (e.g., data models).

User account information is provided directly by the user during account creation and can be updated by the user or by an ArcGIS Online system administrator upon request. Users are responsible for the accuracy of their records. The currency and quality of the datasets published in ArcGIS Online are the responsibility of the content owner/creator. Users can contact the ArcGIS Online organization system administrator through email on the contact information page.

PII object/item references will be as complete or accurate as determined by the individual creating the object. The individual creating the data is responsible for correcting any information that is out of date.

D. What are the retention periods for data in the system? Identify the associated records retention schedule for the records in this system.



Original geospatial data is unscheduled and regarded as permanent records. ArcGIS Online system usage records are covered under (DRS) 1.4A, Short Term Information Technology Records, System Maintenance and Use Records (DAA-0048-2013-000013), approved by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). These records include system operations reports, login and password files, audit trail records and backup files. The disposition is temporary. Records are cut off when superseded or obsolete and destroyed no later than 3 years after cut-off.

Records maintained in ArcGIS Online that belong to content creators are retained as long as they are active and are disposed of in accordance with applicable agency records retention schedules approved by NARA. Location data is stored in ArcGIS Online for 30 days and then automatically deleted.

E. What are the procedures for disposition of the data at the end of the retention period? Where are the procedures documented?

System administrators dispose of DOI records by shredding or pulping for paper records and degaussing or erasing for electronic records in accordance with NARA Guidelines and 384 Departmental Manual policy.

F. Briefly describe privacy risks and how information handling practices at each stage of the "information lifecycle" (i.e., collection, use, retention, processing, disclosure and destruction) affect individual privacy.

There is a risk to the privacy of individuals due to the nature of ArcGIS Online collecting various types of PII related to reference data for a specific task. This risk is mitigated by a combination of technical, physical and administrative controls.

There is a risk that data may be inappropriately accessed or used for unauthorized purposes. In an effort to protect the privacy of individuals, DOI collects only the minimal amount of user information to create and manage user accounts and authenticate users. DOI ArcGIS Online users must be invited or added to the organization by a system administrator or authenticated using their DOI AD credentials. ArcGIS Online user accounts are properly managed, user access is authenticated and authorized, and access is restricted to authorized personnel. Additionally, elevated roles/privileges are assigned to approved users. Audit logs are used to track system activity. Inactive user accounts are disabled by system administrators based on agency defined requirements. Users are also advised not to share or publish sensitive data and the system administrators periodically review user content to ensure compliance with DOI security and privacy policies.

Firewalls and network security configurations are also built into the architecture of the system and NIST SP 800-53, Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems, and other DOI policies are fully implemented to prevent unauthorized monitoring. The DOI ArcGIS Online organization system administrators will review the use of ArcGIS Online and the activities of users to ensure that the system is not improperly used and to prevent unauthorized



use or access. The DOI ArcGIS Online organization system administrator assigns roles based on the principles of least privilege and performs due diligence toward ensuring that separation of duties are in place. This system was previously designated as a Low system in the FISMA security categorization system, but it has been updated to Moderate given the location services capabilities. Rules of Behavior have also been established for location services to ensure usage is in adherence to proper Privacy principles and guidelines.

All DOI employees and contractors are required to complete privacy, security, and records management awareness training, as well as role-based training on an annual basis and sign the DOI Rules of Behavior prior to accessing any system to include ArcGIS Online. DOI will establish rules of behavior for the location services. Security role-based training is also required for security personnel and officials with special roles and privileges. ArcGIS Online users are advised not to share sensitive data to ArcGIS Online and the system administrators review user content to ensure compliance with DOI security and privacy policies and will advise users to remove sensitive data, disable accounts, and report security or privacy violations.

There is a risk that data may be stored for longer than necessary. Records are maintained and disposed of under a NARA approved records schedule. User accounts containing PII that are inactive are disabled by system administrators, however, user created content is maintained as long as it remains active. Information collected and stored within the ArcGIS Online is maintained, protected, and destroyed in compliance with all applicable Federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and operational requirements. Geospatial data and maps in ArcGIS Online do not contain PII so there is no privacy risk for retention of these records.

There is potential risk to referenced object containing PII or individuals due to the collection, usage, storage and sharing of geographic data and interactive mapping tools with functionalities such as (Zoom In/Out, Pan, spatial patterns, and images) in ArcGIS Online. This risk is mitigated by the system administrator reviewing user content on a regular basis and by assigning least-privilege. Users are reminded and must acknowledge a security warning banner when accessing the system.

There is a risk that PII data is collected and stored on a cloud system. PII data is collected and used for user registration, account management, authentication and objects/items created for identifying specific reference points or objects/items within the task/project. ArcGIS Online is a SaaS (Software as a Service) FedRAMP authorized system and has met DOI's information security, privacy and records requirements. ArcGIS Online uses HTTPS to ensure communications are encrypted and secure to prevent information from being read, intercepted or changed during transit. User passwords are masked when signing into ArcGIS Online sites.

There is limited privacy risk to both DOI employees and external users who self-enable Location Sharing services. In addition to the PII collected by system administrators to create and manage user accounts and authenticate users for access to ArcGIS Online, Location Sharing, when enabled, collects the authenticated user's location at a system-controlled cadence based on the user's method of travel (walk, run, bike, vehicle) for the authorized purposes of monitoring



species and habitat relevant to DOI and its partners. Examples include but are not limited to, recording the location of employees spraying for noxious weeds or invasive plants, tracking aircraft flight paths, mapping features on the ground, determining and monitoring the location of field personnel on active incidents (Fire and Law Enforcement activities). Location Sharing capabilities are an 'add-on' license that is assigned to individual's user accounts in ArcGIS Online.

Authorized users, such as field supervisors, can view live tracks of location sharing users, if network connectivity permits and the user has location sharing enabled on their mobile device. Location sharing users can use location sharing to collect their location in a disconnected environment (no cell or Wi-Fi). Once the user returns to connectivity (cell or Wi-Fi range), their location data can be synced to ArcGIS Online. At no time, does Esri use the location sharing service to track or monitor user's locations.

Data collected using Location Sharing is automatically deleted from ArcGIS Online after 30 days per Esri. If a user needs to keep the data for records or general use purposes such as 'where have I been,' it is the user's responsibility to make a copy of their data. At the time of this writing, there is no way to recover data after it is deleted by Esri.

All ArcGIS Online users receive privacy notices and acknowledge by logging in that they are subject to monitoring of the system for lawful, authorized, and appropriate use. There is a risk that individuals may not receive adequate notice of DOI privacy practices or the extent of the use of their PII data in ArcGIS Online. Individuals voluntarily provide their identifying information when requesting a user account to access ArcGIS Online and are provided a DOI Privacy Notice on the sign in page on the ArcGIS Online site. General notice is provided through the publication of this privacy impact assessment. Users may also view the Privacy Statement Supplement by Esri that addresses their use, storage, sharing and disclosure of personal data collected through the use of ArcGIS Online organization accounts. Users may also contact DOI, bureau and office privacy officials with any questions or privacy concerns at https://www.doi.gov/privacy/contacts.

Section 4. PIA Risk Review

A. Is the use of the data both relevant and necessary to the purpose for which the system is being designed?

⊠ Yes:

The ArcGIS Online system aggregates geospatial or location data and makes it available to its users, which helps agencies meet their mission needs, including communicating with and publishing approved data and maps for public use.

Only minimal user information is collected to allow system administrators to manage accounts and provision users to groups and grant access to tools.



	□ No
В.	Does this system or electronic collection derive new data or create previously unavailable data about an individual through data aggregation?
	☐ Yes: Explain what risks are introduced by this data aggregation and how these risks will be mitigated.
	⊠ No
C.	Will the new data be placed in the individual's record?
	☐ Yes: Explanation ☑ No
D.	Can the system make determinations about individuals that would not be possible without the new data?
	☐ Yes: Explanation ☑ No
E.	How will the new data be verified for relevance and accuracy?
	ArcGIS Online does not derive new data or create previously unavailable data about an individual through data aggregation.
F.	Are the data or the processes being consolidated?
	⋈ No, data or processes are not being consolidated.
G.	Who will have access to data in the system or electronic collection? Indicate all that apply.
	 ☑ Users ☑ Contractors ☐ Developers ☑ System Administrator ☑ Other:
	Registered users have access to publicly available and shared geospatial content as well as content shared within the organization. Users can only modify their own user-created content and update their profile information.



System administrators are the ArcGIS Online organization administrators. The system administrator controls and administers the user's online services account, accesses and protects the user's data including communication and file contents. System administrators are the only users that are authorized to make changes to user accounts. Elevated roles/privileges are granted once the request has been reviewed and approved by the administrator.

Contractors supporting DOI with a registered account have the same privileges as a user account.

If a contractor is required to have an elevated role as part of an agreement with DOI, then the contractor will be granted an elevated role to satisfy the requirements of the agreement.

Anonymous users, i.e., unregistered, have access to publicly available information.

H. How is user access to data determined? Will users have access to all data or will access be restricted?

Content settings may be set so site visitors and members of the public (anonymous users) as well as registered users can see and use publicly available online geospatial data and resources.

Access as a registered user is granted by system administrators when requested by the user. Registered users are allowed to create, edit and delete their own content. Only ArcGIS Online system administrators have access to all data within the system for the purpose of managing and administering user accounts and content.

Analysis tools are only available to DOI employees and account holders. The use of PII is limited to the creation and management of user accounts to allow authorized users to access the analysis tools and user created content, and to monitor online content and ensure security and compliance with legal and policy requirements for use of the system.

I. Are contractors involved with the design and/or development of the system, or will they be involved with the maintenance of the system?

⊠ Yes. Were Privacy Act contract clauses included in their contracts and other regulatory measures addressed?

The contract includes the following privacy Federal Acquisitions Regulations (FAR) clause: 52.224-3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552a). Privacy Act clauses are included in the contract. The contract will be modified to include the additional applicable FAR privacy clauses and privacy terms and conditions.

 \square No

J. Is the system using technologies in ways that the DOI has not previously employed (e.g., monitoring software, SmartCards or Caller ID)?



	☐ Yes. Explanation ☒ No
K.	Will this system provide the capability to identify, locate and monitor individuals?
	⊠ Yes.
	The purpose of AGOL is not to monitor individuals, however, user actions and use of the system are monitored to meet DOI security policies. Data captured include username, user's last date of login, date of user content creation, date user content was modified, and credits used. The location data is not intended to be used to monitor individuals. This information is only collected as part of a specific task and will be deleted after 30 days.
	□ No

L. What kinds of information are collected as a function of the monitoring of individuals?

Audit events in relation to the following user activities are logged: username, user's last date of login, date of user content creation, date user content was modified, credits used, and account management events.

M. What controls will be used to prevent unauthorized monitoring?

The ArcGIS Online system is not intended to monitor individuals; however, the system will have the functionality to audit the usage activity. Firewalls and network security configurations are also built into the architecture of the system and NIST SP 800-53, Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems, and other DOI policies are fully implemented to prevent unauthorized monitoring. The DOI ArcGIS Online organization system administrator assigns roles based on the principles of least privilege and performs due diligence toward ensuring that separation of duties is in place. DOI ArcGIS Online organization system administrators review the use of ArcGIS Online and the activities of users to ensure that the system is not improperly used and to prevent unauthorized use or access. System administrators will advise users to remove sensitive data, disable accounts, and report security or privacy violations in compliance with DOI security and privacy policies.

Federal employees and Contractors must complete Information Management and Technology awareness training, Privacy Awareness Training, Records Management, and role-based security and privacy training before being granted access to the DOI network or any DOI system, and annually thereafter. In addition, some organizations implement Rules of Behavior for ArcGIS Online users for different roles or levels.

N. How will the PII be secured?

(1) Physical Controls. Indicate all that apply.



⊠ Security Guards
☐ Key Guards
□ Locked File Cabinets
⊠ Secured Facility
☐ Closed Circuit Television
☐ Cipher Locks
☑ Identification Badges
⊠ Safes
☐ Combination Locks
□ Locked Offices
\square Other.
(2) Technical Controls. Indicate all that apply.
⊠ Password
⊠ Firewall
⊠ Encryption
☐ User Identification
☐ Biometrics
☐ Intrusion Detection System (IDS)
☑ Virtual Private Network (VPN)
☑ Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Certificates
□ Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Card
\square Other.
(3) Administrative Controls. Indicate all that apply.
□ Periodic Security Audits
☐ Backups Secured Off-site
⊠ Rules of Behavior
☑ Role-Based Training
☐ Regular Monitoring of Users' Security Practices
☑ Encryption of Backups Containing Sensitive Data
☑ Mandatory Security, Privacy and Records Management Training
☐ Other.

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redress or amendment of records.

O. Who will be responsible for protecting the privacy rights of the public and employees? This includes officials responsible for addressing Privacy Act complaints and requests for



The Geographer, Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO) serves as the ArcGIS Online Information System Owner and the official responsible for oversight and management of the ArcGIS Online security controls and the protection of information processed and stored by the ArcGIS Online organization. The Information System Owner and Information System Security Officer are responsible for ensuring adequate safeguards are implemented to protect individual privacy in compliance with Federal laws and policies. Bureau and Office ArcGIS Online organization system administrators are responsible for overseeing and managing their respective organization's ArcGIS Online site and ensuring the appropriate and secure use of the system and user data.

P. Who is responsible for assuring proper use of the data and for reporting the loss, compromise, unauthorized disclosure, or unauthorized access of privacy protected information?

The DOI ArcGIS Online Information System Owner and Information System Security Officer are responsible for the central oversight and management of the DOI ArcGIS Online security and privacy controls, and for ensuring to the greatest possible extent that DOI's ArcGIS Online organizational accounts are properly managed, and that access is granted in a secure and auditable manner. Bureau and Office ArcGIS Online organization system administrators are also responsible for assuring proper use of the system and user data maintained for their organization's ArcGIS Online sites. The Information System Owner, Information System Security Officer and bureau and office system administrators are responsible for ensuring that any loss, compromise, unauthorized access or disclosure of data is reported to DOI-CIRC within 1-hour of discovery in accordance with Federal policy and established DOI procedures.